

THE RIO NEWS.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, OCTOBER 16th, 1900.

NUMBER 42

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OUVIDOR 57

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AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL.—No. 99, Rua 1.º de Março. EUGENE SREGER, Consul General.

BRITISH CONSULATE GENERAL.—No. 1, Rua Visconde de Itaboraity (opposite Custom House). WILLIAM G. WAGSTAFF, Consul General.

Church Directory

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Service is held every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. There is a Celebration of the Holy Communion on the first and third Sundays in the month at 11 a.m. and on the second and fourth Sundays at 9 a.m. also on Saints' Days according to announcements. Baptisms and marriages at times to be arranged with the Chaplain, for whom communications may be sent to Crasney & Co. 36 Rua do Ovidor.

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Hotel Metropole.

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JOAO M. G. DOS SANTOS, Pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Largo do Cattete. English services every Sabbath at 12 noon. Sunday school at 10 a.m., Holy Communion first Holy Scriptures, at 5 afternoon. Portuguese services: S. S. every Sabbath at 10 a.m. Worship at 11 a.m. Preaching at 7-15 p.m. Wednesdays Song-Service at 7 p.m. Prayer-meeting and Bible study at 7-9 p.m. Messages for the Pastor may be left at Rua Ajuda 20, or Rua Conde de Baependy 78.

M. DICKIE, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—No. 15, Travessa da Barreira. Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., and at 7 p.m. Thursdays.

ALVARO E. DOS REIS, Pastor.

Residence: On the Church premises.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—No. 25, Rua de Sant' Anna. Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., and every Wednesday at 7 p.m.

W. B. BAGBY, D. D., Pastor.

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PETROPOLIS METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Avenida Marechal Deodoro, No. 3. English service at 4 p. m. Sundays. Portuguese services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sundays; 7.30 p. m. Wednesdays. Sunday School at 10 a. m.

EDMUND A. TULLY, Pastor.

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Miscellaneous.

AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY'S AGENCY.—No. 20 Rua d' Ajuda.—H. C. TUCKER, Agent.

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YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—No. 39, Rua da Quitanda, 2nd floor. Rooms open from 8 a.m. to 10 o'clock p.m. Secretary's office hours from noon to 1 o'clock p.m. R. A. W. Sloan, President; Myron A. Clark, General Secretary; Domingos de Oliveira, Hon. Treasurer.

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HAND BOOK OF RIO DE JANEIRO

A SECOND EDITION of this useful guide book is now in course of revision and will be published about the end of August. It will be considerably improved and enlarged. A few good advertisements will be received. For terms and other information apply to the Editor of The Rio News.

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A Brazilian, with first-class testimonials knowing Portuguese, French and English, desires to obtain a situation in an English Company or commercial house to make translation into Portuguese, or to correspond in these three languages. Letters to P. F.

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Rosalina, the ex-xiphoid twin.

The eminent Professor Chapot, on board of the Atlantique at Dakar, wrote the following to his friend Jonathan Campello:

"Rosalina was only on the first day sea-sick; when she became giddy, I made her lie down and gave her tincture of Nectandra Amara, which produced a most surprising result. Shortly afterwards, the girl said, 'I think I feel better now,' and then the giddiness has already gone."

A few hours after the first dose she got up and from that time on has been free from the disease.

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One of a horse-power and the other of 6-horse power both used, and both of the Korting system, will be sold cheap for cash. Inquire at this office.

WEST COAST ITEMS.

—President Errazuriz of Chili reassumed office on the 11th, and accepted the resignation of the cabinet.

—Small-pox as well as measles is raging at Santiago, Chili. The death rate of both epidemics is very large.

—A Santiago telegram of the 11th says that General Körner has purchased 54 field guns, 7.5 calibre, at the Krupp works.

—The Chilean minister and his secretary at Lima have fallen out and are accusing each other of disloyalty to their government. The secretary has been recalled.

—The Chilean congressional budget commission has reduced to 9,500 men the contingents added to the army by the recent law for obligatory military service.

RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

—The Uruguayan chamber approved the extradition treaty with Brazil on September 20 just as it had passed the senate, thus completing its confirmation.

—The Buenos Aires journalists are proposing to entertain the visiting Brazilian journalists with a formal reception, a banquet, a literary soiree and an excursion to the Tigre.

—The Argentine government has created a meteorological, magnetic and hydrographic station on Estados (States), island to the south of Cape Horn, which is designed to assist polar exploration.

—As about a week has now gone past without our hearing of any further postponement of the visit of the President of Brazil, we suppose it may be taken for granted that he will leave Rio on the 19th of this month for the River Plate. The extra time which has been allowed to this city, owing to the postponements which have occurred, came in very opportunely, for the city has been occupied in putting on its best appearance, and even yet many of the works of paving and other similar nature are far from completed. We note that Lord Mayor Bulfinch is to be expended on actual reception festivities and adornments. This being one of the last occasions in which he will exercise his public functions of intendant, we expect he will carry out his programme in a style worthy of the greatest South American republic while welcoming the arrival of the representative of the second, in importance, of this continent. — Review, Buenos Aires, Oct. 6.

—In a recent finding of the commercial judge, in a cause for infringement of a patent it was ascertained that all the patents of invention hitherto conceded by the corresponding public office were legally of none effect, owing to the omission of an important item, namely that the particulars of each invention should be published in the newspapers. It seems that the number of patents registered up to the present time is 1853, but some of these have lapsed we suppose on account of their respective specifications not having been sent in. If the Supreme Court confirm the finding of the commercial judge, the necessary publications will be made so that the records may be placed on their proper legal basis. — Review, Buenos Aires, Oct. 6.

—There seems, says the B. A. Standard, to be a probability of Bolivia getting water communication with the Atlantic by means of the Laguna Gaiba and the Alto Paraguay. An expedition is being arranged under the direction of Dr. Antonio Quijarro for the purpose of surveying the route. Captain Henry Bolland will have charge of the expedition which will go from Asuncion in the steamer Reconquista belonging to Don Nicolas Miha-novich. The Bolivian government has decided to establish a port on the right bank of the Laguna Gaiba and we believe that an English syndicate, represented here by Messrs. Gmo. Arning and Co., has proposed to form a railway from Gaiba to Santa Cruz de la Sierra and also to colonize 2,000 square leagues of the government lands. The railway, which is to be narrow gauge, is estimated to cost \$24,000 gold per kilometre and the proposers ask for a guarantee of 6% interest thereon for a term of 20 years.

—We believe that to the French ss. «Brcsil» belongs the honor of inaugurating the working of the disinfecting system that has lately been put into force, and is destined, we fondly hope, to do away in time with the quarantine horrors, which we have, some of us, experienced, and of which all of us have heard and read so much. We have not seen any details of the actual disinfection that took place on board of the «Rosetti» in the Gran Dock, La Plata, where the «Brcsil's» passengers and their luggage were submitted to the cabalistic treatment, but it is satisfactory to know that they came out of the fiery ordeal in safety. The «Brcsil's» too, after a seven hours cooking, could be guaranteed, we should think, free of microbes and merozoites, but whether any disinfection may have been suffered by delicate articles of finery, for example, we have yet to learn. The health doctor suggested that it would be advisable to have a larger space available for the purposes of disinfection than that which is offered by the deck of a small steamer like the «Rosetti.» We can quite believe him to be right in the remark, for to entertain the 400 or 500 immigrants that not infrequently arrive by a steamer of the Veloce line, with a view to their simultaneous disinfection, would be a work impossible of achievement on board the «Rosetti.» — Review, Buenos Aires, Oct. 6.

—Rumors were again current last week of Lord Salisbury's intention to resign on the reopening of parliament and that he will be succeeded in the foreign office by the Duke of Devonshire.

—The United States government has nominated ex-President Benjamin Harrison and ex-Senator Gray as representatives of the United States on the arbitration tribunal created by The Hague peace conference. Such a tribunal will be worse than a farce if it permits the great powers to have their own will with the small states and to wage ungentle and savage wars against small countries. There must be some little justice and fairness even in such a concession as that of The Hague conference.

IRRITATED by the obstinate resistance of the Boers, Lord Roberts has issued another proclamation declaring all regular war at an end and the Boers as outlaws who continue under arms. Lord Roberts has no right to make any such declaration, which is a flagrant violation of belligerent rights. The Boers have a right to fight to the last extremity if they wish to do so, and the officer himself is an outlaw who ventures to treat them other than as honorable foes.

It is claimed that by an October election the present government in England avoids the casting of about 230,000 votes which will be available under the new registry which comes into effect on 1st January next. It is recognized that the laboring class is constantly changing residence, and as this class is almost solid against a conservative government, the election just now is manifestly in favor of the present incumbents. Election tricks it would seem are not confined to the United States. According to the latest telegrams the general composition of the house of commons will be but slightly changed, the conservative-unionist majority being about what it was before. One of the most sensational incidents was the overwhelming defeat of David Robert Clark (dissenting conservative) who had so sharply criticized the government policy in the South African war.

Banks.

LONDON AND BRAZILIAN BANK, LIMITED.

Capital £ 1,500,000
Capital paid up 750,000
Reserve fund 600,000

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

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10, Rua da Alfandega

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Capital . . . 10,000,000 Marks.

BRANCH OFFICE IN RIO DE JANEIRO. (Caixa 108.)

Branch-offices in São Paulo and Santos (Caixa 520.) (Caixa 185)

Draws on:

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England . . .
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LONDON: Princes Street, E. C.

PARIS: 16, Rue Halévy.

Rio de Janeiro:

No. 21, Rua da Alfandega.

Authorized by Decree No. 591, of 17th October, 1891.

Subscribed capital. £ 1,500,000
Realized do " 900,000
Reserve fund " 1,000,000

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Reserve fund. " 340,000

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AUTHORIZED BY

Decree No. 2,432 of 2nd January, 1897.

CAPITAL: Frs. 10,000,000 (Ten million Francs.)

HEAD OFFICE:

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Branch Office in Rio de Janeiro:

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P. O. B. 58.

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Draws on:

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Lazard Freres & Co., Paris.
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Dresdner Bank, Dresden, and branches
Schroeder Gebrüder & Co., Hamburg.
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Norddeutsche Bank, Hamburg.
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RIO DE JANEIRO

BANCO DA REPUBLICA DO BRAZIL.

Realized Capital. Rs. 101.246:400\$000

N. B. This capital to be

reduced to Rs. 100,000,000 in accordance with the Government's Decree of 8th May 1897.

Reserve Fund . . . Rs. 17.480:078\$736

Profits in suspense . Rs. 11.156:739\$835

on 31st May 1900.

OFFICE IN RIO DE JANEIRO

9, Rua da Alfandega.

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ATHLETIC SPORTS.

An international meeting was held on the Icarahy grounds on the 12th inst., under the auspices of the R. C. A. A. and Paysandú club and the several national boat clubs of Rio and Nietheroy. The design was to bring all these clubs into closer relationship and to extend the usefulness of the club's attractive ground, which trust will some day result in friendly contests between all nationalities in every description of sport and physical skill. The meeting on Friday consisted of nine events, which resulted as follows:

100 yards flat race:—6 entries; 1st prize, Carlos de Castro, 11 2/5 seconds; 2nd prize, A. Partado.

112 mile flat race:—5 entries, 2 contestants; 1st prize, J. T. Monteith, 2 min. 32 4/5 secs.; 2nd prize, O. Cox.

1 mile bicycle race:—7 entries; 1st prize, G. Madei, 2 min. 34 sec.; 2nd prize, L. Falletti.

220 yards flat race:—8 entries; 1st prize, E. Matheson, 26 3/5 secs.; 2nd prize, E. Leuzinger.

2 miles bicycle race:—6 entries; 1st prize, G. Madei, 7 min. 20 secs.; 2nd prize, E. Magalhães.

440 yards flat race:—5 entries; 1st prize, E. Matheson, 1 min. 8 2/5 secs.; 2nd prize, A. Avila.

1 mile flat race:—8 entries; 1st prize, E. H. Statham, 8 minutes; 2nd prize, A. Ribeiro.

1 miles bicycle race:—6 entries; 1st prize, G. Madei, 15 min. 53 2/5 secs.; 2nd prize, E. Magalhães.

Tug of War—Rio vs. Nietheroy:—Won by Nietheroy (capt., J. A. Finlay) after a well contested struggle.

A heavy down-pour of rain at 2 p. m. interfered greatly with the sports and drove away many spectators; but the programme was carried through in spite of the rain. There was a large number of ladies on the ground, who thoroughly enjoyed the contests in spite of the rain.

CRICKET AT ICARAHY.

H. B. M. FLEET VS. R. C. A. A.

The Association put in a very strong team on Sunday the 7th inst. to play their first match with the Fleet and only just managed to win after an interesting struggle. The ground, after the heavy rain of the previous days, was in a very bad state, and no start could be made until after eleven o'clock. The wicket turned out to be entirely in favor of the bowlers, as will be seen from the analysis below. The batting calls for little comment. Miller and Trewhy started very carefully and put on 20 runs before they were separated, but after that it was nothing more than a procession until the ninth wicket fell. But the last wicket gave a bit of trouble. Edgell and Manning carrying the score from 49 to 72.

The Association did not do much better, and Gifford alone seemed to be able to make anything of the slow wicket, but when he had made 15 he unfortunately ran himself out. At that point of the game the Fleet had a very good chance of winning, seven wickets being down for 56, but E. Morrissy and Ginns started hitting out and soon knocked off the runs.

On going in to bat a second time, the Fleet found the wicket worse than on their first venture and lost six of their wickets for 15 runs.

THE FLEET.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Runs. Includes Dr. Miller, b. Jackson, L. Trewhy, c. Pierce, b. Stutfield, etc.

Total. 72

R. C. A. A.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Runs. Includes E. Morrissy, st. Woodfield, b. Ames, F. Morrissy, b. Segrave, etc.

Total. 93

The Fleet and innings:—Mr. Manning ct. E. Morrissy, b. Jackson o, Dr. Miller, b. Jackson 1, Lt. Trewhy ct. R. Morrissy, b. Stutfield 8, Lt. Leggett, b. Stutfield 1, Lt. Woodfield c. R. Morrissy, b. Jackson o, Mr. Edgell c. Stutfield b. Jackson 2, Lt. Lofie ct. Mr. O'Connell.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Table with 5 columns: Name, Overs, Moulders, Runs, Wickets. Includes N. W. Jackson, E. Morrissy, A. L. Stutfield, W. T. Ginns.

Table with 5 columns: Name, Overs, Moulders, Runs, Wickets. Includes Segrave, Ames, Fisher, Trewhy.

SHIPPING NOTES

—The British gunboat 'Swallows' left for home on the 10th inst., calling at Ilha Grande for disinfection in order to obtain entry at Pernambuco.

—The officers and men of the three naval vessels accompanying the President to Buenos Aires have also received travelling expenses (ajudas de custo) for the trip.

—The Lamport and Holt steamer 'Coleridge' which arrived in Rio on the 10th inst., brought the following passengers from New York: Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Adams, Miss H. Lindstrom, Mr. C. H. Raborg, and 9 third class.

—The Prince line steamer 'Highland Prince', which was expelled from the port of Bahia for having bubonic pest on board, arrived at Montevideo on the 11th inst., and was towed to Flores Island on the 12th, where the crew is to be landed at the lazaretto and the ship thoroughly disinfected. A telegram of the 12th says that during the voyage the captain, 1st officer, 4th cook, 2 sailors and 1 female passenger had died with the pest.

—The United States consul here has received news of the complete destruction by fire of the American ship 'Paul N. Blanchard,' with cargo and coal, off Cape Horn, on September 10. The captain and crew took refuge in Cygnet Harbor, in the Falkland group, and have since been rescued and taken to Port Stanley. The ship was a very large one, first class old-time construction, and was owned in San Francisco.—Montevideo Times.

—The United States cruiser 'Atlanta', which for the past three years has been undergoing repairs at the Brooklyn navy yard, was placed in commission yesterday. The 'Atlanta' is expected to be ready to leave the yard during the next two months when she will join the South Atlantic squadron, taking the place of the cruiser 'Montgomery', which recently arrived at the yard from South America. She will be in charge of Commander Pendleton.—N. Y. Times, Sept. 16.

—The newspaper Bahia of the 4th inst., after relating that one passenger and the first officer of the 'Highland Prince' had died of bubonic pest and the captain, 2 passengers and cook were then down with the same disease, says that the British consul had solicited a delay of 24 hours in the order for leaving port so that a physician could be obtained, because there were many children on board. This request was refused by Dr. Andrade, and the steamer was compelled to leave port at 6 p. m. the day before. The Bahia hears that the British consul had protested against this infirmity.

—The Dutch cruiser 'Gelderlands' arrived at Lourenço Marquez on the 10th inst., and President Kruger embarked on the following day.

Hotels.

Hotel dos Estrangeiros

PRAÇA JOSÉ D'ALENCAR No. 1

(Cattete)

Telephone No. 493

This hotel, which has been completely restored, is situated in the best part of the city, receiving air and light from all four sides, close to the cleanest beach of the city, surrounded by a large garden; has large, comfortable rooms newly and well furnished, good shower and warm baths, disinfectants in the water-closets, drinking water filtered by the Pasteur system, good table-service, and is, therefore, to be considered the first hotel of this capital.

Possesses also a sumptuous saloon and splendid table-service for banquets.

Its restaurant and service cannot be excelled.

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This house is particularly renowned for its splendid Breakfasts and Lunches.

The attendance is excellent and the cooking cannot be beaten by any Restaurant in Rio de Janeiro.

The Proprietors exercise every care to please their Customers.

Rio de Janeiro, 15th May, 1900.

C CAMPI & Co.

FREITAS HOTEL

120, Rua do Riachuelo

Mr. J. F. FREITAS, proprietor of the old and well known Freitas Hotel, desires to advise his friends and former customers that he has reopened that hotel at No. 120 RUA DO RIACHUELO in a large and most attractive edifice acquired for this special purpose.

The new establishment is situated in one of the most attractive and healthy localities in the city, on a broad and quiet street, with trams for all central points of the city passing the door. It has a large and beautifully laid out pleasure garden, particularly suitable for ladies and children, and well-mounted bath-rooms provided with hot and cold water.

The Hotel is specially adapted for families, for whose comfort and convenience nothing will be found lacking. It contains a large drawing-room, and its dining-room opens on verandahs overlooking the garden.

Special attention will be given to orders by mail and telegraph.

CARSON'S HOTEL

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This well mounted establishment is situated in the best and most healthy part of the capital, with beautiful garden and grounds, and electric tramways passing the door continually.

Hot and cold baths, splendid rooms and accommodation for families with a well chosen staff of attendants guarantee the comfort of all visitors.

Carlos Ribolzi,

PROPRIETOR.

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The vans employed by us are manufactured expressly for the removal of Furniture, Pianos, Marble work Statuary and objects of value in general, being upholstered inside to avoid jars and breakage in transit.

The Company hold itself responsible for any damage or injury caused by its employes to goods confided to their charge, but all claims must be made within 24 hours of the time of service, or they cannot afterwards accept responsibility.

Special vans and experienced men for the removal of pianos.

The Company has for hire "caminhões" and "andorlinhas" for Niteroy, and as its vans are all duly licensed all risk or loss of property is thus avoided.

The Directors beg that any complaints or irregularities due to their employes, may be at once reported at either of the above-named offices.

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the only food of British origin, that has been awarded at the Universal Exhibition at Paris a

GOLD MEDAL

is the best for infants and invalids.

Sold in all first-class stores and druggist-shops of São Paulo, Santos and Campinas.

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Alma Street, Coventry, England.

THE RIO NEWS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

A. J. LAMOUREUX, Editor and Proprietor

Contains a summary of news and a review of Brazilian affairs, a list of the arrivals and departures of foreign vessels, the commercial report and price current of the market, tables of stock quotations and sales, a summary of the daily coffee reports and all other information necessary to a correct judgment on Brazilian trade.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, OCTOBER 16th, 1900.

The transformation of the Banco da Republica into a state bank and the adoption of Minister Murinho's palliatives for the crisis which was forced upon us by the collapse of that bank, are now accomplished facts. Whether we approve of them or not will make no difference, for it would seem that against the government there is neither will nor opinion. It now remains to be proved whether the palliatives adopted will prove effective. Frankly, we do not believe they will. And yet we shall be glad to have it proved by experience that we are wrong. The situation is an intolerable one. Importation has been largely suspended, many national industries have been closed up and others are far from prosperous, the great majority of our commercial establishments are not paying expenses, failures are frequent, and hundreds are withdrawing from business even at a sacrifice as fast as circumstances will permit. The universal opinion is that this city has never before experienced such a crisis. Naturally, the assistance needed at such an hour is to be found in liberal discounts and extensions of time to those whose business obligations can be promptly met. Instead of this, the government assisted by congress continues to exact the last farthing from the hard-pressed citizen and tax-payer, from commerce and industry, while at the same time granting moratorium to the banks in liquidating their obligations and permitting the Banco da Republica to issue depreciated bonds in payment of depositors and other creditors. This is not giving us an easier money market, it is not furnishing wages for operatives, nor trade for shopkeepers. And it is not affording relief to those who stand in the most urgent need of it. But it will help the banks, we admit; and it will save the Banco da Republica from a disastrous liquidation, and prevent a lamentable disgrace were the manner of its ruin made public. This may be good policy for the government, which is largely responsible for the situation, but it is not sound morality. And in the end it may prove to have been a mistaken policy. However this may be, the bank is now under the control of the minister of finance, and he will use it to further his own peculiar schemes. The whole resources of the treasury will be used to force up exchange and to break the influence of the foreign banks operating in this country. And then what? Were the minister wise enough to encourage trade and industry at the same time, so that the new situation should have adequate natural support, all might go well, but as his present policy is to crush all these with taxes and restrictions, his new fabric will be built upon nothing but government support—and that, too, of the government of which he forms a part. When the change in administration comes, what will happen? The question is worth consideration.

THE DECREASE IN REVENUE.

The revenue returns for the nine months ended on the 30th ult. are, of course, still incomplete; but with such as have come to hand we have been able to organize the following comparative statement:

1899:	
Rio de Janeiro custom-house (9 mos.)	54,747,039\$216
Santos custom-house (9 mos)	22,042,915\$168
Pará " " "	19,112,180\$682
Bahia " " "	12,086,465\$525
Pernambuco " " "	11,697,844\$363
14 minor custom-houses (1st half-year)	20,121,841\$000
5 minor custom-houses (July)	475,533\$847
10 " " (Aug.)	910,688\$082
12 " " (Sept.)	2,902,933\$328

Total ascertained customs receipts..... 144,056,543\$211
Receipts of General Revenue Office (9 mos.)..... 17,217,694\$351

Aggregate ascertained revenue for 9 months..... 161,274,237\$562

1900:	
Rio de Janeiro custom-house (9 mos.)	39,839,536\$901
Santos custom-house (9 mos)	16,622,549\$013
Pará " " "	14,897,726\$604
Bahia " " "	10,895,178\$768
Pernambuco " " "	15,460,460\$429
14 minor custom-houses (1st half-year)	20,020,279\$000
5 minor custom-houses (July)	383,633\$330
10 " " (Aug.)	1,055,445\$302
12 " " (Sept.)	2,493,599\$817

Total ascertained customs receipts..... 121,667,400\$164
Receipts of Gen'l Revenue Office (9 mos.)..... 20,075,979\$761

Aggregate ascertained revenue for 9 months..... 141,743,379\$928

Decrease in receipts of five principal custom-houses..... 21,971,993\$239
Ascertained decrease in receipts of the remaining custom-houses..... 417,149\$808

Total ascertained decrease in customs receipts..... 22,389,143\$047
Increase in receipts of Gen'l Revenue Office..... 2,858,285\$413

Net ascertained decrease in revenue for 9 months.... 19,530,857\$634

CASH BALANCES.

(Continued from our last.)

Banco Commercial do Rio de Janeiro:

Aug. 31..... 7,432,755\$018

Sept. 30..... 1,010,931\$515

Decrease.... 6,421,223\$503

Banco Nacional Brasileiro:

Aug. 31..... 1,164,830\$120

Sept. 30..... 1,044,534\$750

Decrease.... 120,295\$370

The Federação of Manaus says that the public debt of the state of Amazonas, as now verified by accounts in the treasury, amounts to more than 19,000,000\$, not including the 10,500,000\$ indemnity promised to the Amazonas company, nor the 3,000,000\$ odd indemnity promised to the Banco do Estado do Amazonas, nor the obligations incurred under various contracts celebrated by corrupt administrations of that state. And this for a state with a population of only 147,915 and about 16 detached settlements. There is a story connected with the government of the state of Amazonas since 1889 which should make every Brazilian's face tingle with shame.

It is highly amusing to read in certain London and Paris papers, whose opinions are not quite free from suspicion, that the position of the Banco da Republica under government control will be stronger than ever. All this, as any sane man must know, will depend on management and security, which can not be assured so long beforehand. We should like to feel sure of this renewed vigor and security, for it will help not a little toward a general recovery in business, but unlike our across-seas colleagues we can not feel so sure of such an issue before there is a reasonable basis for it. But it pleases our transatlantic friends to assert that every misfortune is a blessing, and that every lapse is really a step forward, and it may be presumed that the administration is also pleased with the spontaneous burst of confidence which they exhibit every time a crisis arises in Brazilian affairs. It is consoling to hear from them that the President is loyally complying with his engagements, that the situation in Brazil is improving, that the credit of the country is not impaired, that exchange is going up, that the price of coffee is also improving, that trade is recovering, that the revenues are yielding better returns because of more rigid fiscalization, that interest payments on the foreign debt will surely be restimed next year—and so on, ad infinitum. Unhappily, however, those who live in the country and who are not interested in the adulation of the government, could tell a very different story based on personal knowledge and personal experience.

The rivalry between ex-Governor Luiz Vianna and Governor Severino Vieira is leading to many disgraceful and even serious disorders in the city of Bahia. Although the latter owes his election to the former, he has apparently undertaken to overthrow the ex-governor's influence in that state so as to give its control to the Campos Salles faction. This led to the attempts to discredit the financial administration of ex-Governor Luiz Vianna, and to the hostile demonstration against him on his recent return home from Europe. On the 1st inst. Gov. Severino Vieira's friends gave him a public manifestation, accompanied by a procession through the streets and various partisan speeches. This also led to a collision, from which several people were injured by pistol shots. Let us hope that the Matto Grosso incident is not to be repeated in Bahia, for it may lead to civil war.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE CHURCH ECHO.

Hotel Metropole, Larangeiras, 13-10-1900.

Dear Sir.—Permit me through the medium of your widely-read journal to inform the readers of the Church Echo that the delay in issuing the October number has arisen from the change which has taken place in its management. This month's number will be ready at the close of this week, Sat. 2nd. I shall endeavour to place future numbers in the hands of the readers of that magazine early in the month. Having undertaken the great responsibility of continuing to issue this distinctly Church Magazine, which will make serious inroads upon my time, I call upon the British and the American communities of Rio de Janeiro to assist me in my endeavour to make the Church Echo a great success.

I am not going always to prophesy smooth things, but if things disagreeable happen to appear in this magazine there is never present in my mind any intention to hurt. Like a surgeon, the Chaplain may sometimes be compelled in the interests of those concerned, to touch the sore spot. It may hurt a little, but then the good results will compensate for the pain. May it be so.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN D'ARCY
British Chaplain.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES

Aug. 23.—Senate.—The senate concurred in the resolution voted by the chamber of deputies for extending the session to Oct. 2.

Aug. 28.—Chamber of Deputies.—Deputy Rangel Pestana said that out of 60 vessels of all classes belonging to the Brazilian navy not 35 are fit for service. When a vessel, he asserted, is designated for a cruise, it takes three or four months to get it ready and then after passing the entrance of the harbor it has to return for repairs. He severely criticised the government for squandering the public money on vessels that after being repaired are still worthless.

Aug. 29.—Senate.—The bill on elections was voted in 1st discussion.—Chamber of Deputies.—The chamber voted in 2nd discussion the budget of the department of foreign affairs and in 3rd discussion the bill regulating the number of naval officers. It concurred in the in the senate's amendments to the army bill.

PROVINCIAL NOTES

—The governor of Bahia has commenced dismissing from public office the friends of ex-Gov. Luiz Vianna.

—The municipal intend of Bahia has vetoed the resolution of the municipal council for disarming the corps of firemen.

—A telegram from Pará says that on the 9th inst. the ex-commander of the police brigade attempted to assault the governor of the state.

—The projected exposition at Porto Alegre, Rio Grande do Sul, which was to be opened on November 5th, has been postponed to January 1st, 1901.

—It is reported at the capital of the state of Parahyba that criminals have arrived from the interior for the purpose of eliminating the political adversaries of Dr. Pergrino.

—The town of Alago Nova in the state of Parahyba was recently attacked by a band of robbers who took possession of it and levied heavy contributions on the merchants.

—Some time ago a district judge at Canhotinho, Pernambuco, was deposed by a local political leader at the head of a band of armed men. It is now said that he has been reinstated.

—It is a great comfort to hear from Cuyabá, Matto Grosso, by telegraph that the introduction to the report of the minister of finance has created a favorable impression out there. This probably saves the situation.

—According to a Pará telegram of the 10th trouble has arisen there between the governor and some officers of the federal garrison. One of the officers, Col. Sotero de Menezes, is said to have addressed an insulting letter to the governor, who returned it to him.

—According to a telegram of the 9th inst. from Bahia the city of Prado is in a state of complete anarchy. Three aldermen, a police commissioner and an assistant prosecuting attorney are accused of having broken into the building containing the municipal archives.

—Some days ago at Bom Jardim in the state of Rio de Janeiro there was an attack on the printing-office of the *Bonjardinese*. Dynamite bombs were used by the assailants. It must be acknowledged that in Brazil at the present time newspaper work is done under difficulties.

—According to telegrams from Pará the ex-commander of the police brigade intends to make another attempt to assault the governor of the state. It is added that other dismissed officers have a similar intention and that the federal troops will probably take part in the disturbances that are expected to ensue.

—For the calendar year 1901 the ordinary revenue of the city of São Paulo is estimated at 3,715,245\$668 and the extraordinary revenue at 928,345\$231. To save trouble and to avoid a surplus, so full of temptations to the average official just now, the municipal council has adopted these two sums as the appropriations for the year.

—A telegram from Pará of the 11th reports that since his return to Manaus Dr. Eduardo Ribeiro had an apoplectic attack and a return of his former complaint (insanity?) and will soon leave for Rio de Janeiro. The ex-governor, who is still a young man, led a patriotically fast life when in power, and is now reaping the penalty of it.

—The increase of small-pox across the bay, in Nictheroy, is causing some alarm in sanitary circles and measures are being adopted to check the spread of the disease. The director-general of public health has put the Paula Candido hospital at the disposition of the state for bubonic cases so that the Nictheroy hospital for infectious diseases may be devoted to small-pox.

—The facts in regard to the assassination of Col. Diogo Salles, the President's brother, on his plantation at Annapolis, São Paulo, according to a correspondent of the Italian journal *La Penna* of the 23rd ult. and translated into the *Commercio de S. Paulo* of the 8th inst., were as follows:—An Italian named Ungaretti located on the plantation about six years ago. He had a large family among whom were three attractive daughters. Raul Salles, the colonel's son, and he took a fancy to one of the girls. She refused his infamous proposal. This led to the colonel's interference, an order for their expulsion from the plantation in 24 hours, a strike in their favor by other colonists, the assault on the old colonist, and the shooting.

RAILROAD NOTES

—The *Putz* claims to be informed that the price of coal furnished to the Central Railway has been raised from 296 6d to 385 6d per ton.

—An announcement by the manager of the Leopoldina railway of the 11th inst. advises the suspension of traffic on the Barão de Araruaia line because of floods.

—On the 12th inst. the Botanical Garden tramway company opened a new section to electric traction, extending from the Largo do Machado to the end of Praia de Botafogo.

—Some days ago the *Commercio* asserted that the government had concluded its negotiations for the lease of the Central Railway. The *Commercio's* statement, however, has been contradicted.

—Complaints are made along the Mogyama line of fires caused during the recent drought by sparks from the passing locomotives. Some victims of these fires propose to take legal action against the company.

—The September traffic returns of the São Paulo railway (139 kilometres), compared with the same month of last year, give the following results:

	1900	1899
Inward freights tons.	48,876	39,605
do "since 1st Jan. "	269,264	432,851
Outward freights " "	72,316	61,918
do "since 1st Jan. "	210,958	302,995
Passengers carried.....	86,628	98,578
do "since 1st Jan.	775,817	925,113
Inter-station traffic, tons.	23,985	18,917

—The estimated traffic receipts of the Leopoldina railway for the week ending 6th October were as follows, compared with the corresponding week of last year:

Receipts in currency.....	352,061\$
idem last year.....	301,179\$
Increase for week.....	50,882\$
Equivalent in gold, this year (to 1/16)	£ 14,761
idem last year (7 5/8).....	£ 9,255
Increase in sterling for week.....	£ 5,506
Total receipts since January 1.....	4,422,953\$
idem last year.....	4,177,137\$
Increase since January 1.....	£ 2,486

—The approximate weekly traffic returns of the Recife and São Francisco railway (77 1/2 miles), compared with the corresponding week of last year, are as follows:

	1900	1899	Increase
Freight traffic, kilob.	1,193,082	1,087,511	105,571
Passengers carried.....	6,717	6,915	198 5/8
Total receipts.....	20,805\$860	18,062\$400	2,743\$460
do since Jan. 13 1, 260,002\$110	994,580\$200	229,221\$820	

	1898,534	1,184,479	1,075
Freight traffic, kilob.	1,185,454	1,184,479	1,075
Passengers carried.....	6,408 5/8	7,133 5/8	725
Total receipts.....	20,071\$820	17,079\$820	2,992\$000
do since Jan. 1, 1,280,674\$800	951,457\$800	229,210\$700	

—There were a multitude of protests last week because the Botanical Garden company collected 200 reis fare on the new electric trams from Praia de Botafogo to Largo do Machado, and then another 200 reis into the city, the total fare previously collected having been 300 reis. It was charged that the company was seeking to increase its fares without justification. The company, however, stated that the arrangement was only provisional, because of the necessary reorganization of the timetable. On Sunday the company announced that the total fare would be 300 reis and on each section 200 reis.

LOCAL NOTES

—The São Paulo delegation gave a banquet to Minister Bryan on the 10th inst.

—It is stated that the federal courts will be moved to the new edifice on Rua Direita during the present week.

—The *Imprensa* says that ex-Gov. Luiz Vianna probably now regrets the part which he took in making Campos Salles president.

—A Madrid telegram of the 10th inst. announces the death of José Gilvez, the advertiser and president of the so-called Rio Aere republic.

—The Portuguese minister to this capital Sr. Camelo Lampaeta, accompanied by a new Portuguese consular, Sr. João Joaquim Salgado, arrived here yesterday on the "Thames."

—It is interesting to note that the sanitary inspectors continue to discover suspected cases of bubonic pest almost every day. They do not propose to let the minister of interior catch them napping again.

—On the island of Governador on Saturday two warehouses, with their contents, belonging to Gonçalves Pereira & Co.'s bisulphuret of carbon factory, were destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at 40,000\$.

—A Paris telegram of the 10th says that Dr. Chaptot Prevost had on that day presented the little girl Rosalina to the Academy of Medicine, with an account of the surgical operation performed to separate the twins united from birth.

—It was stated on the 11th inst. that thieves had removed about 100 Auer incandescent burners from the street lamps during the few preceding nights. It is very singular that the police have been unable to capture a single one of them.

—Among the passengers for England tomorrow will be Mrs. O. P. Rolls, formerly of the Strangers' Hospital, who is returning home for her health. Her many friends, especially in Icarahy, are wishing her a pleasant trip and a speedy recovery of health.

—On the morning of the 11th inst., thieves broke into No. 31 Rua Senhor dos Passos and carried off the building where they broke it open and found only 500\$ to reward them for their labor. As usual, the police were asleep.

—Cabinet ministers who accompany President Campos Salles on his pleasure-trip to Buenos Aires are said to receive from the national treasury 20,000\$ each for personal expenses. Representatives of students receive, it is stated, from the same source 2,000\$ each.

—Among the arrivals from Europe yesterday was Mr. G. E. Gillespie and wife who have been away on a good long vacation in the United States, Canada and Great Britain. Mr. Gillespie, on the retirement of Mr. S. F. Massey, becomes chief manager of Messrs. Norton Megaw & Co., Ltd., in this city.

—On Thursday a lady recently arrived from Europe was, on account of some peculiarity in her dress, grossly insulted by loafers on Rua do Ovidor and forced, in order to escape their importunities, to take refuge in a commercial establishment on that street. We are getting on!

—Some days ago students of the Faculdade Livre de Ciências Jurídicas e Sociais met and chose two of their number to represent them in Buenos Aires during the visit of President Campos Salles. Subsequently other students of that establishment met and protested against the choice, asserting that the two chosen are entirely unqualified to represent them worthily.

—A Buenos Aires telegram of the 10th inst. announces the discovery of counterfeit 100\$ Brazilian notes, together with the printing office where they were being manufactured. The counterfeiters were preparing to make a generous issue of notes on the occasion of President Campos Salles' visit. Two of the rogues had only just been absolved on an accusation of counterfeiting.

—It is a significant fact that we are almost never free from some description of infectious disease. The bubonic pest is disappearing, and now small-pox is forcing itself into prominence. Later on yellow fever will in all probability break out, and then in due time we may expect bubonic pest to return, for the doctors claim that it will return a second time twelve months after the first outbreak.

—Senator Antonio Azeredo, who has been working for the improvement of the electoral system of this country, stated in the senate on Thursday he has abandoned all hope. He sarcastically suggested that congress in order to legalize accomplished facts should enact the following law:—The President of the republic is empowered to appoint such persons as please his fancy to be senators and deputies, and all provisions to the contrary are hereby repealed.

—As the law provides, the Vice-President, Dr. Rosa e Silva, will assume the reins of government during the absence of President Campos Salles. The officious journals have been telling us lately that the greatest harmony prevails between the two. Not long ago these some journals were hinting that someone else would act as president.

—It is a curious circumstance that while the appearance of a few cases of alleged bubonic pest were enough to create an extraordinary sanitary staff and exceptional measures of precaution, small-pox is permitted to spread almost without remark, and with but little attention from the sanitary inspectors. On the other side of the bay this repugnant disease has spread all over Nictheroy before precautions were taken, and now it is spreading over this city.

—It is again worthy of remark—the contrast in the treatment of Councilor Andrade Figueira and Deputy Irineu Machado. The first is accused of treasonable conspiracy, on evidence not free from suspicion. He is not brought to trial and has been kept imprisoned for many months. The second murdered his wife's aunt and tried to murder his wife. He was imprisoned only a few days, and an exception was made in his favor to permit a speedy trial to save him from the hardship of a long imprisonment. And then he was acquitted.

—Having succeeded in obtaining possession of the Banco da Republica, the government is now credited with harboring designs on the municipal affairs of this city. These affairs are certainly grossly mismanaged at present, but we do not see that anything is to be gained by transferring them to the general government, which has not displayed the slightest capacity even for the management of the affairs that properly appertain to it. Why not experiment free election? Perhaps the people, if they were permitted to do so, would choose better public servants.

—A recently received letter from Miss Chawner, formerly a member of the nursing staff of the Strangers' Hospital, and who is now connected with the army nursing staff in South Africa, locates her at Pretoria. She was 31 days on the road from the last hospitals to that city, owing to interruptions in traffic, etc. She finds the climate at Pretoria delightful, though the nights are very cold. At the time of writing she was with a contingent of nurses at the military camp beyond Arcadia, near Pretoria, after having been for a time located at the race-course.

—There have been several murders and homicidal attempts in this city during the last fortnight, and some of them so cold-blooded a description that one is compelled to ask if China is really any worse than these representatives of Western civilization. A policeman gets into an altercation with a man during the night and kills him, some looters at a café quarrel and one of them is stabbed and the suspected thief murderer demonstrates his innocence by showing his razor still bright and clean, and two soldiers fell out and fought like savages with club and knife until both fell in the street completely exhausted. These are only samples of what has occurred, and show how christian and civilized we are.

—For the second half of September Dr. Sampaio Vianna, of the public health department, reports the total number of deaths in this city to have been 505; of which 113 from pulmonary consumption, 33 from small-pox, 31 from malaria, 6 from bubonic pest, 5 from beri-beri, 5 from typhoid fever, 3 from measles, 2 from yellow fever, and 2 from influenza. Dr. Sampaio Vianna calls and urges the public to take greater precautions against the spread of the disease. The births during the same period numbered 539, and the marriages 82. The maximum temperature on Castle Hill was 28.9°C. (84° Fahr.) and the minimum 16.9°C. (62.4° Fahr.), the average being 20.65°C. (69.17° Fahr.).

—Ex-Prefect Coelho Rodrigues has published a letter making interesting disclosures. Not only was he expected, he says, to govern in harmony with the President, the senate and the municipal council, but even cabinet ministers, their subordinates and protégés seemed to think that they had a right to dictate to him. Martinho was in the habit of recommending women to the prefect;—Please recommend men hereafter. I am unable to cope with representatives of the fair sex, who imagine that a man in office has unlimited power and can do whatever he pleases. He attributes the acceptance of his resignation to the annoyance caused by his refusal to consent to two proposed municipal foreign loans, to the amount of £8,000,000, which would have burdened the municipal treasury with three or four times the amount of interest which it has to pay at present. These loans were to glorify Martinho by causing exchange to rise temporarily to 181.

THE "CINDERELLA."

The 2nd secretary of the Larangeiras Club writes us, as follows:

"In spite of the recent burst of hot weather which has come to remind us that summer is now so close at hand, I am glad to say that our (seventh) Cinderella was again very successfully held at the Larangeiras Club rooms on Saturday the 14th inst., when the usual number of members and their friends passed another very enjoyable, (although rather warm) evening.

Among those present were the following: Mr. Mrs. and Miss Gordon Pullen, Mr. Mrs. and Miss Cazaly, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Pullen,

Mr. and Mrs. McNeil, Mr. and Mrs. Stacey, Mr. and Mrs. Ritchie, Mr. and Mrs. Miné, Mr. and Mrs. Alegria, Miss Young, Miss Jackson, Miss Switthenbank, Miss Robinson, Miss Legge, Miss Wilson, Miss Skerman, Messrs. Platé, D'Arcy, Santos, Dr. Hastings, Purchas, Newlands, Wheatley, Maude, Cardoso, Wileman, Benwell, Atee, Whidborne, E. Lynch, H. Lynch, A. Weigall, H. Weigall, C. Robinson, Lefeuvre, Shaw, F. Robinson, Cazaly, Pullen, J. Robinson, Wilson, Smith, Abbott, etc.

The next will be held on the 27th inst. when I expect again a large patronage."

BUSINESS NOTES

—The *Journal do Brazil* says that hundreds of unemployed operatives in Nicheyero are in a desperate situation.

—The revised statutes of the Banco da Republica were formally approved by the government on the 10th inst.

—On Saturday last the contract was signed by the government and Banco da Republica by which the latter passes under official control.

—It was announced on the 10th inst. that the "Ollho," "Brilhante" and "Liberdade" match factories, located in Nicheyero, have been closed. It was a case of over-taxation.

—On the 11th inst. the government signed exequaturs for the newly appointed British consul general at this port, Mr. Ernest Nicolini, and consul at Bahia, Mr. Arthur Medhurst.

—A heavy storm at Buenos Aires on the 12th completely interrupted telegraphic communications for a time, and one of our colleagues "special services" from Europe was greatly curtailed thereby.

—The Banco Norte-Brazil and Banco do Pará, which recently suspended cash payments, held meetings of their shareholders on the 11th inst. The action of the directors in both instances was approved.

—In S. Paulo the firm of Manoel Lopes de Oliveira & Co. has been judicially declared insolvent, and Messrs. Theodor Wille & Co., F. Muller & Co. and Caetano Figueiredo have been appointed receivers.

—A telegram of the 9th inst. states that the governor of Pará has dismissed the commander of the police brigade. The cause of the dismissal is said to be disrespectful conduct towards the governor. Other officers are said to have been also dismissed.

—The President has applied to congress for supplementary credits of 1,615,053,594 in currency and 28,574,434 in gold for the payment of various accounts in *exercícios findos*. This covers a small part of the unpaid and overdue accounts which the government owes.

—One at least of the non-resident land lords of this capital has begun to distrust the property of tenants for overdue rent. One might expect a little consideration in a time like this, but the non-resident landlord was not built that way. Like Shylock, he must have his pound of flesh.

—In S. Paulo, on the 10th inst., there was a meeting of business men for the purpose of devising measures for obtaining relief from the exorbitant fines that are now imposed as a penalty for failure to stamp receipts. A committee was appointed to confer with the government on the subject.

—We are informed by Messrs. Nossack & Co., of Santos, whose advt. of Mellin's Food appears in another column, as agents for the state of São Paulo, that Mellin's Food Limited were further awarded at the Paris Exposition a silver medal for their Food-Biscuits and a bronze medal for their Lacto-Glycose.

—It is said that, in view of the result obtained by the experiment in progress at the barracks of the 10th battalion, the minister of war has decided to illuminate all the military barracks in the city with acetylene gas. Quite right. Coal gas is both poor and dear, and the government is setting a good example in using something else.

—By a decree of the 9th inst. the state government of Bahia has authorized the emission of 1,000,000 in state treasury bills at an interest rate not exceeding 9 per cent. A telegram of the 12th says the secretary of the state treasury has already borrowed under this authorization the sum of 100,000 at 9 per cent.

—The President has asked congress for a credit of 72,761,931 to reinforce the appropriation granted to the mint, which is now required for the purchase of paper, etc., for the manufacture of postage and revenue stamps. The enormous increase in the use of stamps has completely dwarfed the liberal appropriation for their manufacture during the current year.

—At a meeting of shareholders of the Companhia Central do Brazil on the 3rd inst. the board of directors stated that, unable to obtain money on first-class paper, which it held to the amount of 2,652,376,660, it had been forced to suspend payments. A committee of three shareholders was appointed to examine the accounts of the company and propose terms to the creditors.

—We regret to hear that Mr. S. F. Massey, for some time manager of Messrs. Norton Megaw & Co., Ltd., of this city, is not returning to Brazil again. He left for England only a short time ago for the benefit of his health.

—It is stated by various journals that Sr. Otto Peterseu and Custodio de Almeida Magalhães will be appointed directors of the Banco da Republica. Questions on which they can not agree are to be referred to the minister of finance.

—At a recent meeting of members of the Instituto de Advogados Dr. Carvalho Mourão asked for the appointment of a committee to report on the legality of certain provisions of some of the tax regulations issued by the government. Among the provisions on which the committee is expected to report is that which invalidates documents that are unstamped or insufficiently stamped.

—As might have been expected in a period of financial and commercial depression like the present, the opera season has been ruinous for the impresario. His expenses amounted to 360,513\$ and his receipts to only 304,537\$. The business collapsed, and it was necessary to resort to special benefits for obtaining money to pay the passage of the singers to Europe.

—It would be interesting to know what became of all the money withdrawn from the banks during the month of September. It was not buried, and but a small part of it passed into the treasury in the shape of duties and taxes. And yet nearly every bank lost cash—the aggregate of which mounted into thousands of contos! What then became of it? Having lost confidence in the banks, have business houses become their own bankers?

—São Paulo business men had a meeting on the 10th at the rooms of the Associação Commercial to initiate measures for obtaining a further extension of time before merchants and others are obliged to stamp receipts, etc. This is a very curious agitation. The law has been in force for many years, and no time to make it known is really required. But São Paulo wants time to make the regulation known before fines can be imposed. Should the concession be made, then all fines imposed elsewhere should be returned.

—The government has decided to postpone to the 31st inst. the collection of the second instalment of the consumption tax on stocks of merchandise. This is an excellent measure, and it should be at once followed by the grant of a similar respite to taxpayers of other classes. Another good measure is the proposed bill for a special appropriation to enable the government to pay arrears of indebtedness. Such measures will be of real benefit to the business community and they have not the objectionable features of the immoral gambling schemes which congress at the instance of the government has recently voted under the pretext of protecting commercial interests.

—Some time ago a business house imported merchandise on which it paid duty at the rate of 120 reis per kilo. But customs officials have a keen scent for opportunities for fines, of whose product they get a share. Accordingly they objected to the classification of this merchandise and demanded that the firm should pay duty at the rate of 4\$ per kilo and a fine 8,000\$. The case was carried to the tariff committee, which decided that duty should be paid at the rate of 2\$ per kilo, and subsequently to the arbitration committee which decided that the proper rate per kilo is only 80 reis. The question now goes to the minister of finance. In the meanwhile the firm is not permitted to withdraw the merchandise from the custom-house.

—Discussing the crisis in Brazil and the collapse of the Banco da Republica, the *Statist* of September 22 says:—"Probably his [the President's] wisest course would be to let the institution go. Unless it is grossly maligned, it is too much under the influence of politicians, and is too ready to lend its credit to and to support unduly influential political people. The bank has needed help in one way or another over and over again from the government, and it would not be an unmixed evil if it were to disappear altogether. No doubt the failure of an institution so closely connected with the government for so long a time would bring down many other banks and trading firms, and would make the crisis extremely acute for the time being. But it would completely clear the air."

—The minister of foreign affairs stated in his last report that the United States government had suggested that the Brazilian minister at Washington should be instructed to *proceed with negotiations* for a reciprocity agreement and that the United States legation in Rio de Janeiro had made a proposal on the subject. But the *Gazeta de Notícias*, which at present seems to be the mouthpiece of the Brazilian foreign office, asserts in its issue of last Thursday that the opening of negotiations is almost certain and that President Campos Salles and his ministers of foreign affairs and finance had two days before examined the principal points of a proposal that the United States government intends to make. It was decided, adds the *Gazeta*, that a commercial treaty with the United States will be advantageous to the interests of Brazil and that the discussion of the respective clauses shall commence after the return of President Campos Salles from Buenos Aires.

FINANCIAL NOTES

—Apparently many persons residing in Portugal have lost heavily in the present bank crisis.

—The effect of the official measures adopted in the present crisis is to take money out of the pockets of the many and to put it into those of the few.

—Although the London and River Plate Bank has the largest cash balance of any bank in this city, its management has raised its interest rate on 12 months deposits to 5 per cent.

—The president has asked congress for a deficiency appropriation of 1,615,053,594 for the payment of arrears of indebtedness and one of 400,000\$ for the collection of consumption taxes.

—The President has asked congress for a special credit of 10,000\$ for cleaning and protecting the Mangue canal, and also to authorize the federal government to assume control of this canal.

—On the 11th the municipal prefect should have paid Messrs. Theo Wille & Co., of this city, the sum of 430,000 on account of a loan of 430,000 contracted by the last prefect, Dr. Coelho Rodrigues.

—Up to the 9th inst. 21 special and deficiency appropriations, whose aggregate amount is 12,373,007\$895, had reached the senate from the chamber of deputies. Others are still pending in the chamber.

—Yesterday the President applied to congress for a special credit of 497,778\$000 gold and 350,000\$000 currency to cover the last payments due to the Forges et Chantiers de la Méditerranée company for the construction of the ironclad "Floriano."

—The *Pais* of last Wednesday says that holders of bonds of 1868 have not yet received the half-yearly interest that became due on the 30th ult. Have they received interest for the previous half-years or has this interest been converted into funding bonds?

—The large withdrawal of cash deposits from the banks, with the exception of the London and Brazilian whose conservative attitude has inspired general confidence, would seem to prove the assertion that business men are keeping their cash balances in their own safes.

—One of the effects of the present bank crisis will be to lead people to send their money out of the country without waiting for an improvement in exchange. It is better, they think, to lose something by unfavorable exchange than to lose all by unsafe investment.

—Some of the Portuguese journals say that the present bank crisis came very suddenly. Those journals are mistaken. For a long time there have been signs of this and other disasters, and the crisis has surprised none but those who have failed to keep informed in regard to the real state of the country.

—A characteristic feature of the present crisis is the almost absolute lack of effort of banks to realize on their assets. After exhausting their cash balances they abandoned the attempt to meet their obligations. The creditors doubtless perceived that, drained as the country now is by burdensome taxation of its available resources, they could realize on assets only on ruinous terms.

—The following returns of customs receipts for September, in addition to those published in our last issue, have been made public:

	1900	1899
Pará.....	1,279,643\$539	1,967,305\$055
Rio G. do Sul.....	889,743\$624	1,586,804\$807
Jaraguá.....	257,419\$728	158,537\$892
Aracaju.....	77,391\$306	not stated
Manoás.....	439,089\$369	634,860\$746

—The *Gazeta de Notícias* of the 11th inst. hears that a large syndicate is being organized with foreign capital, to acquire the assets of the Banco da Republica. To a limited extent this may be true, but foreigners will hesitate to take over much of the rubbish accumulated by that bank. The Lloyd Brazileiro is a good asset, but foreign buyers will be to look into navigation restrictions b:fore investing their money.

—On the 8th inst. the chamber of deputies finished tinkering on the general revenue bill, which was sent to the senate. This bill shows that the present tremendous lesson which the country is receiving has entirely failed to strikes the chamber. Unless the senate strikes out the objectionable features of the bill, new burdens, in spite of the President's pledge, are to be imposed on an overtaxed and impoverished people, trade is to be fettered with new restrictions and to new nurseries of office-holders are to be established.

—The *Journal do Brasil* stated some days ago that holders of 1865 apolices had been unable to obtain the interest due on them for the last quarter. They had gone to the Banco da Republica to the federal treasury, but without avail. The minister had forced the holders of these apolices to accept the funding loan arrangement, but for the last quarter even this recourse was denied them. Those who are expecting foreign capital to help the government out of its troubles should bear in mind that these defaults do not tend to inspire confidence.

COMMERCIAL.

Rio de Janeiro, October 16th, 1900.

Par value of the Brazilian milreis (1000), gold.....	27 d.
do of the Brazilian milreis (1000) in U. S. coin at 68.65 per \$.....	54 75 cts
1 Mtg.....	18 27
do \$1.00 (U. S. coin) Brazilian gold.....	18 27
do of 1 Mtg. in Brazilian gold.....	8 80

Bank rate of exchange, official, on London today.....	50 5/16 d.
Present value of the Brazilian mil reis (gold).....	26 1/16
Present value of the Brazilian mil reis (paper).....	38 1/2 rs. gold
Present value of the Brazilian mil reis in U. S. coin at \$1.00 per \$.....	20.62 c.
Value of \$100 (1000 per \$ 1. str. in U. S. Brazilian currency (paper).....	487 1/2
Value of £ 1 sterling ".....	23 1/2 1/2

EXCHANGE.

Oct. 8.—Today's market was not very steady but closed a fair business."

Official quotations on London were:
Bank bills..... opening 10 1/2 closing 10 1/2
Private bills..... opening 10 1/2 closing 10 1/2
Official value of the milreis 382-387 reis gold.

Oct. 9.—The market showed no change in its tendency; transactions declared were regular.
Official quotations on London were:
Bank bills..... opening 10 1/2 closing 10 1/2
Private bills..... opening 10 1/2 closing 10 1/2
Official value of the milreis 382-387 reis gold.

Oct. 10.—There was no change in the disposition of the market; business was of average volume.
Official quotations on London were as follows:
Bank bills..... opening 10 1/2 closing 10 1/2
Private bills..... opening 10 1/2 closing 10 1/2
Official value of the milreis 382-387 reis gold.

Oct. 11.—The market was weak and transactions reported were due principally to speculation.
Official quotations on London were:
Bank bills..... opening 10 1/2 closing 10 1/2
Private bills..... opening 10 1/2 closing 10 1/2
Official value of the milreis 382-387 reis gold.

Oct. 12.—National holiday.
Oct. 13.—Today's market was unsettled as usual and very little business was reported.
Official quotations on London were:
Bank bills..... opening 10 1/2 closing 10 1/2
Private bills..... opening 10 1/2 closing 10 1/2
Official value of the milreis 380-382 reis gold.

MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 16th October, 1900.

Exports.

Coffee.—The market was again dull during the past week, the reported sales being only 136,000 bags against 65,000 bags in the preceding week. The receipts were 69,945 bags, and the shipments 66,662 bags. Yesterday the market opened well, but business became restricted later on because of the views of sellers, which buyers were unwilling to meet owing to a decline in prices in New York and Hamburg. Foreign advices report the sales for the past week as:—New York 37,000 bags, Havre 75,000, Hamburg 114,000 and London 41,000—total 347,000 bags, against 308,000 in the same week of last year and 374,000 in the preceding week. The detailed movements of our market during the week were as follows:

Ruling prices during the week for N. Y. Type No. 7 at Rio, and for Good Average at Santos, with daily reported sales at the former market.

	Kio N. Y.	Reported sales	Santos, Good Average
Oct. 8.....	11 600-11 800	2,000 bags.	6\$900
9.....	11 600-11 800	5,000 "	6 900
10.....	11 200-11 400	10,000 "	6 800
11.....	11 100-11 300	10,000 "	6 800
13.....	11 300-11 500	9,000 "	6 800

The shipments since our last report have been:
38,609 bags for the United States
26,623 " " Cape of Good Hope
280 " " River Plate, etc.
1,385 " " Constantine
66,912 bags.

The following ships sailed with coffee last week:

United States:	bags
Oct. 10 New Orleans Br. str. <i>Glendora</i>	10,375
do do Span. str. <i>Laurak Bat</i>	27,997

Europe:

Oct. 6 Hamburg Germ. str. <i>San Nicola</i>	19,200
Copenhagen do.....	875
7 Marseilles Fr. str. <i>Nivole</i>	4,722
Constantinople do.....	250
Odessa do.....	125
Bongie do.....	125
9 Havre Fr. str. <i>Campana</i>	1,000
9 Rotterdam Germ. str. <i>Australia</i>	228
Bremen do.....	251
Antwerp do.....	4,975
10 Algiers Fr. str. <i>Basil</i>	645
Bordeaux do.....	275
10 Sanson It. str. <i>Washington</i>	125
Scio do.....	125
Naples do.....	20
10 Constantinople It. str. <i>Piramide</i>	1,300
Odessa do.....	500
Smyrna do.....	530
Scio do.....	125
Dedegatch do.....	125
Samsoun do.....	125
Kholes do.....	125
Yarna do.....	100

Elsewhere:

Oct. 8 Buenos Aires Fr. str. <i>Atlantique</i>	620
Montevideo do.....	122
11 Montevideo Br. str. <i>Orellana</i>	50
Punta Arenas do.....	50
Talcahuano do.....	100
Valparaiso do.....	50

The receipts for the past week were 26,172 bags against 69,184 bags for the previous week and 79,225 bags for the week before.

Brokers' quotations, according to New-York times were the following:

No.	Oct. 13	Oct. 6
6.....	11 800	11 800
7.....	11 800	11 700
8.....	11 300	11 300
9.....	11 800	11 000

The stock was estimated at this morning at 96,439 bags according to the *Journal do Commercio*, and 206,225 bags according to one of our prominent brokers. The Santos stock is reported at 1,209,970 bags.

Daily receipts and shipments of coffee at Rio de Janeiro

Table with columns for Receipts (Total, Foreign, Domestic), Shipments (Total, Foreign, Domestic), and Exchange rates for various locations like London, Santos, and Bahia.

SANTOS

According to the monthly report of the Associação Commercial de Santos, the receipts of coffee at that port during September aggregated 1,157,710 bags, against 1,015,720 bags last year and 877,843 bags in 1898.

The exports of coffee during September were as follows in bags of 60 kilos:

Table listing names of exporters, their respective bag counts, and destinations such as Hamburg, Rotterdam, and London.

Monthly bulletin of the Santos coffee market during August with daily receipts, sales, base, shipments and exchange.

Table showing daily coffee market data for August, including receipts, sales, base, shipments, and exchange rates.

Imports.

Flour.—The receipts were 1,000 bags ex Orellana from Liverpool, 3,450 barrels ex Frances and 7,600 ex Glad Tidings from Baltimore.

Codfish.—The Santos brought 58 cases from Hamburg. The estimated stock in first hands are 8,000 tubs of Gaspe, 7,000 of Halifax and 3,000 cases of Norwegian.

Lard.—The arrivals for the past week were 200 kegs by the Frances, 450 by the Glad Tidings, and 125 by the Baltimore, from Baltimore, 2,350 kegs, and 125 cases by the Coleridge from New York.

Rice.—Only 600 bags arrived here from Hamburg by the Santos. The bag of 60 kilos is now quoted from 15,500 to 16,000.

White Pine.—No arrivals. Market nominal. Pitch Pine.—The Kingsland arrived with a cargo of 2,449 priced with 1,310,450 francs. The prices are unchanged.

Spruce Pine.—No receipts. None in the market. Swedish Pine.—None in the market.

Kerosene.—The Coleridge brought 15,000 cases from New York. We quote from \$700 to \$800 per case wholesale.

Rosin.—No receipts and no changes in quotations. Turpentine.—Receipts nil. Prices unchanged.

Indian Corn.—Receipts were nil. Brokers quote from 15,000 to 15,500 per bag of 62 kilos wholesale.

Wool.—There were no arrivals. We quote at 4,000 per kg of 25 kilos.

Hay.—No entries. The wholesale price is from 140 to 150 reis per kilo.

Coal.—The following vessels arrived with coal from Glasgow ex Rosette, 2,100 tons.

From Glasgow ex do, 1,070 tons; Norfolk ex do, 4,270 tons; Cardiff ex do, 2,826 tons; ex Rhodona, 6,035 tons.

Rum.—Entries continue regular. Prices remain unchanged, as shown in the following table:

Peruambuco and Macéio, 120,000—130,000; Bahia and Aracaju, 115,000—120,000; Campos, 120,000—125,000; Aragra and Paraty, 130,000—150,000; Parahyba, 135,000—140,000; Alcohol of 36 to 38 deg, 180,000—220,000; ditto 40 deg, 220,000—240,000.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

BARRADOS.—Br. bk. St. Croix; 653 tons; Hime; ballast. OCT 13. BUENAGUA W.—Amer. bk. Grace Derring; 697 tons; Drinkwater; ballast.

FREIGHTS.

NEW YORK.—50 cents and 5% prime per bag of coffee. NEW ORLEANS.—50 cents and 5% prime per bag of coffee. ANTWERP, BREMEN, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG, LIVERPOOL.—35 shillings and 5% prime per ton of 1,000 kilos.

COPENHAGEN.—37 shillings, 6 d. and 5% prime per ton of 1,000 kilos. GENOA.—40 francs and 7% prime per ton of 1,000 kilos. BORDEAUX.—40 francs and 10% prime per ton of 900 kilos.

HAVRE.—35 francs and 10% prime per ton of 900 kilos. TRIESTE.—45 shillings and 5% prime per ton of 1,000 kilos. FUME.—30 shillings and 5% prime per ton of 1,000 kilos. LONDON.—30 shillings and 5% prime per ton of 1,000 kilos. SOUTHAMPTON.—30 shillings and 5% prime per ton of 1,000 kilos. CAPE-TOWN.—30 shillings and 2 1/2% prime per ton. P. ELIZABETH.—30 shillings and 2 1/2% prime per ton.

PORT NATAL, EAST LONDON, DELAGUA BAY, MOSSBAY.—35 shillings, 6 d. and 2 1/2% prime per ton. MONTEVIDEO.—3,000 per bag of 60 kilos, and 6,000 per barrel of 75 kilos. B. ARES.—3,000 per bag of 60 kilos, and 6,000 per barrel of 75 kilos.

ENGAGEMENTS.

BORDEAUX.—Fr. str. Atlantique, 500 bags of coffee. RIVER PLATE.—Fr. str. Thames, 825 do do. CONSTANTINOPLE.—Il. str. Pro-monte, 125 do do.

Table listing Hamburg and Havre arrivals, including ship names like Havre, Belg. str. Coleridge, and New York, Germ. str. Ragusa.

Vessels Afloat & Chartered for Rio

Table listing vessels afloat and chartered for Rio, including ship names like Avriga, Brunswick, Bristol, and Cardiff.

Arrivals of foreign steamers.

Table listing arrivals of foreign steamers, including ship names like Rhodona, Australia, King Cruise, and Coleridge.

Departures of foreign steamers.

Table listing departures of foreign steamers, including ship names like Atlantique, Australia, Flinsbury, and Campania.

Foreign sailing vessels in the port of Rio de Janeiro, October 14th, 1900.

Table listing foreign sailing vessels in the port of Rio de Janeiro, including ship names like Atlantique, Flinsbury, and Campania.

AMERICAN

Table listing American vessels, including ship names like Paul Revere, Ark. Amy, and Baltimore.

STOCKS AND SHARES

Table listing stocks and shares, including Apolices, Republica, and Emprestimo Municipal.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Apolices, Republica, and Emprestimo Municipal.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Republica, Loterias Nacionales, and S. Felix.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Loterias Nacionales, S. Felix, and Apolices.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Apolices, Republica, and Emprestimo Municipal.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Republica, Emprestimo Municipal, and deb. Jornal do Commercio.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Commercial, Republica, and Emprestimo Municipal.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Apolices, Republica, and Emprestimo Municipal.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Apolices, Republica, and Emprestimo Municipal.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Constructor, Republica, and Rural e Hypothecario.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Loterias Nacionales, S. Christovao, and Melhoramentos no Brazil.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Apolices, Republica, and Emprestimo Municipal.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Apolices, Republica, and Emprestimo Municipal.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Agricola do Brazil, Commercial, and Republica.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Commercial, Republica, and Emprestimo Municipal.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Agricola do Brazil, Commercial, and Republica.

Table listing stocks and shares, including Lavoura e Commercio, Republica, and Loterias Nacionales.

SATURDAY'S QUOTATIONS—S. PAULO.

Table listing Saturday's quotations in Santos, including Banco Comercio e Industria, Credito Real da Carteira II, and Lavoura e Commercio.

Stocks and Bonds and Joint Stock Companies --- October 15th.

Emission	Circulation			Public Funds	Nominal Value	Last Quotation	
				buyers sellers			
506,595,300\$	483,647,700\$			Stock 5% currency (apólices)	1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$	760,000	765,000
60,000,000	60,000,000			Bonds of 1895	1,000\$ 1,000	760,000	760,000
119,600	119,600			Do do 1895, 6%	1,000\$ 1,000	800,000	800,000
30,000,000	11,584,500			Bonds, 4%	1,000\$ 500	—	2,500,000
51,885,000	22,635,500			Gold Loan, 1868, 6%	1,000\$ 500	—	1,800,000
Fcs. 17,500,000	Fcs. 17,500,000			Do do 1879, 4 1/2%	1,000\$ 500	—	1,835,000
13,193,000	13,193,000			Do do 1889, 4 1/2%	Fcs. 500	—	350,000
5,000,000	4,533,200			State of Espirito Santo	1,000\$ 500\$ 200	—	860,000
Fcs. 65,000,000	Fcs. 45,323,000			of Minas Geraes, 5%	1,000\$ 200	—	830,000
5,000,000	5,000,000			idem 6%	Fcs. 500	—	—
600,000	600,000			of Pernambuco, 6%	500	350,000	400,000
10,000,000	10,000,000			of Rio de Janeiro, 6%	500	—	—
25,000,000	25,000,000			do do 6% (1899)	1,000	920,000	—
5,000,000	600,000			do do Parahyba, 6%	1,000	130,000	140,000
10,000,000	22,459,600			Municipal Loan, City of Rio de Janeiro, 6%	100	—	—
25,000,000	25,000,000			do do do São Paulo, 7 1/2%	200	—	170,000
5,000,000	5,000,000			do do do Petropolis, 7 1/2%	200	—	—
500,000	514,800			do do do Alem Parahyba, 7 1/2%	200	—	—
400,000	400,000						

Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Banks	Paid	Reserve Fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
20,000,000\$	100,000	94,000	200\$	Comercial do Rio de Janeiro	200\$	4,000,000\$	8,000, Jan. 1900	74,000— 00\$000
16,000,000	80,000	60,000	200	Comercio	80	3,120,000	6,000, ditto 1900	— 160,000
24,000,000	120,000	20,000	200	do 2nd series	80		2,000, ditto 1900	5,000— 76,000
16,000,000	80,000	77,255 1/2	200	Construtor do Brazil	200	1,645,000	4,000, Aug. 1892	— 5,000
8,000,000	40,000	25,000	200	Credito Movel	200	2,700,000	2,000, Jan. 1896	3,000— 5,000
5,000,000	25,000	25,000	200	Credito Real do Brazil	200	801,079	12 1/2, ditto 1892	1,000—
750,000	15,000	all	50	Depositos e Descontos	50	640,000	Jan. 1900	70,000—
4,000,000	20,000	all	200	Funcionarios Publicos	200	71,926	1,000, ditto 1900	33,000— 45,000
9,110,000	45,500	all	200	Hypothecario do Brazil	200	286,317	4,000, July 1899	75,000—
5,000,000	25,000	all	200	Lavoura e Comercio	200	564,557	6,000, Jan. 1900	— 100,000
101,246,800	506,234	all	200	Nacional Brasileira	200	230,000	10,000, ditto 1900	65,000— 65,500
20,000,000	100,000	50,000	200	Republica do Brazil	200	17,486,079	6,000, ditto 1900	126,000—
30,000,000	100,000	all	200	Rio e Mattos Grosso	200	391,700	12,000, ditto 1900	60,000— 40,000
20,000,000	100,000	all	200	do 2nd series	40		4,500, ditto 1900	— 120,000
20,000,000	100,000	all	200	Rural e Hypothecario	100	7,571,450	11 1/2, ditto 1898	—
20,000,000	100,000	all	200	Com. e Industria de S. Paulo	100	2,185,326	12 1/2, ditto 1895	—
10,000,000	50,000	all	200	Credito Real de Minas Geraes	200	6,000,000	10 1/2, ditto 1900	150,000—
7,000,000	35,000	all	200	Lavadores S. Paulo	140	308,550	8 1/2, ditto 1899	— 110,000
10,000,000	50,000	25,000	200	Mercantil de Santos	200	1,141,521	12 1/2, ditto 1895	— 130,000
25,000,000	125,000	all	200	União de S. Paulo	200	800,000	8,000, ditto 1900	—
5,000,000	25,000	all	200					
10,000,000	50,000	25,000	200					
10,584,610	—	—	200					

Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Railways	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
£ 5,500,000	550,000	all	£ 10	Leopoldina	£ 100\$	51,958\$	2,000 Feb. 1900	111,000— 28,000
5,000,000\$	500,000	all	200	America de S. Jeronymo	200			—
12,000,000	60,000	all	200	Machê e Campos	200			—
20,000,000	100,000	all	200	Muzambinho	100	65,000		—
62,000,000	310,000	33,525	200	Oeste de Minas	200	2,901,489	int. Sept. 93	—
—	—	266,475	200	do do	75			2,500— 3,500
10,000,000	100,000	10,000	200	do do	20			—
—	—	—	200	Quitoulobo	80		int. Jan. 92	—
70,000,000	350,000	all	200	do do	200	1,463,242	6 1/2, June, 92	— 13,000
1,000,000	5,000	5,000	200	União Sorocabana-Itapura	40			—
1,000,000	5,000	all	200	União Valenciana	200	45,710	6,500, Feb. 86	9,000— 11,000
20,000,000	100,000	all	200	Sapucahy	200			— 40,000
12,500,000	62,500	all	200	Tocantins e Araguaya	200	55		4,250—

Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Tramways	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
2,500,000\$	25,000	all	100\$	Caricica	100\$			— 80,000
8,000,000	40,000	all	200	Carris Urbanos	200	168,732	1,500 July 91	105,000—
700,000	7,000	all	100	Corcovado (and Hotel)	100	6,971	3,000, May 1900	— 120,000
14,000,000	70,000	all	200	Jardim Botânico	200	64,448\$	5,000, Jan. 99	— 120,000
12,000,000	60,000	59,300	200	S. Christovão	200		5 1/2, Feb. 99	— 155,000
3,000,000	15,000	all	100	Villa Isabel	200	105,899\$	4,000, Feb. 1900	80,000—
500,000	5,000	all	100	Pernambuco	100	31,499		—

Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Steamships	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
1,000,000	5,000	all	200\$	Esperança Maritima	200\$	350,000\$	9,000, Jan. 1900	— 200,000
20,000,000	140,000	all	200	Lloyd Brazileiro	200			2,300—
5,000,000	25,000	all	200	Navegação Costeira	200			— 300,000
673,400	3,367	all	200	S. João da Barra e Campos	200	59,598	10,000, Feb. 1900	—
1,000,000	5,000	2,750	200	Sul Paulista	80			—

Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Cotton Mills, etc.	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
10,000,000\$	50,000\$	all	200\$	Alliança	200\$	1,122,080\$	10,000— Jan. 1900	125,000—
3,400,000	17,000	all	200	America Fabril	200	273,979	7,000, Aug. 96	— 250,000
500,000	2,500	all	200	Boatago (antigam)	200	46,373	4,000— Feb. 1900	— 162,000
6,000,000	30,000	all	200	Brazil Industrial	200	150,000	Jan. 1900	140,000— 190,000
3,600,000	18,000	all	200	Caricica	200	74,927	12,000— ditto 1900	100,000—
6,000,000	30,000	all	200	Comanga Industrial	200	284,082	10,000— ditto 1900	180,000—
4,500,000	22,500	all	200	Corcovado	200	52,033	10,000— Feb. 1900	—
500,000	2,500	all	200	D. Isabel	200	186,282	50,000— Jan. 1900	—
3,000,000	15,000	all	200	Pal. Paulista	200	200,000	12,000— July 98	— 150,000
1,200,000	6,000	all	200	Industrial Mineira	200	92,814	12,000— Feb. 1900	— 215,000
800,000	4,000	all	200	Magense	200	28,277	10,000— Jan. 1900	— 170,000
1,500,000	7,500	all	200	Manufatura Fluminense	200	144,143	10,000— ditto 1900	— 155,000
4,000,000	20,000	all	200	Melhoramentos do Brazil	200	21,683	5,000— Mar. 96	—
1,000,000	5,000	all	200	Progresso Industrial	200	639,889	12,000— Jan. 1900	100,000—
6,000,000	30,000	all	200	Rink (Woolens)	200	37,345	4,000— Jan. 1900	— 170,000
450,000	4,500	all	100	S. Felix	100	38,394	— ditto 1900	102,000—
300,000	3,000	all	200	Santa Luzia	200		— ditto 99	— 150,000
1,200,000	12,000	all	200	S. João	200	71,567	— ditto 1900	— 170,000
2,400,000	24,000	all	200	S. Pedro de Alcantara	200	1,314,403	17 1/2— Aug. 99	—
3,500,000	17,500	all	200	União Fabril	200			—

Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Insurance	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last Quotation
3,000,000\$	15,000	all	200\$	Alliança	20\$		15,000, July 97	— 5,500
3,000,000	3,000	all	200	Argos Fluminense	250	300,000\$	25,000, Jan. 1900	355,000— 370,000
2,000,000	10,000	9,735	200	Bonança	200	15,584	4,500, ditto 99	— 12,000
4,000,000	20,000	10,000	200	Confiança	200	200,000	3,000, ditto 1900	— 12,000
4,000,000	8,000	4,000	500	Fidelidade	150	369,374	7,000, ditto 98	5,000— 6,000
2,500,000	12,500	all	200	Garantia	200	252,000	8,000, ditto 1900	— 20,000
2,000,000	10,000	all	200	Gerar	200	400,000	2,000, ditto 1900	— 20,000
1,000,000	5,000	all	100	Indemnisadora	200	40,000	1,000, ditto 1900	— 20,000
3,000,000	15,000	all	200	Previdente	200	500,000	1,000, ditto 1900	70,000— 80,000
2,000,000	10,000	all	200	Prosperidade	200	150,120	1,500, ditto 1900	17,000—

Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Miscellaneous	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last Quotation
500,000\$	10,000	all	50\$	Carros Tattersall Moreaux	50\$	42,378\$	1,500, Jan. 99	— 15,000
5,000,000	25,000	all	200	Cruzeiro (match factory)	200		— Jan. 95	—
60,000,000	25,000	all	200	Docas de Santos	200		40,000, Jan. 1900	300,000—
5,000,000	25,000	all	200	Empreza Industrial Brasileira	200	2,237,379	10,000, Aug. 99	450,000—
3,000,000	15,000	all	200	Editoradora	200	14,073	10,000, Aug. 91	10,000—
23,500,000	235,000	235,000	200	Melhoramentos do Brazil	200	6,309,142	8,000, ditto 92	— 12,000
3,000,000	15,000	9,900	200	"Gazeta de Noticias" (newspaper)	200	53,279	4,000, Feb. 1900	— 120,000
1,000,000	5,000	all	200	"O Paiz" (newspaper)	200	45,577	10,000, Feb. 95	—
2,850,000	57,000	all	200	Loterias Nacionais do Brazil	50	1,000,000	May 1900	70,000— 73,000
1,000,000	10,000	all	100	Matte				

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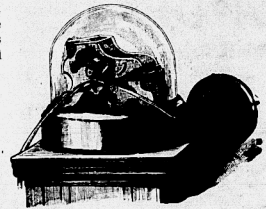
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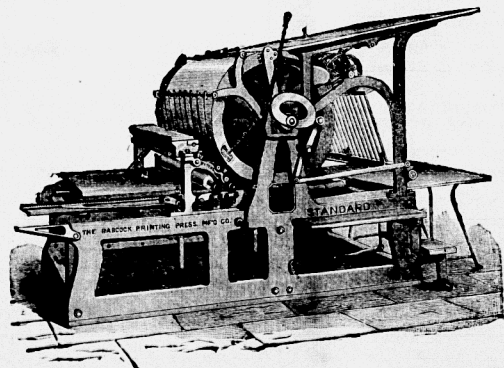
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Date	Steamer	Destinations
1900		
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" 29	Clyde	Santos.
" 31	Thames	Vigo, Cherbourg and Southampton.

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