



# THE RIO NEWS.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, JUNE 26TH, 1900.

NUMBER 26

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A SECOND EDITION of this useful guide book is now in course of revision and will be published about the end of June next. It will be considerably improved and enlarged. A few good advertisements will be received. For terms and other information apply to the Editor of The Rio News.

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JOAO M. G. DOS SANTOS, Pastor.

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Residence: On the Church premises.

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W. B. BAGBY, D. D., Pastor.

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PETROPOLIS METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Avenida Marechal Deodoro, No. 9. English service at 4 p.m. Sundays. Portuguese services at 11 a.m. and 7-30 p.m. Sundays; 7-30 p.m. Wednesdays. Sunday School at 10 a.m.

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WEST COAST ITEMS.

—A Lima telegram says that Sr. Carlos Pierola is a candidate for the presidency of that country at the next election.

—Telegraphic advices from Santiago report the health of President Errazuriz to be improving. It is to be sincerely hoped that he will soon be able to reassume the presidency, in view of the attitude of the jingoes.

—The Peruvian newspaper *El Heraldo*, of Cochabamba, says the Bolivian expedition to the Rio Acre is sure to result successfully, and especially so as its commander, Col. Vellasco, is an intimate friend of Gov. Silverio Nery, of Amazonas.

—A telegram from Rio de Janeiro to Santiago states that Brazil has been consulted by Chile in regard to the attitude she will assume in case of war between Chile and Argentina. The story does not sound at all probable, for the Chilean government is not seeking war.

—Deputy Walker Martinez has presented a bill in the Chilean chamber of deputies providing that Chile will compel the recognition of the *divortium acquarum* boundary line during the arbitration proceedings between Argentina and Chile. The ministry opposes the measure.

—The Argentine journal *El Pais* says that General Korner, chief of staff of the Chilean army, has declared that the military strength of Chile is much superior to that of Argentina. And suppose he did? It is General Korner's business to say such things, or to confess that his employment has been a failure.

—A Santiago telegram of the 20th says that the public session of the chamber had been tumultuous, and that the opposition opposed secret sessions for the discussion of interpellations regarding the alleged Argentine invasion of Chilean territory. Some of the deputies demand an immediate declaration of war against Argentina, and state that it is useless to submit such questions to English arbitration because the decision is sure to be given in favor of Argentina. This, in our opinion, is a virtual confession that Chile is wrong. The war party in Chile unquestionably need a sound thrashing.

RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

—The Argentine department of war asks for \$14,500,000 for next year.

—The Uruguayan congress has decided to permit built-fights.

—The Argentine government proposes to raise its army to an effective strength of 10,000 men.

—The Montevideo health authorities have prohibited the importation of Brazilian products in bags, dating from the 24th ult.

—A Buenos Aires telegram of the 20th says that 722 Polish immigrants have arrived there for colonization in the Missiones territory.

—The loading of cattle and sheep from Argentina and Uruguay has been officially prohibited in Cape Colony since the 11th inst.

—For the ensuing year the Uruguayan budget appropriates \$16,124,324.86, and estimates the receipts at the same amount.

—Senator Pellegrini's new scheme is for the creation of a new province in Southern Argentina, to be called San Martin, with Bahia Blanca as its capital.

—Four boxes of silver coins, believed to have been buried by dictator Solano Lopes, are said to have been discovered on the banks of the Paraguary river.

—The Argentine minister of war, General Campos, has again insisted on the acceptance of his resignation, as his health will not permit him to continue in office.

—Reports are current in London of the sale there of the port of La Plata. When the Argentine has sold his last shirt, then his unconquerable patriotism will probably impel him to contest the delivery.

—The *Nacion* of Buenos Aires very properly condemns the interpellation of the Chilean deputy, Walker Martinez, as an attempt to court popularity among the masses. Silent contempt would be the best reply to such an attack.

—The Argentine deputies from the provinces are said to be opposed to the creation of a new province, but favor Bahia Blanca as a provincial capital. How they propose to arrange a capital without a province, we can not imagine.

—Private letters from the River Plate tell us of the ravages of the foot and mouth disease amongst the cattle in Buenos Aires and Santa Fé. We are sorry to say that the disease does not seem to be on the decline according to our advices.

—The influenza fiend is abroad in Buenos Aires. Every friend met there has either had the complaint, or reports a mutual friend down with it, or calculates his own chances of getting it within a week or so. Those who have not a bad cold are very decidedly out of fashion.

—A Sacre telegram of the 20th inst. says that the committee to organize a railway to construct a railway from Rio, across Paraguay, to Santa Cruz de la Sierra, in Bolivia. We very much doubt it. Berlin syndicates, as a rule, are not quite so reckless with their money as that.

—The Uruguayan government has appointed Sr. Susviella Guarch as minister to Rio de Janeiro. The new minister is a physician and bacteriologist and was president of the sanitary convention of 1887. He affords very little hope of a sanitary reform on this coast for the present.

—Preparations are again being made in Buenos Aires for the reception of President Campos Salles, and among them the quest of a suitable palace for his use. A late telegram says the Devoto palace has been offered and accepted, and that the Anchorena palace is to be fitted up for his suite.

—The Chilean minister at Buenos Aires has resigned because of difficulties with the Argentine foreign minister in regard to the interpretation of the Buchanan decision on the Punta de Atacama boundary. If there were more good will and less dishonest evasion on both sides, these boundary disputes could be settled easily. Both sides, however, are looking for excuses for a quarrel, and of course they find them easily.

—At Mendoza, says the *B. A. Herald*, there is a law by which every household must hoist an Argentine flag on May 25th. A well-known respectable merchant hoisted his flag on the 24th and in the night some one in search of cheap bedding annexed it. The merchant was taken to the police court and put down as a criminal. His measurements and photo were taken and he had to submit to other indignities, as well as to pay a fine for a crime he had not committed.

—It is estimated that the port fund, which began to accumulate on the 1st of January, will easily reach the half-million dollars by the end of the half-year. In fact there is already close upon \$100,000 put by in sovereigns. This shows that the estimate of a million dollars a year available for the port works was fairly calculated. It has to be remembered, however, that the custom-house receipts, from which the fund is drawn, fall off in the second half of the year.—*Montevideo Times*.

—It is with the most sincere regret that we announce the fatal termination which occurred last week, of the disease from which Miss Taylor, the well-known and esteemed nurse, formerly of the Anglo-German Infirmary, where she did so much to alleviate suffering humanity, had been suffering for some time. Miss Taylor was only 40 years of age, and she had not been many years in this country, but she leaves behind her a record of self-denying labor which will survive her to her honor in the hearts of many who have been her patients and experienced the benefits of her skill and consideration. R.I.P. Rosario correspondence of *The Southern Cross*, June 8.

—There is evidently to be more big game hunting in Patagonia. A telegram received here on Friday last says on the authority of the *Daily Express*, that in a lecture before the Royal Geographical Society, Professor Ray Lankester insisted that a live mastodon was roaming about Patagonia somewhere, and asked for three naturalists to be sent out to examine the nature of the beast, capture him, and bring him to London. Last year a party of naturalists went hunting a mylodon but did not succeed, and we sadly fear the Zoological gardens will never contain a live mastodon, or the Natural History museum a stuffed one showing the real skin of the monster.

—The friends of Miss Amy Lowe, daughter of the late Mr. C. A. Lowe, for several years traffic manager of the Pacific Railway Company, will be pleased to learn that a telegram has been received from London announcing her marriage, which took place on the 6th inst. The fortunate bridegroom is Capt. Robert McNeill of the Western Telegraph Co.'s steamer "Norseman" who, it will be remembered, paid Buenos Aires a visit with his ship a little over a year ago, when the engagement between the happy couple took place. As the headquarters of the s.s. "Norseman" are at Rio de Janeiro, it is probable that Capt. and Mrs. McNeill will take up their residence in the beautiful suburbs of that city. His brother, Mr. David McNeill, assistant representative of the Western Telegraph Co., also lives at Rio de Janeiro.—*Buenos Aires Standard*.

—In the different arsenals and on the way from Europe, the Argentine republic possesses to-day the following:—Artillery, 306 field guns, 198 mountain guns, 30 siege guns, 36 howitzers. Total 570 guns, of which 468 are of 7.5 calibre; 36 of 8, and 66 of 10.5 calibre. All of the latest patterns from Krupp's establishment. For coast defence there are eighteen howitzers of 35 centimetres, twenty guns of 24 and twenty others of from 21 and 15 centimetres. Total fifty-eight, all Krupp, making a total of 628 guns. The number of Maxim guns is 166. Besides, 160,000 Mauser and forty-five (45,000?) Remington rifles, 50,000 Mauser and 8,000 Remington carbines, 10,000 revolvers, 20,000 steel and 5,000 wooden lances, 40,000 sabres and 6,000 swords. The projectiles are counted by the million and powder by hundreds of tons. No other nation in South America can present a similar number of arms for the defence of the country.—*Herald*, Buenos Aires.

Oh! Cronje, General Cronje, you're a mighty foxy chap  
At a-twisting of the British lion's tail;  
But you jumped your kopje quickly and straightaway got off the map.  
When "Little Bobs" camped out upon your trail.  
—*Philadelphia Record*.



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PARIS: 16, Rue Halévy.

Rio de Janeiro:

No. 21, Rua da Alfandega.

Authorized by Decree No. 391, of 17th October, 1893.

Subscribed capital . . . . . £ 1,500,000  
 Realized do . . . . . " 900,000  
 Reserve fund . . . . . " 2,000,000

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**HOW TO RESUME PAYMENTS -ON PAPER.**

Congressman Serzedello, in the report which he has just made on public revenue, as member of the budget committee of the chamber of deputies, attempts to show that the government, at the expiration of the moratorium established by the funding agreement, will be able to resume payments in cash to its foreign creditors. The process which he adopts for this purpose is that which is commonly known as rule of thumb, a process which, in spite of the slight defect of being utterly untrustworthy, has the great merit of being extremely convenient for proving anything that you may happen to wish.

He begins by assuming that the year 1899 closed with a balance of 5,000,000\$ in gold and 16,000,000\$ in currency. As up to the present the accounts of public revenue and expenditure for that year are still incomplete, neither Congressman Serzedello nor any one else really knows whether there was a balance or a deficit. President Campos Salles, it is true, in his last annual message to congress presented incomplete data showing a balance; but, as a few days before it had been asserted that no less than 72 balance-sheets were still wanting and as, moreover, the President is still sending messages to congress asking for special and deficiency appropriations for last year's expenses in addition to those which he makes on his own responsibility, we suspect that the alleged balance is a delusion and a snare. This obstacle, which would daunt a more cautious man, is no obstacle at all to Congressman Serzedello, who never hesitates to make a mistake, which is regrettable, and who even has, under certain circumstances, the courage to confess his mistakes and to weep over them, which, if the circumstances were different, would be praiseworthy. We remember that on one occasion, after profiting by the public's sympathy for his sufferings in defence of a just cause, he astounded that public by suddenly declaring (with the usual accompaniment of tears) that the cause for which he had suffered was not just at all, that he had made one of his mistakes and that his persecutors had merely given him the punishment that he so richly deserved. Overcome with this extraordinary display of caudor, his former persecutors have since loaded him with favors.

Having assumed, then, that last year closed with a balance of 5,000,000\$ in gold and 16,000,000\$ in currency, he next assumes that 1900 and 1901 will each close with the same balance. Consequently we have for the three years 15,000,000\$ in gold and 48,000,000\$ in currency, equivalent, he says, to 63,173,430 sterling. Not content with thus having, by this neat stroke of financial conjecture, laid up such a comfortable balance at the national treasury, he then proceeds, with a prudence for which we had not given

him credit, to add to it sundry sums with which a vivid imagination readily supplied him.

The first sum which comes to hand is a balance of 4675,760, which he describes as having been ascertained on the 31st of last March. If it was ascertained at that date, it belongs, we presume to the alleged gold balance for 1899, with perhaps a part of the gold receipts for the present year. If such is the case, it is certainly a very useful balance, since it can do duty twice.

Then there is the guarantee fund, derived from the collection of 5 per cent. of the import duties in gold. This, the financial congressman asserts, in view of the result for the first quarter of the present year, will probably amount to about 6,000,000\$, or 4674,991. He is apparently unaware (or, if not unaware, serenely indifferent to the fact) that this estimate, justified, as he acknowledges, by the result thus far ascertained, destroys his assumption that the present year will close with a balance equal to the alleged balance for last year.

The total gold receipts amounted last year, according to President Campos Salles' last annual message, to 19,417,706\$296, of which 18,483,225\$ were derived from the collection of 10 o/o of the import duties in gold. Now if, as Congressman Serzedello estimates, 5 o/o of these duties produce this year 6,000,000\$, then 10 o/o will produce 12,000,000\$, or 6,483,225\$ less than in 1899. The shortage thus shown completely effaces the gold balance on which the congressman counts for this year. It is true that there ought to be this year a decrease in the gold expenditure, since it is no longer necessary to provide for the payment of interest and principal of the treasury bills issued in London in 1896. But, for this decrease, the congressman makes separate allowance, adding on this account 42,080,650 to his balance at the treasury.

In the 2nd half of 1901, it will no longer be necessary, he says, to burn paper money, and consequently the respective sum, which he estimates at 4697,414, can be added to that balance. He thus, by the addition of these various items, constitutes a total balance of 47,302,245 in preparation for the resumption of cash payments.

This balance so laboriously constituted is, it seems, entirely superfluous, for the congressman next proceeds to show that after resumption the government's gold payments will amount to only 23,360,960 per annum, while the ordinary gold revenue for meeting them will amount to no less than 44,117,667.

Moreover, by means of the Uruguayan bonds transaction, the government makes a reduction of 4664,531 in its gold debt, and consequently a reduction of 413,435 per annum in the respective interest. And if all this is not sufficient to satisfy the most exacting, there is still the Central railway, on which the government can make a transaction that will reduce its gold obligations to 41,500,000 per annum.

If a man is permitted to draw on his imagination for data, he can undoubtedly prove whatever he wishes. Availing himself freely of this valuable resource, Congressman Serzedello has conclusively demonstrated, not only that cash payments can be resumed at any moment, but also that their suspension was entirely unjustifiable.

But, seriously, he leaves the question just where it was before he made his report. We had already been informed of the alleged balance for 1899, and we are just as anxious to believe in the reality of that balance as Congressman Serzedello was to confess that he had erred in opposing the despotic, corrupt and sanguinary administration of Marshal Floriano Peixoto. But we are not gilded like him with that sublime disregard for facts which enables him to change his opinions just at the very moment in which additional light on the subject confirms their correctness. When trustworthy figures show that public revenue is now exceeding expenditure, our scepticism will vanish and we shall take pleasure in tendering the government our hearty congratulations.



SANTOS CRICKET.

The following match played on the Club ground on the 17th inst. replaced the card fixture arranged for that date.

Table with 2 columns: Player Name and Score. Includes Mr. F. H. Gepp XI and A. M. Burgos XI.

MR. A. RICHARD'S XI.

Table with 2 columns: Player Name and Score. Includes J. Meadows, B. Tracey, M. Murray, B. Tracey, B. Standen, et. and B. Tracey.

The secretary of the Santos Athletic Club writes us under date of 23rd inst. — "Your issue of the 19th inst. to hand yesterday and I note with regret the error in report of cricket match of 10th inst., which please excuse and we thank you for pointing out the discrepancy. The teams were headed wrongly in the report and should have been reversed, viz. South 244, and North 47."

PERNAMBUCO CRICKET.

ENGLISH vs. FOREIGNERS.

Played 27th May, and resulted in a victory for the "Foreigners." The score was as follows:

Large table with 2 columns: Player Name and Score. Divided into ENGLISH and FOREIGNERS sections.

ST. VINCENT AND FERNANDO NORONHA vs. WORLD.

This match was played on the 10th June and resulted in a victory for the "Islanders." For the "Worlds" Clemenson went in first and carried his bat for 98, which was near enough the century mark to make one regret that he could not have had the opportunity to make just two more. This makes 5 "not outs" for him for 7 innings; averages 145. For the other side D. Pratt's 60 and F. Foy's 50 ought to have been much less as both were missed before being well set.

The scores were:

Table with 2 columns: Player Name and Score. Includes G. Nicolls, c. and b. C. R. Pratt, F. Clemenson, not out, H. S. Fellows, c. Gore, b. D. Pratt, R. Conolly, b. D. Pratt, W. Boxwell, c. Gore, b. Daniel, E. Brotherhood, c. Riley, b. F. Foy, C. Williams, b. F. Foy, C. H. Howe, l.b.w., b. do, G. F. Fellows, c. Gore, b. do, W. McMurtrie, c. Daniel, b. Wilson, W. Mathews, l.b.w., b. do.

Our Pernambuco correspondent, under date of the 10th inst., sends us the following

notes: — "I am sorry to record the death of Mr. S. Jones, of the Gas company. He was one of those greatly esteemed by the community for his many services to all movements for the good of the English name. Among the Brazilians he was probably the best known of the British residents and this was plainly shown at the funeral. High and low joined us in our grief at losing such a good comrade."

S. PAULO FACTS.

If confidence in Brazil has not yet been restored, the trick of it has. Two more instances have been reported within the last week. In one case a tradesman from Espirito Santo on a visit to São Paulo met certain individuals who entrusted to his care a paper packet, worth 10 contos, receiving in exchange between 3 and 4 contos of actual money. Not meeting his trusty friends at the appointed time, the pigeon examined his securities, and, of course, found that they had only fire value. In the other, a person represented himself as collecting funds to provide a priest for a small place in the interior. He called on a gentleman who had formerly lived there and obtained 300000. The victim, on hearing nothing further, became suspicious. His enquiries elicited the fact that no such collector: had been authorised and that the collector was using monies obtained in this way for the benefit, not of a chapel, but of a chap—elle mesmo.

In consequence of the numerous robberies that are continually taking place in all quarters of the town, the authorities are stated to be seriously discussing how they can strengthen the police. Orders have been given for a stricter lookout to be kept. But the fault lies partly with the law, for the penalty is sometimes out of all proportion to the offence, and the jury in such cases refuse to convict. Meanwhile fowl keepers find that their best birds are a benefit to Italian marauders; householders dare not leave their dwellings unguarded, and even when they are about, must keep the windows and doors fast closed. For example a gentleman in Rua Aurora was one morning taking coffee in his sitting-room; hearing a slight noise in the adjacent compartment, he entered and saw a man disappearing through the window: unfortunately a gold watch and chain had gone with him and were never recovered. A respected resident in Hygieneopolis was, a short time since, reported to have been seen wandering about the Praça in bathing costume, as thieves had "gone through" his wardrobe. In Rua Flores last week, occurred a most audacious case. A thief, in the early morning managed to secure the back-door key of a house. In the afternoon he boldly let himself in, selected such clothes as pleased him, together with such jewelry as was at hand, and was calmly walking off in broad daylight with his booty, when a small girl appeared on the scene; on her giving the alarm, the thief dropped the clothes, but escaped with the jewelry. Acting on receipt of information a delegado endeavored on Thursday night to arrest these noted thieves whose asylum was a hut near the alfandega. The police formed a circle round the place, and summoned the men to surrender. The robbers replied by a volley and rushed out. As they knew the ground well, they had no difficulty in escaping. The only result from the raid, was the capture of several lads who had acted as spies. Next day, however, the police kept a special lookout in likely quarters. At night 3 suspicious individuals were noticed in Bon Retiro. On a given signal these were surrounded, and it was found that two of them were very much wanted. One was João Baptista, the planner and chief in several recent robberies; the other, Andrade, commonly known as Sacco de carvão, was an equally desirable acquaintance.

Wise is the law of a certain society, that neither religion nor politics may be discussed in its gatherings. A police sergeant neglected this axiom, and was imprudent enough to allow his breakfast guests to tread on the forbidden ground. From heated discussion the company passed to blows; the ensuing scuffle was stopped by the entry of the police who took the peace disturbers into custody. The Diario in noting this occurrence remarks that the party had not yet arrived at dessert: it is to be hoped, however, that they have now arrived at their desserts. The marriage settlements of the Tennis and Athletic Clubs have been drawn up; the union is to take place on July 1st. The Athletic becomes possessed of the assets of the Tennis Club and in return admits on equal terms the members of the latter without entrance fee provided they signify to the secretary at once, their intention to join. It also undertakes to provide 4 courts, 2 of which it is expected will be ready in August. Mr. G. Estill has been added to the committee to receive the new members. Service was held in the Anglican Church on Wednesday to commemorate Queen Victoria's accession to the throne of Great Britain and Ireland. Unluckily the breakfast hour and business prevented a bigger congregation than 4 persons assembling. The rise in exchange has caused a great demand for gold which the banks have been importing from Santos. The passage of such a large amount of specie led to some slight friction with the railway authorities who seemed inclined to charge an ad valorem cost of transit. It was settled, however, that passengers should be allowed to take luggage up to 30 kilos in the carriage with them. The arrangements for the concert in aid of the Indian Famine Fund are not yet complete. The room will be obtained free of cost; probably the amount raised will be sent to ang-

ment the Fund which is being organised in Rio.

The contention between the Viação and Electric companies has been acute. The Viação refused to allow their lines to be cut for the other bonds to pass at Rua Augusta in Avenida Paulista; their workmen turned out in force, and on the night of 15th there was a short conflict between the rival bodies which was ended by the arrival of the police. To prevent further disturbance cavalry patrolled the line and a squadron was held in readiness near the central police station to ride off at a moment's notice. The first electric trans to Avenida started on 17th inst., but were unable to make the complete round, owing to the break at Rua Augusta. The trans of both companies were crowded all day; the popularity of Avenida as a pleasure resort is sure to be now greatly increased. On appeal to the judge of 1st vara, the Viação were upheld in their refusal to have their lines cut. The Camara, however, served them with a notice that in event of their continuing in this refusal they would be subjected to a fine of 300000. The Viação replied that they could not recognize the power of the municipal body in this case and would only obey the decision of the law courts. The Light and Power Co. had the decision of 1st vara reversed by the judge of 3rd vara, so were empowered to complete the circle of their lines. Dr. Antonio Prado summons the Viação to pay the fine: they protest against such a misdirection of authority and are holding an extraordinary meeting of shareholders to consider what course they shall pursue.

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TELEGRAMS OF THE WEEK

SUMMARY FROM DAILY PRESS.

Great Britain.

JUNE 18.—The Daily Express says that the whole of the Taku forts have been taken by the foreign troops. (Both France and Great Britain have uncomf...)

JUNE 19.—Marshal Roberts has informed the government that he has reviewed 148 officers and 3,039 men who were recently prisoners of the Boers... (The Boers lost 16 killed and 45 wounded...)

JUNE 20.—The government has received an official despatch from the Gold Coast stating that the troops sent to relieve Coomassie were obliged to evacuate Krissia after a series of combats with the rebels... (The Boers lost 11 killed and 17 wounded...)

JUNE 21.—The governor of Macao asked urgently for reinforcements of international troops, which were immediately sent him. (Macao is an island belonging to Portugal...)

JUNE 22.—The principal French journals consider the recall of Li-Hung-Chang to Peking as a sign of a favorable turn in the Chinese question... (The French consul in Shanghai telegraphs that the recall has spread to the province of Szechuen...)

JUNE 23.—M. Delessac informed the chamber of deputies to-day that he had received a telegram from China under date of 20th June informing him that all the foreigners and legations in Peking were safe... (The Khedive of Egypt, Abbas II, who was expected in London yesterday...)

JUNE 22.—The Times say that the Manchuria party to which the reigning dynasty belongs, and which has been in power since 1644, is divided in face of the Boxer insurrection... (The Standard confirms the fact that Li-Hung-Chang has not left Canton...)

JUNE 23.—Gen. Dundonald's forces have occupied Ermelo without resistance, operating from Standerton. The Boer leaders are reported to have held a meeting in MacLadorp... (The majority was in favor of making terms of peace...)

JUNE 24.—The fact of Mr. Roosevelt having been chosen as the republican official candidate for the vice-presidency has aroused immense enthusiasm as he is personally more popular than Mr. McKinley himself... (The Argentine minister visited Dr. Wilde, the Argentine minister...)

JUNE 18.—It is officially announced that the government has received no telegrams from China since the 12th inst.

JUNE 19.—In consequence of an interview with M. Delessac, the Chinese ambassador in Paris has telegraphed directly to the viceroy of Yunnan informing him that the French government will hold him personally responsible for the safety of the French consul and other French residents in his province... (Three French cruisers and two transports of war are being prepared for immediate departure for China...)

JUNE 20.—The principal French journals consider the recall of Li-Hung-Chang to Peking as a sign of a favorable turn in the Chinese question... (Official information is lacking from Peking and Tien Tsin owing to the telegraph wires having been cut...)

JUNE 21.—M. Delessac informed the chamber of deputies to-day that he had received a telegram from China under date of 20th June informing him that all the foreigners and legations in Peking were safe... (The Khedive of Egypt, Abbas II, who was expected in London yesterday...)

a reservoir at Bone.—The Mediterranean fleet has left for Brest and Cherbourg to take part in the great naval review in July.

JUNE 22.—Paris telegrams say that Marshal Roberts has captured Commandant Steyn, brother of the President, and has dispersed his Boer followers.

United States.

JUNE 19.—The government has given orders to send 5,000 men from Manila to Tien-Tsin. A widespread fire is reported from Bloomington, Illinois, which destroyed property to the value of a million dollars.

JUNE 20.—It is rumored that the American mission house at Sanchau has been destroyed by the Boxers.—The New York Evening Post censures the government for having sent the Princeton and Marietta with troops to China... (The article concludes by saying that the United States should hold aloof from European pretensions in China...)

JUNE 21.—The republican convention was opened yesterday in Philadelphia. Senator Lodge, the chairman, in his inaugural address praised President McKinley... (The electoral platform of the party in the coming presidential campaign was to consist of the following planks: a gold standard, protection, a liberal system of administrative autonomy for Porto Rico and the Philippines...)

JUNE 22.—The fact of Mr. Roosevelt having been chosen as the republican official candidate for the vice-presidency has aroused immense enthusiasm as he is personally more popular than Mr. McKinley himself... (The Argentine minister visited Dr. Wilde, the Argentine minister...)

Italy.

JUNE 18.—The Pelloux cabinet has fallen. General Pelloux has presented his resignation to the king. The composition of another cabinet is difficult... (The family of the Duke d'Aosta and that of the late Empress of Brazil are in mourning for the late Prince de Joinville...)

JUNE 19.—The crisis in the Italian cabinet is due to the fact that General Pelloux wished to obtain the assistance of Sig. Calò, ex-liberal and one of the famous Mille... (Against this Visconti Venosta and Bonasi Carmino protested...)

JUNE 20.—King Humbert has charged Sig. Saracco, minister of Public Works in the Crispi cabinet of 1896, with the formation of a new ministry.

JUNE 21.—The new ministry has been formed as follows: Sig. Saracco, president and finance; Gallo, interior; Venosta, foreign affairs; Panza San Martino, war; Morin, navy; Gianturco, justice; Rubini, treasurer; Cremona, public instruction; Salandra, commerce; Lacave or Fortes, public works; Finocchiaro, post-office.

JUNE 22.—Sig. Saracco has not yet definitely formed his cabinet, as Visconti Venosta has declined to accept the portfolio of foreign affairs, and others decline to fill the office in the difficult circumstances created by the Chinese question... (The Tribuna publishes a letter from Crispi on the relations of Italy to the Chinese problem...)

Spain.

JUNE 21.—A Madrid telegram published in Paris denies that any government decree suspending the constitutional guarantees has been promulgated, but states that the government is considering some measure in view of the agitation that is being promoted by the National Union... (The city of Madrid is comparatively quiet...)

JUNE 23.—Many of the merchants in Madrid are paying the taxes against which they protested to avoid the confiscation of their goods... (The state of siege over the province of Madrid will not last more than a week...)

Germany.

JUNE 19.—The cruiser *Furst Bismarck* will leave Kiel for China at the end of this month. A battalion of marines will also be sent... (The German cruiser has left Tientsin for Taku with 240 troops on board...)

JUNE 22.—The German admiral at Tien Tsin telegraphs that the allied troops on the 20th inst. were short of ammunition... (The railway between Taku and Tien-Tsin, he adds, is in working order for 15 kilometres...)

Portugal.

JUNE 21.—The chamber of deputies to-day voted the reform of the constitution, after having amidst tumult rejected a republican motion... (The ministry of Sr. J. Luclan de Castro presented its collective resignation to King Carlos, which was accepted...)

CORRESPONDENCE.

BOXED OUT BY BOXERS.

The Editor, RIO NEWS.

Dear Sir,—It is no use. I cannot continue my subscription after it runs out. I shall be in a madhouse or a raving lunatic about the streets before the next one is due... (I followed the Boer war closely, and understood almost every move from the native papers...)

The question is what am I to do. I must read the papers day by day or die. I can not go on in this way without entering a lunatic asylum within three months... (I followed the Boer war closely, and understood almost every move from the native papers...)

BROKEN CHINA.

[We laughed as we read our correspondent's letter in connection with his card. Our knowledge of China is less than his, but to save him from his impending danger we beg to assure him he will have all the maps of China he wants to inspect within a few weeks or as soon as the London papers can turn them out.—Ed. R. N.]

ACCORDING to the latest and most reliable telegrams, Kruger is in Pretoria, from which he has fled, and was taken prisoner, but still he retains chief command of the Boer forces, notwithstanding that he was killed, after which he continued very ill, but continued in good health... (The chamber of deputies is expected to re-assemble on the 27th inst. to meet the new ministers...)

[Even with a better telegraphic service in the River Plate, news seems to be even worse mixed than with us.—Ed. News.]



# THE RIO NEWS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

A. J. LAMOURÉUX, Editor and Proprietor

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RIO DE JANEIRO, JUNE 26th, 1900.

## THE PUBLIC REVENUE.

Congressman Serzedello, of the budget committee of the chamber of deputies, estimates the public revenue of the country for 1901 at 278,565,000\$ in currency and 46,191,667\$ in gold, making a total of 324,756,667\$. For last year the budget estimate of the currency and gold revenue was 351,114,000\$, and the sum actually collected, as far as ascertained up to the present, was 322,110,706\$296, of which 302,693,000\$ were in currency and 19,417,706\$296 were in gold.

For this year the budget estimate is 28,347,667\$593 in gold and 312,938,000\$ in currency, making a total of 341,285,667\$593.

It is not yet certain that the budget committee will adopt the revenue bill reported by Congressman Serzedello, it being rumored that certain changes will be made. We regret, however, that thus far we are unable to inform our readers that the committee will strike out the most objectionable feature, which is the provision for collecting in gold a larger proportion of the revenue. According to this provision the collection of import duties next year will be as follows:—For every 100\$ due in conformity with the tariff rates, 25\$ in gold will be collected and such a sum in currency as added to that 25\$ in gold will make 139\$ in currency. Congressman Serzedello contends that this will not increase the present burdens of taxpayers; but this is one of the congressman's mistakes, as may be seen by reducing the respective figures to a gold basis. This provision in the proposed revenue bill is, consequently, contrary to President Campos Salles' pledge not to increase the people's burdens and should, therefore, be vigorously opposed.

And even were it true that this provision does not directly increase taxation, it indirectly does so by preventing the importer from securing the decrease in taxation caused by the rise in exchange. To establish a fixed tax when the rise in exchange tends to diminish it, is to shut the taxpayer out of the enjoyment of all benefit from this improvement, to which he is fully entitled by the sacrifices which he has already made.

THERE can be no doubt that President McKinley has made a serious mistake in uniting with the European powers in the present invasion of China. What little shred of excuse remained for maintaining the Monroe doctrine is now swept away. It was a part of that doctrine that the United States would not interfere in the affairs of the old world. If now that purpose is deliberately broken, how can it be maintained that Europe shall not interfere in the affairs of the new world. The engagement was voluntarily and deliberately made that the United States would avoid European entanglements in order that such actions might not be brought across the Atlantic to disturb the harmony of the American continents, and yet, within two years of her easy victory over Spain we find the United States working hand in hand with England, France, Russia and Germany to put down an insurrection in China, and to prepare the way for a division of that chaotic old empire among the western nations. Possibly there may be good and sufficient reasons why the United

States should do this, but to do it is to cut adrift from the policy on which the Monroe doctrine rests. We are not altogether sorry for this, for the Monroe doctrine covers one of the most erroneous and mischievous policies that the world has ever known—one that means endless trouble to the United States without a single compensating advantage.

THE Segundo Distrito of Campos has continued to denounce President Campos Salles' intervention in the affairs of the chamber of deputies. Up to the night of the 8th inst., says that journal, all counts showed a majority of at least 10 against the candidates of Gov. Alberto Torres. Determined to count in these candidates at any cost, the President did not hesitate to use his official influence in their favor. "To independent representatives of the people who dared to oppose him," says this journal, "he alluded in terms that were not only improper, but even offensive." But this was not all. He went so far as to send telegrams threatening the states of Amazonas, Bahia, S. Paulo, etc., with federal intervention which would convulse them with political agitation and destroy party order. He threatened the Paulistas with the restoration of the political ascendancy of Gen. Glicério whom, says the Segundo Distrito, he had perfidiously and the President, it asserts, knows that the use of the word perfidiously is strictly correct) abandoned in 1897. In order to understand the President's object in thus interfering it is necessary, says the Segundo Distrito, to have some knowledge of his character. It describes him as superficial, mediocre, vain, ambitious, imperious and violent, but at the same time weak, and utterly incapable of friendship or gratitude. It is by these traits of character that his political policy is shaped. What he most desires is the organization of strong independent parties that will control his action. Accordingly when he heard that several opposition deputies had been declared duly elected for the state of Minas Geraes, he was seriously alarmed and decided to reestablish his waning prestige by using his official influence to the fullest extent in causing Gov. Alberto Torres' candidates to be counted in as deputies for the state of Rio de Janeiro.

## THE PATRIOTIC FUND.

Rio de Janeiro, 25th June, 1900.

Editor "Rio News."

Dear Sir.—Enclosed you will find list of subscriptions to British Patriotic Fund balanced by remittance going by mail of 27th inst. of £ 49 0 7. War in South Africa being happily practically ended no further calls will be made on subscribers.

I also hand you letter from Absent Minded Beggar Relief Corps in London acknowledging receipt of £ 81.55. Manager's letter is not very precise but it was clearly pointed out that the amount covered subscriptions from a large number of people in Rio.

Kindly publish and oblige, dear Sir.

Yours very truly,

HAROLD J. HAMPSHIRE,  
Hon'y Treasurer.

London, May 23, 1900.

Messrs. Robert Walker & Co.

Liverpool.

Gentlemen.—Herewith we beg to hand you formal receipt for amount of £ 81.55 received to-day on behalf of Messrs Hampshire & Co.

Will you kindly convey to them our sincere thanks for the trouble they have taken in the matter.

Our friends abroad have been truly generous in their great efforts to help our fund, the need for which increases every day.

Thanking you for your trouble,

Believe me,

Yours very faithfully

THE MANAGER.

Amounts collected and remitted from 30th April 1900 to date.

Small differences in exchange 18\$500.

Mr. A. C. E. Skey's list:

A. Wilson 5\$, G. A. Young 5\$, L. Routh 30\$, P. C. Padbury 15\$, A. C. E. Skey 15\$, L. Thibairdin 15\$; total 85\$.

Mr. Guy B. Hall, bill exchange £1, 30\$.

Mr. Harold J. Hampshire's list for April: E. T. Gunning 30\$, W. M. Bishop 20\$, F. C. Henniker 20\$, James Wallington 20\$, Mary Alice Coggin 5\$, Alfred M. Oliver 20\$, George Armstrong 30\$, Elisa Morley 10\$, Harold J. Hampshire 30\$, David C. Hampshire 15\$, Harold C. Hampshire 10\$, Helen Louise Hampshire 5\$, Fred. Burrows 20\$; total 235\$.

Womens Aid Society per Mrs. Tucker 10\$.

Mr. R. C. Brooke £ 1, 26\$200.

Mr. F. Strube's list for May:

Dr. Mario de Alencar 10\$, Ignacio Moses 20\$, F. Strube 10\$; total 40\$.

Mr. O. W. Rolls' list for April:

Mr. Blake, 10/- 15\$. I. H. Cooper, 10/- 15\$. James Roy, 10/- 15\$. L. W. Turner, 10/- 15\$. A. J. Hunt, 5/- 7\$500. A. R. L. Wright, 5/- 7\$500. R. Dalziel, 5/- 7\$500. O. W. Rolba, 10/- 15\$. A. M. Hadden, 10/- 15\$. E. Davis, 5/- 7\$500. F. S. Pryor £ 1, 30\$; total 150\$.

2nd April list:

Charles J. Gemmel £ 1, 30\$. Miss A. Jackson £ 1, 30\$. Anonymous 15\$. C. W. Heider 15\$. D. Campbell 15\$; total 106\$.

Mr. C. L. Robinson's list:

H. O. Robinson 30\$, D. Roberts 30\$, W. L. Wolstenholme 30\$, C. Henderson 30\$, W. H. Ashbrook 30\$, R. A. W. Sloan 15\$; total 165\$.

Mr. John A. Finlay, two months, 60\$.

Mr. Harold J. Hampshire's list for May:

George Armstrong 30\$, Elisa Morley 10\$, Harold C. Hampshire 10\$, E. T. Gunning 30\$, W. M. Bishop 20\$, E. C. Henniker 20\$, James Wallington 20\$, Harold J. Hampshire 30\$, Frederick Burrows 20\$, Alfred M. Oliver 20\$, Helene Louise Hampshire 5\$, Mary Alice Coggin 5\$, D. C. Hampshire 10\$; total 235\$.

Mr. F. Strube's list for June:

J. Moses 20\$000, F. Strubed 10\$; total 30\$000

Remitted: Total, Rs. 1,182\$700

£ 1 0 0 @ 8d. 1,152\$700

£ 48 0 7 @ 8d. 1,152\$700

Rs. 1,182\$700

## LEGISLATIVE NOTES

JUNE 18.—Senate.—The senate sustained several vetoes of the prefect of the Federal District.

JUNE 19.—Chamber of Deputies.—The chamber decided the contested election cases in the 3rd district of the city of Rio de Janeiro. To the bill for erecting a monument to Admiral Barroso Deputy Alves Barbosa offered an amendment providing that this monument shall be erected at the navy yard. Deputy Barbosa Lima introduced a bill on promotions in the army.

## COFFEE NOTES

—The negotiations for a reciprocity treaty between Brazil on the one side, and France and Italy on the other were successfully concluded on the 20th inst. It is said that negotiations will be at once initiated with Spain and Austria-Hungary. In the meantime, the negotiations with the United States remain where they were!

—A Minas planter wants to know, you know. On the 20th inst. he shipped 1,331 kilos of coffee from Antonio Carlos station to Rio and the freight amounted to 104\$, of which 91\$800 went to the Central railway. Under the old tariff the freight charges on this shipment would have amounted to 63\$400. Now in his message of the 19th inst the governor of Minas Geraes affirms that he had secured material reductions in rates in his new agreements with the Central and Leopoldina railways, and this unhappy planter wants to know where they come in.

## PROVINCIAL NOTES

—At the gubernatorial election to be held in the state of Rio de Janeiro on the 8th prox. Senator Quintino Bocayuya is the candidate of Gov. Alberto Torres' party.

—A split has occurred in Dr. Lauro Sodré's party in the city of Pará, which threatens to leave him in a hopeless minority. He should remove his *penales* to the state of Rio Grande do Sul.

—The Bolivian consul in Belem, Sr. Maximo Nava, has gone mad. He must have been thinking overmuch of the Acre question, which is likely in time to drive all South America mad.

—A jury at Porto Alegre on the 20th inst. decided that Judge Manoel Telles de Queiroz was guilty of calumny against the governor of the state because of what he had said of that official in some decision rendered. He was condemned to one year's imprisonment and 1,000\$ fine. The Castilista faction which rules Rio Grande do Sul is determined to have no independent judge in that state.

—A Pernambuco telegram of the 21st inst. says that a police force from Pernambuco, combined with one from Paralyba, cornered a band of outlaws on the boundary at a place called Surrio. A fight ensued, which resulted in the killing of 14 bandits, and in the wounding of several policemen, one of them Lieut. Paulino, gravely. A Paralyba telegram, however, says the affair was nothing but a criminal assault on political opponents, the victims being pacific citizens, not criminals, who were shot down in cold blood.

## RAILROAD NOTES

—The President has sent a message to congress asking for a special appropriation of 35,556\$418 for surveys on the railway route between Catalão and Cuyabá.

—In view of the suffering caused by drought in the state of Ceará Decree No. 3,634, of the 19th inst., makes a reduction of 25% in the freight rates on foodstuffs on the Butarié railway.

—The President has asked congress for a special appropriation of 86,260\$332 for paying to the Compagnie Auxiliaire des Chemins de Fer du Brésil guaranteed interest on capital deposited at the London and Brazilian Bank.

—The Central railway has paid 533,240\$681 into the treasury as the revenue derived during week before last.

—By a decree of the 20th the government concedes an abatement of 25% in freight charges on articles of prime necessity transported over the Butarié railway. The concession will remain in force until the termination of the famine now devastating the state of Ceará.

## SHIPPING NOTES

—The Portuguese cruiser "D. Carlos I," which visited this port last month, has been ordered to Hon-Kong.

—The transport "Carlos Gomes" has been brought up from Angra dos Reis and turned over to Messrs. Lage Brothers for repairs.

—A telegram from Santa Catharina on the 20th announces the arrival there of the crew of the Norwegian bark "Urania," which was encountered in a sinking condition on the 18th by the steamer "Alexandria" in lat. 26° 55' S. and long. 48° W.

—The passengers passing through this port on the Pacific Co's. steamer "Oravia," on the 20th, were not at all cheerful over the prospect of spending ten days quarantine at Flores island, Montevideo. It is enough to make a man turn anarchist to be forced into such a pest-hole.

—The *Journal* says that the future directors of the "reorganized" Lloyd Brasileiro company will be Sr. Cesario Alvim, president, (who knows absolutely nothing about steamships), Alberto de Paria, and the present delegates of the syndics. Commanders Leopoldina Silva and Camara. In all probability the new company will go the way of the old one.

—The passengers arriving here on the 19th inst. by the French packet "Cordillères" complain of the petty tyranny of the Argentine sanitary inspector at Bahia, who forbade their landing there although the health of both ship and port were declared good. Is it not full time to put an end to this miserable farce? The Argentine sanitary inspector generally conducts himself as though the whole coast belongs to him, and as though ship, passengers, cargo and all were wholly at his orders. No one will object to any reasonable restriction, but these purely vexatious impositions based on imaginary dangers ought to be stopped at once.

## LOCAL NOTES

—The Vicomte de Lavour de Saint Fortuna, French minister to Brazil, expects to return home at an early date.

—A cold rain-storm began on Thursday morning last and helped to make Rio much more uncomfortable than it usually is. It was anything but agreeable weather for the sick.

—The Club das Laranjeiras gave its first dance of the season on the evening of the 23rd inst. The directors will accept many thanks for the invitation so kindly sent to this office.

—Advices from Italy state that Dr. Eduardo Ribeiro, of Amazonas notoriety, is in an Italian lunatic asylum. It is a great pity he did not get there before doing so much mischief at Mandos.

—The chamber of deputies has further satisfied itself by admitting the rest of Gov. Alberto Torres' nominees. The value of a chamber constituted in this way need not be discussed.

—The French veterinary surgeon Carré, who had been engaged by the board of health for the new bacteriological laboratory, has resigned the post and is returning to Europe because of illness.

—The police has shown much activity during the past week in attempts to catch the counterfeiters who are flooding the country with counterfeit money. But, of what use will it be if the criminals are not punished?

—We have been informed that quite a number of prominent persons will be represented in the florianta procession next Friday; but our reporters have not been able to ascertain who is to represent Capt. Deocleiano Martyr.

—The solicitor of the republic has asked for the indictment of all but five of the persons accused by the chief of police of the crime of conspiracy. We understand that the accused, if indicted, will apply to the supreme court for the quashing of the indictment.

—The Paula Candido (bubonic) hospital is to be lighted with acetylene gas, but the workmen who are to put in the plant will be inoculated with the Terini serum before entering the place. By the way, how about the drainage of this hospital? Is it discharged direct into Jurujuba bay?

—It is said that the sanitary authorities of Niteroy are thinking of raising the restrictions imposed on travel across the bay. They can do so in perfect safety, for the said restrictions are absolutely valueless. The requirements are absurd in every respect, for the disinfection falls upon articles little likely to convey infection, while the dirty bodies and clothes of laborers crossing every day are permitted to pass without question.



Owing to the pressure on our columns in this issue we are compelled to leave over some articles of interest for our next. We must again ask our friends to send in their communications as early as possible, and not leave them for Monday or Tuesday.

We were perhaps just a little too precocious, in announcing the suspension of the Journal's special telegraph service, for on the 22nd our enterprising contemporary published a special of the 21st from Dublin stating that the people have made enthusiastic demonstration to Queen Victoria, who is returning to London to-day.

On the 20th inst. the Noticia published a notice that the body of a child had been lying unburied for three days at No. 92, Rua do Catete, through the negligence of the police. The child died without medical attendance, and as the sanitary authorities declared it not to be a case of pest, the police should have attended to the burial.

We are informed that a former canvasser for advertisements for this paper is seeking credit for himself in various places on the strength of being employed by us and having money to receive from us. In view of this we desire to say that he is not in our employ, and has no right whatever to use the name of this paper in his private affairs.

Mr. Nonhebel, of the firm of Nonhebel & Co. of Buenos Aires, who was so long and favorably known in Rio, was a passenger to England on the Clyde. We hear that he is to be married in London to Miss Eveline Hill, who with her mother left Rio by the same steamer. We wish the happy couple every happiness and join their many friends in hearty congratulations.

The Journal do Commercio has given up its special telegraph service from Europe during the past few days. We are sorry for this, as we thoroughly appreciated the condensed form in which its messages were sent. All its readers will be sorry too. Compared with the ordinary Havas service, the Journal's telegrams were marvels of brevity and lost nothing in pith. Palmam qui meruit ferat.

On Saturday and yesterday masses were said at five churches in this city for Admiral Saldanha da Gama and his comrades killed on the 24th of June, 1895, at Campo Osorio. The S. Francisco church, at which there were the solemn exequies under the auspices of the cadets of the naval school, was literally full to overflowing, many persons having been obliged to go away on account of not being able to enter.

It is worthy of note that the minister of finance has concluded that the affair has gone quite far enough. He has said to the director general of public health that the pest must be finished by the end of the month, as there will be no money to spend on it after that. But the director has let it go too far, and it will be very difficult to diminish the pest decently and in order much before the end of another month.

The Brazilian Review, a private journal, is printed at the national printing office and the Boletim do Serviço de Estatística Commercial, an official publication, is printed at the office of the Journal do Commercio. We do not know how this impresses a man up a tree, but to us it seems that it ought to be reversed. Let Joseph P.'s journal be printed at Joseph C.'s office and Martinho's journal at the government printing office.

One of the worst features of the present situation, which is due to the arbitrary conduct of the sanitary authorities, is the disinclination of poor people to call in medical attendance. For this the medical profession is also to blame, for many physicians will not visit the poor without payment in advance. Where physicians are they to insist upon their right to protect their patients against violence, the situation would certainly be very much improved.

One cannot refrain from applauding Brazil as at least gifted with the courage of her opinions. She applied drastic measures to us; but she is willing to deal out the same to herself. Ten days' quarantine on all vessels from Rio is to be imposed in every other Brazilian port. The number of cases to date is stated as 88, and deaths 26, which indicates a pretty high percentage. Probably the Brazilian authorities do well to be strict. The news from San Francisco is not encouraging, and although Rio has no Chinese quarter, there are no doubt parts of the town that call for the constant vigilance of the authorities, although possibly they have not got the length of burning the city refuse in the open air. Review, Buenos Aires, June 9.

Gen. Teixeira Junior, director-general of artillery, has very properly refused to be the medium for inviting officers under his command to take part in the procession in honor of Marshal Floriano Peixoto. These processions, he correctly says, have been political demonstrations destructive to harmony among Brazilians and at times dangerous to the stability of constituted authorities. The Paiz attacks the general and covertly threatens him with the wrath of President Campos Salles. It asserts that, having assisted in obtaining money for the monument to be erected to General Carlos Telles, he is inconsistent in thus denying his aid to the floriantist procession. But are the cases parallel? Is the erection of a monument to Gen. Carlos Telles a political demonstration? In any case Gen. Teixeira is doing right in the present instance.

We can not urge the exercise of too great care with swellings. Nothing is safe except swelled head. A swollen face caused by a bad tooth is quite enough to send the patient to Jurujuba as a case of suspected bubonic pest, and all his friends to the S. Sebastião yellow fever and small pox hospital as prospective ones. If you happen to have a toothache, or your corrus are troubling you, it is best to remain at home, close the windows, lock the doors and put up a notice on the gate that you have gone out of town for a week.

In regard to a personal item appearing in this section some weeks ago, a friend sends us the following comment:—I noticed in your issue of 29th ult., a paragraph referring to Mr. R. L. Hyde. Although "fortune failed to smile upon him" his many Rio sympathetic friends did not fail when called upon to give their assistance. Through the efforts of Mr. W. J. Jessop a sum was collected, and after defraying expenses here, passage home, and placing at his disposal ample means for him to reach his relations the amount of £300:00:00 has been remitted to his sister, to provide for his immediate requirements.

During the past week a controversy arose in regard to an alleged case of bubonic pest. A young woman was sent here from our country for treatment for pulmonary consumption. She died, and then a sanitary inspector came in and declared it a suspected case (it probably figures among the deaths from bubonic pest in the statistics), and had the houses drenched with disinfectants and closed. The family with whom the girl was living was subjected to great inconvenience from the clothing, and when the gentleman complained in the press he was roundly abused by the sanitary dictator for his presumption. And yet there was not the slightest reason for considering it a case of bubonic pest.

The ways of the sanitary authorities here are inscrutable. A case of real or suspected bubonic pest occurred in a business house in Rua Sete de Setembro a few days ago. The patient was removed to the hospital and those in contact were isolated for ten days, away from the house. A sanitary employé sits at the open door most of the day talking to the policeman outside who sits on a chair and blocks the narrow footway. The sanitary man should be liable to catch the possible infection and communicate it to the policeman, who is in constant contact with hundreds of passers-by every hour. Why not close the door with the sanitary man inside?

We have the pleasure of congratulating the Rev. J. Kennedy and his wife this week on the recovery of their little girl who was as long with yellow fever at Copacabana, as mentioned in our last issue. Several sympathetic friends of theirs called during the week to bring us the good news. We are in receipt of a letter from Mr. Kennedy, dated 23rd inst., in which he says:—On behalf of Mrs. Kennedy and myself permit me to express, through your columns, both to yourself and to numerous other friends, our deep gratitude for the many warm expressions of sympathy for us during the very severe illness of our little daughter. We are happy to announce that she is now convalescing.

The Journal do Commercio of the 23rd publishes the following figures relative to the bubonic pest, said to be raging in this city:

Table with columns for dates (From 1st to 31st May, From 1st to 20th June) and rows for Confirmed cases, Deaths, Cured, Total from 1st May to 20th June, and Of the deaths (In private houses, In Paula Candido hospital).

There were under treatment at the Paula Candido hospital on the 20th inst. 99 cases. It should be observed, however, that very many doubts exist in regard to the diagnosis for these cases, many persons dying in their own houses being buried hurriedly on the supposition that the disease was bubonic pest.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 19th inst., the wife of I. H. Cooper, of a son.

BRITISH CHURCH.

British Library, 26. 6. 1900.

Dear Sir—Having omitted mentioning on Sunday last that Friday next being St. Peter's day Holy Communion will be administered at 9 a.m. that day in Christ's Church, kindly enable me to repair the error by putting a few words to the above effect in your issue of this week. I am,

Yours faithfully,

JOHN D'ARCY,

Brit. Chaplain.

LARANJEIRAS CLUB.

The first dance of the season was given by this Club last Saturday evening, the 23rd inst., when the newly rearranged and decorated premises were reopened to members and their friends, who expressed entire satisfaction with the changes and with the comfort afforded. A most successful evening resulted—the supper table and music being excellent—and it was thoroughly enjoyed by those present, among whom we noticed:

Mrs. and Miss Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Miss Gordon Pullen, Mr. and Mrs. Bunn, Mr. Mrs. and Miss Cazaly, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Pullen, Mrs. Cross, Miss Wyatt and Miss Witrum, Mr. and Mrs. Fierz, Mr. and Mrs. Gillies, Mr. and Mrs. Caddow, Dr. and Mrs. Lima Castro and Miss Violeta Lima Castro, Mr. and Mrs. Leopoldo Noronha and Miss Pallaes, Mrs. and Miss Hargreaves, Miss Lefebvre, Miss Young, Miss Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Cunha Freire and the Misses Lassance, Dr. and the Misses Hastings and Miss Pacheco, Rev. John D'Arcy, Messrs. W. Maude, Max Easley, E. Wyatt, Ferreira de Abreu, Stacey, Atlee, Wheatley, N. Jackson, Whidborne, Lefebvre, Mill, A. Weigall, H. Lynch, H. Weigall, H. Hargreaves, Forde, Matheson, Grimsditch, Erhardt, Hamilton, Wilson, Fletcher, C. Robinson, E. Hime Junr., C. Pullen, MacMillan, C. Hargreaves Junr., C. Pullen, F. Robinson, J. Robinson, Lassance, and the representative of the Journal do Commercio.

The committee intended giving Cinderellas fortnightly and arrangements have been made that these dances will not disturb members using the billiard and card rooms, thus bringing the Club into greater usefulness among all its members.

A smoker will be given on Saturday to entertain the São Paulo Cricket team.

CRICKET AT ICARAHY.

NIGGERS vs. WHITES.

Played June 17th. The scores were:

Table listing players for Niggers and Whites with their scores. Total scores are 82 for Whites and 91 for Niggers.

Whites.

Table listing players for Whites with their scores. Total score is 82.

Niggers.

Table listing players for Niggers with their scores. Total score is 91.

Extras.

Total for 4 Wickets..... 205

L. R. AND W. T. CO.

Table listing players for L. R. AND W. T. CO. with their scores. Total score is 107.

PAYSANDU' CRICKET.

PAYSANDU' v. LONDON & BRAZILIAN BANK.

The Club was but moderately represented in their match with the Brazilian Bank, and the experiences in the first innings were not of the happiest, as the whole of the wickets only required 52 runs, of which H. W. Stacey contributed a useful 24. Stutfield and Wright bowled unchanged, the former taking 6 wickets for 26 runs, and the latter 3 for 21.

The task set before the Bank did not appear a difficult one, but the bowling being entrusted to T. M. Kentish and C. Hargreaves, they per-

formed the work well, disposing of them for 27 runs.

PAYSANDU' CRICKET CLUB.

Table listing players for Paysandu' Cricket Club with their scores. Total score is 52.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Table showing bowling analysis for A. L. Stutfield and A. R. L. Wright.

LONDON & BRAZILIAN BANK.

Table listing players for London & Brazilian Bank with their scores. Total score is 27.

In their second attempt the Club scored 111 for the loss of 5 wickets. V. Tatum contributing 40, and H. W. Stacey 31 not out. The innings being declared closed.

The Bank responded with 37 for the loss of 6 wickets. A. G. C. Blake scoring double figures again for his side.

Miss Jackson and the sisters of the Strangers Hospital kindly provided tea, which was greatly appreciated by all present.

PAYSANDU' vs. WESTERN TELEGRAPH CO.

This match was played on the 17th inst. on the Paysandú cricket ground and again resulted in a win for the Club by 45 runs.

H. G. Pierce, W. P. Slater, H. W. Stacey and V. Tatum played well for their respective sides.

WESTERN TELEGRAPH CO.

Table listing players for Western Telegraph Co. with their scores. Total score is 106.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Table showing bowling analysis for R. H. Robinson, T. M. Kentish, C. Pullen, and O. Wucherer.

PAYSANDU' CRICKET CLUB.

Table listing players for Paysandu' Cricket Club with their scores. Total score is 149.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Table showing bowling analysis for W. P. Slater, H. G. Pierce, W. E. Strange, E. C. Manners, and E. J. King.

A bat has been handed to the president of the Club, to be presented to the member who makes the highest average score during the season.

The secretary of the Paysandú C. C. writes us as follows:—I would deem it a great favor if you would kindly make known through the columns of your paper that our fixture against the Morro Velho A. C. on the 29th and 30th of this month has, at the request of the latter club, been put off, owing chiefly to the present unsatisfactory state of this city, which has made the Morro Velho men consider it wiser at present not to run the risk of the fashionable epidemic."



PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

Indice del Comercio Americano: a descriptive and classified directory of the members of the National Association of Manufacturers of the United States.

Boletim do Servico de Estatistica Commercial, for the first quarter of 1900. Although the returns are incomplete, the statistical information is well organized and can not fail to be very useful.

BUSINESS NOTES

The Diario de Pernambuco, which we believe is the oldest journal in Pernambuco, is to be sold at judicial sale on the 28th inst. It is valued at 115,000.

The Botanical Garden tramway company is arranging to ask this market for a loan of 8,000,000 for the improvements of its line required by its new contract.

The new loan of 10,000,000 which the municipality is trying to raise in this market, is being taken very slowly. Up to Saturday last only a fourth had been subscribed.

The price of disinfectants has increased more than a hundred per cent. since the peste munitica broke out. It has been a good business for the druggist as well as the medical sanitary inspector.

Complaints that the Amazon Telegraph Co. has dropped Almqvist and Ollidos from the number of Amazon cable stations, has been denied, the company's representative stating that they had first repaired the direct cable which is now working to Manaus, and that the branch cable which serves the two stations mentioned will next be repaired.

The Allianca insurance company, which has been in rather an unsatisfactory condition for some time past, has resolved to call up 100,000 on account of capital. It is the practice of Brazilian companies to pay up only a small part of the subscribed capital, which in our opinion is a mistake.

The manganese industry seems to be making considerable progress in Bahia. The bark Severino, which sailed on the 20th inst. for Philadelphia, carried 2,000 tons of manganese, and the steamers Ruskin and Guajara were loading at the same date for English ports.

From the 4th to the 21st inst. no less than 89 fines each were imposed on business men for neglecting to stamp receipts. We understand that the contractors who supply the city of Rio de Janeiro with fresh meat have decided to refrain from accepting their accounts unless the customers choose to furnish the stamps.

We notice by our recent exchanges that an attempt is being made in England, to float a company to work the deep sea fisheries off the Brazilian coast. No enterprise could be more profitable under certain conditions, and those conditions are large capital, deep-well boats, experts in curing and smoking, and imported salt.

Today's market was strong and showed a decided upward tendency; a fair amount of business was transacted. Official quotations on London were: Bank bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2 private bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2

Official quotations on London were: Bank bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2 private bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2

Under the failure of Henry Lowndes, described in the receiving order as Henry Lowndes Leopoldina Count Leopoldina, company promoter, 47, Old Broad-street, E. C., accounts have now been filed showing liabilities £48,198 and assets consisting of property the value of which has yet to be ascertained.

He came to England in 1894, and commenced business as a company promoter at 3, Great St. Helens, E. C., where he promoted the Tatworth Gold Mining Company, Limited, the Louisa Gas Company, Limited, and other concerns. He subsequently went to

Brazil, and took a lease of a gold mine in Minas Geraes. Returning to England in May, 1898, he promoted the Carrapato Gold Mining Company of Brazil, Limited, with a nominal capital of £375,000, to take over the property. He attributes his failure to inability to recover property belonging to him in Brazil and to the withholding of his consideration as vendor to the Carrapato Gold Mining Company.

FINANCIAL NOTES

The assets of the naval club amount to 615,134,826 and its liabilities to 248,482,536.

Last year the receipts of the post-offices in the state of Amazonas amounted to 130,214,150 and the expenses to 117,094,873.

On Saturday last the minister of finance burned another thousand contos de verbas—no, reis—for account of the funding loan.

Decree No. 3,683, of the 16th inst., makes a deficiency appropriation of 550,000 for the payment of expenses with the bubonic plague.

A supplementary credit of 300,000 for expenses incurred in suppressing bubonic pest, was registered by the tribunal of accounts on the 22nd inst.

The Jornal hears (?) that the minister of finance will now suspend the burning of paper money because he has exceeded the amount required by the funding loan contract.

Councillor Andrade Figueira states that he is informed that the Banco da Republica has made a reduction of 25,000,000 in its debt to the national treasury by the payment of 8,000,000 in cash and cancellation of what is described as a special debt of the government to the bank, amounting to 17,000,000.

It is a curious circumstance that the report of the budget commission should have been presented to the chamber of deputies before the publication of the report of the minister of finance. In the natural order of things the financial report for the year should be the basis of the budget report, but in its absence the latter seems to be based on pure conjecture. It is not a rational way of running a government, it must be admitted.

COMMERCIAL

Rio de Janeiro, June 26th, 1900.

Table with 2 columns: Item (Par value of the Brazilian milreis, gold, etc.) and Value.

Table with 2 columns: Item (Bank rate of exchange, official, on London today, Present value of the Brazilian mil reis, etc.) and Value.

EXCHANGE.

June 18.—The market was strong and showed a decided upward tendency; a fair amount of business was transacted.

Official quotations on London were: Bank bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2 private bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2

June 19.—The upward tendency of the market continued today; business, however, was weak.

Official quotations on London were: Bank bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2 private bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2

June 20.—Today's market showed less firmness than during the preceding days; transactions reported were few.

Official quotations on London were: Bank bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2 private bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2

June 21.—Today's market was somewhat unsteady too, but there was some business done.

The official quotations on London were: Bank bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2 private bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2

June 22.—The market to-day was firmer, and an important amount of transactions was reported.

Official quotations on London were: Bank bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2 private bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2

June 23.—The market continued firm without reactions and a good amount of business was done.

Official quotations on London were: Bank bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2 private bills opening 9 1/2 closing 9 1/2

MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 26th June, 1900.

Exports.

Coffee.—The past week has been not only exceptionally dull, but the market has been compelled to give way some 100 reis per arroba in prices, and that too without attracting buyers, owing to the continued rise in exchange. It is known, also, that there is still considerable coffee from the old crop to come forward, and this defeats local efforts to force prices to a higher level on reports of a diminished new crop.

The sales during the week were only about 18,000 bags, against 25,000 bags in the preceding week. The receipts in the same period were 30,400 bags and the shipments 24,000 bags. Yesterday there was still no life in the market, buyers evidently being disinclined to transact while the exchange market is being forced up.

Reports from abroad show that the sales were 77,000 bags in New York, 68,000 in Havre, 85,000 in Hamburg and 48,000 in London, making a total of 276,000 bags, against 235,000 in the corresponding week of last year, and 320,000 in the preceding week.

The detailed movements of the market during the week were as follows:

Ruling prices during the week for N. Y. Type No. 7 at Rio and for Good Average at Santos, with daily reported sales at the former market.

Table with 4 columns: Rio N. 7, Reported sales, Average, per arroba.

The following ships sailed with coffee last week:

Table with 4 columns: Date, Ship Name, Destination, Tons.

The receipts for the past week were 26,853 bags against 18,000 bags for the previous week and 13,200 bags for the week before.

Brokers' quotations, according to New-York types were the following:

Table with 3 columns: No., Price, Type.

The stock in all hands was estimated this morning at 142,122 bags, against 138,122 bags a week ago. The Santos stock is reported at 263,670 bags.

Daily receipts and shipments of coffee at Rio de Janeiro.

Large table with multiple columns: Date, Receipts, Shipments, etc.

Imports.

Flour.—The arrivals for the week were 140 barrels of Orion from Trieste, and 2,000 bags ex Chancery from Liverpool. The market is quiet and weak. Dealers continue to reduce the prices as shown in the following table:

Table with 2 columns: Item (Trieste, Richmond, etc.) and Price.

Codfish.—The Tucuman brought 927 cases from Hamburg. The prices are unchanged.

Lard.—No receipts. We quote from \$40 to \$50 per pound wholesale.

Rice.—The receipts were 4,013 bags by the Maranhara from Rangoon and 30 by the Tucuman from Hamburg. Brokers quote new at 21800 and old at 20900 per bag.

White Pine.—No receipts. About 500,000 feet sold to arrive at 250 reis per foot.

Pitch Pine.—Receipts nil. From the cargo of the Boyal some parts were sold at 80,000 per dozen.

Spruce Pine.—The arrivals were nil. Prices unchanged.

Swedish Pine.—No entries. Market nominal.

Kerosene.—No receipts. We quote from 11200 to 113400 per case wholesale.

Rosin.—Arrivals nil. Market unchanged.

Turpentine.—No arrivals. Quotations are nominal.

Cement.—The Tucuman brought 100 barrels from Hamburg, and the Bretagne 30 from Marseilles. The prices continue nominal.

Indian Corn.—No entries. Native is now quoted from 2500 to 16500 per bag of 62 kilos.

Hay.—The Hampstead arrived from the River Plate with 21,161 bales. We quote at 340 reis per kilo wholesale.

Coal.—The following vessels arrived with coal: From Glasgow ex Purville Castle, 1,485 tons; Cardiff ex Valencia, 4,841 tons; Norfolk ex Britannia, 4,166 tons.

Rum.—Receipts continue regular. Market unchanged as shown below:

Table with 2 columns: Item (Pernambuco and Maciel, Bahia and America, Campos, etc.) and Price.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

JUNE 24. CARDEFF.—Br. bk. Mifield, 1,275 tons; Drummond, 454; coal to Brazilian Coal Co.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

JUNE 22. CAPE TOWN.—Br. bk. Greyhound, 167 tons; Stulington, coffee.

BALTIMORE.—Amer. bk. Glad Tiding, 603 tons; Klages, coffee.

NEW ORLEANS.—Port. bk. Clara, 665 tons; Gomes; ballast.

FREIGHTS.

NEW YORK.—30 cents and 5% primage per bag New Orleans of coffee.

ANTWERP.—35 shillings and 4% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

BREMEN.—35 shillings and 4% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

HAMBURG.—35 shillings and 4% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

LIVERPOOL.—35 shillings and 4% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

COPENHAGEN.—37 shillings, 6 d. and 5% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

GENOA.—40 francs and 10% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

MARSEILLES.—40 francs and 10% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

BORDEAUX.—40 francs and 10% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

HAVRE.—35 francs and 10% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

TRISTE.—45 shillings and 5% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

LONDON.—30 shillings and 5% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

SOUTHAMPTON.—30 shillings and 5% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

CAPE TOWN.—30 shillings and 2 1/2% primage per ton.

P. ELIZABETH.—30 shillings and 2 1/2% primage per ton.

PORT NATAL.—57 shillings, 6 d. and 2 1/2% primage per ton.

DELAGOA BAY.—57 shillings, 6 d. and 2 1/2% primage per ton.

MOSSIEL BAY.—57 shillings, 6 d. and 2 1/2% primage per ton.

MONTVIDEO.—6000 per barrel of 75 kilos.

B. AIRES.—6000 per barrel of 75 kilos.

ENGAGEMENTS.

RIVER PLATE.—Br. str. Elbe, 2,620 barrels of coffee CAPE OF G. HOPE.—Br. str. Danube, 950 bags of coffee HAVRE.—Fr. str. Paravandou, 470 do do MARSEILLES.—Fr. str. Bretagne, 2,175 do do NEW YORK.—Br. str. Hogarth, 24,500 do do TRIESTE.—Aust. str. Orion, 5,000 do do

Foreign sailing vessels in the port of Rio de Janeiro, June 24th, 1900.

Table with 4 columns: Name, Tons, Arrived, From, Consignees.



Vessels Afloat & Chartered for Rio.

Table listing vessels afloat and chartered for Rio, including ship names, companies, and dates.

Arrivals of foreign steamers.

Table listing arrivals of foreign steamers, including ship names, origins, and arrival dates.

Departures of foreign steamers.

Table listing departures of foreign steamers, including ship names, destinations, and departure dates.

STOCKS AND SHARES

Sales of Stocks and Shares.

Table showing sales of stocks and shares, including company names and prices.

Banks.

Table listing banks and their financial data.

Railways.

Table listing railway companies and their financial data.

JUNE 21.

Table listing financial data for June 21.

Banks.

Table listing banks and their financial data.

Railways.

Table listing railway companies and their financial data.

Miscellaneous.

Table listing miscellaneous financial data.

JUNE 22.

Table listing financial data for June 22.

Banks.

Table listing banks and their financial data.

Railways.

Table listing railway companies and their financial data.

Miscellaneous.

Table listing miscellaneous financial data.

JUNE 23.

Table listing financial data for June 23.

Banks.

Table listing banks and their financial data.

Railways.

Table listing railway companies and their financial data.

Miscellaneous.

Table listing miscellaneous financial data.

SATURDAY'S QUOTATIONS—S. PAULO.

Table showing Saturday's quotations for S. Paulo, including various market indices.

PERNAMBUCO.

From the May Freight Report and Shipping List of Mr. Arthur B. Dallas, we extract the following notes on sugar and cotton in that state: Sugar.—Receipts for the past month foot up 67,157 bags.

The weather here, and in the state of Parahya, has been generally anything but favorable to the growing cane. From 1st January to 31st May 1900 the rainfall in some sugar districts, only amounted to 20 inches as against 55 inches during same period last year whilst in others the disparity was even more marked. As a general rule more land was utilized for the coming year, but in view of the scarcity of rain the crop will prove considerably less than might otherwise have been expected, and it is doubtful whether it will reach 1,500,000 bags in 1900.

There has recently been a better enquiry for good and class sugars for shipment to Rio Grande do Sul, and tend to improve considerably the better qualities. Perams changed hands at 1,500 per 15 kilos on shorts. Exporters however are unable to pay this figure for Europe, and the market is paralyzed.

Table showing prices for various goods like coffee, sugar, and other commodities.

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Table showing prices for various goods like coffee, sugar, and other commodities.

Freights.—There has been a notable falling off in the amount of cargo offering here, and at the out ports, for Liverpool, and rates are lower. Brit. str. "Explorer" fills up here and at Parahya, with some difficulty, and for July shipments a lower freight will be accepted.

For the United States the Brit. str. "Moart" was taken up for about 1000 tons sugar, and Brit. brig. "Bertha Gray" both from Maceio and private terms. There is not a great deal of cargo offering for Southern ports.

Table showing freight rates for various destinations.

Table showing prices for various goods like coffee, sugar, and other commodities.

MILNER'S SAFES. The best thief and fire-resisting safes extant. A large assortment always on hand. Apply to F. E. Nicolson & Co. RUA VISCONDE D'INHAUMA No. 16.

ANTIGA CASA ALVES NOGUEIRA. Complete and varied assortment of Canned Goods, Whisky of different marks, MORTON'S HAMS, and Crosse and Blackwell's Preserves. VICTORIA STORES 46, RUA DO OUVIDOR Ayres A. de Souza.

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Carbolic Preparations.  
ARE THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY RELIABLE.

**CARBOLIC TOILET SOAP.**

Best Antiseptic Soap for use in warm climates. Sold in 3-tab. Boxes.

**CARBOLIC TOOTH POWDER.**

Has the largest sale of any Dentifrice, most effective for preserving the Teeth and strengthening the Gums. In various sized tins.

**CARBOLIC OINTMENT.**

A Sovereign Remedy for Skin Ailments, Piles, Sores, Insect Bites or Stings Earache or Sunburn, etc. Large Pots, to be obtained from Chemists, Stores &c.

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Loans on Mortgage

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40, RUA DA ALFANDEGA, 40

1st Floor

RIO DE JANEIRO

Finest English and Scotch goods.

Best workmanship and moderate prices.

**HUNGARIAN WINES**

HUNGARIAN CLARET

HUNGARIAN HOCK and

CHATEAU PALUGYAY, red and white.

Sole Importers:

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78, RUA GERAL CAMARA, 78



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Special vans and experienced men for the removal of pianos.

The Company has for hire "caminhoes" and "andorinhas" for Niteroy, and as its vans are all duly licensed all risk or loss of property is thus avoided.

The Directors beg that any complaints or irregularities due to their employes, may be at once reported at either of the above-named offices.

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MELLIN'S FOOD is of the highest value for the weak and sickly babe, as well as for the strong and vigorous.

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At the general depot of

**LAEMMERT & Co.**

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RIO DE JANEIRO



The acquisition of these stamps, constitutes, apart from its patriotic end, a highly remunerative investment. If we take into consideration the small number of stamps only 1, the limited issue, authenticated by the destruction of the lithographic stones, which took place on the 6th December last, the low price of each series which will not be altered, and the resolution of the Association to burn all unsold stamps by the 7th September proximo, so that it may be safely said that in the near future these stamps are sure to be well quoted in the philatelic markets of the great capitals of the world.

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They are made of the best material, are accurately fitted, and are light running. And they are the cheapest first-class presses on the market.

For further particulars inquire at

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**SEA SICKNESS**

26 cases were treated on board s.s. "Olinde" by Dr. Ernani Pinto with Tinture of Nectandra and of these, 22 cases were completely cured, and the remaining four became much better.

The illustrious naval surgeon Dr. Henrique Mangeon says that during voyages on men of war he has had occasion to use Tinture of Nectandra Amara of Mr. Antero Leivas against sea sickness and always with excellent results.

Numberless testimonials of travellers justify the results obtained by these distinguished physicians, with the Tinture and pills of the Nectandra Amara against sea-sickness.

In order to facilitate the use of this medicine a prospectus accompanies each bottle written in the Portuguese, English and French languages.

N.B. The Nectandra Amara pills are formulated with the same doses of the Nectandra, in order that they may be sent by post all over the world with the least possible delay to supply the want of the Wine Elixir and Tinture of Nectandra Amara, which are liquid and cannot, therefore, be transported by the same rapid and sure means.

For sea sickness, nausea in pregnancy, impoverishment of blood, weakness of the legs and convalescence after long and serious illness, the pills should be ground and dissolved in a small glass of Port wine in order that they may be taken as a liquid to insure a prompt action; it is also to facilitate for adults and children who cannot take dry pills, and in this case they can be dissolved in pure water if no wine is to be had.

Persons who have no connections here and who may desire to have these most useful pills can obtain them by applying direct to the proprietor who undertakes to remit orders by registered post to any part of Brazil, or abroad for the small sum of 2\$300 per box, 12\$800 for 6 and 20\$800 for 12 boxes.

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**Steamships.**

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STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

Under contracts with the British and Brazilian  
Governments for carrying the mails.

TABLE OF DEPARTURES.

1900

Date	Steamer	Destination
1900		
June 26	Elbe	Montevideo and Buenos-Ayres.
" 27	Danube	Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon Vigo, Cherbourg and Southampton.
July 11	Elbe	Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Vigo, Cherbourg and Southampton.

This Company will have steamers from and to  
England three times a month.

Insurance on freight shipped on these steamers can  
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C. J. Casaly,  
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PASSENGER SERVICE FOR NEW YORK

Buffon ..... 2nd Aug  
Coleridge..... 17th ..

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sails on the 4th July for

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For passages and further information apply to the

Agents: **NORTON, MEGAW & Co. Ld.**

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ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

DEPARTURES FOR LIVERPOOL.

Oriana..... July 3rd  
Cressop..... 8th

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RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

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Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature  
Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all  
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Diseased Conditions of the System, caused  
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The effect of this Standard Phosphoric  
Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred  
Evils is irremediable and permanent, all  
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Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity  
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Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power,  
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Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep  
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becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes  
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Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne,  
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