HE RIO NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

Vol. XXVI.

RIO DE JANEIRO, JUNE 5TH, 1900.

NUMBER 23

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COMMERCIAL PRINTING

WEST COAST ITEMS.

-Work on the Talcahuano fortifications has been suspended.
-Chili is sending troops to strengthen the force now maintained in the Peruvian province

of Tacina.

—A Linia telegram says the Chilian authorities are suppressing Peruvian newspapers in the province of Arica.

—In Bolivia forced loans are to be levied upon the people to cover losses sustained in the last revolution. Bolivia is a good country to avoid about this time.

Another Bolivian expedition has left for the Rio Acre district to re-establish order there. The difficulty is that the journey is so long and arduous that a force is worn out and dissipated before it can reach its destination.

— A La Paz telegram of the 4th inst. systhat Bolivia has purchased 6o cannou and 50,000 files and is organizing an army of 20,000 men. The outlook for peace and prosperily in South America is not as favorable as one could wish.

—Strong opposition to the foreign policy of President Etrazuriz is making its appearance in Chili, which means trouble in the future. The President is conservative and concluding, and this is displeasing to the Chilian singoes, a who want war and war contracts.

who want war and war contracts.

— For some unexplained reason or another, the newsvendors of Santiago de Chile have gone out on strike. The telegrams to hand on Sanday informed us that the editors of the principal papers had to go out into the streets and cry their journals themselves. After a long night's work on a morning paper, we admire their pluck, but we fancy one brazentrotted newsboy would give a dozen of them points and win hands down.

RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

—The French ports have now been closed against the importation of Argentine cattle by a decree signed on Saturday last.

a decree signed on Siturday last.

— Of the 111,003 immigrants arriving in Argentina last year 53,295 were Italians 19,798 Spaniards, 2,473 French, 1,686 Russians, 950 Austrians, 732 Germans, 477 English, etc.

— The importation of Argentine cattle has again been authorized in Uruguay. This is good news as it means that the pest amongst the cattle has died out with the cold weather, and the speamarae consignment stands no danger of being repeated in like disastrcus circumstances.

— A telegrant from Buenos Aires dated, the

circumstances.

—A telegram from Buenos Aires dated the 2nd inst, says that 20 days having passed without a case of bubonic pest having occurred in Rosario de Sunta Fé, that port has now been officially declared clean. The Montevidean authorities have also removed quarantine from vessels arriving from Argentine verter. ports

orts.

The improvement in the value of the Brazilian currency during the past few months has been considerable, and the Pluminenses are disposed to give themselves airs over the misguided rulers of this country who were not content to let well alone, and leave the currency to rise to its original issue value. While we have abandoned in despair the hope of seeing our dollar at part. Brazil is steadily burning its paper, and talks of bringing mil reis back to par. A considerable way has still to be travelled, however. The Indian government did not find it convenient to bring the rupee back to its original value; and after Brazil has had a little experience of mil reis about 13 or 14d. for some little period, it will be time to talk.—Review, Buenos Aires.

A telegram from Buenos Aires on the 29th

about 13 of 14.1 of some three period, it will be time to talk.—Review, Buenos Aires.

— A telegram from Bueno a Aires on the 29th ulto, says that all ships from Rio are admitted into that port free of quarantine, that bring a sanitary inspector on board, who declares that no case of bubonic pest has occurred on the voyage, or has been suspected in transit. That is a good and wise regulatior, although we fear from the meagre terms of the telegram and the impecuniosity of the inspectors that it will not be found to work well with stern and practical English commanders. Only the mails are to be brought by mail steamers from Rio and the inspectors are to board the ship from a clean port. As Rio is declared dirty, and the first mailboat call is in Montevideo for mail steamers to Buenos Aires, where is the inspector to join the ship, and what length of time will he have for making a thorough inspection?

— The Buenos Aires Review relates the fol-

length of time will he have for making a thorough inspection?

—The Buenos Aires Review relates the following amusing story:

«Amongst the «curios» accumulated by an imperial officer lately on a horse-buying tour through the colonies on behalf of the British government, not the least in his estimation is the following letter from a large Queensland grazing farmer. It runs:

«Dear Sir,—I have the hohnour to inform you that I am a well-known and successful breder in these parts. I have as fine an asortment of animals now on hand waiting inspection as ever looked through a bridel. I can supply you with horses fited for cavrly, artiry, and infantary. But I think my spetiality is in the hors de combal, as the French soldiers call it, which means officers' war horse or charger. If you will give me a call I am sure we will be able to make a deal, as my prices are more reasonable than any of my neighours. If you would drop a line to the above adress I could meet you at the stashion, and drive you in the buggy.»

(The next we hear this enterprising breeder will be selling hors d'auere as trained hunters and hurdle jumpers.—Ed. News.)

—A cold wave has already swept over the River Plate region and overcoats have become in dispensible. Here in Brazil we can comfortably dispense with overcoats from one end of the year to the other, unless our blood has become very thin through long residence. This only applies to our colony, for with the thermometer at 70 degrees in the morning, the natives produce and wear their ponchos and overcoats.

—We see by the table.

thermometer at 70 degrees in the morning, the natives produce and wear their ponehos and overcoats.

— We see by the telegrams that reached us about the end of last month that General Mitre has published his book on American languages. The venerable Argentines statesman has proved himself as much at home with the pen as the sword and has won laurels with both weapons. We hope to have an opportunity of reviewing his latest work as soon as we can get hold of a copy. His "Historia de Belgrano," "Historia de San Martin" occupy homored places on our bookslelves, which we would like to supplement with his latest work. General Mitre will complete his 79th birthday this month, if we are not mistaken.

—We are pleased to see that one South American republic at least has taken to heart the considerations which we have more than once expounded in connection with quarantine, though be it understood that we take no credit to ourselves for having converted the republic to our views. Far from it. When we suggested that it might be well, as quarantine was such a boon to all countries, to enforce it in connection with every infections disease, we had a lingering hope that such deastic steps would prove the reductio ad absurdum of quarantine, if only they were thoroughly carried out. But we had no idea they would ever be enforced. However, Paraguay may not be very commercial, but she is at least logical. Her authorities have quarantined one vessel for tuberculosis and another for influenza, ten days in the one case, and three days in the other. This at least has the merit of thoroughness, and if the precedent is followed, it is clear that no vessel in the future can hope to escape quarantine. Hence a regular staff will be kept at work, and trade will flourish with great vigour.—Review, Buenos Aires.

—We note that the Skatist, as quoted by our colleague the Skandard is disposed to take

will flourish with great vigour, —Review, Buenos Aires.

—We note that the Statist, as quoted by our colleague the Standard, is disposed to take a roseate view of the country's prospects, derived apparently from an uncorrected perusal of the late financial minister's Memoria. It is to be hoped that no one will be deluded into imagining that the outlook at the present time is at all favourable. The weather has been unfavourable for almost everything since the beginning of the year; and the present very cold weather will bear hardly on animals which are weakened by foot-and-mouth disease. A great deal of maize was lost by the drought in summer, and, another portion by heavy rais and moist weather; and prices for wheat and maize are not too encouraging. Neither can it be said that wool prospects are exceptionally good, and as for next year's harvest, the reports from various places in the north that locusts have been seen in unisually large numbers cause us to tremble even for wheat. It may be necessary to expend again as much unoney as has before been spent in the combatting of the plague; and the treasury is in no condition to meet exceptional calls. In the face of all these dangers, it would be surprising to find any one prepared to contend that all is going well, and that the maintenance of the dollar in the vicinity of par may be counted upon with confidence.—

Review, Buenos Aeirs**, May 27.**

THE OUTLOOK

THE OUTLOOK.

THE OUTLOOK.

In a letter from Paris, dealing with the present situation in Europe, the eminent critic Max Nordau says:—What a glorious spectacle Europe presents only twelve months after the chimerical Peace Congress at La Hague. On all sides the sume tale; hatted, homicidal anger, national boastfulness; an undisguised desire among all the peoples to throw themselves on some neighbour in order to ravage, burn and kill. Governments threaten, and the nations approve. Those who denounce these madnesses are a small minority, and then ations approve. Those who denounce these madnesses are a small minority, and they are treated as madnen, when they are not insulted as cowards and traitors. Men of the highest intellect share the virtual cannibalism of the mob, and talents of all classes join the unlettered majority in uttering cries of death and rapine. (He here makes some trenchant remarks about the rabid jingoism into which Radyard Kipling has fallen)... What encouragement does our civilisation offer to the apostles of peace? The governments regard them with an evil eye. In the military monarchies they are despised. The few journals which serve a peaceful propaganda, vegetate in obscurity, and probably have not 5,000 subscribers all the world over, whilst it has been sufficient for one single London paper, the Duily Mail, to raise the standard of war, to attain, in some four weeks, a circulation of over a million!

All of which above is merely equivalent to saying that the whole civilised world is at present unfortunately afflicted with an epidenic of jingoism and of militarism—the two things are very much akin, and it is difficult to say which is the more abominable or the more contrary to progress. We fear that the disease—like a bub boil—will have to come to a head and burst, before it is likely to be cured. Meanwhile the clock of progress goes stedily backward. Military Europe is less civilised and less Christian to-day than it was thirty years ago, and even England has into the maelstrom.—Montevideo Times.

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N. B. This capital to be reduced to Rs. 100.000:000\$ in accordance with the Government's Decree of 8th May 1897.

Reserve Fund . . . Rs. 17.480:078\$736 Profits in suspense . Rs. 11.156:739\$835

on 80th April 1900,

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From To-Day, London, April 26.

THE MISUNDERSTANDINGS OF

(Continued from our last.)

I cannot enter into all the cases of alleged treachery, but the investigations I have made induce me to suspect that most of them can be explained away.

People in England seem to imagine that a field of battle is like an English cricket field, where every performer is aware of what another does, and where all can be controlled by a single will. It is really far otherwise; it extends over many miles, and, strange as it may seem, the failure or successes of the right flank are often known in England before their contrades on the left are aware of what has occurred. For instance, during the days preceding the attack on Spion Kop, the troops on the left were constantly engaged, we could hear the perpetual rattle of musketry and Maxims, and the frequent bursting of shells; we were lying quite tide during those days, and, needless to say, we were most anxious to find out if victory was inclining in our favour. Sometimes the direction of the sound seemed to indicate that the enemy was being pressed back, and sometimes the reverse; occasionally with glasses we could see the movements of the troops, but we could obtain no certain information, and, indeed, it was not till the fighting was over that we heard what had happened. Operations are now carried on over such vast areas that not only battalion commanders but generals are ignorant of what is proceeding beyond the immediate front; indeed, in very many instances private soldiers act for themselves without direction, and without control. This is so to an even greater extent with the Boers, who are not under such strict discipline, and have few officers. It will often, therefore, happen that men occupying a trench may be hard pressed by an advancing enemy, and the fire becomes so severe that some of them make up their minds to surrender; one pats up a white flag unknown to any but his immediate neighbours, and the attacking party rises to advance, coming immediately under fall view, not only of those who have surrendered, but of numbers of others on each limit is impos

decided to push on. The Boer General stated in the letter, that our stretcher bearers had buried the dead so insufficiently that his men had been completing the task till shelled by our guns. He offered to continue the work or to allow a party of our men to be sent ap if we preferred it; in either case the hill must be imporarily neutral. The latter plan was agreed was men to message mounted his horse to mind the control of the control o

CRICKET

CRICKET.

On the 3rd inst. at the Paysandu Cricket ground, Nietheroy gained a, victory over Rio by 18 runs. There was a good attendance, a number coming from the Nietheroy side.

The Rio captain won the toss and commenced the innings about 10.15 a m. A fair stand was made by V. Tatam and C. L. Robinson, who put on 21 runs for the first wicket, after which wickets fell rapidly, the score being 31 for 4 wickets. O. Wncherer contributed a useful 12, but on W. Slater joining N. Jackson the outlook for the home side appeared more promising as both batsmen played sound cricket and the score rose rapidly until lunch was called, when it stood at 94; Jackson and Slater being not out with 29 and 19 respectively.

On resuming Slater was bowled by R. Morrissy and the remaining batsmen made but slight resistance to the bowling, which was good throughout, the innings closing for 109; Jackson being responsible for 36 in his own accomplished style. Stuffield took 2 wickets for 37 runs, while R. Morrissy was responsible for 4 at a cost of 39 runs.

After the usual interval Nictheroy sent in W. and Ernest Morrissy to face the bowling of Slater and Jackson. For a few overs the cricket was very slow, neither batsmen being able to take liberties with the bowling, but the score rose gradually to 24 before W. Morrissy was bowled by Slater. F. Morrissy was browled by Slater. F. Morrissy heing smartly taken at the wicket by Pierce, with his individual score at 20—aftine display of cricket. Comolly filled the vacancy, and it may be said won the game for witcheroy; he played sound cricket for his 35, which was made up of 8 boundary hits, 3 twos broken when the score stood at 31. Ernest Morrissy being smartly taken at the wicket by Pierce, with his individual score at 20—aftine display of cricket. Comolly filled the vacancy, and it may be said won the game for witcheroy; he played sound cricket for his 35, which was made up of 8 boundary hits, 3 twos and 5 singles. C. B. Mawson compiled 13 without much trouble, and the match terminated at

The fielding on both sides was exceptionary good.

We were pleased to see a good assembly of the fair sex, representing both sides of the water. The thanks of everyone present is due to Mrs. Bocquet for so kindly dispensing tea, which was thoroughly appreciated.

Appended is a list of scores and bowling

analysis.			
		10	
V. Tatam,	b. R. Merris	sy	
C L Rob	inson, b. A.	L. Stuthe.	d
H G Piet	ce. b. A. L.	Stutfield.	
H. C. Boce	nuet. b. R. M	lorrissy	
N. W. Iac	kson, b. A. I	Stutheld	1
O. Wuche	rer, b. R. Me	orrissy	
W. P. Sla	ter, b. d	0	
F Forde.	not out		
H L Wh	eatley, b. A.	L. Stutfie	ld
E. C. Mat	mers, c. R.	Morrissy,	b. A. L.
Stutfield	1		
R Robins	on, c. Tootal	. b. C. A.	Conolly
Ex	tras		

	Total balls	Total runs	Maiden	Total
A. L. Stutfield	90	37	4	
R. Morrissy	72	39	4	
W. T. Ginns	24	13		
C. B. Mawson	18	10	I	
C. A. Conolly	13	5	-	

ROWLING ANALYSIS.

C. A. Collotty	
NICTHEROY.	
W. Morrissy, b. Slater	
Ernest Morrissy c. Pierce, b. Slater	
F Morrissy, c. Robinson, b. Wucherer.	
C. A. Conolly, c. Pierce, b. Slater	
R. Morrissy, c. Pierce, b. Jackson	
H R Latham, b. Jackson	
C. B. Mawson, c. Wucherer, b. Jackson	
E. A. Tootal, b. Jackson	
W. T. Ginns, not out	
E. A. H. Roberts, c. and b. Slater	
A. L. Stutfield, b. Slater	
Extras	

BOWLING	ANALY	ISIS.		
	Total balls	Total runs	Maiden	Total
W. Slater	162	48	9	
N. Tackson	120	46	7	
E. C. Manners	18	14		
Westerer	18	17		

PERNAMBUCO CRICKET.

Played 29th April, 1900, and resulted in a score of 147 for the XI and 129 for the XXII. For the latter Webster made 27, and for the former T. A. Comber made 40. Clemetson 29, Riley and H. S. Fellows 23 each.

H. M. S. «BASILISK» US. PERNAMBUCO

H. M. S. *BASILISKS* 25. PERNAMBUCO.
Played 3rd May, with a score of 129 for the
visitors and 244 for the home team. The
visitors received an enthusiastic welcome.
For the ship Lt. Trewby scored 54 and SubLt. Rankin 29, while for the *land crabs*
Clemetson made 59. L. Latham 52, H. S. Fellows 30 and McMurtrie 25.

RESIDENTS OVER 5 YEARS US. UNDER 5

RESIDENTS OVER 5 YEARS 25. UNDER 5. Played 6th May and resulted in 124 for latter and 152 for the old residents, wh would seem to disprove the theory that climate is prejudicil to the physical in For the youngsters Howe's 39 was well mand for the sold 'unso R. H. Conolly 36. (meison 32, Bell 21 and Fletcher 20 showell at the front.

TELEGRAPHS US. WORLD.

TELEGRAPHS 25, WORLD.

Played on 13th May, but rain stopped the game after Telegraph innings of 62.

MARRIND & ENGAGED 25, SINGLE.

This always interesting match was played on May 20th with 12 men on each side. The weather was lovely, and it was fully appreciated.

The scores were:

The scores were :	1000
MARRIED & ENGAGED.	
A. L. Bell, c. Comber, b. Daniel	0
F. R. Foy, c. H. Conolly, b. Latham	29
C. Williams, c. Howe, b. Latham	19
F. Clemetson, c. H. Conolly, b. R. Con-	
olly	4
W. T. Matthews, b. Latham	4
A. Foy, c. Gore, b. do	8
H. Fletcher, b. Deere	12
C. R. Pratt, b. Latham	6
A. M. Lopes, c. R. Conolly, b. Latham.	
G. W. Nicolls, not out	15
F. Goodchild, b. Latham	1
J. Swift, b. Latham	3
Extras	-11
Total, 7 wickets	112
SINGLE.	15
L. Latham, run out	15
T. A. Comber, b. Lopes	9
H. S. Fellows, run out	26
J. Riley, c. Swift. b. Williams H. Conolly, c. Williams, b. F. Foy	3
H. Conony, c. Williams, b. F. Poy	49
W. Boxwell, b. A. Foy	46
P. Daniel, b. A. Foy	40
W. Gore, C. F. Poy, B. A. Poy	I
R. H. Conolly,	
C. H. Howe, did not bat	
C. C. Deere.	
Extras	8
. [1] 12 [1] 12 [1] 12 [1] 12 [1] 12 [1] 12 [1] 12 [1] 12 [1] 12 [1] 12 [1] 12 [1] 12 [1] 12 [1] 12 [1] 12 [1	
Total	162

S. PAULO FACTS.

The sanitary authorities are taking measures against the dreaded peste bubonica. As the result of a conference between Dr. Antonio Prado and Dr. Emilo Ribas, head of the service sonitarios, district commissions have been again nominated, but their powers of intrusion are more limited than on the last occision. Sanitary reforms are to be undertaken in several parts of the city, which at present cannot be described as cleanly. War is again declared against the rats. Several having been found dead without apparent reason, the corpses were examined in the bacteriological institute. Notraces of bacillus were discovered, and further examination showed that the cause of death was rat poison. Generally when a man marries, it is assumed that his mother-in-law will make his life a burden to him, and that he only is truly blessed whose wife has a mother in some other world. A sad tragedy in Rua Aurora last week would seem to show that the defunct mother-in-law's office of annoyance may still be carried on by her husband. In this case he refused to hand over the stipulated dowry, and emphasized his refusal by firing at his son-in-law. The latter, being unarmed, fled before he was hit, and betook himself to the police station to make his complaint. The selegados advised him to return quietly and to let bygones be bygones, advice which unfortunately the young man did not carry out in its entirely. He returned quietly, indeed, but provided with a knife, entered his father-in-liw's room, and after a struggle between the two, killed him.

On May 26 the annual Sunday-school treat was held in the Railway Institute. Owing to the endeavors of several ladies a fine tea and annusements were provided for the children, who seemed to thoroughly enjoy themselves. The new chaplain was unavoidably absent, having been detained in Santos by a wedding which he had gone to solemnize.

The British flag was jauntily floating in the Brazilian breeze on Wednesday last, as the result of a telegram that Johannesburg was occupied and

arrived at Pretoia. To mark these successes a smoking concert is being held at the Rotisserie Sportsman.

It is an ill wind that blows nobody any good, and the Transvaal war will at least spread the merits of Brazilian coffee, for the Dumont fazenda lase been asked to supply coffee to the troops in South Africa.

The Light and Power Co. are gradually extending their lines; those to Barra Funda and Bom Retiro have been considerably lengthened, and the Villa Buarque bond has been started. There is a runor that some delay is being caused by a mistake in shipment, some material having been shipped to Europe, the return of which must be waited for The Platea does not appear to relish North-American enterprise: it bitterly attacks the company for the pride with which it recklessly dashes all obstacles aside, sets all rights, public and private, at defiance by tearing the streets to pieces and invading monopolies. It thinks that everyone, from prefect and camara downwards are dazzled by the company's hypothetical millious.

The Great Bear is now plainly visible on clear nights. The pointer lies on the horizon, showing the direction of the north pole. It

seems strange to see such an old friend peering over into this quarter of the globe, and one's thoughts are naturally carried back to times of old, when, in that northern clime, it was seen under far different associations. As children we used to think that the unfortunate people on the other side of the earth from ourselves were walking about upside down, but here, on that very under half, some of us have been for many years, with our capital appendages erect, and little inconvenienced by our antipodal position. Yet that inverted Wain reminds us of our former feeling; things are not as they should be; we are in a land where religion, justice, morality and the like arturned upside down; and as we gaze at the dear old Bear pointing to a familiar and better land, we reiterate with the wanderer of Oxford street; "That is the road to the north, and therefore to home, and if I had the wings of a dove, that way I would fly for comfort, a

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Rio de Janeiro, 15th May, 19

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TELEGRAMS OF THE WEEK

SUMMARY FROM DAILY PRESS.

Great Britain.

MAY 29.—Generals French and Hamilton have occupied dominating positions over Johannesburg. Marshal Roberts and his main body are within ten miles of the place, and expect to enter it within two days.—General French was in contact with the enemy the whole of yesterday, and several skirmishes took place. His object is to prevent the Boers making a further retreat without being irrevocably cut off.—Another telegram says that Marshal Roberts and staff are 18 miles from Johannesburg, General French ten miles further on actively engaged, and that the Australians at the Klip river have captured five of the enemy's heavy guns.—President Kruger has issued a proclamation confiscating all the mines which have not paid their licenses up to the 25th July next (Those mines are safe. Where will Kruger be on that date?)—A Times telegram says that General Botha has had a consultation with the Boer chiefs in Pretoria as to the advisability of continuing the war. His opinion was that 20,000 to 30,000 tired men could not possibly stand against 20,000 British troops who were mostly new-comers. President Kruger would not hear of submission and insisted on a fight dontrance, in spite of his diminished force.—A Pretoria telegram says that President Kruger has ordered the 28th and 29th May, the days on which the British entered Transvaal territory, to be kept as days of penitence and prayer.

—There is a report that the Ashantis have beaten the imperial troops near Kivisa.—The Daily News says that 4,000 Moor cavalry are marching on Taflet to give battle to the French troops.—The Boxers have burnt several villages in the neighborhood of Tien-Tsin, and fears are felt for the safety of several Belgian families who lived there. The British fleet landed 25 marines for the protection of the consulate in Tien-Tsin.—The Orange Free State has been formally annexed to Cape Colony under the name of the Orange River Colony. Col. E. G. Pretyman, the military governor, had the honor of unaking the proclamation in Bloemfonneinein, whe

governor, had the honor of making the proclamation in Bloemfontein, when the British hag was saluted with a salvo of 21 guns.

MAV 30.—The town of Utrecht has surrendered to the British troops.—The railway which unites Durban with Johannesburg and Pretoria is only open as far as Newcastle.—The Boer commander Delarey is entrenching his troops at Klerksdorp.—Laing's Nek is being bombarded by General Clery's artillery.—With the capture of Germinston a 1 railway communication with Pretoria has been cut off for the Boers, and it is probable that Lord Roberts will lead his guards (as promiss d) into Pretoria before the end of the week.—Lord Salisbury, addressing the Conservative Association, said that events had rendered it impossible to leave a particle of independence to the Boers.—There is great anxiety in London to get official confirmation of the entry of the imperial troops into Johannesburg.—General Buller has issued a proclamation to the inhabitants of northern Natal and the Transvaal frontier, assuring them that if they lay down their arms and remain neutral their belongings will be strictly protected and assured by the imperial troops.—The Daily Mail says that the British forces have occupied Pretoria, that the city was delivered up without resistance by the burgomaster by order of President Kruger, and that the latter has fallen back on Waterfallhoven. Up to the moment this report lacks confirmation. (As the distance from Johannesburg to Pretoria is only 30 miles, and French's horse is a dashing column, there is nothing strange even in such an unconfirmed rumor. The reported impregnable defences of Johannesburg and Pretona falling so easily is simply accounted for by the guns having been sent to besiege Mafeking, Kimberley, Ladysmith, Weepner and other places.—The Derby race was run to-day. Diamond Disguise II third. (This is the second time that the Prince of Wales has won the blue ribbon of the turf, his first victory being in 1896 with Persimmon. Persimmon's time was 2 minutes and 42 seconds over the co

the same time).

May 31.—President Kruger is said to have retreated from Pretoria to Waterfall Boven on the line to Lourenço Marques, and taken with him 177 officers and 4.182 men prisoners from the British.—Skirmishes have taken place outside the Johannesburg Rand, but Marshal Roberts is to make his official entry at the head of his troops to-morrow.—The Boers are said to have captured 2 officers and 40 men of Brabant's horse.—Dr. Leyds says the war will continue, even though Pretoria is taken.—The Westminster Gazette says Kruger has been captured. captured.

JUNE 1.—The latest details from the seat of war confirm the occupation of Johannesburg by the British troops. The Boer leader Krause has asked for an armistice to allow him to disband the Irish and German legions as they are Leconing fractious. (We have heard of a good many pleas for an armistice at the end of a war, but the foregoing telegram takes the cake.) Hostilities are to cease because the weaker foe wants to get rid of some of his doughtiest fighting men). The Transvaal seat of government has been removed from Pretoria to Middelburg, in view

of the advance of the British forces.—News of the operations against Pretoria is lacking, but if Lord Rosslyn, who is acting as correspondent for the Daily Mail, is correct as to the occupation of Pretoria by the imperial troops, he has achieved a great journalistic titumph. The report is generally believed.—The continental papers foresee the proximate termination of the war, and are inclining in favor of the victor.—The Emperor William has congratulated the Queen on the recent successes of the British army.—Several Boer victories have taken place. ... in the Paris papers.—The rejoicing in London over the taking of Johannesburg was indescribable. The official despatch from Lord Roberts was received at 8 p.m. and was immediately communicated to the press, and posted outside.—A Lourengo Marques telegram says that President Kruger has escaped into Mozambique. (The pastoral life at Middelburg was evidently not to his taste, with Roberts at Johannesburg and Buller at Newcastle).—The Daily Mail says that President Kruger has gone from Pretoria to Lourengo Marques, and before leaving left the place under the charge of the burgomeister and 23 British officers, with Lord Rosslyn has no official post, and is the correspondent of the Daily Mail—the last man to have been given charge, even though the 23 officers were prisoners and the burgomeister a civilinn).

JUNE 2.—Reliable news is still wanting from Pretoria, but it is known that the population is panic striken. Nothing is positively known of the whereabouts of President Kruger, but it is generally believed that he is in Lydenburg, some 130 miles from Pretoria.

—There were several important skirmishes in the outskirts of Johannesburg, details of which are not yet forthcoming. Marshal Roberts entered the town at the head of his troops. The Utilanders are already returning.—The defenders of the allied republics are completely disheartment.—A Boer ambuscade caught a small British force in Douglas, Griqualand West, and killed 15 men, amongst whom was Col. Spencer. (This

JUNE 4. —The Daily News publishes a telegram from South Africa confirming the news that the Orange Free Staters are threatening the lines of communication to the east of Bloemfontein. (The attacking troops must, however, be in such small numbers, that undue impo tance should not be given to the news). — Great Britain and the United States have joined in a protest on behalf of Australia and New Zealand against the new German law on the importation of meat. (The Chicago, New Zealand and Queensland canneries have been seriously prejudiced by the new law, and it is to be hoped, in the interests of commerce, that its operation will be suspended until existing contracts are completed).—The Russian toops in Chian are said to have inflicted a severe defeat on the *Boxers*. Fears are, however, entertained for the safety of missionarles and others in the interior.

France.

France.

MAY 29, — A rumor is current that General Gallifet intends to send in his resignation as minister of war. (The reason is not assigned. The general was the right man in the right place during all the Dreyfus trouble and brought military discipline up to the requisite standard in the French army. He punished general officers and corporals who allowed their political opinions to interfere with military obedience. As a minister he was as great a success as a soldier. When he was fearfully wounded in Mexico, the Empress Engenie honored him by saying that she would wear black until her cher Gallifet came back. A splendid soldier and strict disciplination in his younger duys, he proved himself the most capable war minister France could have had in trying times in his old age), General André is said to be regarded as his successor.

JUNE 1.—The chamber of dennties he are

JUNE 1.—The chamber of deputies by 21 of the 171, refused to DINE 1.—The chamber of deputies by 213 votes to 171, refused to consider the enquiry of M. Grandmaison as to the reasons of Gerieral Gallifet's resignation.—General André, the new minister of war, is evidently touchy. He has instituted a comploint against M. Urbain Gohier for an article published in L. Anarae accusing the staff of having sold decorations, forged contracts and official documents. The writer further called the military an army of traitors and jesuits. (Our unbiassed opinion is that French officials would do well to ignore such alusions in view of recent scandals. When a steamer is going at full pressure, said Lincoln, it is bad policy to seat a nigger on the safety valve.

recent scandals. When a steamer is going at full pressure, said Lincoln, it is bad policy to seat a nigger on the safety valve.

JENE 2.—Paris telegrams of this day are chiefly devoted to the Transvaal question. The war in South Africa will finish soon on a (supposed) statement of the Westminster Greetle, but nevertheless the outlook is none the less cloudy for Great Britain as she must keep 200,000 men there to insure her supremacy and also rely on her fleet to back up their power. (We wonder if the paper quoted or any other intelligent English paper ever said anything of the sort.) The prime minister, M. Waldeck-Rousseau insisted too day that the Drey fus question must be definitely closed. His motion was adopted by 238 votes against 43, and a general animesty was accorded to all concerned. Furthermore the minister's speech was ordered to be affixed in all the departments of the country.

JENE 3.—King Oscar II of Sweden is expected in Paris this week.—There has been another strike amongst the miners at Chalonssur-Stone which has given rise to disturbances. The mob stoned the police, and in the conflict which ensued some 15 people were injured. The police managed to restore order after taking nine of the ringleaders prisoners. The rumor that William II was to visit Vienna on the occasion of the 70th birthday of the Austrian Emperor on the 18th August next has now been officially denied.—The minister of agriculture has prohibited the importation of Argentine extile into France on account of of the prevailing foot-an-in-month disease in South America. Even those animals already landed are subject to strict examination when passing from one district to another in France.

JUNG 4.—The French press is greatly interested in the South African war. The Temps were that Care Derivin her musted in the South African war.

passing from one district to another in France.

June 4.—The French press is greatly interested in the South African war. The Temps says that Great Britain has tumbled into a hornets nest from which it will be difficult to get out unscathed. The Journal des Debats prophesies that the fruits of victory will be found bitter. (The old story of the Fox and the Grapes, Egypt and Foshoda).

United States.

the Grapes, Egypt and Fashota).

United States.

May 29.— A bill has been presented to the house of representatives to raise the customs tariffs on German goods by to \(\frac{1}{2} \), as the German government has issued a prohibitive tariff on the importation of American meat—The Boer delegates have gone north.— Telegrams from Caracas (Venezuela) say that the rebel general Heriandez has been captured by the legal troops of President Castro.— The workmen on strike in St. Louis have blown up a tramway line with dynamite.— The government has ordered Admiral Schley to undertake a six months' cruise in south-east American waters. (We should have thought that went without saying under the terms of his commission, but evidently the telegrammongers are hard up for material just now.)

JUNE 1.— The health department has prohibited the entry of the s.s. Newlym into New York harbor, arriving from Buenos Aires and Rio de Janeiro.— There is an idea current in diplomatic circles in Washington that the action of the "Boxers' is not so much due to the initiative of the Chinese government as to that of a European maritime power. (We wonder which, as the telegram is most diplo

matically vague).— In the session to-day a senator said that instead of succoring her famishing subjects in India, Great Britain is spending mailtons sterling to smash the South African republics.

African republics.

June 2.— The state of Arkansus has offered
5,000,000 acres to the Boers who wish to emigrate there.— The new census for 1900 has
been begun throughout the United States.—
The sub-accountant general of Cuba has been
arrested on a charge of fraud.— The senate
has postponed the discussion of the Nicaraguan
canal project until the 10th December next.

nas postponed the discussion of the Nicaraganicanal project until the roth December next.

June 3.— The house of representatives has made an amendment in the anti-trust bill, which makes its operation more drastic in its judicial procedure.— The New York Herald publishes a telegram from Lourenço Marques saying that President Kruger and Mr. Reitz have declared that they intend to try a system of gnerrilla warfare against the British and harass their lines of communications if they are beaten out of Pretoria. Their ostensible purpose is to make it necessary for Great British to keep at least 100,000 men in the Transvaal. (If this had appeared in the most jaundiced of yellow journals we could have understood it. The northern veldt is unsuited to guerrilla warfare, and a handful of disheartened men, badly provisioned, badly equipped and thoroughly exhausted could have no chance against 100,000 men in prime condition hemming them in at all points of the compass).

JUNE 4.—Mr. Fischer, the chief of the Boer

hemming them in at all points of the compass).

JUNE 4.—Mr. Fischer, the chief of the Boer delegation, says the Boers love their country too well to emigrate, and therefore the offer of homesteads in Arkansas will not be accepted.—The committee of investigation as to practicability of the proposed South American international tailway is to leave New York on the 9th inst.—The Colombian revolutionists are attacking Panama. American marines have been landed to protect the lives and properties of fellow citizens.

Explin.

MAY 29.— M. Canille Flammarion, the astronomer, says that a considerable time must clapse before the results of the observations made on the total eclipse of the sun yesterday can be published. The observations were completely successful, the outline of the solar corona was distinct, and the position of the green line in the spectrum was verified. There also appears to have been a unanimity amongst the different scientific bodies on the general results. The sun remained totuly obscured for three seconds, and the thermometer went down three degrees centigrade.

down three degrees centigrade.

JUNE 2.— Thousands of workmen returning from Gibraltar to Spanish territory have refused to pay the new barrier tax. A conflict with the military took place, in which the latter used their rifles.— Spain and Holland have both signed the ratification of the peace resolutions passed at the Hugue—The success of the new Spanish loan to consolidate the external debts of the country is now regarded as assured. In spite of the reactionary movements of the national union (socialistic) committee, it is certain that the revenue receipts for this year will fully equal those of 1899.

JUNE 3.—Tremendous gales are reported from the Andalusian coast, with disastrous consequences to the shipping.

NEW YORK-PARA LINE.

NEW YORK-PARA LINE.

When questioned on Saturday by a representative of this journal regarding the reported project to establish a new line of steamers between New York and Pará, Brazil, prominent steamship men engaged in the Brazilian trade stated that they did not know and had not heard of any definite steps being taken to start such a line. The report was given some color by the recent advices from Pará stating among other things that the government of that place has been authorized to give such a new line about \$40,000 gold annually for 12 years as a subsidy. The steamships of the line, it was said in the reports from Pará, would be required to make 12 round trips the first year and 24 theresfer, and would have to be built to carry at least 1,500 tons cargo and accommodate 50 first class and 60 third class passengers. The vessels would have to show a speed of at least 13 knots an hour.

The representative of one of the largest and

have to show a speed of at least 13 knots an lour.

The representative of one of the largest and oldest firms in the Brazilian steamship trade said on Saturday: "I do not know of any plans under way or even contemplated to start a line from this city to Pará. As to the subsidy just granted I very much doubt if any line would be started with only that aid. If a new line is contemplated, its establishment will no doubt depend largely on the fate of the subsidy bill now in Congress Vessels now going to Pará are not carrying full cargoes, so the prospect is not very encouraging to a new enterprise. The trade certainly does not demand and will not warrant vessels of 1,500 tons; those now in that service have a much smaller tomage."—N. Y. Journal of Commerce, April 30.

The Rio News might be addressing an American audience when it says:

«One of the great misfortunes of this country is that a very large number of persons are directly or indirectly dependent on the government for their livelihood. The natural effect of such dependence is to create subservience, destroy self-respect and debase national character.

It is calculated that one in every seven-ty of New York's population is an office-holder, and we presume that the other sixty-nine would like to be office-holders.— Mer-chants' Review, New York, May 4.

THE RIO NEWS

A. J. LAMOUREUX, Editor and Proprietor

Contains a summary of news and a recipient of Brazilian affairs, a list of the arrivals and departures of foreign vessels, tables of stock quotations and sales, a summary of the daily coffee reports and all other information necessary to a correct judgment on Brazilian trade.

trade.

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EDITORIAL AND PUBLICATION OFFICES:-79, Rua Sete de Setembro.

FOSTOFFICE ADDRESS: - Caixa 258.

RIO DE JANEIRO, JUNE 5th, 1900.

As we are going to press we are advised that a telegram from the London office of the London and Brazilian Bank to the Branch office in this city, received this afternoon, conveys the intelligence "Pretoria surrendered." Great enthusiasm is manifested in the British colony and is sure to increase as the hours pass and further news come.

AT THE present moment the sanitary state of this city ought to be a subject of serious discussion, and yet it is apparently of less importance in official circles than the purely transitory measures which have been adopted for isolating patients, disinfecting rooms and restricting travel. And yet we are supposed to have in our midst one of the most terrible pests known, and our daily mortality reports show that we also have yellow-fever and small-pox. If all this is true, then the sanitary state of this city must be extremely bad, for the existence and propagation of these diseases depend very largely on unsanitary conditions. It is the custom here, unfortunately, to let matters go until an epidemic breaks out, and then to adopt spasmodic and temporary measures for the emergency, leaving the original causes untouched. As the city grows larger and becomes more densely populated, these evils are increased and the denger from enidenic outbrake in zero. patients, disinfecting rooms and restrict larger and becomes more densely populated, these evils are increased and the danger from epidemic outbreaks is proprtionally increased. To avoid the consequences of such epidemics, measures should be taken to thoroughly improve this city, and these measures should be based on a careful study of the subject and should comprise a broad and scientific scheme which can be carried out in detail through a term of years. In the first place the services of some eminent sanitary engineer should be engaged to sanitary engineer should be engaged to prepare a definite plan for sanitary im-provements, which should cover new sea walls at certain points, drainage, widwalls at certain points, drainage, widening certain streets for ventilation and traffic, pavements, the opening of new streets, the removal of the tenement population to less crowded quarters, improved transportation, water supply, wholesome food supply, and various other matters directly affecting public health. The scheme is not so large as it appears. For instance, an improvement in the water supply is less a matter it appears. For instance, an improve-ment in the water supply is less a matter of new and expensive works, than of better distribution. In legislating for a wholesome food supply, monopolies and restrictive or burdensome taxes should be prohibited. Street improvements can restly be covered by the property-holders be prohibited. Street improvements can partly be covered by the property-holders interested. And the cost of new water fronts, as in the Saúde and Gambôa districts, can be partly, if not wholly covered by the sale of new business sites. Let'us have the plan, and then let all future improvements be restricted to that plan. In a few years, or before the people expect it, the whole scheme would be realized. If it is possible for Havana and Santiago to be so improved that yellow-fever disappears, simply

through scientific sanitary measures, then surely Rio de Janeiro can easily be made as healthy and safe as any city in

We commend the article concluded in this number on The Misundersturlings of Wars to the consideration of our readers. The author, a British officer who knows by experience what he is talking about, cut not be accused of partiality or enuity. He has met the enemy in the field, and is ready to do justice to their bravery and fairness. There are passions enough aroused in actual war without exciting others by misrepresentation.

A MERCHANT of this city. Autonio Ramalho Ortigão, in a series of articles in the Gazela de Noticias on politics and finance, advises his countrymen to lay aside their barren dissensions and devote themselves to the work of saving their country from appurently impending dissolution. In order that this advice, which is excellent, may be adopted it is necessary to secure for every one liberty for working peacefully in such a manner as seems to him most useful, undisturbed by the liability of seeing his labor interrupted at any moment by the intolerant and brust violence and who for the sake of increasing that power and who for the sake of increasing that power and of maintaining their hold on it are unscrupnlons in the measures to which they resort for the nurpose of overawing opposition. The business men of Brazil can, if they will, contribute nowerfully to this result, and, if the writer of those articles succeeds in making them see this, he will have conferred a great benefit on them and on all the rest of his countrymen. his countrymen.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

—The City of Suntos Improvements Co. Ld. held its 19th annual general meeting in London on the 25th April. The chairman, Mr. D. M. Fox, said the new 20-theh undu and accessory works were completed to the satisfaction of the government, and had then been in service for six months without giving cuse for complaint. The new main has a capacity of over 5 million gallous per day, and added to the 8-in, and 10 in, mains, Santos has a full supply of 60 gallous per head per day for 100,000 people. As the present pountation does not exceed 40,000 to 50,000, Santos is well provided with water from the mountains for many long years. For the execution of this work, Messrs, Heyland, Hugo, Stenhouse, Huggins and their engineers—many of whom are Brazilius—were highly commended. The nominal profit on the year's working was £2,977 85, 9d. bat, excluding exchange differences and the exigencies of the system of bookkeeping, the actual profit was £4,815 105, 5d. After the chairman had given a hopeful description of the prospects for 1900, he proposed a dividend which brought up the annual rate to 6 per cent, which was passed unanimously.

—The chairman of the Porto Alegre and New Hamburg Railway Co., (Mr. T. C. Tatham) had a cheerless report to present to the shareholders of his little 27 mile line, on April 27. The total increase of the net balance for the year over 1808 was only 1.72 per cent. The government had removed the custom house from Porto Alegre to Rio Grande, and had disallowed, when miking up the guarance, a fixed gold salary of £700 a year to the manager was objected to by the fiscal, although the previous manager received £1,200 yearly without question. The present manager, Mr. Tweedie, of 15 years standing, has had his paper salary vary from £500 to the manager was objected to by the fiscal, although the previous manager received £1,200 yearly without question. The present manager was objected to by the fiscal, although the previous manager received £1,200 yearly without question. The present extra

Sul must be a fine art. The chairman was enabled to declare a dividend of 8s. per share for the year.

—The directors of the Alagoas Railway Co. Ld. presented their annual report to the shareholders on April 27. The chairman, Mr. John Beaton, complained of the dry season through which the line had passed through 1899, and yet was enabled to announce that a decrease of 10 per cent in receipts was more than met by a decrease of 14 per cent in expenditure, which allowed a surplus of 213 contos in 1899, against 204 contos in 1898. The balance of the net revenue account announted to £33,387, and from that a dividend of 3 per cent per annum was declared on the share capital. The prospects of the line for 1900 were slightly more favorable than in the previous year, but a great deal depended on the expected improvement in the finances of Brazil. The company, however, land great fath in the rectitude of President Campos Salles and his ministers.

—The 29th annual general meeting of the

the year's working were of a satisfactory nature. The outlook for the year 1900 is an encouraging one, in view of the coming coffee crop and larger production of India rubbes. The bank now owns premises at Lisbon, Pará, Pernambuco, Rio de Jaueiro. Santos, São Paulo, Rio Grande do Sul, Buenos Aires and Montevideo, and other premises are being started in Rosario de Suita Fé. The total dividend for the year was 100/10, with a boms of Ss. per share. Highly satisfactory working.

—The report of the directors of the Central Bahia Railway Co. for the year ended December 31st last states that the traffic receipts amounted to £129,722, as compared with £157,459 for the year 1858, being a decrease of £27,736. The continuation of the drought, which has prevailed throught the district served by the railway for the whole of the past year, has very seriously affected the revenue. The receipts from tobacco have fallen over 55 per cent., and that from coffee nearly 69 per cent., whilst the general movement of traffic on the line has been impeded. The expenditure in Brazil amounted to £147, 655, as compared with £137,501, being an increase of £10,153. The government guarantee has this year been again paid in funding bonds, which have been sold at an average price of about \$4 per cent net. The revenue account shows that after making provision for the interest on the company's debentures and debenture stocks, and for the sinking fund required by the trust deed, and after payment of the interior dividend for the half-year ended June 90th, 1890, there remains a balance amounting to £6,991. The directors recommend the payment of a dividend of recent, for the half-year, making, with the interin dividend for the half-year ended June 90th, 1890, there remains a balance amounting to £6,991. The directors recommend the payment of a dividend of reper cent, for the half-year, making, with the intering the impossible during the past year to move in the question of the branch lines authorised but the hoard have decided, in conjunction with t

LEGISLATIVE NOTES

LEGISLATIVE NOTES

MAY 28.—Chamber of Deputies.—The chamber acceded to the senate's proposal for the appointment of a joint committee to report on electoral legislation. On motion of Deputy Francisco Sá a special committee was appointed to report a bill on mining property. Deputy Sylvio Romero's bill on commercial transactions was referred to the budget committee. His bill on public lands by a vote of \$10.50 was not admitted to discussion.

MAY 29.—Chamber of Deputies.—Deputy Eduardo Ramos introduced a bill exempting from duty merchandisse imported by municipal governments for sanitation, lighting, water works, railways, river navigation and public instruction. The chamber voted in 1st discussion the bill on liens on agricultural products and the bill on the organization of rural credit companies.

MAY 30.—Senale.—The senate voted in 1st discussion the states lottery bill and the bill on the reorganization of the federal district.—Chamber of Deputies.—The bill on notary public's offices, office for protesting notes and mortgage registry was recommitted.

MAY 31.—Senale.—There was received a petition asking for relief for the sufferers from drouth in Ceard.—Chamber of Deputies.—The bill on motary bill was voted in 2nd discussion. Deputy Sylvio Romero presented a petition of the Cent o Commercial on commercial labels. The budget committee reported against Messrs. Norton, Megaw & Co's claim for interest amounting to £ 2,493 to s. 7 d. and \$6,661.77 for delay in the payment of accounts for merchandise furnished to the Central railway.

JUNE 1.—Senale.—The clair appointed three senators to serve on the ioint committee.

\$9,60.77 for delay in the payment of accounts for merchandise furnished to the Central railway.

JUNE 1.—Senale.—The chair appointed three senators to serve on the joint committee for reporting on the electoral legislation of the country. Senator Paranaguá and Pires Ferreira discussed political affairs in Plaulty.—Chamber of Deputies.—Deputy Eduardo Ramos moved to ask for information in regard to sundry merchandise imported by state and municipal governments and in regard to exemption from duty on certain articles imported by those governments and by associations and others. Deputy Barbosa Lina, moved to appoint a committee for framing a military code.

JUNE 2.—Chamber of Deputies.—Special committees were appointed to report on the following subjects:—judicial organization of the federal district, bills on lunatics, assistance to agriculture, national guard and the press.

COFFEE NOTES

The shipments of coffee from Rio dur-ing the month of May, according to our ex-changes, amounted to 170,905 bags.

Letters are appearing in the provincial papers advising planters not to hurry their coffee to market as prices are sure to be higher by and by.

The coffee commissaries of this city have protested against the measures adopted for disinfecting the empty coffee bags sent back up-country, and the protest has been referred to the director-general of public health.

Telegrams from abroad state an accord has been reached between Brazil and Italy in regard to the duties on Brazilia coffee. It is also said that France has consented to knock off 20 fr anes, which in our opinion is not sufficient.

ficient.

The Commercio de S. Paulo of the 28th fult, says that recent torcential raius have greatly prejudiced the coffee crop in the Ribeirão Preto district. At Mocdea and other points the rains have knocked off much fruit, the damage being estimated at one-third of the crop.

PROVINCIAL NOTES

—It is stated that ex-Gov. Luiz Vianna will leave for Europe on the 28th inst. —In Ceará on the 2nd inst a meeting was held to ask for relief for sufferers from the drouth

drouth.

— The cattle plague which is just now so prejudical to Argentine commerce has broke n out in Pernambuco, and large numbers have succumbed before the pest.

— A Buhi a telegram of the 31st ult, announces the death in that city of Mr. George Anderson, a well-known merchant, who was Russian vice-consul and acting British consul for that port.

—A Victoria telegram of the a set ult, care

for that port.

—A Victoria telegram of the 31st ult, says a report is current that a robbery has occurred in the revenue collector's office at Nova Almeida. As the books have disappeared, the facts have not yet been made public.

—The governor of Espirito Santo is said to have dismissed a considerable number of cubic functionaries as a measure of economy. In the police force 50 men have been dropped besides the places made vacant in regular course.

course.

On the 31st ult, three passengers arrived in \$50 Paulo and were unable or disinclined to say where they intended to go. Consequently they were sent to the Isolamento hospital for lodgings and observation. In these trying times it is dangerous to be independent.

dent.

—At Paranaguá a popular commission prevented the sanitary authorities visiting the coasting steamer a Prudente de Moraesa and refused to allow day communication with the land, because the said steamer came from Rio de Janeiro. After three days embargo, the steamer proceeded up the bay to Autonina and landed her passengers, among whom was Senator Vicente Machado.

Senator Vicente Machado.

—A brutal assault is reported from the «Nova Baden» colony, near Aguas Virtuosas, Minas Geraes, in which the administrator of the colony, a Sr. Archimedes (no relation of the ancient mathematician of that name) seems to have played the principal part. Two Italians named Serafine and Cottoy, hearing letters of recommendation, arrived at Aguas Virtuosas in search of employment. They were referred to Archimedes, who treated them affably and took them to the colony. On arrival, however, he suddenly set upon them with some men, threatened to burn them alive, and then gave them a brutal beating. One of them is seriously injured. The Italian consul is said to be investigating the outrage.

RAILROAD NOTES

The Egyptian war office has recently or-dered 20 locomotives for Egyptian railways from the Baldwin Locomotive Works.

The disinfecting stat on at Ruiz da Serra, on the Petropolis line, is now in full blast, and the good people of Petropolis are able to get home before «the scent of the roses» has left them.

—The government has accepted the proposal of the engineer, Dr. José Pernambuco, for the lease of the Sul de Pernambuco railway. The lessee must deposit 400,000\$ before signing the contract.

mg the contract.

The United States consul at Pará says that
the Pará state government bought several
locomotives last year, spending about 600,000
milreis (say \$100,000) and that an appropriation of 2,000,000 milreis is now to be made for
more material.

more material.

—One of the provisions of the sanitary regulations is that nothing can be shipped over a railway which can not be opened and examined. This prevented a photographer from going to São Paulo a few days ago because his plates were sealed up in a tin case and he could not have them opened without spoling

them.

-A modification in the Leopoldina company's Petropolis service went into effect on the 1st inst. Passengers for Petropolis on and after that date are permitted to take baggage with them consisting of wearing appearel in actual use providing it is presented at the Prainha station an hour before the departure of the barea for disinfection.

para for disinfection.

—A regular general meeting of shareholders of the Mogyana company was held at Campinas on the 27th ult. at which the report of the directors was approved and Dr. Moraes Salles was elected president of the company. The shareholders also voted to integralize the 300 partly-paid shares of its late president, Dr. Salles de Oliveira, deceased, as a gift to his children.

—The traffic receipts of the Central Bihia railway for the month of March amounted to 134.631 \$940 in currency, against 1.05,705780 in the corresponding month of 1899, showing an increase of 25,924\$160. Exchange being rated at 7,31/32d. this year against 6.23/32d, last, these receipts are equivalent to £4,470 in 1900 against £2,950 in 1899, a gain of £1,511. The aggregate receipts in sterling since 181,230 last, an increase of £6,026.

—The estimated traffic receipts of the Leopoldina railway for the week ending May 26th were 217,139\$ in currency, against 29,555\$ in the corresponding week of last year, a decrease of \$1,416\$. Exchange was \$23/32 d., against 725/32 d. last year, which give sterling equivalents for the foregoing of £7,880 in 1900 against £9,680 in 1890, a decrease of £1,792. The aggregate receipts since 1st January have been £195,852 this year, against £172,225 last, showing an increase of £2,627.

SHIPPING NOTES

Ceará, has prohibited the discharge of vessels at that port coming from infected ports.

—The passengers who left Rio on the 2nd inst, by the Lamport & Holt steamer *Buffon,* for Barbados and New York, were the following; Miss Carlota Delmar, Mrs. Silbor and 2 children. Lieut. Com. Wm. G. Lowe, U. S. N., Mr. Robert C. Brown, Mr. J. H. Gants, Mr. W. R. McLean and 7 third-class.

—We have had a call from the master of the Br. bg. *C.R. C.* which was wrecked on the Paredes rocks off Caravellas on April 19th last. The ship is a total loss and the hulk was recently sold for 1505, after certain parts of rigging, etc., had been removed. Through the assistance of Mr. Walter Schofield, of Caravellas, the master succeeded in saving 1650 tubs of codfish, 1550 of which have already come down to Rio. The remaining 100 tubs are in deposit at Caravellas, the local state revenue office demanding over two contos export duties on the merchandise. This is an outureous exaction and should be resisted. The master of the &C. R. C.* is to be congratulated on saving so much of his cargo, as a local timp had arranged to hid in the fish at a price which would have barely covered his expenses.

price which would have barely covered his expenses.

A new steamer, named the "Raeburn," has been launched letely on the Clyde for Messis, Jamport & Holt for their South American trade, and has been specially fitted for cattle traffic. She is 405 feet long between perpendiculars, 52 feet broad and 31 feet deep. She has a shade deck fore and aft on which it is designed to carry sheep, whilst the main deck is fitted up for carrying cattle, for which purpose the most modern appliances are employed, particular attention being given to ventilation and fresh water supply. The ship has a ceilular double bottom fore and aft, the spaces under the eight early the fresh water in view of the large quantity required for the cattle. The officers and engineers are housed antidships on the shade deck, the seamen, firemen, etc., forward and the cattlemen aft on the main deck. Both ship and machinery are fitted with the most recent improvements for a first-class cattle and cargo steamer.

LOCAL NOTES

— On the 29th inst, 25 additional sanitary inspectors were nominated at a monthly salary of 500\$ each.

—We are still awaiting the reports of the ministers, which in order to be useful should have been ready a month ago, when congress net

ministers, which in order to be useful smouth have been ready a month ago, when congress met.

—The President will visit the American war vessels in port to-morrow. The reception on the 8Chicagos on Thursday, we regret to hear, has been postponed.

—Congress is evidently preparing to extend the session once more beyond the term fixed by the constitution. Last month scarcely any progress was made in legislative work.

—One of the results of the sanitary dictarship existing here is the refusal of many poor people to call in the doctor when ill for fear of being packed off to Jurujub.

—A liberal distribution of disinfectants would doubtless be more beneficial to public health than all the arbitrary and costly measures adopted by the sanitary authorities.

—The widow of Gen. Solon has complained to the press of the delay in the payment of the penion to which she is entitled. This delay, it seems, is causing her no little pecuniary embarrassment.

—On Saturday last the disinfection station received notice that dead rats have been discovered at the Polytechnic School. Perhaps they had been attending lectures on public hygiene, or something of that description.

—The arbitrary methods of the health authorities are exciting considerable discontent. Even the positivists, who supported the corrupt and sanguinary despotism of Marshal Floriano Peixoto, have protested against those methods.

—By order of the federal judge of this dis-

Floriano Peixoto, have protested against those methods.

—By order of the federal judge of this district Councillor Andrade Figueira's account current at the Banco do Commercio was examined last Thursday by accountants appointed for this pun pose, who report that his deposits with interest thereon amounted last year to 194, 230\$20 and that his withdrawals amounted last year to 53,579\$ and this year to 20,777\$750 in January and to 162,900\$ in February.

Those who are fond of the smell of car-bolic acid can get all they want in the custom-house deposits.

mores deposits.

"The homeopathists are using a medical preparation called tarantula cubensis as a remedy for bubonic pest. The minister of finance, Dr. Joquim Murtinlo, used it in the case of Dr. João Danias, and, unfortunately, without good results.

Dr. Joao Danias, and, unfortunately, without good results.

—Vellow-fever seems to be still making victims in the city notwithstanding the season. There we've 2 deaths on the 1st, 2 on the 2nd and 1 on the 3rd. Surely there must be something very wrong with the sanitary condition of the city!

—Some days ago the police seized copies of the so-called monarchist journal O Rebate that were offered for sale, and arrested the editor and manager of that journal. Subsequently the prisoners were released and the publication of the journal has continued.

—The chamber of deputies has granted leave of absence for two months each to Deputies Indio do Brazil and Sylvio Romero to treat of their health. And Senator Vicente Machado is already off to Paraná, where he spends more than half the congressional session.

—On Saturday last au alleged bubonic case was removed from No. 72 Rus Frei Caneca, the residence of Col, Numa Vieira, president of the municipal council. The colonel and his family were not sent to the quarantine station, and it is said was not even properly disinfected.

—The celebrated untionalist organ O favobino, which was suspended when its proprietor and editor were arrested for coundicity in the conspiracy against Presidente Prulente de Moraes, reappeared last week. The police, however, promply seized the copies offered for sale and desiroyed them.
—On Saturday Sr. Camelo Lampreia, exclarged d'affaires of Portugal in this capital, was presented with a bronze bust of himself by a group of Beazilian friends. There was a singular appropriateness in this token of appreciation on both sides and we have great pleasure in tendering them our hearty congratulations.
—It is stated that a marriage has been arranged between Dr. José Bonifacio Continho, professor in the S. Paulo law school, and D. Sophia de Campos Salles, daughter of the President. On Thursday Dr. Continho left for Europe on the steamer Thames, the wife and three daughters of the President taking leave of him on board.
—On the 1st inst, a poor woman in Rua dos luvalidos advised the police that having a child ill in her house with small-pox she had notified the inspector of hygiene of the circumstance, but that he had refused to remove it to the hosnital. Perhaps the poor woman did not know that the small pox hospital has been turned into a bubonic quarantine station.
—The national government has taken over the supreme direction of sanitary matters in this capital and has placed the consolidated service under the control of Dr. Nuno de Andrade, director general of public health. Before the sanitary service of the port was under the control of Dr. Nuno de Andrade, director general of public health. Before the sanitary service of the port was under the control of Dr. Nuno de Andrade, director general of public health. Before the sanitary service of the

whom there are many charming recollections in Rio.

—The 3rd election commission has resolved to report in favor of the opposition candidates in the 2nd election district of the state of Rio de Janeiro, or the candidates opposed to the governor of the state. It looks very much as though Senator Quintino will have to retire to private life once more —that is, if he still thinks his own title depends upon the recognition of the governor's candidates. It is said that the commission will report in favor of the opposition in other districts, and that the governor will have only one-third of the representation.

—The election committee of the chamber for this capital has reported in favor of the recognition of Srs. Irinen, Godoy, Lagden and Nelson. There are two dissenting votes, Deputy Magalhāss voting in favor of Fonseca Hermes in place of Lagden, and Deputy Cassiano do Nascimento in favor of Fonseca Hermes and Alcindo Guanabara in place of Lagden and Nelson. It looks as though these elections are being determined by personal preference rather than actual returns. It is a matter of stifsaction, it may be said, that the eastifhista candidates are left out.

—In common with the speculators who

the castillusta candidates are left out.

—In common with the speculators who want a gigantic job for sanitary improvements in this city, the Paiz has undertaken to hold the City Improvements Co, responsible for the pollution of the bay. The pollution was pretty well advanced before the company was created, if we mistake not. And until the authorities abate the pollution still going on lal along the shore lines, at the arsenals, by the Misericordia Hospital, the Sisters school in Botafogo, etc., etc., it would be well perhaps not to say overmuch about what the company is doing.

—By far away the most interesting photo-

company is doing.

—By far away the most interesting photograph album we have seen for years is that now lying on the table of the reading room in the Circulo Catholico da Mocidade in Rus Sunto Antonio. It bears the appropriate title of sSunny Memories, and a happier one for a collection of photographs would be difficult to find. The donor is evidently an Englishman, as the snap shots include views of Humpstead Heath and incidents in the sports at Icaraby. Beautiful bits of Brazil are sprinkled throughout the collection, and most of the views seem to have been taken by the same snap-shooter. We admired the album sufficiently to covet it.

—The continued delay in the indicial pro-

sufficiently to covet it.

—The continued delay in the judicial proceedings in the conspiracy case led the prisoners, who have now been incarcerated for over two months, to apply again last week for habeas corpus. The case was heard by the supreme court on Saturday and on this occision Judge Macedo Soares united with Judge Pisa e Almeida in voting for the release of the prisoners. Ir the minds of the judges there seems to be gradually forming the conviction that the delay is unjustifiable, abusive and scandalous. In is consequently probable that, unless the proceedings are hereafter rendered more expeditious, the supreme court will speedly order the release of the prisoners.

—On the soft out a sunitary inspector

— On the 30th ult. a suntarry inspector invaded the residence of a family at No. 100 Run da Assemblea where a woman was ill. ordered her to Jurujuba as a suspected case of bubonic pest, and sent three other members of the family to quarantine at the S. Schostido yellow-fever hospital. The neighbors affirm that the woman was ill with erysipelas, with which she has been afflicted for several years. Of course the sanitary inspector knew nothing. which she has been afficted for several years. Of course the sanitary inspector knew nothing about that, nor would be listen to anything. Their residence was closed, bedding, clothes, etc., were taken off to be desinfected and the place was flooded with disinfectants—and all for a case of erysipelas!

for a case of erysipelas!

— On Tuesday night last an old gasometer, said to have been 40 years old, belonging to the Rio Gas Co., exploded in San Diogo and caused consternation in that district. Fortunately the advanced hour, 10 p.m., at which the explosion took place prevented more disastrous results. A watchman employed by the company was scalded and otherwise injured, but not sufficiently to put his life in danger. Two or three people in adjacent streets were slightly injured. We hear that a police enquiry is being made into the cause of the explosion, but it would have been more satisfactory if the municipal inspector had condemned the antiquated gasometer some time ago.

ago.

— Dr. Chapot Prevost has created a great sensation in Rio by his operation last week, in cutting asunder the two female children who were joined together breast to breast from their birth. The operation was long studied beforehand, and was eminently successful from a surgical point of view, the two children under his most assiduous care doing well up to vesterday, when the weaker one died. The case has attracted general attention from the public, and the President was amongst the first to convey his congratulations to the surgeon. The result was no sooner known than Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Cross felicitated Dr. Chapot Prevost and contributed 2005 for the expenses of the children. Their practical example has been followed by other sympathisers.

—The Rio Seamen's Mission is an institution worthy of the heartiest support of our community as it does effective work amongst sailors in a modest and unassuming manner. We have been favored to-day with a copy of its report for the year 1899, and from this we regret to see that funds are sadly needed. During the past year the expenditure of the mission has exceeded the income by over four contos, which, if anything, is a credit to those in charge. Amongst the purely secular items we notice that 1,604 free beds were given, 643 free meals, and in 26 cases clothing was given to destitute seamen. Jack ashore made 6,192 visits to the reading room, which has been removed from a sky-parlor to the first floor, and has had 175 letters written and posted for him. Religious attendance to ships, hospitals etc. has been unsparingly given. Many of our best known men have countributed generously in the past, and will do so in the future, but new friends are also wanted to take an interest in the work. Ladies make excellent assistant missionaries and should be enlisted. -The Rio Seamen's Mission is an institution

-On Tuesday last (28th May) Dr. Joaquim Murtinho was called to attend Dr. João de —On Tuesday last (38th May) Dr. Joaquim Murtinho was called to attend Dr. João de Souzi Dantas, president of the Sapucaly company, who resided in the Edificadora edifice (a boarding house) at 192 Rua das Larmijeiras. After several examinations, it was decided on the 31st that the patient had bubonic pest, and an injection of anti-bubonic serum was at once given. His brother, Dr. José Dantas, who had been in attendance on his brother, also received a hypodernic injection of the serum. The case was promptly reported to Dr. Nuno de Andrade, and the official bacteriologist, Dr. Emilio Gomes, visited the patient and made a bacteriological examination. The interesting character of this case lies in the fact that the patient was not removed to the pest hospital and that Dr. Joaquim Murtinho, minister of funnee, and others who had been in attendance, were not removed to the quarantine station. The building, however, was vacated and declared isolated, and Dr. Joaquim Murtinho has a special sanitary official appointed to visit him daily during the next ten days. The patient died, we regret to say, on Sunday last and was buried in the São João Baptista cemetery. João Baptista cemetery.

NOTICE.

The Admiral and officers of the United States squadron in this port regret extremely that they have been obliged to postpone, until a later date, the entertainment they had hoped to give to their American and Brazilian friends on Thursday next. The ships will sail Thursday in the morning.

BIRTH.
HARWOOD-JONES.—On April 20th at 40,
Sheen Park. Richmond, Surrey, the wife of
G. Harwood-Jones, 5fa son.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

Relatorio do Hospital Samaritano for the year 1899. The report shows that 218 patients were admitted during the year, and It were received from the preceding year, making 229 in all. A special ward having been arranged for children, it is expected that the admissions will be greatly increased in this direction. There were 28' deaths during the year and r3 remained under treatment, showing that 189 had gone out wholly or partially cured. Of the total 82 were treated gratuitously, and 102 were treated for a purely nominal charge, or less than cost. The total receipts for the year were 75,1848/70 and the expenditures 80,3665-210. As there was a balance of 8,069\$670 from the preceding year, the deficit was covered and there remains a balance of 2,887\$600 for 1900. Besides this the hospital has a special fund in the Bank for the construction of a mirses' chalet, which now amounts to 15.680\$650. Considering that the Hospital Simuritano only began work in 1894, this report reflects exceptional credit upon its management and upon those who are interested in its support. It has already distanced its elder sister, the Stranger's Hospital of Rio, as a practical working institution, not only in the number of cases treated, but in the number of cases treated, but in the number of cases treated, but in the number of the state of \$30 Paulo continues to pay the hospital an annual subsidy of 12,000\$.

Business Notes

—The retail price of disinfectants has gone up fifty per cent, in this city.

It is stated that an extractum carnis factory will shortly be established at Juiz de

Fora.

—Last year the Companhia Mate Larangeira produced 4.752.224 kilos of mate, or 185,682 kilos more than in 1898.

— A reduced telegraphic tariff between Argentina and Brazil has been arranged which is to come into force on the 1st July.

-In the opinion of the president of the Banco Rio and Mato-Grosso the financial and commercial situation has been precarious, but has now improved.

Commercial standor has been precarbots, our has now improved.

—Burdensome faxation prevents the cheapening of the necessaries of life and consesequently the public is deriving no benefit from the rise in exchange.

—The imaguration of electric light at Rio Claro, São Paulo, took place on Sanday the 3rd inst. The governor and several members of his staff were present.

—The representation of the Centro Commercial against the new bankruptcy law was submitted to the chamber of deputies by Deputy Sylvio Romero on the 31st ult.

—The safe deposit at the Exchange building

—The safe deposit at the Exchange building will, it is stated, be ready for depositors next week. A full description, with the name of the man in charge, has been published for the benefit of cracksmen.

—Last year the receipts of the Empreza Viação do Brazil amounted to 378,266\$205 and the expenses to 253,600\$50. The company's steamboats made 34 trips on the S. Francisco river and 19 on its tributaries.

The profits of the Banco Rio e Mato-Grosso amounted last year to 427,412\$200 of which 360,000\$ were paid in dividends to the shareholder, 45,000\$ were carried to the reserve fund and 22,412\$220 to the new year.

The government is advertising its savings bank (caixa economica), which aunounces that it will pay 4 1/2 "l₀ interest on deposits. The deposits, it should be added, are covered into the treasury and are considered as re-

The São Paulo Light and Power Co. has prosecuted the Viação Paulista company for losses and damages caused by the repeated embargoes and interruptions in work occasioned by that company. There is justice in such an action, and we should like to see it established that purely vexatious embargoes shall be held responsible for the losses caused.

such an action, and we should like to see it established that purely vexations embargoes shall be held responsible for the losses caused.

—On Thursday morning last the soldiers on guard at the S. Domingos ferry station were seen laying in a good supply of cut tobacco in a manner which does not inspire much confidence in our protectors. A cartload of cut tobacco in sucks was waiting at the station for the ferry-boat when the three men walked up, forced open the seams and filled their pockets.

—The president of the Companhia Mate Larangeira says that the agent of the company in the United States has succeeded in promoting in Philadelphia theorganization of the Verba Mate Tea Co. with a capital of Stooco. The American company, he adds, has, with the assistance of Minister Assis Brazil and Dr. Cordeiro da Graça, aiready accomplished important results.

—The budget commission of the chamber is of the opinion that the government is not responsible for interest on delayed payments for material purchased for the Central railway of Messrs. Norton Megaw & Co., the said interest amounting to 22,403:10:17. In other words, when the government enters into a contract or commercial transaction, it is not bound by said contract or by any custom or law governing commercial transactions.

—A private letter from Porto Alegre, Rio Grande do Sul, says; —wThings are going on quietly here as far as politics are concerned and still quieter as regards finances. With the contraction of the currency, the stamp act, and the drought, many of our inhabitants are in a bad way. It is said there are several hundred unemployed 'catiseiros' and nearly a thousand vacant houses in this city. Importing houses are doing, they inform me, less than half the business they did during corresponding months last year. We rejoice in a strong state government, however, for which in times like these we should be thankful, else there might be anarchy as in bygone years. No one seems to see much hope of early betterment.

FINANCIAL NOTES

—Pope Lemos does not believe in the success of President Campos Salles' financial measures.

—After having caused an enormous useless expenditure of the tax-payers' money, the carta cadastral commission has at last been extinguished.

—On last Tuesday eighteen fines of 6003 each were imposed on persons who had neglected to stamp receipts. The minister evidently wants to make up the deficit by means of fines.

—The minister of finance buryand and the stamp receipts.

evidently wants to make up the deficit by means of fines.

— The minister of finance burned some more reis, non verba, on Saturday last, the amount being 2,000,000\$. At the same time 3,000 bonds of the loan of 1839 were burned, para inglez ver.

— Last month the gold receipts of the Rio de Janeiro custom-house amounted to 628,319\$577, against 52,28,95490 in May, 1899. The increase was only 105,480\$168, or less than 20 of, although the gold duties were 50 %, higher than they were last year.

— The gold receipts of the Rio de Janeiro custom-house for the five months ended on the 31st uit, amounted to 2,611,586\$704, against 2,537,919\$ for the 1st five months 1890. Thus the gold duties, which are 50 % heavier this year, have produced an increase of less than 3 %, in the gold revenue.

— The minister of finance has instructed the sectional solicitor of the republic to use the utmost diligence in clusing to be collected the fines imposed for infractions of the consumption tax regulations. The minister is apparently counting upon these fines to make his revenue aggregate look better.

— The following returns of customs receipts for the month of May have been made nublic.

The following returns of customs receipts for the month of May have been made public.

tor the month of May have been made public:

1900
1899
Rio de Janeiro. 4.752.151\$1\$10 5.635.716\$258
Ceará. 547.779\$251 5.22180\$585
Santa Catharina. 44.398\$417 not stated
Macahé. 13.671\$653 » b

— The Diario Official of to-day publishes a statement relating to the paper currency which shows that the decrease in circulation in May was 5.006.879\$000, of which 5.000,000\$ were withdrawn and burnt according to the provisions of the funding loan, the balance being discounts on called-in notes. The total outstanding circulation on 31st May was 709,-692,004\$000.

—We were pleased to see that the

-We were pleased to see that the 4 per cent, stock of the Brazilian loan of (889 had jumped a couple of points to 66¼ in the London market on Wednesday last. This is probably due to the favorable reception of President Campos Salles' message by the London press, including the Fall Mall Gaztle, which is usually sceptical on the subject of Brazilian financial reform.

Brazilian financial reform.

In 1899 taxation was much heavier than in 1895, and for this year it has again been increased. The result as is shown by the foregoing figures, is a large decrease in revenue. It is certainly much to be repretted that President Campos Salles did not arrive sooner at the resolution expressed in his last message, of not increasing the burdens of the people and it is to be hoped that he will now see the necessity of reducing those burd.

-The following is a statement of the gold receipts for the month of May at the custom-houses reported up to this date:

1900

| 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,00

—The receipts of the Rio de Janeiro custom-house amounted last mouth to 4,752,1405608, against 5,635,7165258 in June, 1899, and 6,638-3465 in the corresponding period of 1898. Those of the Rio de Janeiro general revenue office were as follows:

office were as follows:

1898 ... 1,427,954\$129
1899 ... 3,289,505\$914
1900 ... 3,033,815\$142
For the 5 months ended on May 3: the receipts of the custom-house and general revenue

office were as follows:

1	1898		
	Custom-house Gea'l Rev. Office	36,450,139 8 999 7,262,646 \$ 440	
	1S99		43,712,786\$439
	Custom-house Gen'l Rev. Office	31,942,223\$115 8,959,839\$023	40,902,062\$138
	1900		
	Custom-house	19,613,692\$039 11,064,775\$752	30.678,467\$79

COMMERCIAL.

Rio de Janeiro, June 5th, 1900. the Brazilian milreis (1\$000), do of the Brazilian milreis (15000) in U. S. coin at \$4.86,65 per £ Bank rate of exchange, official, on London to-day 9 3/16

Present value of the Brazilian mil reis (gold) 29/38

Present value of the Brazilian mil reis 7/40/18. Present value of the Brazilian mil reis (paper).

Present value of the Brazilian mil reis 30 rs. gold value of the Brazilian mil reis in U. S. coin at \$4,50 per £ 18.37 c.

Value of \$1.00 (\$4,50 per £ 1. str. in Brazilian currency (paper)... \$53.78

Value of £7. sterling , ... 254.22

EXCHANGE.

May 28.—Today's market showed great firmness with a rising tendency, and a large amount of business was done.

was done.

Official quotations on London were:

Bank bills...... opening 8 %

"" closing 9-9 1/32

Private bills..... opening 8 15/16

Official value of the milres 339-340 rets gold.

May 29.—The market today was firm again and transactions was reported.

Official value of the milred. An important amount of transactions was reported.

May 30.—The principal feature of the market was its unsteadiness, rates varying irrequently; business done was tolerably large. Official quotations on London were as follows:

May 31.—There was no change in the tone of the tarket, rates remaining unsteady. Business move-tent continued active.

official value of the milreis 338—343 reis gold. June 1.—The market was weak, but there were still great number of transactions registered.

June 2 .- Today's market was still weak and inactive.

Official value of the milreis 336-338 reis gold.

BRASILIANISCHE BANK FÜR DEUTSCHLAND

BALANCE SHEET, JIST MINT, 19	
Assets:	
Guaranteed accounts	4,365,010\$76
Head office, branches and agencies	15,795,683 74
Bills receivable	4,930,863 70
do discounted	13,684,153 80
do pledged	2,303,291 40
Securities pledged	5,724,020 58
do deposited	12,513,049 22
Cash, in current funds	13,660,471 71
	72,976,544\$94
Liabilities:	
Capital subscribed (1 mark = 1\$000) Deposits in account current:	
With interest	9,213,789 13
Without interest	8,800,812 59
II 1 - Gion branches and correspondents	6 625 161 15

72,976,544\$944 E. & O. E. Directors:-Theil - Gutschow.

LONDON AND BRAZILIAN BANK, LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET, 31ST MAY 1900. Assets:

 Capital, uncalled
 6,666,666570

 Bills discounted.
 2,559,76° 50°

 Bills receivable
 9,304,215 und

 Head office and branches
 1,225,64 750

 Head office and branches
 1,225,64 750

 Loans, current accounts, etc.
 4,654,257 too.

 Secarities for accounts current, etc.
 5,540,711 970

 Sundry accounts
 11,187,815 540

 Cash.
 11,187,815 540
 Liabilities : 52,345,812\$130

52,345,812\$130

Rio de Janeiro, 4th June 1900.

For the London and Brazilian Bank, Limited,

F. Broad, Manager. F. R. Prior, Actg. Accountant

MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 5th June, 1900.

Exports.

Exports.

Coffee.—There was a considerable improvement in the market at the end of the past, and the buying for the last two days was on a larger scale. After a decline of some 50 reis per arroba early in the week, there are generally early to the week, there are generally early to the week, there are generally early early

The detailed movements of the market during the ast week were as follows:

Ruling prices during the week for N. Y. Type
No. 7 at Rio, and for Good Average
at Santos, with daily reported sales
at the former market.

		Rio N. 7 per arroba	Reported saies	Santos, Goo Average per 10 kilos
May.	28	12\$600-12\$700	1,000 bags.	8\$000
٠,,	29	12 300-12 400	5,000 ,,	7 900
	30	12 300-12 400	4,000 ,,	7 900
	31	12 000-12 200	3,000 ,,	7 900
June	1	12 000-12 200	17,000 ,,	8 000
,,	2	12 300-12 500	11,000 .,	8 600
The	e shi	pments since ou	r last report	have been :

15,231 bags for the United States
4,175 " Europe
1,588 " "River Plate, etc.
12,395 " Coastwise 4,175 ··· 1,588 ··· 12,395 ···

33,389 bags.

Un	ited States:	bags
May 27 June 2	New York Belg. str. Wordsworth do Br. str. Buffon	11,637 5,148
Ei	irope:	
	Hamburg Germ. str. Argentina Rotterdam do	8,474 500
31	Southampton and option Br. str. Tha- mes	600
Co	astwise:	
May 25	Southern ports str. Aymoré	1,39
28	Northern ports str. Olinda	515
29	do str. Grão-Pará	3.45

against 20,312 bags for the previous week and 23,760 bags for the week before. Brokers' quotations, according to New-York types were the following:

May 26

The stripments of coffee during May last, were

United States:		
		bags.
New York	50,920	
Baltimore	19,012	
Daremore		69,932
Europe:		
Hamburg	25,679	
Havre	12,094	
Genoa	5,275	
Tricste	5,098	
Ma seilles	5,012	
Auf werp	3,500	
Southampton	1,830	
Loudon	1,208	
Bo deaux	625	
Odessa	500	
0.41	375	
Constantinople	125	
Coustinatinopini		61,321
C 222 540 . 22		
(// / / // // // // // // // // // // /	di	
E've-P'ete	10,7980	
Case of Good Hope	0,000	
Va na a so	332	
		20.1 4
Coastroise:		
No 1e n .0 .4	14,704	
Sout de d pel S	1.714	
		19,538
Total		170,903
1		-,-,50.

	bags.
Ornstein & Co	25,12
Theodor Wille Co	14,71
W. F. McLaughlin & Co	13,08 -
Karl Valais & Co	11,250
Arbuckle Brothers & Co	9,490
Zenha, Ramos & Co	9,459
P. S. Nicolson & Co	9.000
Karl Krische	8,669
J. W. Doane & Co	7,474
E. Johnston & Co	7,410
Naumann, Gepp & Co	6,400
Norton, Megaw & Co	6,123
Sequeira & Co	5,014
Levering & Co	4,512
Gustav Trinks & Co	4,296
Dabelow & Wilberg	4,275
Auguste Leubá & Co	4.250
Hard, Rand & Co	3,942
Pierre Pradez & Co	3,80
Roberto do Conto & Co	3,003
Edward Ashworth & Co	2,260
Rich, Riemer & Co	1,543
Gustavus Gudgeou & Co	1,200
Figueira & Irmão	1,200
Empreza Industrial Brazileira	1,025
Jorge Dias & Irmão	1,020
John Moore & Co	848
Fonseca, Silva & Co	140
F. Sattamini & Co	125
C. Castello Branco & Co	100
Sundry	14:

—The movement in the collect market during the eleven months of the present crop-year, as compared with the two preceding years, was as follows, in bags of 60 kilos:

Entries:	1897-98	1898-99	1899-1900
Railway Coastwise Inside harbor In transit	2,202,253 817,186 1,101,325 228,148	1,657,652 313,134 983,042 144,079	1,567,861 318,542 1,276,922 115,172
Tota1	4,348,912	3,097,917	3,278,497
Shipments:	1897-98	1898-99	1899-1900
United States	2,512,331 1,225,806 146,616 92,512 156,474	1,978,600 638,458 100,202 73,082 176,178	2,059,433 670,234 111,900 82,383 207,472
Tota1	4,133.739	2,966,520	3,131,422

Receipts	2,656 :: :: :: :78.931	3.790 2.659	
	: :	: :	
		:	
	178,931	182.721	
erage quot. No. 7. N. Y.			****
per arroba	:	12\$700	
Do do No. S		125300	_
N. Y. spot quot. N. 7	:	7 % 6.	713/160
Exchange on London	:	9 d.	-
Steamer freight, 5% primage	:	50 C.	-
Receipts at Santos bags	:	2,467	
Stock at Santos "	:	295,250	

May 29	May 30	Мау 31	Totals since May 1,	June 1	June 2	Totals since June 1	Totals since July 1
2.659	2,688	2,563	98,784	2,951	3.8.5	6,826	3,170,151
	7,175	1,973	69,932	2,412	3.671	5,083	2,055,516
	600	:	61,321	2,295	1,280	3,575	673,809
	:	:	9,000	:	:	:	111,900
		1,588	11,114		:	:	82,383
:	40	11,125	19,538	:	1,230	1,230	208,702
	7,815	14.686	170,905	4,707	6,181	10,855	3,142,310
185,410	180,283	163.160	:	161,494	158,098		:
125400	12\$400	128200		125000	12\$500		
125000	125000	11\$S00		11\$600		:	
713/166.	7 % C.	7 % c.		.28			
9 ¼ d.	9 ¼ d.	9 ½ d.		9 1/8 d.	91/8 d.		
50 C.	50 C.	50 c.		50 C.			
2 127	3.499	3,013	:	5,005	1,366	:	•
31.31	311	257.100		253.630	254,920		

Imports.

Flour,—The receipts were 1,000 bags ex Nasmyth from Liverpool, 1,500 barrels ex Englon from New York, 7,500 ba rels ex Enances and 3,650 ev. Glad Tidargs from Battimore. The market is steady, Prices are unchanged except for local mills which have suffered an abatement of 1500 as shewn below:

Local Mills. 31 000-32 000

Glish.—The arrivals during the past week were 200 cases and 500 tubs by the Buffon from New York, 40 cases by the Nam In from Liverpool, 832 by the Amazora's from Haining and _by the Cind from Southampton. Broker's prices are nonitial.

Lard.—The Buffon broght 2000 kegs and 200 cases from New York, the *stancer 200 kegs and the Gad Tabler 200 from Bulliance. The prices have falled as per pound and we now quote from \$50 to 900 reis.

Pork.—Only 125 barre's arrived last week from 18500 to 18550 per kilo wholesale.

Ju	ne 5th,	190	00.]					тн	E R	10
Rice.	-Entries du	ring	the past w	eek were 6,675 There were no	. v	essels Af	loat & C	hartered fo		
hanges	in prices.	e rece	ipts were 8	o pieces by the					7 M	lar.
Buffon fr	om New Yo	rk. (Quotations a	re nominal. Hers being too				Portland Portland		_ _
ow, the	cargo of the	remai	rard, mentic ns unsold.	o pieces by the re nominal. Afters being too ned in our last, ket unchanged. Arrivals and no	Hanna	Heye		Rangoon Philadelph	in A	pr. 5
Sprue	e Pinc.—R ish Pinc.—	There	s mil. Mar	rrivals and no	Josephin	ie, .		Baltimore		- 2
Keros	eneThe	Buffor	brought 20	,000 cases from tinnes at 12\$000				Baltimore Newport		-
New You per case.	_tost wee	k's ari	rivals were	only 100 barrels	Lorrain	e		Rangoon	25 A	Apr.
y the	Buffon from	New or cle	York. We	only too barrels quote at 25\$000 l of 280 pounds, ations are un-						
Turpe	entine. – N	lo arr	ivals. Quot	ations are un-	Nantas	ket		New York		_
					Trium	ho		Oporto		-
India 3000 to	H Corn.—I	of 62	kilos of nat	er's quote from ive. Prices are un-	Vergin	e della Gua	rdia	Marseilles		-
changed	TYPE THE PROPERTY OF THE			e the Coult		-				
Coal.	S. I here we	duce of	accole arrive	d with coal:	For			els in the		·t
From	Cardiff	ex E	thethilda	3.824 "		Rio de J	Janeiro, J	fune 3rd, 1	900.	
10 11	19 13	ex R	endal uskin	2,964 *			<u> 9</u>			
11 20	n n	ex S	olden Cross. ofia Brailli.	2,706 »		AMK	TONS	FROM	consign	KKH
» »	Hull Liverpool Manchester	ex H	omer	200 » 328 »			- -			
Rum	The supp	slies c	continue reg	table.		ierican				8.0
re	ng as shewt rnambuco a thia and Ara	ma wee	180	pno-185 000	bk. Fr	ltimore	671 May 1	Baltimore Baltimore Baltimore	J. L. Biss	set.
				000-195 000 000-205 000	1000	ad Tidings <i>British</i>	663 June	3 Baltimore	J. 14. Dis	
Alcoh	ngra and Pa trahyba ol of 36 to 38	deg	195	000 -200 000 000-300 000	17.3457.8	mbira	1885 Mar 2	2 Mobile	To order	
ditte	0 40	deg.	300	000-320 000	sp. Be	lfast Iblair	1809 Apr. 2	8 Leith 8 Cardiff	Gaz Co. Central	Ry.
	CHIP	PIN	G N	EWS.	bk. C. sp. M	Chieftain. Castle	1361 3 1992 June	Mobile 8 Leith 8 Cardiff 1 Cardiff 3 Cardiff	Central	Ry.
	200		IN		3770.7750	French				
AR	RIVALS	or I	FOREIGN	VESSELS.	bg. Be	rthe	154 Apr.1	2 Marseilles	Ch. Hue	
A	IAY 28.				100	German				
BALTIN	IORE.—Ame	r. bk.	Frances; 64 Bisset.	tons ; Erickson ;	1 2 3 4	hiller	. 1227 May	3 Cardiff	Braz Coa	ii Co.
A.	; sundries to	•			1.00	rwegian			D 10 - 1	Co
CARDU	FFBr. bk.	Cam	brian Chief	<i>lain ;</i> 1,361 tous;	bk. A bk. B	rgentina syard	. 979 May	3 Greenock. 7 Mobile	. B. Rodr . To orde	r.
Jones	s; 44 ds; con UNE 3.	I to Ce	entral Railw	uy.	1.0	luguese	Sec. 1			
BALTIS	GORE.—Ame	r. bk.	Glad Tiding	rs ; 603 tons ; Kla-	bk. C	ara	. 695 May	o Oporto	. J.A.G.S	antos
der.	57 ds : sundr	ies to	J. L. Bisset.							
CARDU	FF.—Br. sp. ; 38 ds ; coal	to Cer	a <i>ster Castie</i> itral Railwa	; 1,992 tons ; Grif- y.				C		0
				1000 C	5	TOC	KS AN	ID S H	ARE	5
DEI	PA RTURE	S OF	FOREIG	N VESSELS.	1					
Λ	IAY 31.		De so Siroc	co ; 298 tons ; Bent		Sale	s of Stocl	s and Sha	res.	
Rio G	rande do : in transit.	5UL.—	Bt, sc. Dive	,		MAY 28.				
					30 47	A polices, do	58		,	02 000 903
		FRE	EIGHTS.		10	do			9	905 870
NEW T	YORK. (- ORLEANS)	of of	its and 5 % coffee.	primage per bag	1	do		rate of do	8	875
BREM	ERP.	-35 shi	illings and	o/o primage pe	I	do do	(500\$) (400\$)	do		870 870
HAMB	URG.	to	1 OI 1,000 KII	os.	1 '	do	7,500\$ (ce	rt.) at rate o	f 8	865
COPEN	HAGEN37			l 5 % primage pe		do				890 892
GENO	A. -	40 fr	ancs and to n of 1,000 kil	o/o primage pe os.	4	do	(reg.)	pal		912 162 500
BORD	EAUX40 f	rancs	and to % of o kilos.	primage per to	1 41	do	do		1	163
HAVE	E. }-	-35 fra	ones and to	lo primage per to		do Apol. Est	do t, do Rio (;	(reg.) 500\$)		170 415
TRIES	те. {-	-45 sh	illings and	5 % primage pe	r			ınks.		
LOND	on. (-	-20 Sh	illings and n of 1,000 k	5 % primage pe	r 750	Construct	tor			14\$000
CAPE-	Town. 1-	-50 sh	illings and 2	14 % primage pe		Republica	a			192 500
PORT	NATAL.	ton		nd 2 ½ % primag			20111	n mills.		
DELA	LONDON. (-	-57 sm	r ton.	110 2 /2 /0 priming	100	Fabril S.	Joaquim			15\$000 172
MONT	EL BAY. J	-1\$000	per bag of 6	o kilos.	30	retropon		lways.		
B. A11	RES.					Dulin Se		tuana		23\$600
		eNG A	GEMENT	·s.	250 200	do	do			22
ANTW	ERP.—Gern			ooo bags of coffe	e 25	do	do do	(20 °/o)		3
CAPE	of Good H	OPE.	-Br. str.	600 do do	50	V. F. Sa	pucahy			24 500
HAMI	es surg.—Gerr	n. str	. Petro-				Tra	mways.		
polis	YORK.—Br.		2	000 do do 000 do do	10	S. Christo	ovão			151\$000
	NA.—It. str.			500 do do			Misce	llaneous.		
			formal d		200			Brazil		17 \$ 000
	Arriva	is of	foreign st	camers.	- 200 - 44	Transpor		agens		Si
DATE	NAME		FROM	CONSIGNED TO		MAY 29.				
18					- 11	A polices,				903\$000
May	0	T !	mool ~ 1	Wilson Sons & Co	15	do do				904 905
28	Oropesa Nasmyth	Mang	hester 31 ds	N. Megaw & Co	1	do	(800\$) at	rate of		870 875
29 29	G. Cross S. Brailli Clyde Thames	do	iff 25 ds. 28 ds. a'pton 18 ds.	do C. J. Cazaly do	1	do do	(500\$) (400\$)	do		880
June		River	Plate 4 ds.	do	2	do do	(200\$) (200\$)			880 870
3	Hogarth	Liver	pool 22 ds.	Wilson Sons & Co. N. Megaw & Co. E. Johnston & Co. do		do	23,900\$ (cert.) at rat	e of .	875 800
3		Santo	pool 22 ds. burg 24 ds. os 17 hs.	do	10	do do				892
_	Danie		f forest-t-	steamers	= 50 80	Emprest Apol. Fe	imo Munic st. do Rio (ipa1 cert.)		163 415
	Departure	s 01	f foreign	accumers.	150	deb. Sor	ocabana-Iti	nana R. R		55
2			FOR	CARGO			Ba	nks.		
DATE	NAME		FOR	Cardo	_ 16		cio			206\$000 205
May					5 100	do Construc	tor			14
30	Oropesa Cornucopia	ı	Valparaisos Buenos Air	es Ballast	100	Lavoura do	e Commer do	eio		119 120
June	Thames		Southampte	Sundries Sundries.	50	Mercant	il de Santos		· · · · · · ·	130
. 1	Iberia Clyde John H. R	irry	Liverpool* River Plate Buenos Air	do Ballast	80 40	Republic Rural e	a Hypotheca	rio		192 500 260
3		y	New York* Sautos	Sundries In transit	"			m mills.		
-					20					190\$000
•	Calling at i	uterm	ediate porti		20	Corcovac	10		· · · · · · ·	200

	*	Insurance.	- 1		JUNE. 2.
50	Indemnis	ndora	20\$000	10	Apolices, 1895
		Railways.	i	350	deb. Carris Urbanos
		ocabana-Ituana	205000		Б
550	do do	do	22	260	Iniciador m/m
200	do	do (20) %	3	70	Lavoura e Comme
20	S. Paulo -	-Rio Grande	17	30	Republica
50		oucahy	25		Cotto
	MAY 30.			80	Confiança Industri
I		58	897\$000	75	Petropolitana
41	do		900	50	S. Felix
28 31	do		903		Tre
4	do		904	300	Jardim Botanico
2	do	(500≸) at rate of	860		Misc
I	do	(200\$) do	870	100	Melhoramentos no
	do do	700\$ (cert.) nt rate of 1,500\$ do	850 870	500	
	do	14,000 do	875		Sal e Navegação
1	do	1895	890		
8	do		892		
24	do	(reg.)	893 913		SATURDAY'S QU
45 77		poldina R. R. (200\$)	74		
73		cabana-Ituana R. R	54	Ran	ico Commercio e Ind
1		al do Commercio	175	,,	Constructor e A
		Banks.		,,	Credito Real da C
-	Comme	zia1	225\$000	.,	Lavradores
25 50		tor	14	- 31	Mercantil de Sant
400	do		13 500		S. Paulo Ribeirão Preto
97	Republic	a	192 500	"	União de S. Carlo
		Cotton mills.		,,	do do
100	Виосиност	so Industrial	240\$00	,,,	União de S. Paul
100	Progress		2.40,00	"	Santos
		Railways.		1	Agua e Luz
50		pucahy	25\$000	,,	
150	do	do	26		Fabril Paulistana
		Miscellaneous.		. ,,	Ferro Carril Sto.
100	Melhora	mentos no Brazil	18\$000	"	
. 7		rte e Carruagens	So	1	*
	MAY 31.				
59		s, 5s	900\$000	٠,	, Melhoramentos
	do	18,900\$ (cert.) at rate of	875	1 '	
	do do	1895	892	'	, Paulista
5		7 <u>i. i</u>	890	1	:Jam (at an a
		(reg.) nfiança Industrial (mill.)	200		., Pogredior
3/	neo. Co		209		" Stupakoff
		Banks.		'	Telephonica União Sportiva.
4	8 Deposit	os e Descontos	78\$000		, Viação Paulista.
4		til de Santos	135	1	
24	6 Republi	Hypothecario (2nd s.)	192 500 130	=	and the same and t
7	2 Kurai e		-5-	1	SPANI
		Cotton mills.			21 VIVI
2	o Brazil I	ndustrial	190\$000	,	(REI
1		Insurance.			
10	o Indem	nisadora	205000	,	from the
		Railways.			Quinta de La
				١	
20	00 V. F. S	Sapucahy	26100) l H	lave taken the follow
		Miscellaneous.			HIGHEST AWA
	20 Loteria	as Nacionaes	90\$50	5	SILVER MEDAI
	So do	do	91		GOLD MEDAL,
16		ramentos no Brazil	19		Prices very low;
10	od	do do	20	١.,	vines in London.
	JUNE	i.		"	
	Apolic	es, 5s. 1,500\$ (cert.) at rate of	S70500	0	Can be obtained
	do	15,200\$ do	872		estaurants, confei
	9 do	1895	S92	1:	iouses.
1	9 Emp.	Municipal de Petropolis	170		
		Banks.			
		ra e Commercio	118\$00	0	
1	04 Repub	lica	194		
I	oo do		192 50	"	
		Cotton mills.			
1	oo Progre	sso Industrial	240500	0	ONLY
		Miscellaneous.			ALVES, MA
	on Mall-		to\$ro		
			81		RUA DE S.
1					
3	oo Progre	Cotton mills. Miscellaneous. ramentos no Brazil porte e Carruagens The	240\$00 19\$50 81	W E1	ALVES,

	JUNE. 2.		
000	10 Apolices, 1895		892\$000
000	350 deb. Carris Urbanos (100\$)		90
000	Banks.		
	260 Iniciador m/m		2\$000
	70 Lavoura e Commercio		118
	30 Republica		194
	Cotton mills.		
	Cotton mins.		
	So Confiança Industrial		200\$000
000	75 Petropolitana		170
	50 S. Felix		105
	Tramways.		
	The second state of the second se		attitus en tien.
	300 Jardim Botanico		155\$000
	Miscellaneous,		
6	77 II		
	100 Melhoramentos no Brazil		19\$250
			20 500
	300 Sal e Navegação		48 500
	SATURDAY'S QUOTATIONS-	-S. PAU	1.0.
		sellers.	buyers
		390\$000	380\$000
500	" Constructor e Agricola		_
	" Credito Real da Carteira H		120 000
\$000	,, Lavradores		124 000
1,000	" Mercantil de Santos		
500	" S. Paulo	160 000	155 000
2 500	" Ribeirão Preto		-
300	" União de S. Carlos (all paid).		285 000
	,, do do (40 %)	1	135 000
10\$00	" União de S. Paulo (all paid).	75 000	70 500
,0,00	" Santos	7 T	
	Cia Agua e Luz		-
5\$000	" Antarctica		200 000
6	" Argos Paulista		6 000 4
	" Fabril Paulistana		
	" Ferro Carril Sto. Amaro		
S\$000	" Gaz de S. Paulo		25 000
0	" Italo Paulista		110 000
	" I,upton		116 000
	Mathamamantas da Destas		86 000
0\$000		250 500	249 000
5	" Mogyana (all paid) " idem (at 30 days)	-30 300	
2	Doublate	245 000	243 000
0	(at se douc)	245 000	242 000
3	Degradion		35 000
99	Character off		22 000
	Tolonhouica		95 000
	Thillian Counting	105 000	98 000
8\$000	Winelin Deutliste	20 000	12 000
35	" Viação Paulista		
92 500			

SH WINES

D AND WHITE)

a Vallesa de Mandor

wing premiums:

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; less than those of the same

ed at all the principal hotels, eitarias and other first class

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Stocks and Bonds and Joint Stock Companies --- June 4th.

-	1 ~~	culation	WILL	Public Funds			Nominal Value	Last Quotation buyers sellers
506,595,300\$ 60,000,000 13,1555,000 51,855,000 13,133,000 60,000 60,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 20,000,000 20,000,000 20,000,00	-	483,647,700\$ 60,000,000 11,9,600 11,584,500 22,035,500 18,350,000 17,500,000 13,193,000 4,502,000 4,000,000 500,000 514,800 400,000	SSI	Stock 5 % Currency (apolices)	o, 6 º/o. 10		1,000\$ S00\$, 200\$ 1,000 1,000 1,000\$ 1,000\$ 1,000\$, 500 1,000\$, 500 1,000\$ 1,000\$ 1,000\$ 1,000 1	Sopton
Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Banks	Pa id	Reserve Fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
20,000,000\$ 24,000,000 24,000,000 26,000,000 8,000,000 9,000,000 9,110,000 9,110,000 20,000,000 20,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,00	100,000 80,000 120,000 80,000 20,000 21,000 22,000 23,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 100,000 100,000 50	94,090 50,000 20,000 all 77,735,54 all all all all all all all al	200 200 200 200 200	Commercial do Rio de Janeiro Commercio do 2nd series Constructor do Brazil Credito Mend do Brazil Credito Kend do Brazil Credito Kend do Brazil Puncionarios Publicos. Hypothecario do Brazil Lavoura e Commercio Nacional Brazilerio Republica do Brazil Rio e Matlo Grosso Rio e Matlo Grosso Rural e Hypothecario. Commercial da Bahia Com. e Industria de S. Paulo Credito Real de Minas Geraes Credito Real de Minas Geraes Credito Real de Minas Geraes Credito Real de S. Paulo Lavradores S. Paulo Mercantil de Santos S. Paulo União de S. Paulo	200\$ 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	4,000,000\$ 3,1,0,000 1,615,000 1,615,000 1,615,000 1,615,000 1,610,000 1,610,000 1,1,910 2,1,9	85000, Jan. 1900 65000, ditto 1900 45000, Aug. 1802 45000, Jan. 1806 45000, Jan. 1806 45000, Jan. 1806 45000, Jan. 1806 65000, ditto 1900	26500C = 295000 205 000 - 5 000 - 50 000 15 000 - 14 000 3 000 - 11 000 - 117 000 - 1185 000 - 185 000 - 195 000 - 130 000 - 150 000 - 1
Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Railways	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
\$ 5,500,000 \$ 5,000,000 \$ 12,000,000 \$ 12,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 10,000,000 \$ 70,000,000 \$ 1,600,000 \$ 12,500	\$50,000 \$00,000 60,000 100,000 310,000 	ali all all all 33,525 266,475 10,000 all all 5,400 all all	£ 10 100\$ 200 200 do do 100 do 200 do 200 do 200 do 200 do 200 do 200 do 200 do 200 do do 200 do do do 200 do do do do do do do do do do do do do	Leopoldina Minas de S. Jeronymo Macaife e Campos Minas in the do descries do do Quilombo do União Sorocabana-Itanna União Valenciana Sapucaly Tocantins e Araguaya do	20 100 80 200 40 200 200 200	2,901,489 2,463,242 45,710	int. Sept. 93 int. Jan. 92 6 % June, 92 6 \$500, Feb. 86	3,000-4,000
Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Tramways	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
2,500,000\$ 6,000,000 700,000 14,000,000 12,000,000 3,000,000 900,000	25,000 30,000 7,000 70,000 60,000 15,000 8,000	all all all all 59,300 all all	100\$ 200 100 200 200 200 100	Carioca Carris Urbanos Corcovado (and Itotel). Jardim Botanico S. Christovao Villa Izatel Pernambuco	. 100 . 200 . 200 . 200	168.732 6,971 642.448\$ 105,899\$	1\$500. July 91 3 000, May 1900 5 000, Jan. 99 5 do June 99 4 000, Feb. 1900	- 80\$000 155\$000 -198 000 153 000-157 000 150 000-158 000 100 000-
Capital	Shares	Emitted	Far	Steamships	Pan		Last Dividend	Last quotation
1,000,000 28,000,000 5 000,000 673,400 1,000,000	5,000 120,000 25,0 00 3,367 5,000	all all all all 2,750	200 200 200 200 200 200	Esperança Maritima Lloyd Brazileiro Navegação Costeira S, João da Barra e Campos Sul Paulista	200	59,598	9\$000, Jan. 1900 10 000, Feb. 1900	2 <u>300-</u> - <u>300 000</u>
Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Cotton Mills, etc.	Par		Last Dividend	Last quotation
10,000,000 2,400,000 3,400,000 5,500,000 5,500,000 4,500,000 2,000,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 2,000,000 1,200,000 2,000,000 1,200,000 2,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000	50,000\$ 12,000 2,500 30,000 30,000 22,500 2,500 6,000 4,000 7,500 30,000 1,000 6,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	all	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	America Fabril Botatogo (aniagem) Brazil Industrial. Carioca. Cari	20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20.	279,979 00 40,373 00 150,000 00 741,927	10fecto	115 000 - 250 000 192 000- 250 000 200 000- 210 000 200 000- 215 000 180 000- 200 000 215 000- 170 000 240 000- 170 000 102 000 150 000 180 000 - 150 000 180 000 - 150 000
Capital	Shares	Emilled	Pur	Insurance	- Pa	id Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last Quotation.
3,000,000\$ 3,000,000 2,000,000 4,000,000 2,500,000 1,000,000 2,500,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000	15,000 3,000 10,000 20,000 8,000 2,500 10,000 10,000 12,500 10,000	9,73 10,000 4,000 all all all	200	Argos Fluminense. Bonança. Confiança. Fidelidade Garantia Geral. Indennisadora. Previdente.	2	20\$ 50 300,000\$ 50 15,584 20 200,000 80 366,374 00 252,000 20 400,000 20 40,000 20 500,000 20 150,120	1\$000, July 97 25 000, July 1970 25 000, July 1970 3 000, ditto 199 3 000, ditto 190 7 000, ditto 190 2 000, ditto 190 3 000, ditto 1900 1 000, ditto 1900 1 500, ditto 1900	380\$000— 5\$500 38 000— 6 000 38 000— 10 000 145 000— 40 000 57 000— 17 000—
Capital	Shares	Emitte	d Pa	Miscellaneous	_ F	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last Quotation
500,000\$ 5,000,000 60,000,000 5,000,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 2,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,1,000,000 3,1,000,000 3,1,000,000 5,1,1,000,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000	20,00	all	200 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Carros Tatersall Moreaux	iety).	50\$ 42,378 200 200 200 200 200 200 4,672 200 5,560,142 200 43,577 50 1547,022 100 300,000 100 39,267 100 714,948 100 200 70,67 200 29,98	Sar. 1900 Sar.	88 000— 92 000

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