# NEWS. THE RI

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NUMBER. 5

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### Travellers' Directory.

São Paulo: Through express trains leave the Central station Introugn express trains leave the Central sation daily at 6a, m. and 8:39, m., (dornitorio): returning leaves 8, Paulo at 5a, m. and 5p, m. (dormitorio). Change of cars both ways at Taubaté. Numerous steamers weekly for Santos, connecting with the São Paulo Railway.

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the latter a mixed train.

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returning leave the summit af 730 and 930 a.m. and
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330, 515 and 8 p.m.; descending, 535, 1005, 1135 a.m.,
105, 235, 405, 6, 7 and 9 p.m. Each train gives the
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### Official Directory

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### Church Directory

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.— service is held every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. There is a Celebration of the Holy Communion on the first and third Sundays in the month at 11 a.m. and on the second and fourth Sundays at 2, a.m., also on Saints Days according to announcements. Baptisms and marriages at times to be arranged with the Chaplain, for whom communications may be sent to Crashley & Co. 58 km do Onvidor.

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PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—No. 15. Travessa da Barreira. Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., and at 7 p.m. Thursdays.

ALVARO E. DOS REIS, Pastor.

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Caixa 352 IGREJA PRESBYTERIANA DO RIACHUELO.— No. 234, Rua D. Anna Nery, Estação do Riachuelo. Services, Sundays II a.m. and 7 p.m.; Weduesdays 7 p.m. FRANKLIN H. NASCIMENTO, Fastor. Primary school in the church building.

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### Miscellaneous.

AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY'S AGENCY.—No. 20 Rua d' Ajuda.—H. C. TUCKER, Agent.

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### RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

—Chili is preparing to enforce quarantine against Argentina at every possible point.

—How will an epidemic of bubonic plague at Buenos Aires chime in with President Cam-pos Silles visit?

The Argentine government seems to difficult to suit in the matter of a palace President Campos Silles. Of the many offers none have been accepted, and now another spoken of.

—Buenos Aires telegrams of the 25th con-firm the discovery of bubonic pest in Roserto, It is asserted that the townswill be isolated. Since then several cases have been reported, and the city has been isolated.

— Telegrams of the 24th report that a revo-lution against President Aceval is imminent in Paraguay. On the 25th a telegram from Posadas reported that the revolution had been successful, and that to without bloodshed. It's just like turning a crank.

—Although the bubonic plague at Ric Jaueiro is still confined to the one original cose, no second having been confirmed, the sanitary authorities show no signs of abating the quarantines they imposed with such absurd haste.—Montevideo Times.

— The magnificent sum of \$2600 is to be spent in improvements in that pirate's den known as the lazaret of Flores island. The money could not be more judiciously expended than in purchasing dynamite to blow the whole place into smithereens—and the health authorities along whith it.—Montevideo Times.

— The latest phase of the quarantine plague —or mania—is that Ilha Grande, the quarantine station at Rio Janeiro, is to be declared susspected, and vessels touching there will consequently be quarantined here. That a quarantine station itself should thus be placed in quarantine shews how farcical the whole business is.—Montevideo Times.

—According to a Buenos Aires telegram, ex president Julio Herrera is just completing a work on political economy as specially applicable to Uruguay and Argentina. Having been such a miserable failure as a statesman, and having proved an unmitigated curse to his country, Dr. Herrera no doubt thinks himself well qualified to speak on the matter.—Montevideo Times, Jan. 16.—[It is a common thing for such men to turn journalists and political economists.]

—The scorching, frizzling heat of the last 48 hours has been the general topic. Even during the night the thermometer was well over 80° Fahrenheit, and yesterday it was 90° in the shade in many places, added to which there was a suffocating north wind. For several years we have not had a hotter month than the present January has already proved. There were signs of approaching relief yesterday afternoon, which it is to be hoped will be verified. —Montevideo Times, Jan. 19.

be verified.—Montevideo Times, Jan. 19.

—Yesterday afternoon Admiral Schley, who is now quite recovered, paid his respects to the President of the remblic. He was accompanied by his staff officers, the captains of the U. S. S. «Chicago» and «Montgomery», and the U. S. minister, consul and vice-consul. The usual courtesies were exchanged, and the admiral specially expressed his thanks for the kindness shown by the Urugunyan government at the recent funeral of Lt. Com. Greene. The admiral leaves for Buenos Aires on Siturday, but we believe the vessels will soon return here.—Montevideo Times, Jan. 19.

As auticinated in our last the continue.

return here.—Monlevideo Times. Jan. 19.

— As anticipated in our last, the sanitary authorities have issued the inevitable decree declaring quarantine of rigor, that is to say for ten days, on all vessels from Rio Janeiro. Their reason for doing this is that one fatal case of bubonic plague has been officially proved at Rio, and it would seem that a second suspected case is under observation. Of course it is useless to point ont to the sanitary authorities that one case does not constitute an epidemic, nor, for the matter of that do two, any more than one swallow makes a summer. They live by quarantine, though the port dies by it, and are only too glad of any excuse for imposing and increasing it. If they could only find some excuse for imposing perpetual quarantine against all the rest of the world, no doubt they would reach the culmination of their desires. — Montevideo Times, January 16th.

—The U. S. cruiser "Chicago," with Admiral"

culmination of their desires. — Montectaeo Times, January 16th.

—The U. S. cruiser «Chicago,» with Admiral Schley on board, will come up from Montevideo on the 21st; the reception to the Admiral vill take place on the 23rd. The Chicago will enter La Plata port. The admiral, who has been under the weather for some days, is now quite himself again. As to the rumors of the United States squadron here having received orders for South African waters, if the admiral has received any such order the fact is known only to himself; his order to proceed to this station concluded with the following words, a You vill await further orders before any vessel of your command visit any African port.» This would seem to be peremptory and actually prohibits the admiral from visiting other ports than those of the station of which he is commander-inchief. Of course this order was issued after the United States department of state had been informed by the British foreign office that they had rather that no foreign warshipshould be sent to the Cape.—Buenos Aires Standard, January 16th.

—Two cases of suspected bubonic pest were denounced to the Buenos Aires sanitary au-thorities on Saturday last. On the following day it was said that five cases in all had been discovered. Montevideo has promptly impos-ed quarantine against Argentine arrivals. The Flores Island harpies are very happy these days. days.

days.

—Mr. Charles Bright has finally acquired the concession to build an underground electric railway. The concession comprises a line from Chacarita to the Docks under Rivadavia and Avenida de Mayo, another line from Constitucion to Retiro under Artes, Buen Orden, Cerrito and Lima, and a circular line between Callao, Paraguay, Reconquista and Comercio. It is reported that Mr. Bright has arranged the matter of capital in London.— Buenos Aires Herald, Jan. 16.

the matter of capital in London.— Buenos Aires Herald, Jan. 16.

— Carnival, which falls on F-b. 25, 26 and 27, is already beginning to find mention in our contemporaries, and they ask the municipality to take it up in order to give it a little more organisation and method than has been the ease of recent years. We are afraid, however, that it is too late in the day to revive Carnival—it has too long been relegated to the unrestrained domination of the street boy, and has become a hopelessly vulgar, tawdry and insipid institution on which the educated classes look askance. Besides, it occurs at a time of the year when it is generally too sulry to think of slarkings and when the only disguise tolerable is bathing costime. If it were transferred to a more temperate season of the year—to correspond with the season when it falls in Europe—if it were subjected to a few rational regulations and restrictions, and if the objectionable small street boy with his eternal ton-ton or tin can were sternly repressed, something might still be made out of it for decent folk, but under its present conditions we fear it is quite hopeless—Montevide Times, jan. 20.

—That the protest against taxation is not lead or writing but sevently needs evaluated.

Its present conditions we fear it is quite hopeless—Montevideo Times, Jan. 20.

—That the protest against taxation is not local or partial but general we see reflected in the general outcry in the provinces, particularly in those provinces which require and absorb labor for production. Santa Pé, Butre Rios, Cordoba and Corrientes have all raised the cry, and Buenos Aires of course is in the van, city and province. The great commercial meeting in this city last year was premonitory of the move, because business men not only realised the position, as it then stood, accurately, but foresaw that the conversion bills were certain to fan the blaze into a conflagration. And the economic mahaise will in time permeate the social order. Political economy and social conditions cannot be divorced. Where is the financial doctor versed enough and strong enough to put the truck on the rails again? In our last issue we announced that the business houses of Gualegnaychú, Entre Rios, were organising a three-day closure as a protest against taxation, and a correspondent writes later that at Paraná, Nogoya, La Paz, Colon, Concordia and Uruguay like measures will be adopted. It is an echo to be studied.—B. A. Slandard.

— We publish to day the fourth list of Montevideo subscriptions to the Mansion House Fund, the total of which now reaches \$3,216.80. Approps of this we are requested to desire all intending contributors to send in their donations before the end of the month, as the committee are desirous of sending home another remittance. — Montevideo Times, Jan. 14.

mittee are desirous of sending home another remittance. —Montevideo Times, Jan. 14.

—The gallant little band of British volunteers, who go to the seat of war by the «Mab,» must indeed have felt flattered on seeing yesterday afternoon such a host of friends and well-wishers collected to bid them Godsperd. Between 4 and 6 not less than 260 visited the dockside, very many of whom were ladies; in fact the crush alongside the steamer was so great that one could hardly turn round. The young fellows were, comparatively, at leisure to receive their friends, looked extremely business like in their rough 'camp' suits and had evidently been working 'con amore' at the laborious task requisite to prepare their shipment of horses, cattle and forage for departure. Probably no more disagreeable work will fall to their lot during their forthcoming experience of campaigning. When the moon rose shortly before S a large number of people were still patiently waiting to witness the departure; but, though a special permit to leave up to 6.45 lad been obtained, it was not to be and the Mab remained in No. 4 dock all last night; she was to leave this morning at 6 o'clock as soon as the dock-bridge had been opened. As we had surmised, not a sign of hostility was displayed by the outsiders present. Mr. Somerwell and his companions take with them the very heartiest good wishes of all Britishers in Buenos Aires. They go in the highest and most patriotic spirit and well do they deserve the exhibition of affectionate regard and admiration extended to them yesterday. We again give below the names of the 25 good men and true, volunteers all, who by this time are probably onetheir way to the seat of war: —J. B. Walter, H. M. Jacobs, H. H. Mincing, J. S. Wedderburn, J. E. Jackson, W. H. Morris, L. White, D. E. Francis, E. Traill, E. Larnbridge, H. F. Woods, L. L. Lynch Staunton, F. T. Harris, H. B. Monroy, J. Wood, H. H. Hill, E. Clarke, J. D. Hamilton, R. W. Dunham, George Allan, Frank Faihlurst, Edgar Jacobs, Lewis Price, Ed. Human and H. D.

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Capital	6	1,500,000
Capital paid up	,,	750,000
Reserve fund	,,	600,000

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Reserve fund . . . . . . ,, 1,000,000

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N. B. This capital to be reduced to Rs. 100.000:000\$ in accordance with the Government's Decree of 8th May 1897.

Reserve Fund . . . Rs. 16.787:304\$006 Profits in suspense . Rs. 10.384:820\$735

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### HYMN.

TO BE SUNG IN THE TIME OF WAR.

This hymn was written by the Rev. Courtenay Galevicar of Christ Church, Sutton, and has been approved by the Bishop of Rochester for use in the churches in his diocese, the music for which has been specially composed by Sir Frederick Bridge.

Lord God of Hosts, in Light enthroned, By all men be Thy power owned, Thy Majesty adored. In this high prayer be all men one: "Through the wide world Thy Will be done, Thy Kingdom come. Amen."

So pray the nations, Thou, O Lord, Art Judge Supreme, Thou wilt reward . Even as our deeds have been. If stained our arms, in vain we call, For soon or late Thy sword will fall And we be pierced. Amen.

Has that blow fallen? In the strife, Awful, afar, life after-life Is given as if in vain: Like waves 'gainst cliffs our armies beat And backward fall — Is this defeat? If wrong our cause Amer.

Yet even while we bite the dust We cry \*O Lord, the cause is just For which our brethren die. \* \*To arms!\* the Empire gives the word, In every clime the call is heard, Give victory, Lord. Amen.

And as we pray, we give, to bless
The wounded, widowed, fatherless,
And as we give we sing,
«Come light, come dark, all worship, praise,
Be Thine through all the length of days,
O King of Kings. Amen.»

COURTENAY GALE.

FROM CAPETOWN TO PRETORIA. THE HOME-COMING FROM DUNDEE. By G. W. Steevens

[This was one of the last letters written by the late Mr. Steevens to the Daily Mail before Ladysmith was hemmed in by the Boers.]

Ladysmith, Oct. 27 "Come to meet us!" cried the staff officer with amazement in his voice; "what on earth

was on October 25. about five miles on the Helpmakaar road, which runs east from Ladysmith. By the stream below the hill he had just trotted down, and choking the has beyond, wriggled the familiar tail of wagous and water-carts, ambulances, and doolies, and spare teams of old mules in new harness. A couple of squadrons of Lancers narness. A couple of squairons of Lancers had off-saddled by the roadside, a phalanx of horses topped with furled red and white pennons. Behind them stood a battery of artillery. Half a battalion of green kilted Gordous sunned their bare knees a little lower down: a company or two of Manchesters backboned the flabby convoy. The staff officer could not make out what in the world it

He lad pushed on from the Dundee column. ut it was a childish superstition to imagine that the Dundee column could possibly need assistance. They had only marched thirty odd miles on Monday and Tuesday; starting at four in the morning they would by two white skin; from their grimed hands and

DANCO DA REPUBLICA DO SCOCK or so have covered the seventeen miles that would bring them into camp, fifteen miles outside Ladysmith. They were coming to help Ladysmith, if you like; but the idea of Ladysmith, helping them!

I rode on miles through the openest country I had yet seen hereabouts -a basin of wave like veldt, just growing thinly green under the spring rains, spangled with budding mimosa-thorn. Scarred here and there with the dry water-courses they call sluits, patched with heaves of wire-fenced down, livened with a verandah, blue cactus-hedged farmhouse or two, losing itself finally in a mazy fairyland of azure mountains—this valley was the nearest approach to what you would call a smiling country I had seen in Africa.

Eight miles or so along the road I came upon the Border Mounted Rifles, saddles off, and lolling on the grass. All farmers and transport riders from the northern frontier. lean, bearded, sun-dried, framed of steel whipcord, sitting their horses like the riders of the Elgin marbles, swift and cunning as Boers, and far braver, they are the Heavensent type of irregular troopers. It was they who had ridden out and made connection with the returning column an hour before.

Two miles on I dipped over a ridge-and here was the camp. Bugles sang cheerily; mules, linked in fives, were being zigzagged forwardly down to water. The Royal Irish Fusiliers had loosened their belts, but not their sturdy bearing. Under their horses' bellies lay the diminished 18th Hussars. Presently came up a subaltern of the regiment, who had been on leave and returned just too late to rejoin before the line was cut. They had put him in command of the advanced troop of the Lancers, and how he cursed the infantry and the convoy, and how he shoved the troop along when the drag was taken off! Now he was laughing and talking and listening all at once, like a long wanderer at his homecoming.

No use waiting for sensational stories among these men, going about their daily camp duties as if battles and sieges and forced marches with the enemy on your flank were the most ordinary business of life. No use waiting for fighting either; in open country the force could have knocked thousands of Boers to pieces, and there was not the least chance of the Boers coming to be knocked. So I rode back through the rolling veldt basin. As I passed the stream and the nek beyond. the battery of artillery, the Gordons and Manchesters were lighting their bivouac fires. This pass, crevicing under the solid feet of two great stony kopjes, was the only place the Boers would be likely to try their luck at. It was covered; already the Dundee column was all right,

Presently I met the rest of the Gordons, swinging along the road to crown the heights on either side the nek. Coming through I noticed—and the kilted Highlanders noticed, too, they were staying out all night—that the sky over Ladysmith was very black. The great inky stain of cloud spread and ran up the heavens, then down to the whole circumthe neavens, then down to the whole circum-ference. In five minutes it was night and rain storm. It stung like a whip-lash, to meet it was like riding into a well. Ladysmith streets were ankle deep in half an hour; the camps were morass and pond. And listening to the ever fresh bursts hammering all the evening on to deepening pools, we learned that the Dundee men had not camped after all, had marched at six, and were coming on all night into Ladysmith. Thirty-two miles without rest, through stinging cataract and and spongy loam and glassy slime!

Before next morning was grey in came the ist Rifles. They plashed uphill to their blue-roofed huts on the south-west side of the town. By the time the sun was up they were fed by their sister battalion, the 2nd, and had begun to unwind their putties. But what a sight! Their putties were not soaked and not caked: say, rather, that there may have been a core of puttie inside, but that the men's legs were embedded in a serpentine cast of clay. As for their boots, you could only infer them from the huge balls of stratified mud they bore round their feet. Red mud, allow mud, black mud, brack mud, b yellow mud, black mud, brown mud-they lifted their feet toilsomely; they were land plummets that had sucked up specimens of all the heavy, sticky soils for fifteen miles.

The first meeting of creditors was held on Tuesday, at the London Bankruptey Court, under the failure of Henry Lowndes Leopoldina, company promoter, 55. New Broad street, E. C. He was interested in a large number of shares in the Carrapato Gold Mining Company, and had been successful in an action in which a large sum was claimed from the Brazilian government. Proofs and claims to the amount of about £ 2,000 were dealt with, and, in the absence of a quorum, the meeting was adjeurned for a week. The record of the more recent career of this gentleman is in a sense romantic, and may be all the more interesting to the general public because they know so little about it.

Count Leopoldina was originally neither a Portuguese potentate nor a Brazilian baron. He is a Scotsman, by name Henry Lowndes, and is the happy possessor of the well-nourished figure which is associated with our compatriots morth of the border. Ten or fifteen years ago he attained considerable importance in Brazil, by successfully carrying out the most daring financial operations. He became a financial magnate of the first rank, and his wholesale liberality was proverbial. Legand has it that at the time when meat was scarce he offered to provide, at his own expense, the whole of the supply necessary for Rio de Janeiro, and it has always been understood that his hospitality was extended on an almost princely scale to his fellow-countrymen and his associates in hustiness. At his dances valuable jewellery was given away wholesale. A fine diamond brooth for the best dancer was quite the usual thing. It is only fair to say that he had been just before he was generous, and had settled large sums upon his relatives. Unfortunately, there came an end to all this. The relentless President Peixoto became the head of Brazilian and so poisperous. He made for the Mecca of the political refugee, and arrived in London. He was not alone. Dr. Ruy Barbosa, who was also politically obnoxious to the half-breed President of Brazil. came with him. The story is told of the

heads you might have judged them half red men, half soot-black. Eyelids hung fat and heavy over hollow cheeks and pointed cheek-bones. Only the eye remained—the sky-blue, steel-keen, hard, clear, unconquerable English sye—to tell that thirty-two miles without rest, four days without a square meal, six nights—for many—without a stretch of sleep, still found them soldiers at the end.

That was the beginning of them; but they were not all in till the middle of the afternoon—which made thirty-six hours on their legs. The Irish Fusiliers tramped in at hunch time—going a bit short some of them, nearly all a trifle stiff on the feet—but solid, square, and sturdy from the knees upward. They straightened up to the cheers that met them, and stepped out on scorching feet as if they were ready to go into action again on the instant. After them came the guns—not the sleek creatures of Laffar's Plain, rough with earth and spinning mud from their wheels, but war-worn and fresh from slaughter; you might imagine their damp muzzles were dripping blood. You could count the horses' ribs; they looked as if you could break them in half before the quarters. But they, too, knew they were being cheered; they threw their ears up and flung all the weight left them into the traces.

Through fire, water, and earth the Dundee column had come home again.

G. W. Steevens.

From The Financial Nows, Jan.4.

A PROMOTER FROM BRAZIL.

THE STORY OF A BRAZILIAN CONTA AND HIS FOUR YEARS SOJOURN IN THE CITY.

The first meeting of creditors was held on Thesday, at the London Bankruptcy Court, the failure of Henry Lowndes Leopodian, or Count Leopoddina, company promotier, 55, New Broad-street, E. C. He was interested in a large number of shares in the Carrapato Gold Mining Company, and had been success.

From the Morning Leader, Dec. 19 SUB ROSA.

I have been fearing for some days that a certain question, connected indirectly with this war, would be addressed to me. For the air is thick with this particular inquiry; I have seen men gnash their teelh upon each other about it, shout and curse and gesticulate, offer to bet, to fight, and to die—and all for what? Simply to decide how one should pronounce the name "Methuen."

To-day the question reaches me in the form of a postcard from near Southampton signed "Ignoranus." It looks an innocent little card:

Dear \*S. I., II., \*\*—Will you kindly inform me what is the correct pronunciation of "Methuen\*? I have been under the impression for a long time that the word was pronounced "Methwea," but I am continually hearing it pronounced "Methwea," but I as spelt.

what is the correct promunication of "Mcthuen." I have been under the impression for a long time that the word was pronounced "Methvea." but it an continually hearing it pronounced "Methvea." but it an optimized in the property of the pro

—It is interesting to observe that Sir Charles Warren was one of Her Majesty's commissioners for laying down the boundary line of Griqualand West and the Orange Free State in 1876-77. He commanded the Diamond Fields Horse in the Kaffir war and the rebellion in Griqualand West in 1878, and also commanded the troops against the Bechuanas. In the same year he was administrator and commander-in-chief in Griqualand West, and commanded the troops in the northern border expedition in 1878. He was Her Majesty's special commissioner and major-general commanding Bechuanaland expedition in 1884-85. Sir Charles Warren has therefore had large and unique experience of one portion of the vast field in which our South African operations are being conducted, and for that reason it seems to lawe been decided to send him into some other part of South Africa, of which he has not had experience, and which is not familiar to him. He has accordingly been sent to Natal. Further comment on the matter would be superfluous. — Financial Netos, Jan. 4.

# 4 In Memoriam +

SOPHIA HARRIOT TATAM

who passed behind the veil on the 23rd inst. Jesu Merci. R. I. P.

### CLOS ST. CHARLES

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The apartments have been repainted and repapered throughout and are insuriously furnished. The dining-room has also been refloored, and no expense has been spared to make this

The most comfortable Hotel

in the city. The baths have likewise been improved. As before; particular pains will be taken to provide the guests of this Hotel with a first-class table, and with the best of service and attention. The electric tram passes the door every few minutes, making it the most convenient as well as the pleasantest Hotel in Rio de Jaueiro.

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# LELEGRAMS OF THE WEEK

# OUR OWN SPECIAL SERVICE

### LONDON

LONDON, 24TH JANUARY, 5.40 A. M.

According to official advices from General Sir Redvers Buller of Monday's date, General Sir Charles Warren continues to hold the po-

sition gained two days ago (Saturday), Fourteen hundred yards in front of him is the enemy's position, and to the west is the lofty Spion-kop, which latter General Warren

intends to attempt to seize to-night.

A fierce artillery duel has been waged during the last two days, the advantage being with the British, since their fire has searched the Boer trenches, without sustaining much

The mails from Lisbon state that Boers are Crossing from Umballa, near the coast, into Rhodesia. In view of this breach of the neutrality of Portugal, the governor of Lou-renço Marques has hurried forward artillery to that point and has asked the home government to send him reinforcements, which are to be sent forward at once.

Otherwise the situation in South Africa continues unchanged.

London, 25TH January, 5.20 a. m.

The situation at the seat of war remains unchanged. General Sir Redvers Buller maintains complete silence in regard to the movements of his forces.

Mail advices from Lisbon report that it is believed there that the local Portuguese officials at Umballi allowed the Boers to cross

netials at Ombalit allowed the Boers to cross Lourence Marques territory.

The Lisbon officials are greatly scared over the possible consequences despite the efforts at Delagoa Bay to remedy this infraction of neutrality.

LONDON, 25TH JANUARY, 11.50 a. m.

(Received 1.35 p. m.)

General Sir Charles Warren occupied Spionkop, the key to the Boer position, on Tuesday night and held it against fierce attacks by the Boers all day Wednesday. The capture of this fortified hill rendered

the enemy's position untenable,

The casualties are reported to have been considerable, including General Woodside who was dangerously wounded.

LONDON, 26TH JANUARY, 5.30 a. in.

There is nothing new reported from the scene of operations on the Tugela.

It is reported that a heavy bombardment of

Ladysmith occurred on Wednesday last.

The situation at other points where war operations are in progress remains unchanged.

> LONDON, 26TH JANUARY, 1.05 p.m. (Received 12 m.)

General Sir Redvers Buller cables to the war office that he is sorry to say that General Sir Charles Warren had abandoned Spion-kop during the night.

LONDON, 27TH JANUARY, 5, 20 a. m. The situation of General Buller's command

remains unchanged since yesterday.

The Spion-kop mystery is still unsolved, owing to the lack of definite cable information in regard to that affair, but at the present moment a more hopeful impression is entertained here in regard to it.

Reinforcements are still arriving at Cape town in large numbers.

The reported heavy losses of the Boers in the recent engagements on the Tugela river are confirmed.

Advices have been received that patrols from the commands of Generals Gatacre and French have joined hands near Steynsburg, south east of Colesberg and midway between Stormberg and Rosmead Tunction.

LONDON, 28TH JANUARY, 5.20 p.m.

(Received 3.37 p.m.)

General Sir Redvers Buller reports that it is useless to make a second attack on Spion-kop, as the enemy's right wing is too strong.

He had therefore decided to withdraw his forces across the Tugela river, which had been done without loss.

LONDON, 29TH JANUARY, 6.45a. m. Unofficial accounts from General Sir Redver Buller's column show that the fighting in the vicinity of Spion-kop on Wednesday last, in which General Sir Charles Warren's command

was principally engaged, was of the most desperate character

desperate cuaracter.

The Boers say, in their report on this battle, that the British left 1500 dead on the field. which is probably an exaggeration, and also 150 prisoners.

The Boers admit heavy losses on their own

side in the same battle.

Advices from Boer sources state that the report that Colonel Plumer has succeeded in the relief of Mafeking, is unconfirmed.

LONDON, 30TH JANUARY, 5.45 a. m. The situation in South Africa is unchanged. According to official returns the casualties among the officers of the Fifth Division and Mounted Brigade at Spion-kop were 23 killed, wounded, and 6 missing, most of whom are said to have been severely wounded.

# SUMMARY FROM DAILY PRESS

Great Britain.

Great Britain.

JAN. 23:— At Capetown no advices from Natal had been received for 36 hours.—There was great anxiety in England over the results of Gen. Warren's battles.—Advices from Gen. Buller at a late hour-state that Gen. Warren I ad maintained the position won on Stinday. The British were within 1400 yards of the enemy's lines and Gen. Warren intended to assault Spion-koo, that night (Tuesday).— No confirmation has been received of Col. Dundonald's arrival at Ladysmith with his 1,600 men.—Gen. Buller reports the British casualties on the 21st as one officer and five men killed, and 3 officers and 75 men wounded (The telegram does not specify the command to which they belonged.)—Reports were current in London that Gen. Buller had suffered a defeat, which the war office denies.—In German and Austrian utilitary circles the opinion is generally held that the British will be defeated in this war.

JAN, 24.—The silence of the war office in

opinion is generally held that the British will be defeated in this war.

JAN, 24.—The silence of the war office in regard to operations on the Tugela is creating great anxiety in London.—On the 23rd Gen. Warren reported that he was maintaining his position in front of Spior-Kop, but that the greater height of that mountain prevented an effective bombardment.—In official cricles in London confidence is expressed in Gen, Buller's plans, but the public at large is distrustful. In spite of the cold and snow crowds of people are in the streets awaiting news.—On Monday Gen. Methuen made a recommissance as far as Magersfontein, where he encountered the enemy in force. The artillery and rifle firing continued until Tuesday.—The Boers resumed the bombardment of Kimberley yesterday.—On Monday the Boers are said to have attacked Gen, French, but the result is not known.—A Capetown telegram says the "Cymric" has been sent to the assistance of the "Manchester Corporation.—At Chatham yesterday Lord Rosebery declared that in South Africa Great Britain is fighting an administration corrupted by the independence of the South African republic (which is a very puzzling assertion).

JAN. 25.—Tuesday night (23rd) Gen, Warren succeeded in canturing Shon-Kon by

of the South African republic (which is a very puzzling assertion).

JAN. 25. — Tuesday night (23rd) Gen. Warren succeeded in capturing Spion-Kop by surprise, its small garrison taking to flight. On the following day (Wednesday) the Boers attacked the British with heavy artillery and rifle fire. Gen. Warren held Spion kop during the day, but with severe losses. Gen. Woodgate was gravely wounded. — An official dispatch says that Gen. Warren considers the Boer positions indefensible after the loss of Spion-Kop. — In military circles the capture of Spion-Kop is considered important, but not decisive. — A telegram published by \*C\*Paizs says that a press dispatch received in London states that Gen. Warren had been obliged to abandon Spion-kop after a terrible combat. — There were great rejoicings in London over the capture of Spion-kop, crowds of people filling Trafalgar Squareand Hyde Park singing "Rule Britannia. — In a skirmish near Chiveley on Tuesday the British lost one killed and 7 wounded. —At Brusse s it is believed that the taking of Spion-kop are gengranged as a preliminary to peace negotiations. —At Forfar. Scotland, Mr. John Morley says that Cecil Rhodes had deceived every body, the government as well as the people, and he considers that Great Britain has been launched upon a had adventure. — The Rank of England discount rate has been reduced to 4 per cent.

JAN. 26. — The war office announces that Gen. Warren abandoned Spion-kop Wednesday Vednesday Vedn

bad adventure. — The Bank of England discount rate has been reduced to 4 per cent.

Jan. 26. — The war office announces that Gen. Warren abandoned Spion-kop Wednesday night. — In the combat resulting in the capture of Spion-kop the British losses were: killed 6 officers and 18 men; wounded 12 officers and 142 men; missing 31. (Another telegam says these losses occurred in the battle on Wednesday, 24th inst.)—Telegrams just received state that the losses in various combats near the Tugela (Potgieters ford, perhaps) were: Kings Royal Rifles, 3 officers and 18 men killed, and 4 officers and 65 men wounded: Cameronians, 3 officers and 8 men killed and 6 officers and 7m men wounded. Gameronians, 3 officers and 8 men killed and 6 officers and 7m men wounded. Besides these 20 men are missing. Captains Murray and Walter are among the killed. — Great disappointment was manifested in London over the abandonment of Spion-kop. — The war office is advised that 130 Boer prisoners have arrived at Durban. — From Modder River it is reported that the British had bombarded various Boer kopjes. — The "M. nchester Corporations" (which is a steamer) has arrived at Capetown. — There was a general fall in stocks to day.

JAN. 27. — Telegrams from Lourenço Marques, state that Mafeking was relieved on the

ONEWS.

23td.—The war office denies that Gen, Warren has been deteated, and that Gen Buller had been obliged for re-cross the Tugela with the loss of 17 gens, as inserted by Berlin journals. The intuitier of war ogniders, these statements as faunastic,—It is generally believed that there was a general battle on the 24th and that Gen. Buller's losses were lieuwier than reported to the war office.—The war office has announced that the British losses in the battles on the Tugela river from the 17th to the 25th inst. were 67 killed, 579 wounded and 60 missing.—There is great auxiety manifested in London about the withdrawal from Spion-kop and complaints are made against the general responsible for it.—The Berlin press publishes a Pretora telegram stating that the Boer commander, Gen. Botha, reports a baving defelted Gen. Warren on Wednesday, capturing 17 guns, and that Gen. Buller was in risk of being surrounded and defeated, which he could only escape by withdrawing across the Tugela. He estimated the British losses at 80 ok Illed and 1,500 wounded.—Indignation fineetings against the government are convoked for lo-morrow.—Gen. French who seems to be moving eastwardy reports an encounter with the enemy who lost 40 men, his own losses being 3 killed and 5 wounded. JAN. 28.—The British losses on the Tugela announced yesterday, viz. 67 killed, 579 wounded and 60 missing, refer only to Gen. Lyttleton's brigade. Gen Warren's losses at Spion-kop have not yet been made public.—A Colema telegram is yet hat Gen. Lucas Meyer had surprised a British detachment of mounted infantry, killing and wounding 20, and capturing 15.—Gen. Buller telegraphed yesterday that the considered a second attack on Spion-kop impossible and he had therefore resoived to withdraw his forces south of the Tugela. (This partly confirms the Berlin dispatches of yesterday).—It is reported that 50 bubbin fusiliers surrendered to the Roers on the Tugela on the 25th.—A Lourenco Marques telegram of the 26th says that dwices from the Boer encompament on the T

phono and money to benefit only a group of corrupt financiers.

JAN. 29.—Parliament opens to morrow when it is expected that a vote of censure on the government will be moved.—The war office aunounces that the casualities among officers in the battle of Friday last at Spion-kop were 22 killed, 20 wounded and 6 missing. It is yet unknown what the losses were among the rank and file. Col Blousfield, of the Laucashire regiment was wounded and captured.—Gen. Botha reports the British losses at 3,000 at Spion kop, and his own losses at 800.—A Berlin telegram says that news has been received by way of Pretoria that Gen, French in seeking to advance was attacked by the Boers on the 25th and obliged to retire with heavy losses in men and munitions.—The Times advises the government to send 50,000 men more at once, and other newspapers demand that 100,000 shall be sent to the front.—It is stated in Lisbon that the British government is exercising great pressure there to have the port of Delagoa Bay completely closed and that protests have been made by France, Germany and Russia.

France.

## France.

JAN, 23.— The government will submit to congress this week its project of maximum and minimum tariffs. The maximum on coffee will be double the present rates.— Several of the more conservative journals are urging the government to make concessions to Brazil.

JAN. 24.— The trial of the Assumptionist priests is causing violent scenes in court, 2nd in congress.—The court condemns the Assumptionists to pay a fine of 16 frances, and declares the association dissolved.—The Siecle advises Brazil to insist on a reduction in the French tariff on Brazilian coffee.

Prench tariff on Brazilian contee.

JAN. 25.—The carpen'ers employed on the Paris exposition buildings have struck for higher wages.—Cardinal Richard, who visited the Assumptionist fathers after their condemnation, has been asked for an explanation.

JAN. 27.—There were disorders at the exposition buildings to-day, the strikers trying to prevent others from working.

JAN. 28.—The carpenters strike is increasing. Cardinal Richard explains that his visit to the Assumptionists was strictly in a private

JAN. 29.—Vesterday's senatorial elections are said to make no change in the composition of the senate.—Gen. Mercier was elected from Nantes.—The carpenters strike is considered -Vesterday's senatorial elections

# Germany.

JAN. 23.— Ratifications of a commercial convention between Germany and Uruguay were to-day exchanged in Berlin.— The Hamburguesa Co., owners of the "Bandesrath," ask 430,000 marks indemnity for the seizure of that steamer at Lourenco Marques.

JAN. 24.— The minister of public instruction as re-established corporal punishment in the s:hools.

JAN. 25.—The federal council has approved the project for augmenting the German fleet. —The mother of the Empress Augusta Vic-toria died to-day in Schleswig-Holstein.

JAN. 27.— The German secretary of foreign affairs had an interview with Dr. Leyds

JAN. 28.— Dr. Leyds refuses to talk regarding his interview with Count von Bulow. He says the Boer republics will accept peace only on the recognition of their absolute independence. dence.

### United States.

JAN. 26.—A railway wagon loaded with dynamite was blown up near Wilkesbarre, Pa., killing 5 and wounding 7 persons. The dam-ages are estimated at \$ 150,000.

JAN. 29.—At a breakfast given at the White House the wife of the Austrian minister refused to accept the arm of the Mexican

# ' Spain.

JAN 27.—There were 124 deaths from in-fluenza in Barcelona during the last 24 hours. (This is worse than the plague).

JAN. 28.—The Spanish gunboat "Pelicano" has been wrecked at Fernando Po.

JAN. 29.—The Barcelona chamber of deputies have repeated their demand for autonomy.

# Italy

JAN. 29.—The Italian sanitary authorities have declared all Argentine ports unclean.

### Russia.

JAN. 29.—A fire in a large edifice in St. Petersburg causes 7 deaths and injuries to 9

## DR. EDWARD H. WILLIAMS.

RECORD OF A LONG AND USEFUL LIFE

The Santa Barbara correspondent of the San Francisco Chronicle amounced the death on December 21st of Dr. Edward H. Williams, senior partner in the firm owning the Baldwin Locomotive Works, in the following apprecia-

tive words:

Dr. Edward H. Williams of Philadelphia died at 6 o'clock this morning of heart failure

Commitive Works, in the following apprecialive words:

Dr. Edward H. Williams of Philadelphia
died at 6 o'clock this morning of heart failure
in his room at the Arlington Hotel. Dr. Williams awoke at 2 o'clock this morning and
complained to his nurse of a pressing sensation
about his heart. The nurse did not consider
it serious and so did not call a physician until
uear 6 o'clock, when he was rapidly growing
weaker. Dr. Bates arrived and had not been
with him ten minutes when Dr. Williams
died. He was at the time of his death vicepresident of the Baldwin Locomotive Works
and also of the Pennsylvania railroad. Some
years ago be resigned the presidency of both
these corporations on account of failing health.
He at one time was the general manager of
the Pennsylvania railroad.

Dr. Williams was born in Woodstock, Vt.
June 1, 1824. His father, at that time, was
secretary of slate of Vermont and for many
years was one of the foremost men in that
state. Dr. Williams was graduated from the
medical college at Woodstock at an early age
and practiced his profession for a short time
before identifying himself with a Vermont
railroad system. He entered the surveying
department and rapidly advanced until he
became its general manager. He then went
with the Pennsylvania road and the Baddwin
Locomotive Works. He was a great traveler
and observer. He traveled around the world
twice and made close 'studies of many comtries. Fifteen years ago he came to Santa Barbara, suffering with catarrh, and found that
he could breath easier here than in any other
place he had ever been. He spent fifteen
winters here, where he owns a beautiful villa
in Mission canyon. Two children survive Dr.
Williams, Professor Edward H. Williams F.
Dreer, now living in this city.
The funeral will be held from the Dreer
residence in this city Saturday morning. His
remains will be placed in a vault in Montectio
cemetery, as he frequently requested, and left
there until spring, who me they will be moved
to Philadelphia, to be placed near his wife.
D

# HNGOISM GONE MAD

According to the Central News. Mr. Choate has been instructed to press for refress in the matter of the seizure of flour aboard American vessels outside Delagoa Bay. We don't think Englishmen need spend sleepless nights over this protest. The claim can only be a diplomatic form. If England chooses to declare foodstuffs contraband of war, the United States, or any other nation, may press as hard as they like for redress; it won't affect the issue. And, in our view, England will be quite right in declaring food-stuffs contraband. As we said in our leading article on Tuesday, there is no doubt that a European nation at war with us would declare food contraband. Why, then, should England be squeamish over a matter which eatmet but affect materially her ability to put down, the Ber revolt at the last expense to herself of blood and treasure? — Prinancial News, January 4.

hast expense to herself of blood and treasure?

—Pinancial News, January.

We know from telegraphic dispatches that better counsels prevailed, and that foodstuffs have been declared to be not contraband of war. The Financial News, which represents the stock-market harpies who brought on the Anglo-Transvaal war, must therefore console itself with impotent bluff. To cripple the Boers, whom the stock-market warriors of London hate so intensely, Great Britain will not put herself in a false and untenable position, which would be the case were she to declare foodstuffs contraband of war—Eds. News.

# THE RIO NEWS

A. J. LAMOUREUX, Editor and Proprietor

Contains a summery of news and a review of Brazilian affairs, a list of the artivals and departures of foreign vessels, the commercial report and price current of the Burket, tables of stock quotations and sales, a summary of the daily coffer reports and all other information necessary to a correct judgment on Brazilian trade.

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9 Frost & Co., 38. Queen Victoria Street and by Messrs, C. F. Hammett & Co., Sho PAULO, Notices of marriages, births and deaths 25soo ench SINGLE COPIES: Soo refers; for sale at the office of publication, at the Panglish Book Store, No., 36 Rua do Ouvidor, and at the Casa Americana in São Paulo.

EDITORIAL AND PUBLICATION OFFICES:

79, Rua Sete de Setembro. FOSTOFFICE ADDRESS: — Caixa 258.

RIO DE JANEIRO, JANUARY 30th, 1900. THE sanitary status on this coast has now become an exceedingly complicated and irrational one, and it is time that steps were taken to improve it. Beginsteps were taken to improve it. Beginning with this city, we had what a few hysterical doctors were rash enough to call a case of bubonic pest, but as no other cases have appeared we may reasonably conclude that there was neither case nor infection. The report was sufficient, however, to create coast-wise restrictions in chiming traffic and was sufficient, however, to create coast-wise restrictions in shipping traffic, and quarantines against us abroad. At the River Plate ten days quarantines were immediately imposed. At Sautos there was an outbreak of the plague in a very mild form, and that port was shut off from communication with other Brazilian sents and quaranting by (assignment). from communication with other Brazilian ports and quarantined by fo eign ports, especially those of the River Plate. The plague has disappeared in Santos, however, no cases having appeared for weeks. The city of São Paulo, a few miles above Santos; took it up as soon as it left the latter city, and this tends to keep the sanitary restrictions going, useless as they are proved to be. At to keep the sanitary restrictions going, useless as they are proved to be. At the River Plate, Paraguay has been suffering for some time from what is called the bubonic plague, and the people are by this time very nearly starved out. In spite of quarantine restrictions, however, the plague has appeared both in Rosario and Buenos Aires during the past week, and now quarantine restrictions are to be enforced against those ports. The result of all against those ports. The result of all this will be that any mail steamship service a ong this coast is becoming impossible, for the steamers will have to spend more time in quarantine have to spend more time in quarantine than on the voyage, besides incurring all sorts of expenses for inspectors, disin-fections, fumigations, sanitary charges, etc. It is clearly evident that they can not stand it, and unless a little common sense is employed by the sanitary officials here and at the River, all com-

munication between these countries will cease. We can not expect steamship cease. We can not expect score companies to submit to these expensive exactions, nor can we expect merchants to take such risks. And still further,

clearly

it is clearly evident that all these sanitary precautions are absolutely uscless. If these reported cases are really-cases of bubonic plague, then the infection has slipped through the sanitary lines in spite of every precaution. This being the case, the only rational policy is to abandon these worthless quarantines and absurd disinfections, and devote the money to be wasted on them to better purposes. Better sanitary improvements in our cities and ports, and cheaper and better food will do more to protect us against such epidemies than

cheaper and better food will do more to protect us against such epidemics than all the precautions these authorities have thus far taken. Let us have all the quarantines, disinfections and sanitary inspectors abolished, and let us treat these diseases only when we find them. Isolating a case is just as effective as quarantining a shipload of passengers, and it is far less troublesome and expensive. Let us be governed by reason and not by fear.

THERE have been some trifling changes in China during the past week, but as the names given are a little confusing we shall not undertake to go into details. Suffice it to say that the Emperor has been deposed, and a child of nine years, whom we may call Putsing, has been substituted for him. The Empress-Mother, however, still bosses the family and does all the governing herself. The late Emperor had some modern ideas and has been dethroned for it; the new puppet is not yet old enough for such ideas, so the Empress-Mother will be able to go on in the good old way.

THE Diario of Buenos Aires assures us that in a short time the quarautine against Brazil will be diminished. Don't disturb yourselves, gentlemen; if it pleases the children, let it go ou! There was no occasion for it in the first place, consequently you may as well keep it up. Just keep it running for another three months, please, so that you can give Campos Salles, Nuno de Andrade, José Carlos, and a few more a good taste of the infliction. If you can send them to Flores island, all the better. There'll be no end to this intolerable abuse until some of the men responsible for it are compelled to taste its effects.

WE are informed that an experienced artillery officer who is well acquainted with South Africa, is willing to undertake to raise and equip half a machine gun battery (3 guns) for service against the Boers, providing funds for equipment and transportation can be provided. He guarantees to find 30 men who can ride and shoot, and he will put them in good training in time for departure about the middle of February. The expense of such an undertaking will be about £ 1500, and he feels certain that no difficulty will be encountered in finding the men and in taking them.to South Africa. As a troop of 25 men has gone out from Argentina, he feels certain that the British residents in Brazil will wish to do at least that much, and perhaps more.

The acting president of the Associação Commercial published yesterday an article in which he makes a vigorous protest against draconian provisions in the new consumption tax regulations. That protest has doubtless the unqualified approval of the majority of business men. The latter are, we presume, desirous of defending their legitimate interests and in this respect they have recently had some valuable lessons. The methods which they have to employ are not, it is true, exactly those that obtained redress for the grievances of drivers of public vehicles; but at their disposal there are means of action which can be rendered equally effective. What is essential is that there shall be the proper carnestness, announ, moderation, firamess, determination and tenacity.

THE Monlevideo Times thinks the quarantine business is proved to be farcical because the Montevideo authorities intended to declare a quarantine against the Brazilian quarantine station of Ilha Grande. Our colleague is mistaken. This is the first serious and sensible measure that has been taken by the sanitary authorities. In our humble opinion, the most pestiferous and dangerous points on the coast are the quarantine stations. They are dirty, unsmitary, pestilential holes—every one of them. Their sanitary arrangements are of the worst, and their treatment of passengers is rough and barbarous. There is not one good feature about them. Even their so-called sanitary measures are farcical and of no earthly value. Let them be quarantined, by all means. They are foul and noxious and ought to be declared outside the pale of civilization. If the sanitary boards along this coast could be shut up in them, we should favor making the quarantine rigorous and perpetual.

shut up in them, we should have meeting the quarantine rigorous and perpetual.

We have been waiting since the beginning of the month for an opportunity to buy the new commemorative postage stamps at the postoffice, but without avail. Several inquiries failed to secure any information in regard to the issue. Last week we found the stamps on sale at a book-store, but they were in sels for collectors and were already cancelled. Later on we received advice from a well-known stamp-dealer that he had been charged with the sale of these stamps, which he was offering in sets, which would be officially cancelled apple to the 28th February next, after which uncancelled stamps could be obtained. Not long since an official notice was published stating that these stamps would be available for postal uses within the country from 1st January to 28th February. And we now learn that they can not be obtained. The conclusion is unavoidable, therefore, that these commemorative stamps are postage stamps only para inglex ver, and that the public has been duped. They can not be obtained for use as postage, as those offered for sale are already cancelled. Those we were able to procure last week bear a postoffice cancellation mark of January 1st. We have no objection to the sale of stamps to assist the commission is charge of the commemorative festivities, but why call them apostage stamps when they are not to be used as such? As the case now stands it is a petty swindle—and nothing else! We doubt if a single stamp has ever passed through the mails, and if the government can prevent it not one ever will. The purpose is evident. The government does not wish to lose a vintem of postal revenue, and they are called postage stamps only to deceive collectors. Bal! Why must the Brazilian government resort to such unworthy tricks!

### CORRESPONDENCE.

THE YEAR 1900. Rio, 27th January, 1900

To the Editor.

Sir.—May I ask how you express the present year in Roman characters? Is it MCM? or MDCCC? or MDCD?

Yours truly

[We must really ask to be excused. With a war on our hands, new taxes to pay and bubonic pest on every side of us, we really cad not give attention to such matters. We are content to use the figures 1900, and let the Roman characters go. If some of our readers wish to answer the question, however, we shall be glad to publish their replies —Ed. News.]

THE ICARAHY SERVICE. 74 Rua Mendo de Sá, Icarahy, January, 27, 1900

Dear Mr. Lamoureux.
Will you please assist me in making known the fact that on Sunday Feb. 4'I hope to hold a Church Service at eight o'clock in the

a Chirch Service at Commerce will be held at No. 74 Rua Mendo de Sá, Icarahy, and all will be welcome. The bond (Icarahy), which leaves São Domingos at half past seven, passes within 3 or 4 minutes walk of the house.

Yours faithfully
IRVINE CRAWSHAW,
Brilish Chaplain.

PATRIOTIC SUBSCRIPTIONS.

33, Rua do General Camara. Rio de Janeiro, 27th January, 1900.

Rio de Janeiro, 27th January, 1900.

Dear Mr. Lamoureux.—In addressing to you the following lines it is with the knowledge that the subject on which they treat has your sympathy, and so feel confident you will accord me a small space in your paper which has so wide a circulation among the British residents here.

Being deeply interested in the present war, it was with pleasure I saw announced in your paper that the Rio patriotic fund committee had forwarded a donation of £700 to the Kipling Fund and still remained with a small balance in hand.

Speaking on the subject of the fund to a member of the committee, I mentioned the idea of keeping it open during the war, for several friends to whom I had spoken expressed themselves as being not only willing but wishful to give their continuous support to it while the war lasts.

These friends feel with me that there must be many other British residents in Rio who will be only too pleased to give practical expression to their patriotism and sympathy with our soldiers, by their steady help until the war is honourably ended, and they have asked me to initiate a monthly subscription list.

With a subscription list of this kind, it

the war is honourney smoothly subscription list.

With a subscription list of this kind, it would be possible to send a monthly donation to the fund, and as the duration of the war is uncertain and the calls on the fund naturally tend to increase, the distributing committee at home would undoubtedly much appreciate a subscription of this kind.

I enclose a list of the gentlemen who have already promised monthly subscriptions ranging from half a sovereign.

If you are kind enough to publish this letter, thus bringing the matter before the community. I have no doubt the list will rapidly increase. Giving you my best thanks beforehand for the assistance I feel sure you will give, I am, Yours very sincerely,

RICHARD WHICHELLO.

P. S.—It is proposed that a meeting be assistance is proposed that a meeting be

P. S.—It is proposed that a meeting be called to appoint a committee to properly organize the subscription fund; for announcing the same I hope you allow me to again trespass on your space.—R. W.

on your space, —R. W.

The following gentlemen have promised monthly subscriptions, while the war lasts, to the Patriotic Fund, for the help of those dependent upon our soldlers engaged in the present war:

Rev. Irvine Crawshaw, H. O. Robinson, D. Roberts, T. G. Cross, H. A. De Lisle, Frank Youle, Geo. Armstrong, John Crashley, H. Hardwick, W. Bardsley, W. F. Hargreaves, H. J., Wheatley, W. Maude, A. McMillan, W. Reid, H. Hampshire, H. Brighouse, W. Cairus, W. Stunders, G. Stevens, A. Stevens, Ed. May, Ed. Wyatt, A. M. Haddon, O. W. Rolls, L. W. Turner, C. N. Atlee, T. Johnson, W. T. Ginns, A. Breach, W. H. Whichello, R. Whichello, J. Findlay, E. Haynes,

Just before preparing this issue for the press Mr. Whichello sends us word that the com-mittee of the City Club has kindly boaned the use of their room for a meeting of those interested in this fund, which meeting will be held on Thursday next (1st Peb'y) at 3,30 p.m.

PAYSANDU CRICKET CLUB.

The annual general meeting took place as announced, on the 21th inst; 25 members signed the presence book and several others were present during the evening.

After some straightforward remarks from the president (Mr. T. D. Bann) about the impossibility so far of purchasing the ground or getting it on lease and the efforts of the 1899 executive to do as much as they could with the money at their disposal, in the way of improvement of ground and pavilion,

without, however, leaving too big compromises for the 1900 committee, the secretary and treasurer were called on in turn to read their

without, however, leaving too big compromises for the 1900 committee, the secretary and treasurer were called on in turn to read their reports.

The secretary was able to announce satisfactory success on cricket field and tennis court and a general improvement on 1893.

The treasurer's report was a comprehensive one, shewing how membership had been increased in 10 months from 75 to 133 and how the committee had been able not only to improve the pavilion but also to construct a new tennis court, spending, some Rs. 1,5005, which had seemed an impossibility when they came into office. The interest of his report centred, though, on the future: three contos of reis had been compromised for leveling of ground and three contos for entire rebuilding of pavilion and but and a luncheon and tea shed; against this only some Rs. 8,505 had been received in reply to the committee's appeal in the circular of Sept. 1899. Forty members out of 120 had responded and if the other 80 to whom that circular had been sent would do so three contos out of the six were certain; the rest would be covered if the membership of 130 were sustained, 40 new members elected and their average subscription be of 6 months. To obtain this the present members would have to aid the new committee by working for new members. The optimism of the estimate was based on 1899 successes, but any relaxation of efforts might jeopardise the financial position at end of 1900.

A general discussion ensued and Mr. J. B. Orr headed a special subscription list which reached Rs. 4005. A vote of approval of accounts and of the clear way they had been presented was proposed and passed unanimously.

Mr. A. C. E. Skey was then asked to take the chair and the voting for new officers resulted as follows:

President T. D. Bunn; Vice-President P. Padoury; Secretary A. Amaral; Treasurer H. J. Reeves, with C. H. Lloyd and H. R. Lutham. Some useful suggestions were made by A. E. Roberts relative to increase of number of committee and A. C. Skey to increase of subscription, but th

Coffee Notes

—The continued rais throughout the coffee districts have greatly benefitted the growing crop. The ripening of the fruit from the abnormally early flowering is being delayed, and the general condition of the crop is said to by much improved.
—Telegrams from Paris on the 23rd and 24th state that the French government will impose double duties on Brazilian coffee, should this country impose special duties on French products. A tariff war, destructive to the interests of both countries, would therefore appear to be imminent.

# PROVINCIAL NOTES

There were eight cases of yellow-fever in the hospital at Santos on the 22nd inst.

A manganese mine is reported to have been recently discovered near Carandally in the state of Minas Geraes.

—In Paralyba do Norte the officers and men of the 27th battalion are accused of interfering in local political affairs.

—In Bahia murders are becoming distressingly frequent. Is it anarchy and savagery that politicians are seeking in that state?

—A considerable number of cases of typhoid fever have appeared at Victoria, Espirito Sinto, but the doctors are not at all concerned about that.

Sinto, but the doctors are not at all concerned about that.

—A Pelotas telegram of the 27th inst, says that the delegado fiscal has prohibited communication between Livramento and Rivera after sunset?

—Tranquilino Sont'Anna is the name of the jidler's assistant at Sontos and he has just been dismissed for harsh treatment inflicted upon a poor demented prisoner.

—The question of the increase of fares on the ferry boats was discussed at a recent sitting of the Nictheroy numicipal chamber, which appointed a committee to report on the subject.

—The municipal council of Baltia has voted.

ject.

"The municipal council of Bahia has voted free passages for ablermen on the transway lines of that city. In due time they will be voting themselves free drinks and free gro-

lines of that city. In due time they will be voting themselves free drinks and free groceries.

—The municipal council of Rapetininga has asked the São-Paulo state government for either a physician or 2,500 a mouth to meet expenses for protecting that town against bubonic pest.

—Disturbances are reported at Patos, Minas Geraes. Two men are said to have been killed and several wounded. Several houses have been broken open and searched and it is asserted that a state of complete anarchy prevails.

—In the state of Rio Grande do Sul, according to a telegram of the 27th inst., the pressgang is at work, under the direction of the notorious João Francisco, for the purpose of obtaining recruits for the 11th battalion of infantry.

The custombonse authorities have employed women for searching ladies arriving with their families at Livramento from Uruguay.

—Last week the Bishop of São Paulo forbade masses in the São Paulo churches for the soul of Jpr. Americo de Campos because the latterhad been a free mason. This act promises to reinew the controversy between churchmen and masons.

—There was a little scare in Botucata the other day over bubonic pest, so the local authorities sent up to São Paulo for some antibubonic serum. But the sanitary authorities had no serum left, so they sent forward 50 tins of rat poison.

—A São Paulo telegram of the 23rd says that another case of bubonic pest has been discovered in that city. It's fortunate the case was discovered just at this time, or some of the Sanitary Army would have been losing their employment.

—It is stated that the refugees from Carangola, where there were violent political disturbances a few days before the congressional election, are not yet permitted to return to their homes. Among these refugees are several of the most prominent citizens.

—The Republica of Therezina, Planty, says the administrator of the postoffice compelled the return of the Rio de Janeiro mails from Caxias in order to extract the authenticated returns of the federal elections, which he delivered to the secretary of the state government.

—The state government of Minas Geraes has issued a decree for reorganizing is police.

ernment.

—The state government of Minas Geraes has issued a decree for reorganizing its police brigade, which is to be composed of 320 civilians and a military police of 1,500 enlisted men divided into a squadron of cavalry and 11 companies of infantry organized in three hattalions.

men divided into a squadron of cavalry and it companies of infantry organized in three battalions.

—A great quantity of counterfeit currency is said to be in circulation in the municipalities of Dores de Boa Esperança (Pains of Good Hope) and Araxá, Minas Geraes. A police inquiry has developed the fact that the notes were placed in circulation by Carlos Lourenço Pires, Januario Ribeiro Hordones and Leandro Ribeiro Hordones, who were supplied by persons coming from São Paulo, where the money was printed.

—It appears that at Saguarema, in the state of Rio de Janeiro, there is a police official (a subdelegado) who owns a shop and that, as is natural in these hard times, this shop has very little custom. According to Dr. Macedo Soares the police official has issued an order forbidding customers to purchase at a competing shop and threatening them, in event of non-compliance with his order, with arrest and prosecution for disobedience.

—Apparently marriage is a luxury which few persons can afford in the state of Amazonas. Recently at a place in that state, very appropriately called Antimary (anti-marry), there was a civil marriage, and the sum of 1,000 km shanded to the indge who had performed the ceremony. He returned it with the remark that his clerk's fee amounted to that and his own fee to 2,000 S, making a total of 3,000 S.

—The Commercio de São Paulo of the 2 yrd publishes two telegrams of the 20th and 21st inst, regarding the Rio strike which had been refused by orders of the government. Our São Paulo colleague says that the government gave orders not to sênd any messages regarding the strike. This certainly looks as though the government was in a funt over the strike, for the stopen and partin in the state of Rio de Janeiro says that on the night of the

measure only warranted by feats of a revalution.

A telegram from Bom Jardim in the state of Rio de Janeiro says that on the night of the 25th inst. disorderly persons under the lead of the assistant prosecuting attorney attacked the house of the district judee with shouts of oburral for the chief of police! The judge's library, valued at 5,0005, was removed from his house, steeped in kerosene and burnt. There are many complaints of disturbances in various localities in that state, caused, it is said, by partisans of the governor.

The epidemic of yellow fever in Sorocaba, São Paulo, seems to be increasing rapidly in intensity, showing a very bad sanitary situation in that town. On Thursday last 22 new cases were admitted to the fever hospital's Sdeaths occurred and about 400 cases are reported to be under treatment in the hospitals and private residences. There is a small English colony in and near Sorocaba, which we hope will be able to keep free from the epidemic. Great care should be taken to observe strict sanitary rules, to live temperately and to avoid infected districts, especially at night.

# RAILROAD NOTES

— Owing to landslides caused by continuous rains, there have been some interruptions on the Sorocabana railway.

—The price of fares to the subarbs with return tickets on the Central railway has been reduced to 500 reis. A season ticket with 30 fares for going and returning costs 145500.

—A decree of the 22nd inst. grants an extension of ten years for the completion of the railway from Santa Cruz to Itaguaby. Evidently the minister is inclined to wait for a rise in exchange.

—The supreme council of the court of appeals has refused to issue a writ of labeas corpus in favor of Dr. Rodolpho Hemiqae Baptista, ex-president of the S. Christovao tramway company.

—The committee appointed by the share holders of the S. Christovao Co. to investigate the details of the recent embezzlement in that company, reports that the respective amount exceeds 500,0005.

— The action initiated by Messrs. José Weissohn & Co. against the Viação Paulista tramway company for 300,000\$, which was noticed in our last issue, was for the collection of money loaned to the company.

— Hy a decree of the 16th inst. (No. 3,559) published on the 27th inst., 'the government concedes an extension of eight months for the completion of the new inclined planes and the new Luz station of the São Paulo railway.

— From the station of Formoso a planter recently shipped to Rio de Janeiro some fowls and eggs, which, as he had neglected to pay the state export duty, were held at the railway station until the fowls had died of starvation.

— According to the format do Brazit the board of directors of the Sorocabana Co. has a plan for paying what the company owes to the government. But we hear nothing about paying what it owes to foreign debenture-holders.

holders.

— The swindled English holders of Sorocabana debentures will be pleased to know that there is an Englishman out here who is not ashamed to excuse the swindle and to defend the course pursued by the government in the matter.

ashaned to excuse the swindle and to defend the course pursued by the government in the matter.

—In a circular addressed to the employés of the Central railway and dated khe 23rd inst., the director declares that he places the keeping of that line in the hands of its personnel, just as the public gardens of Europe are entrusted to the keeping of the people. They must not smash up locomotives any more!

—Decree No. 554 A of 28th September last, and only just published, grants to the. Cia. Lavoura e Colonizaçã - em 53o Paulo permission to construct a narrow gaige railway from the terminal station of the Maried line through the municipality of Saquarema to some convenient point on the Lygôa de Arrumana, state of Rio de Janeiro. The road will have an extension of 30 kilometres.

—The manager of the Viação Paulista tramway lines, Major Quintino Bocayuva Junior, has inaugurated a new type of tram-car in that city which has been received with entusiastic compliments by the press. We can not imagine what it is like, unless all its seats are outside or end ones in pleasant weather, and inside ones in wet weather. Such a tram would pleas everybody.

—The estimated traffic receipts of the Leopoldina railway during the week ending Janeary 20th were 362.4745 in currency, which

would please everybody.

The estimated traffic receipts of the Leopoldiny railway during the week ending Jamary roth were 562,4745 in currency, which at 75 d exchange produced £11,516. In the corresponding week of last year the receipts were 245,167\$, which at 711/32 d, produced £7,502. The increase was therefore 117,307\$ in currency, or £4,014 in sterling. The aggregate receipts since 1st January were £26.550, against £26,445 in the same period of last year, showing an increase of £405.

—The tribunal of accounts has refused to register the deficiency appropriation of 1,206.7505 for the Central railway. The department of industry insists on the registration and says that in certain items there are balances whose total amounts to 1,502,615,502. The original appropriation of 35,615,6555693 will, in the opinion of the department, cover all expenses for 1899, but the new appropriation is necessary in view of the difference between the budget classification of expenses and the amounts actually expend, d under the various heads.

—It is stated that the receipts of the Central

tion is necessary in view of the difference between the budget classification of expenses and the amounts act ally expend. It makes the various heads
—It is stated that the receipts of the Central rallway amounted last year to 32,720,400550 and the expenses to 27,760,105277. We are not informed whether the sereturns include the amount of the Geficiency appropriation of 1,206,7505, or whether they are complete in other respects. In the budget the receipts had been estimated at 35,000,005 and the expenditure at 35,015,655,901. From the dispatch addressed by the department of industry on the 21th inst to the tribunal of accounts it appears that at that date the government had received accounts of expenses only up to October 31. We presume, then, that the foregoing returns are not definite, and we know they do not cover accounts passed but not paid. We very much doubt the existence of such a surplus.—The government having accepted the proposal of the state of Bahia having transferred its rights to the engineer Miguel de Teive e Argollo, the President signed a decree on the 23d inst. approving the contract with this gentleman on the following terms: 60 years lesses an initial payment of 15,000,05; the payment of 25,000,6 a year in two half yearly instalments; and an annuity, payable half veryers, 15 per cent, on the gross receipts for the first five years, to per cent, the second five years, 15 per cent, on the gross receipts for the first five years, 10 per cent, the second five years, 15 per cent, on the gross receipts for the first five years, 10 per cent, the second five years, 25 per cent, 30 the proposes to accomplish the following called for yesterday. In this statement the board estimates the value of the company's assets at 6,000,000 for 1,200,000 for 1,200,00

—On last Tuesday the board of directors of the Sorocabana railway had an interview with the minister of finance, "We have been informed," said the Jornal do Commercio on the following day, "that the minister, far from being opposed to the board's plan of reorganization, will on the contrary give it his support."

The approximate weekly traffic returns of the Recife and São Francisco railway (77 1/2 miles), compared with the corresponding week of last year, are as follows:

For week ending November 25th

breight traffic			
kilos Passengers car-	5,905,440	4,832,665	1,072,775
ried Total receipts,	10,804 52	10,068 1/2	736
weekdo since Jan.1	69.180\$380 1,521,207\$670	54,320\$770 1,693,207\$520	
For zerek endir	ig December 2	nd: *dec	rease
Freight traffic,	1899	1898	increase
kilos	5.434;841	4.747.088	687,753

Tassengers car-field receipts, 4,747,050 9,981 ½ 1,570 ½ total receipts, 6,4318740 56,174°5750 11,316°5050 week. 6,4318740 56,174°5750 11,316°5050 dosince Janu 1,558,789440 1,749,3525750 \*165.5925\*860 Note.—We regret to say that the letter containing reports for the three preceding weeks has not been received, having apparently been lost in the mails.—Ed. News.

# SHIPPING NOTES

—The first-class passengers who left Rio for Europe on the 25th inst. by the Royal Mail steamer \*Elbe\* were: Mr. and Mrs. H. A. DeLisle and servant, Mr. Edward Level and

be liske and servant, Mr. Istward Lever and wife.

—The torpedo-cruiser "Tupy" has been ordered to the Rio Acre to serve against the piratical adventurers who are seizing merchant vessels there. Besides the "Tupy," the "Julaty," gluruemas and "Tocantins" of the Amazon floitlha have been ordered to the same destination.

—The inspector of health of the port of Suntos has advised the commercial association there that the cance traffic between that port and the other ports of the state has been restablished. This is important, and we trust that all cunce mariners will feel duly grateful to the sanitary smiths for the removal of the embargo which has rested upon their liberty to paddle in and out of Suntos.

# Local Notes

—The crew of the cruiser *Primeiro de Março* has not, it is stated, been paid for two months.

has not, it is stated, been paid for two months.

—On Sunday night there were disturbances caused by soldiers. One of these and a polizman are known to have been wounded.

—Notwithstanding the appearance of nomore cases (2) of bubonic pest in this city.

Dr. Nuno de Andrade has appointed ten extraordinary commissioners of hygiene. The purpose is to spend money even if there is no pest.

pest.

—We sincerely regret to hear that Dr. Fer-reira de Aranjo, senior editor of the Gazela de Noticias, is again ill in Petropolis. He has our best we'ves for a speedy recovery and early return to the post he has 'so ably filled for so many years.

our best w's ies for a speedy recovery and early return to the post he has so ably filled for so many years.

—Last Friday was an exciting day for one of the police delegates. At one o'clock a. m. an unknown person shot at him twice with a revolver, and at 11.30 p.m. a tilbury driver attempted to assault him. The driver was arrested, but the man with the revolver made his scape.

—On Saturday Dr. Severino Vieira, who had resigned the office of minister of industry on account of being a candidate for the governorship of Bahia at the election held on the following day, was succeeded in that office by Dr. Alfredo Maia, who up to that date had been director of the Central Railway.

—One of our readers in commenting on the arrangement by which the commemorative stamps can not be used for postage, though they are called postage stamps and are cancelled for collectors at the post office, says the affair is a conto de vigario. And we are sorry to say we cannot deny it.

—We are surely having extraordinary weather for January. It was rainy and cool the whole of the post week, and the nights were cool enough for a light blanket. And yet, at Montevideo and Buenos Aires they want?

It will be a relief to those who believe

they have quarantine; what more can they want?

—It will be a relief to those who believe that the zoth century began on the 1st inst., to know that Kaiser Wilhelm thinks so too, and that he has officially decreed that January 1st 1900 is the first day of the zoth century. There's something omnipotent in that decision, and perhaps we had better submit.

—The Rio correspondent of the São Paulo Dian lo Popular continues to affirm that Cesario Alvim is thoroughly disgusted with the office of municipal prefect and will soon tender his resignation. He asserts that his resignation was offered previous to the recent strike, and that now he will solicit a leave of absence and will not return.

—Too great care can not be taken just now in regard to sneak thieves. The city is full of them. Many of them pretend to be begging, but if they find the entrance to your house or office unguarded, they improve the opportunity to carry off anything they can pick up. As the police are absolutely useless, a good cleb in a convenient corner will be found very useful. very useful.

—We are indebted to the American Bank Note Co. for a package of their well-known artistic office calendars, whose fine engraving and delicate coloring make them an ornament

Note Co, for a package of their well-known artistic office calendars, whose fine engraving and delicate coloring make them an ornament in any office.

—If your are in the habit of copying the Jonal's telegrams, observed Mr. Smalwyt, severely, whly did you take the liberty of changing the Jonal's 'John Burkin' into John Ruskin'? When you copy, you ought to do it verbatim, and not try to cover your evil deeds by changing the names. And, by the way, who is John Burkin'?

—The postoffice is now trying to employ a little more red tape in order to make work for more employés. Formerly when one wanted to cash a postal rule, he went to one clerk. Now he must go to two, and if their papers are mistaid or any misunderstanding occurs, he may be obliged to trot to and fro between them several times, although they are near enough together to shake hands.

—It has occurred to me, solserved Smalwyt, sthat we are a little too previous in commentating the gooth anniversary of the discovery of Brazil. If the discovery was made in the year 1500, then the first anniversary occurred in 1501 and the 400th should be in 1901. What do you think? It is needless to say that we deelined to accept the suggestion, or to be drawn into the controversy.

—We see that Senstor Vicente Machado, one of the shining lights of the existing political situation and a boss a of the state of Parand, claims a victory in the recent elections for the concentration party. This is the reactionist party and means the domination of some of the worst elements in the country. But there is no proof yet that this party has won a majority in congress.

—Our old friend Wulbran Chrpman seems to have turned up in England with a gigantic scheme for the story of the favors the scheme, doesn't tell us what Wulbran's commission is to be, but we feel sure it must be something handsome.

—The government has finally accepted Dr. Brazil Silvado's resignation of the office of

doesn't tell us what Walbran's commission is to be, but we feel sure it must be something handsome.

—The government has finally accepted Dr. Brazil Silvado's resignation of the office of chief of police and has appointed to succeed him Dr. Breas Galvão, judge of one of the district courts of: this city. The outgoing chief is apparently a well-meaning man who has found himself unable to cope with the incapetity, corruption and immorally prevailing at the police bureau. His successor, of whom we have heard favorable mention, will not, we fear, be more successful.

—The format do Brazil says that the appearance of bubonic pest in this country can not once he treated scriously, such have been the change, our neighbor suggests the immediate suppression of all medical salaries and the dismissal of all chiefs and delegates of the so-called sanitary service. This is the Chinese system—that of stopping the doctor's pay when you are ill. And we are strongly inclined to believe it a good one.

—The many friends of R. v. and Mrs. H. C. Tucker, both here and in other puts of Brazil, will deeply regret to hear of the loss of their only son, a bright little boy not quite three years of age, and they will join us in tendering heartfelt sympathy in their bitter sorrow. There is more in such a loss than the taking of a bright young life, for it means the destruction of hopes and plans which become a part of our own lives. In their sorrowing hours, Mr. and Mrs. Tucker will have the tender sympathy and heartfelt condolences of our whole community.

— «When aman is conscienceless as well as unscriptions and mercenarys concluded.

part of the back rives, in their sorrowing hours, Mr. and Mrs. Tucker will have the tender sympathy and heartfelt condolences of our whole community.

— «When a man is conscienceless as well as unscrupplous and mercenary, concluded Uncle Abner, after an evening's chat about the situation, she best thing to do is to let him alone. You can't shame him, nor silence him. He is unconscious of his own iniquities, and he is insensible to your wrongs. Argument will be the dullest arrow in his quiver, while falsehood and innuendo will be the most frequently used. And though he misses you minety-nine times in succession, he'll certainly try again. Better let him alone! Others will find him out soon enough, and then his malice will do very little mischief,"
—We recreet to say that for reasons of health Mr. Havilland A. DeLisle, manager of the London and River Plate Bruk here, has been compelled to return bone, leaving us on the 25th inst on the R. M. S. Ælbe. Mr. DeLisle is accompanied by his wife, and goes on a leave of absence of three months, but we may presume that his return at the expiration of that period will depend on his health, which has lately given his friends much cause for anxiety. He has the good wishes of a host of friends for a speedy and thorough recovery, as well as for a p'e is nut voyage I one for himself and wife.

—A few days ago a sneak thief was caught in a private residence in the city. "The people were accustomed to be away from home during the day at outside employments, and the third evidently knew it, for he went about his work leisurely and at the time when no one was likely to be returning home. Unfortunately for him, the son of the house came in and found the thief under his bed. The police were called in and the rogue was taken to the police station. The mother was sent for and a search was made, when it was found that 505 in money and 2,0005 in jewellery were missing. They went to the station at once, reported the loss, and had the thief searched. Nothing was found? Now, what became of

—"You look happy, Joseph C."—"Well haven't I a right to look happy? Haven't I persuaded him to serve you free gratis for nothing in the special statistics bureau?"—"How much is that bureau going to cost us, Joseph C.?"—I shall perhaps be better prepared to answer that question two or three years from now. At present he says that he can tell us only what he requires (also for the present) for personnel and rent. For the former 2,1805 a month and for the latter 3005; total, 2,4805. It's dirt cheep, he says."—"What's the amount of his bill at the national printing office?"—I'd don't think it exceeds 100,0005."—"Joseph C., I'm afraid your paragon is dear at any price."
—In view of the increase in fares on the barcas and the decrease in fares on the Central's suburban trains, we may soon expect to see people leaving Nictheroy and S. Domingos to live out in the suburbs. Many people with small incomes have been living across the bay on account of lower house rents, etc., but the addition of 65000 a month to their barca fares will counteract all that and send them somewhere else. Aside from the illegality and trickery of the thing, the increase in fares by the ferry company is most impolitic. The future success of the company depends on attracting residents to the other side, and this can best be done by making the costs of living lower on that side than on this. But the surest way to fortune is to strip your man when you catch him.
—"Your illustrious and esteemed contemporary," remarked Smalwyt after laboring over the sheet for a considerable space of time, else certainly trying to improve his paces, but unfortunely he doesn't know how. I'm afraid something is wrong with his hair again. At one time he was full of contempt for news goossip, but now I see he is trying to fill up with it. May be he will move his financial and commercial columns, to his gossip department. It will be a terrific strain on his mental machinery to sprinkle his inimitable pleasantires all through the sheet, now that his advertisements have dwi

### DEATHS

TUCKER.—At the Strangers' Hospital in this city, on the 18th instant, of meningitis resulting from bronchial pneumonia, Hugh CLARENCE, only son of Rev. and Mrs. II. C. Tucker, aged 2 years and 10 months.

TATAM—On the 23rd of January 1900, at her residence in Botafogo, SOPHIA HARRIOT TATAM, nde Freeland, after a long and painful illuess, in the 30th year of her marriage, aged 48 years. 48 years.

8 years.

"The night is gone
And with the morn those angel faces smile
Which I have loved long since and lost awhile.

# DR. E. H. WILLIAMS.

We are indebted to Messrs. Norton, Megaw & Co. Ld., under yesterday's date, for the following notice of the death of Dr. Edward H. Williams:

# Business Notes

"Boer" cigarettes have made their appea

—"Boer" eigarettes have made their appearance in the market.

—At Baggagem, Minas Geraes, beef cattle are selling at 905 a head.

—It is said that the Santos municipal council is preparing to raise a new loan.

—The department of marine has contracted with the Nova Fabrica Rink for furnishing flannel for uniforms.

—The construction of water and desire

flannel for uniforms.

— The construction of water and drainage works for the town of S. Simão, São Paulo, will be begun next month.

— The dam in the Jahú river designed to furnish power for the water-works of that town, has been swept away by a rise in the river.

Tiver.

—The mint has been authorized to coin medials for the commission charged with commemorating the gooth anniversary of the discovery of Brazil.

—The building formerly occupied by the department of foreign affairs is undergoing repairs. It will be converted, it is stated, into a hotel or boarding-house.

The RIC

The new regulations for the collection of consumption taxes were published in the Diario Official of the 27th inst.

The municipal council of São João da Bỗo Vista, São Paulo, wants to raise a loan of 100 0005 for water and drainage. The council offers 8 per cent and half yearly amortization.

The municipal government of Tiradentes is said to be taxing lime and other articles already taxed by the state government of Minas Gernes. It is also, it is stated, taxing imported merchandise.

—It is stated that a Santos the house of Souto Maior, Barbosa & Co. is going to bring a suit against the government for the purpose of recovering the tax which it has paid on salt to the amount of 1,201,686540.

—The Morro Velho Co. is reported to have purchased for 180,0005 the mines of Raposos and Espirito Santo de Sabará. Municipal taxes to the amount of 12,8005 had to be paid, it is stated, on this transaction.

—By decree No. 3569, of the 23rd inst., the government renews its contract with the Companhia Internacional de Docas e Melloramentos for port improvements at Bahia. Work must commence within one year from the date of the decree.

—Decree No. 3571, of the 23rd inst., modifies certain provisions of the grant for cutting down the hill of Santo Antonio. The drawings must be presented within 6 months from the date of the decree and work must commence within two years.

—Decree No. 3539, of Dec. 29, regulates the introduction of immigrants into Brazil by the Companhia Norte Mineira. For these immigrants the government will pay £5 15s each for those over 12 years of age, £3 8s for those from 7 to 12 and £1 14s for those from 2 to 7.

—As anticipated the minister of finance has selected Mr. J. P. Wileman, editor of the

2 to 7.

—As anticipated the minister of finance has

grains the governess of age, £ 3 8s for those from 7 to 12 and £1 14s for those from 2 to 7.

—As anticipated the minister of finance has selected Mr. J. P. Wileman, editor of the Brazilian Review, to serve as director of his selected Mr. J. P. Wileman, editor of the Brazilian Review, to serve as director of his new department of commercial statistics. Mr. Wileman will have a staff of eight persons and is authorized to rent a building for the service at a cost of 3005000 a month.

—A Bahia telegram of the 25th says the autos (the written testimony, etc.) in a case against an important commercial house accused-of sunggaling, have mysteriously disappeared. The autos contained the original documents which prove the culpability of the accused. Of couse nothing more can be done.

—The minister of finance is determined to let nothing escape his drag-net. It is now determined that even the corn husks and paper to be used for eigarette covers are subject to the stamp tax on tobacco. In treating of the registry tax, not only must the business house be registered where the taxable articles are sold, but its travelling salesmen going up country with samples must be registered as though they were peddlers.

—On the 24th inst. the representatives of the perfumers L. T. Piver & Co., Ed Pineau and A. Reynand had a judicial search made in several shops in São Paulo where a considerable quantity of falsified perfumeries with counterfeited labels of those houses, were apprehended. Legal action is to be taken against Chrystoffel Stupakoff, Bogart & Co., J. Amarante & Co., Mourier & Co., Camparilli Francisco and Genaro Amatuso for indennification, and for the falsification of tradenarks.

—Some time ago several S. Paulo banks complained of the delay of the treasury agency in changing mutilated currency. The minister of finance now informs the banks that the agency itself, and that consequently there is nothing to be done in the matter. Of course the banks were mistaken and fer early of which they complained merely to annoy the min

be the merchandise this taxed is not an article of luxury, but a cheap article intended for the poorer classes.

—The new regulations provide that the stamp tax on fabrics shall be paid by attaching the stamp to each piece at the rate of 10 reis a metre for unbleached cotton, 20 reis for white and colored, 30 reis for printed, 100 reis for woollen, mixed cotton and wool, alpaca, merino, flannel, etc., 200 reis on woollen, goods for men's wear, 300 reis on counterpanes and blankets, shawls, ponchos, etc., and 20 reis on bagging, bags, etc. At the factory a label must be attached to each piece stating the number of metres and the stamp must be attached partly to this label and partly to the cloth.

—We are in receipt of a circular from Mr. Alph. Bruck, of No. 23 Rua da Ajuda, advising us that he has been charged with the sale of the stamps issued to commemorate the 4th centenary of the discovery of Brazil, which are offered in sets, cancelled at the postoffice, at 15500 each set. The proceeds of the sale of these stamps will go to meet the expenses of the commemorative festivities which are to be held later on this year. We are indebted to Mr. Bruck for the set of stamps which were enclosed with his circular, and we take much pleasure in recommending those who are searching for these stamps as we were up to the past week, to give him a call.

—Does the Jornal do Commercio still hold that there are no hard times to complain of? For the first time in a long period, yesterday's Jornal was reduced to six pages. And not only in size is our daily contemporary shrinking, but also in subscriptions and revenue. The Jornal do Commercio of the 26th inst. publishes the decree which establishes a special service of commercial statistics in the custom-house, which is dated January 8th. Great care is taken to state that the persons employed in this service are not empregados publicated in the product of the impost of extension and that they are entitled to nothing beyond their monthly salaries. The expenses are to be paid from the product of the impost, of the extension of the custom-house, or in some rented building outside. The chief is privileged to correspond direct with consulates, custom-houses and revenue departments in regard to statistical work.

# FINANCIAL NOTES

FINANCIAL NOTES

—At Pará the customs receipts for the first week of this year anounted to only \$1,9125590.

—According to the Imprensa the prefect succeeded in obtaining from the Banco da Republica not 6,000,0005, but only 2,500,0005.

—We are pleased to learn from the Imprensa that the minister of finance is preparing a report on the revenues of the states and the exports of the country. It will be published, it is stated, in March.

—The government is said to have bought for 500,000\$ the building erected at Bello Horizonte for the Hotel Antunes. It is asserted not only that the price paid is more than the building is worth, but also that the latter is unsuitable for a post-office, for which it is supposed to be intended.

—The governments of the so-called republics of Colombia and Guntemala have recently defaulted, neither of them having transmitted to London the money to pay interest on their bonds. Both of them are not new in the defaulting line, however, and will be able to bear up bravely under the misfortune.

—Incomplete returns show that the revenue of the municipal trensury of the Federal District amounted last year to 20,351,1748518 and the expenditure to 20,471,169311. The balance of 204,0058507 being insufficient to pay the floating debt of 5,209,0798535 which the prefect found on taking office, he has been obliged to resort to various temporary financial expedients. As from the large expenditure of over 20,000,000 per annum the tax payers derive no corresponding benefit, it would be well to reduce that expenditure, extinguish the floating debt and afterwards reduce taxation.

—It ought to be known, though there are some who conveniently ignore it, that the additional three months (Jannary to March) were not intended to increase the fiscal year to fifteen months nor to give an opportunity for ministers to escape their responsibilities. It was designed to give time for the transmission of balances from distant points and for closing up accounts for the year ending Deemither as a comment of the well

# COMMERCIAL.

Rio de Janeiro Lau 2014 ....

Par vali	e of the Brazilian milreis (14000)	
do	gold of the Brazilian milreis (1\$000) in U. S. coin at \$4.86,65 per £	-27 d,
	1 Stg	54 75 cts
do	\$1.00 (U. S. coin) Brazilian gold.	15827
do	of & 1 stg. in Brazilian gold	S Sgo
Bank ra	e of exchange, official, on London	
	to-day	- 11 1
Present	value of the Brazilian mil reis	7 ½ d.
	(gold)	3\$500
Present	value of the Brazilian mil reis	
Deanni	(paper)	277 rs. gold
Fresent	value of the Brazilian mil reis	
	in U. S. coin at \$4.50 per &	
	1 Stg	15.00 C.
Value o	\$1.00 (\$4.80 tier / t etc in	13.00 €.
		6\$588
Value of	£ 1 sterling ,, ,,	
	w	325000

# EXCHANGE.

Jan. 22.—Today's market showed the same tendency of preceding days and business transactions were of vorage volume.

Official quotations on London were:

Bank bills:

p n closing 7 15/16

official value of the milreis 27:292 refs gold.

Official value of the milreis 287-292 reis gold.

Jan. 23.—There was a change in the tone of today's market, the tendency being again downwards. Business reported was large.

Official quotations on London were:

Bank bills.

opening 7 28/22

"" closing 7 58/2 reis old.

Private bills.

opening 7 28/23 reis old.

"" closing 7 58/2 reis old.

Official value of the milreis was 282-287 reis gold.

Jan. 24.—The market today opened weak and rates showed a further decline. There was a fair amount of business done.

Official quotations on London were as follows

| Bank bills | opening | 7 |  $g_1^{16}$  | 9 | Private bills | opening | 7 |  $g_1^{16}$  | closing | 7 |  $g_1^{16}$  | 7 |  $g_1$ 

Official value of the milreis 278-283 reis gold.

Jan. 26.—Rates were sustained throughout the day, but business was still resumed.

out business was still resumed.

Official quotations on London were:

Bank bills.....opening 7 \$4-7 21/39

" " closing 7 1/152-7 5916

Private bills...opening 7 1/16 7 27/32

" " closing 7 1/16 7 27/32

Official value of the milreis 28-28; reis gold.

Jan. 22-Today's market was very unsettled, rates suffering constantly changes. There was a fair busi-

Official value of the milreis 278 reis gold.

# MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 30th January 1900. Exports.

Coffee.—There was increased activity in the market during the first half of the past week, after which ket during the first half of the past week, after which here has been a decline to the past week and the total sales during here, although there has been a decline in all the foreign distributing markets. The total sales during the week were reported as 7,7000 bags, against 66,000 bags in the five days of the preceding ments \$7,730 bags.

Advices from foreign markets report the sales for the week to have been 149,000 bags at New York, 195,000 at Haure, 0,7000 at Hamburg and 65,000 bags in the one-more total of 460,000 bags, signifies \$5,000 bags in the find whether the sales for the week to have been 149,000 bags in the corresponding week of last year.

The detailed movements of the market during the past week were as follows:

Ruling prices during the week for N. Y. Tyne

Ruling prices during the week for N. Y. Type No. 7 at Rio, and for Good Average at Santos, with daily reported sales at the former market.

	Rio N. 7 ber arroba	Reported saies	Average per 10 kilos
77.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 5.6 2,8 1.0 2.0	600—15 800 800—15 000 800—15 000 800—15 000 800—15 000 800—15 000 ents since or 40 lags for 98 " "	Cape of C River Pl	9 200 9 300 9 200 9 300 have been : States
87.7	28 Laure		

The following ships sailed with coffee last week

	United States:	Heck
Jan.	19 New Orleans Fr. str. Carolina 5. Galveston g. str. Wordswor- 23 New York Belg. str. Wordswor- 25 do Germ. str. Livorno	9,900
	Europe:	32,003
	25 Antwerp Br. str. Elbe	30
Jan.	24 Valparaiso Br. str. Sorata Coastwise:	100
Jan.	20 Southern ports str. Hailuba	975
bags	receipts for the past week wer st 65,134 bags for the previous wer for the week before.	e 74,109 bags ek and 51,405
were	kers' quotations, according to New the following	w-York types
	No 6 Jan. 27 Ja	nn. 19

at 169.976 bags, against 187,04; bags a w Satos stock is reported at 514,000 bags.

*	Jan. 21	Jan. 22	Jan. 23	Jan. 24	Jan. 24 Jan. 25	Jan. 26	Jan. 27	since Jan. 1
Receiptsbags	7,665	18,405	8 8 8	8 69	10 236			
		12 602			000000	5000.5	7,330	227,397
Eurone		17,502	11,879	12,511	9,992	12,601	17,255	229,840
Cape		355	3,120	:	:	:	2,223	14.057
River Plate etc	:		:	:	:	1,200	1,620	2,820
Coastwise	•		:	100	:		:	1,325
	:	1,223	:	470	30	205	150	2,745
Stock	:	14,352	14.999	13,081	10,022	14,006	21,248	250,787
Average quot. No. 7. N. Y.	187,043	191,156	184,760	180,288	180 602	179,659	165,749	•
per arroba.								
	:	10000	145500	15\$000	15\$000	15\$000	15\$000	
N V shot and Y 100.0		145400	14\$200	14\$400	145400	145400	145400	
The spot quot N. 7.	•	8 5/16 C.	8 1/4 0	8 ¼ c.	8 % 0	8 14 0	8 7 7	
Exchange on London		7 % d.	7% d.	7 9/16 d.	7 % d.	7 5% d.	- W //	
Steamer freight, 5% primage	:	50 C.	50 6.	50 6.	560	5	1000	
kecelbts at Santos bags.		13,699	12,410	7.556		17.446	8 705	
STOCK AL SHIPLOS "		544,370	546,220	531,370	:	524,800	518,830	

Empres do do

JAN. 25.

IAN. 26.

JAN. 27.

Banks.

Miscellaneous

A polices, 55..... (5008) at rate of.....

Bank.

212\$000

Commercial
Commercio
Lavoura e Commercio
Republica
do
do
do
do

Miscelaneous, 

Banks.

Miscellaneous. 

500 Melhoramentos no Brazil.....

Miscellaneous.

SATURDAY'S QUOTATIONS-S. PAULO.

do do (40 °/o.)... — União de S. Paulo (all paid). —

Mechanica.

Melhoraméntos de Brotas.

Mogyana (all paid). 25 000
idem (at 30 days). 26 000

Paulista 273 000
idem (at 30 days). 275 000

Pogredior.

Stapakoff.

Telephonica.

União Sportiva. 110 000

Viação Pgulista.

União de S. Paulo (all paid).
Santos.
Cia Agua e Luz.
Antaretica...
Argos Paulista...
Pero Carril Sto. Amaro...
Gaz de S. Paulo.
Italo Paulista.
Lupton.
Mechanica

# Flour.—The receipts were 9,333 bags ex Preda and 500 ex Desterso from the River Plate. The market is very firm owing to quarantine for all steamers from the River Plate. Prices are advancing as shewn in the following table:

Swedish Pine.—There were no receipts and no changes in prices.

Korosene.—No receipts. We quote from 13600 to 13500 per nase wholesale.

Rosin.—The arrivals were nil, Broker's quote from 23600 to 2650 per barrel.

Turpentine.—No receipts. Market unchanged.

Coment.—Arrivals nil The market is nominal and supplied, and prices are unchanged.

Indian Corn.—The receipts were 1,500 bags ex. Freda from the River Plate. The wholesale price per bag of 62 kilos is from 13600 to 13500.

Hran.—No arrivals and no changes in prices.

Hay.—The Greeian Princh brought is,000 bales from Rosario. There were no changes in prices.

Conl.—The only vessel arrived with coal last week was the Wordsworth with 2,050 tons from Lettin.

Rum.—The receipts conflue regular. The prices are unchanged as sieven below:

Pernambuco and Macelén., 230500—235500

Pernambuco and Maceió.,	230\$000-235\$000
Rahia and Aracajú	215 000-220 000
Campos	
Angra and Paraty	230 000-235 000
Parahyba	215 000-220 000
Alcohol of 36 to 38 deg	350 000-375 000
ditto 40 deg	390 000-395 0008
*Without pipes.	
- without pipes.	

# SHIPPING NEWS.

# DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

JANUARY 21.

PHILADELPHIA,-Amer. sc. Mabel Jordan; 899 tons

JAN. 25.

PENSACOLA.-Nor. bk. Premier; 1,18; tons; Olsei

ballast.
MIDDLESBROUGH.—Dan. bk. Kronpindsesse Louise; 60tons; Jepson; manganess.
GLASGOW.—Br. bk. Eivion; 1.133 tons; Davies; manga

# FREIGHTS.

NEW YORK. 1-50 cents and 5 % primage per bag NEW ORLEANS ( of coffee. -35 shillings and 5 % primage pe COPENHAGEN.-37 shillings, 6 d. and 5 % primage per ton of 1,000 kilos. GENOA. 1-40 francs and to % primage per MARSEILLES. 5 tou of 1,000 kilos. BORDEAUX.--40 francs and to % primage per tot of 900 kilos. 35 francs and 10% primage per ton

TRIESTE: 1-45 shillings and 5 % primage per fume. ton of 1,000 kilos. LONDON. 1-30 shillings and 5 % primage per SOUTHAMPTON ton of 1,000 kilos. CAPE-TOWN. 1-50 shillings and 2 ½ % primage per P. ELIZABETH. 1 ton.

PORT NATAL. EAST LONDON. 57 shillings, 6 d. and 2 ½ % primage per ton. 65 per ton.

MONTEVIDEO. -3\$000 per bag of 60 kilos.

### ENGAGEMENTS.

SMVRNA,-It, str. Washington	250	bagsof	coffee
MARSEILLES Fr. str. Les Alpes	7.500	do	do
BORDEAUXFr. str. La Plata	1,125	do	do
HAMBURG Germ. str. Pulagonia.	4.800	do	do
GENOA It, str: Cillà di Genova	3,400	do	do

Dan. bk.4Amete; to load here 5,500 bags of coffee for Port Riisabeth, at £ 550.
Br. lug. Mary Clausen; to load sait hides, here for the Channel to order, at 35 shillings and 5% primage per ton of 2,240 pounds.

# Vessels Affort & Chartered for Rie

Bayard	Mobile	_
Dalhanna	Ship Island	-
Ellerslie	Pensacola	18 Dec.
King's County	Ship-Island	-
Kambira	Mobile	_
	Pensacola	_
Prince Victor	Livernool	

RubySt. CroixVelleda (str.)	Pensacola Savannah Norfolk
<del></del>	

### Arrivals of foreign steamers

DATE	NAME	FROM	CONSIGNED TO
22 23 24 24 25 26 26 28	Thames Lundy Sorata Elbe Freda Grecian P. Bellucia Wor'worth Patagonia Valentia Cordillère	Southa'pton 50 ds	Rio Flour Mills, Wilson Sons & Co. C. J. Cazaly Order Q. Davidson & Co. N. Megaw & Co. Wilson Sons & Co. E. Johnston & Co. E. I. Brazileira

### Departures of foreign steamers.

DATE	NAME	POR	CARGO
an.			
	ordsworth	New York*	Sundries.
	ucuman	'Hamburg *	do
24 S	orata	Valparaiso*	do
21 T	hames	River Plate	do
25 F		Southampton*	do
	ivorno	New York*	do
	heronea	Philadelphia	Manganese
	ingsland	Buenos Aires	Ballast.
	ectis	do	do
28 C	ordillère	River Plate	Sundries

# Foreign sailing vessels in the port of

Rio de Jai	neir	o, Jan	uary 28th	, 1900.
NAMK	TONS	ARRIVED	FROM	RANAROLISMOS
American				
bk F. S. Hamps. bk. Julia Rollins bk. Frances bk. Glad Tidings	992 570 644 603	Jan. 13	Baltimore do	Franzoni & C J. Moore & C. J. L. Hisset do
British				
sp. Somalisp H. Queenbk B. Woodsc. Glenvillebk Remonstrant sp. Wynnstaysp. Monroviabk. A. Smithsp. Marabout	1943 1263 299 1045 1573 1449 249	20 24 Dec.27 27 Jan. 1	Portland	F. I. Braz. To order P.S. Nic. &C. To order W. Block &C To order. To order.
	182		Gaspe	P.S. Nie, &C.
sc. Verdande	299	Jan. 3	Hamburg.	H. Stoltz &C.
German	-			
bk. Ocenn bk. A. Schwalbe.	1279	Nov.22 Jan. 18	Pensacola Hamburg.	To order II, Stoltz &C
Italian	-			
bk Ines D	550	Dec.2	Marseilles	R. Santos.
Norwegian				

# STOCKS AND SHARES

sp. Superb. . . . 1360 Nov. 15 St. Etienne W Guim. Co bk Pharos. . . . 1203 Jan. 8 Rangoon... To order

	Sales of Stock	s and Shares.	41
	JANUARY 22.		
,	A polices, 58		878\$000
51			879
44			880
2	do (400\$) at r	ate of	860
5	do (200\$) 0	lo	860
	do 4,600\$	lo	860
54	do 1895		S70
26	do 1897 (reg.)		990
5-	Emprestimo Municip	a1	166
30	do do		171
	Ba	uks.	
50	Commercio		1025000
88	Depositos e Descontos		-76
172	Republica		186 500
	JAN. 23.		
	A Transport of the Control of the Co		
50	Apolices, 58		878\$000
15		amon am	880
5		rate of	860
		) at rate of	845
31			870
15			8So
10			1,001
51			990
50	deb. Sorocabana-Itua	na R. K	64 500
	Bai	uks.	A 4
200	Constructor		12\$000
2	Republica		186
100			186 500
	Miscell	aneons.	
1000	Construcções Urbana	S	2\$500
50	Loterias Nacionaes		100

### PERNA MBUCO.

We extract the following from Mr. Arthur B. Dal-las' «Pernambuco Freight Report and Shipping List.» dated 12th January, 1900:—

and a tremationic regark keport and Sinpping Lista dated 12th January, 1902.

Sugar - Continues to come forward freely, and the total receipts this season already exceeds the nast by about 91,000. The weather has been most favorable when the content of the cont

old and new caues.

Cotton—Than been freely purchased for export and also for Southern ports. With the sudden rise in rate of exchanged and to-day the market is not in a strong position and the control of the property of the control of the contro

		la de la composición			
. It	Rio and Santos	Rio and Santos Rio Grande, Pelotas and P. Alegre	1899	PORTS	Entries of Colon 1st Systember to 31st December, 1899
Andrewson Communication	: 33	8,630	Bags	COTTON	sețtember rneiro, Sa
	1.236 325	1,180	Bales	rox	r to zist Decei
-	79.950 34,065	95,079 50,607	Bags	SUGAR,	ember, 1899 1894 G. do Sul
Commercial designation of the last of the	1,100	567	Bris	SUGAR, WHITES	1899 1898 Sul, Pilotas a
	48,446	41,028	Bags	SUGAR	too,top sack 47:585 tud P. Alegre in Decemb
	: :	: :	Brls	SUGAR	. 100,109 . 47,585 gre in Dec
	1,823 89	1,181 228	Pipes	RUM	sacks. ember 99/90
	779 24	68o 33	Pipes	мот.	

Freights.—A very good business has been done for Liverpool at gradually advancing rates, and all the Harrison liners are full ships to arrive up to the middle of February. S. S. allorrow goes to Parahyba to load for the same quarter. There is a great deal of cargo going coastwise, and much larger shipments effected to V. States ports.

DESTINATION	COTTON	TON	SUGAR, WHITES	WHITES	SUGAR MASCAVADOS	AR VADOS	BUM	ALCHO-
A complete property of a particular form of the standards believe and a characteristic and described and described and the standards beloeved by the standards and described and the standards beloeved by the standards and the standards beloeved by the standards and	Rags	Bales	Bags	Brls	Bags	Firls	Pipes	Pipes
Northern and Southern ports of Brazil.	26,585	3,806	351,473	25,454	122,268		4,996	2,978
United States	:		:	:	45,243		1	•
Liverpool	784	17,700	20	:	4.906			•
Lisbon, Oporto, Bremen and Hamburg	:	2,150	:	Uī.	:			
River Plate	100	25	20	1,696	:	:	foot	ī
	27,469	23,681	351-543	27,155	172,417		5,105	2,988

# Stocks and Bonds and Joint Stock Companies --- January 29th

-		Stock	s and	Bonds and Joint Stock	Com	panies ,	January 29th.	
Emission		Circulatio	n	Public Funds			Nominal Value	Last Quotation buyers sellers
\$06,505, 60,000, 1194 30,000, \$11,855, 120,5694 15,1934 5,500, 600, 10,000, 2,500, 2,500, 400,	0000	378.763. 104.884. 60,000. 119, 11,584. 2,035. 18.350. 13,193. 4.533. 45.322. 4,000. 600. 22,855. 520. 400.	000 620 500 500 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 0	Slock 5			1,000\$ S00\$, 200\$ 1,000 1,000\$ S00\$, 200 1,000\$, 500 1,000\$, 500 1,000\$, 500 2,000 1,000\$, 500\$, 200 1,000\$ 76:5, 500 1,000 200 200 200	\$78,5000 - \$79,500 \$61,000 - \$66,000 1,000 - \$60,000 - 1,000 - \$60,000 - 1,000 - \$60,000 - 1,000 - \$60,000 - 60,000 - 60,000 - 50,000 - 415,000- 920,000 - 165,000- 168,000 - 170,000
Capital	Shares	Emitted	d Par	Banks	Paia			* Last quotation
20,000,000 \$16,000,000 \$16,000,000 \$7,000,000 \$20,000 \$20,000 \$20,000,000 \$20,000 \$20,	100,000 80,000 120,000 40,000 40,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 16,000 100,000 100,000 35,000 35,000 37,500 100,000	04.09 60.00 20.00 00.00	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	Commercial do Rio de Janeiro. Commercio		3,170,000 1,645,009 1,742,000 803,079 625,000 68,666 280,317 1,019,797 200,000 16,789,223 368,700	\$\frac{8}{5}\text{coo}_0\$, July 1899 \$\frac{8}{5}\text{coo}_0\$, ditto 1899 \$\frac{3}{5}\text{coo}_0\$, ditto 1899 \$\frac{3}{5}\text{coo}_0\$, ditto 1899 \$\frac{3}{5}\text{coo}_0\$, ditto 1892 \$\frac{2}{5}\text{coo}_0\$, ditto 1892 \$\frac{3}{5}\text{coo}_0\$, ditto 1899 \$\frac{3}{5}\text{coo}_0\$, ditto 1895	190fccc 213\$000 190fccc 105 000 - 75 5cc 10 ccc 110 5cc 1 ccc 110 5cc 1 ccc 110 5cc 1 ccc 111 6cc 135 000 - 195 000 150 000 - 191 5cc 160 000 - 191 5cc 171
Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Railways	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
110,000,000\$ 5,000,000 12,000,000 20,000,000 62,000,000 10,000,000 70,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 42,000,000 12,500,000	550,000 500,000 60,000 100,000 310,000 —————————————————————————————————	all	200 \$ 100 200 do	Leopoldina Minas de S. Jeronymo Macnhé e Campos Muzambinho do do do do Quilombo do União Sorocabana-Itauna do União Valenciana Sapuculy Tocantina e Araguaya do	. 100 . 200 . 100 . 100 . 200 . 200 . 200 . 80 . 200 . 40 . 200 . 200 . 200 . 200	36,672\$ 65,000 2,901,489 1,463,242 45,710 583,378	int. Sept. 93 int. Jan. 92 6 % June, 92 6\$500, Feb. 86 int. Jan. 92	6\$000— 26 000— 27\$000  8 000— 4 250— — 30 000 — 10 000  1 750— — 40 000 4 250—
Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Tramways	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend .	Last quotation
2,500,000\$ 6,000,000 700,000 14,000,000 12,000,000 3,000,000 \$00,000	25,000 30,000 7,000 70,000 60,000 15,000 8,000	all all all all 59,300 all all	100\$ 200 100 200 200 200 200 100	Carioca Carris Urbanos. Corcovado (and Hotel). Jardim Botanico. S. Christovao. Villa Leabel. Pernambuco.	100\$ 200 100 200 200 200 100	165,687 6,971 559,174\$ 105,899\$ 32,469	1\$500. July 91 3 000, Oct. 99 5 000, Jan. 99 8 000, July 91 4 500, Aug. 99	80\$000 155\$000 154 000— 159 000—161 000
Capital	Shares	Emitted.	Far	Steamships	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
1,000,000 28,000,000 5 000,000 673,400 1,000,000	5,000 140,000 25,000 3,367 5,000	all all all all 2,750	200\$ 200 200 200 200 200	Esperança Maritima Lloyd Brazileiro Navegação Costeira S. João da Barra e Campos Sul Paulista	200\$ 200 200 200 200 80	250,000\$ 59,598	10\$000, July 99 10 600, Aug. 99	5 000— - 300¥000
Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Cotton Mills, etc.	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
10,000,000\$ 2,400,000 500,000 500,000 6,600,000 6,600,000 6,000,000 1,000,000 1,200,000	50,000\$ 12,000 2,500 30,000 18,000 30,000 22,500 1,000 4,000 7,500 20,000 6,000 4,500 1,500 12,000 17,500 10,000 17,500	all	200\$ 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	Alliança, America Fabril Botafogo (aniagem) Botafogo (aniagem) Brazil Industrial. Cardea Cardea D. Izabel Pabril Paulislana. Industrial Mineira Magéense. Manufactora Fluminense Petropolitana. Litopolitana. Kink (Woolens). S. Felix Santa Luzia S. João. S. Pedro de Alcantara. Uniao Fabril.	200 \$ 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 20	98-6838 27-9379 27-9379 27-9379 27-9379 28-69-95	10\$000 - July 99 7 000 - Aug. 99 - July 99 - July 99 - ditto 99 - ditto 99 - ditto 99 - ditto 99 10 000 - Aug. 99 12 000 - Aug. 99 13 000 - July 99 14 000 - Oct. 99 - July 99 - July 99 - July 99 - July 99 19 000 - July 99 - July 99 - July 99 19 000 - July 99 - July 99 - July 99 19 0% - Aug. 99	1805030— 80 000— 2505000 170 000 175 000— 178 000— 205 000— 205 000— 200 000 200 000 30 000— 150 000 160 000 160 000 160 000 160 000 1
Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Insurance	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last Quotation,
3,000,000\$ 3,000,000 2,000,000 4,000,000 4,000,000 2,500,000 1,000,000 2,500,000 2,500,000	15,000 3,000 10,000 20,000 8,000 2,500 10,000 10,000 12,500 10,000	all all 9,735 10,000 4,000 all all all all all	200 Bo 200 Co 500 Fie 1,000 Ga 200 Ge 100 Ine 200 Pro 200 Pro	liança, gos Fluminense, munça, munça, munça, ndiança, delidade rantia ral demnisadora, evidente osperidade	20\$ 250 30 20 180 100 20 20 20 20 20	43.678\$ 300,000 15.584 200,000 358.752 250,000 400,000 20,000 570,000 131.833	1\$000, July 97 22 000, ditto 99 1 500, Jan, 99 3 000, July 99 7 000, July 99 2 000, July 99 3 000, ditto 99 3 000, ditto 99 1 500, ditto 99	- \$\$500 - 410 000 41\$000 - 8 000 - 25 000 - 25 000 - 10 000 - 17 000 45 000 - 18 000 - 19 000
1,000,000\$	Shares -	Emitted all	Par		Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last Quotation
200,000 200,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 23,500,000 5,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 3,000,000 1,000,000 9,312,500 9,312,500 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000	35,000 10,000 0,000 25,000 25,000 260,000 260,000 10,000 10,000 15,000 15,000 10,000 93,128 10,000 7,500 3,000	all sill 5.821 all 233,000 all 9,900 all all all all 33,128 9,950 all	200 Ca 200 Cr 200 Do 100 Me 200 Ob 200 «Ga 200 «O	ntarcira e Vinção Fluminense.  Tros Tatersal Moreaux.  Truagens Fluminense.  uceiro (materia factory).  cas de Santos.  Son Brazil.  Tras Flue de Son Brazil.  Tras Flue de Son Brazil.  Tras Flue de Noticias (tewspaper).  Perizs Incespaper).  Terias Nacionaes do Brazil.  tet Larangeira (Paraguay tea).  inhos Fluminense (flour mills).  seamento do Ac de J. (building society).  pagmphica do Brazil.  aka (water for ships).	200\$ .50 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 100 10	42,378\$ -53,600  6,506,142 2,286,745 51,254 43,577 1,547,629 360,000 39,207 714,945 40,074 29,967	4 000, July 91 1 500, Jan. 99 6 000, Jan. 99	130\$000

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AYRES A. DE SOUZA.

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> As supplied to Her Majesty the Queer of England.

# **CEREBOS** TABLE

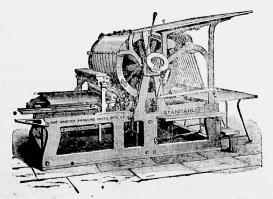
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