THE RIO NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

Vol. XXIII.

RIO DE JANEIRO, MARCH 16TH, 1897.

NUMBER II

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2, RUA DE S. PEDRO RIO DE JANEIRO.

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Caixa no Correio 16

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These locomotive engines are adapted to every variety of service, and are built accurately to standard gauges and templates. Like parts of different engines of same class perfectly interchangeable.

Passenger and Freight Locomotives, Mine Locomotives, Narrow Gauge Locomotives, Steam Street Cars, etc., etc.

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Numerous steamers weekly for Santos, connecting wi

Cachambú and Lambary: Central Railway (São Paulo express) to Cruzeiro, the by Minas and Rio Railway to destination.

Juiz de Fóra, Barbacena, Ouro Preto, etc. Daily express leaves Central Railway station at 6:45 a.m. Connects with all the branch lines along the main line (Minar

Petropolis ·

Petropolis:

liarca leaves the Prainha at 4 p.m. daily, except Sundays and holidays, to connect with railway at Maná. Passenger train leaves S. Francisco Xavier station (Central Railway) at 7 a.m. and 515 p.m., on all land route (passengers should take the suburban trains at the Central Railway) station o 6125 a.m., and 414 p.m. to connect with Petropolis train. Returning from Petropolis, the "harcal" train leaves at 7230 a.m., except Sundays and holidays, and the "all land" trains leave at 6 a.m. and 3130 p.m.

On Sundays and holidays the barca leaves the Prainha at 7 a.m., and returning the train leaves Petropolis at 4 p.m., giving excursionists about six hours in Petropolis.

Nova Friburgo :

Barca leaves the Praça das Marinhas at 6 a.m. daily and at 3 p.m. on Saturdays, to connect with the Leopoldina Rail-way at Sant'Anna de Maruhy. Returning, trains leave Nova Friburgo at 2:25 p. m. daily, and at 6 a. m. on Mondays.

CHEVACIO :

Regular trains, week days, leave 51 Rua Cosme Velho [Lamngeins) at 8 and 11 a. m. and 2 and 5,30 p. m., retrinsing leave the summit at 7;30 and 9;10 a. m. and 1,430 and 7 p. m. OS Sundays and holidays, the hours are; accending 6:30, 9, 9;30 and 11 a. m., 12;30, 2, 3;30, 5;153 and 8 p. m.; descending, 8:355, 10:05, 11:35 a. m. 1:05, 2235, 4:05, 6, 7 and 9 p. m. Each train gives the excursionist half an hour on the summit.

Official Directory

U.S.LEGATION.—Petropolis. THOMAS L.THOMPSON Minister.

BRITISH LEGATION.—No. 1, Rua Visconde de Itaborahy (opposite Custom House). Petropolis. EDMUND C. H. PHIPPS, Minister.

AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL. — Nº 55, Rua Theophilo Ottoni. Wm. T. TOWNES, Consul General

BRITISH CONSULATE GENERAL — N. 1, rua Vis, conde de Italiorahy [opposite Custom House.] WILLIAM G. WAGSTAFF, Consul General.

Church Directory

CHRIST CHURCH,—Rus Evaristo da Veiga. Moming service every Sunday at 11 a. m. Holy communion after morning service - n 18 Sunday of the mount and at 0 a. m. on and and at 1 Sundays. Evening service during service of the service of

181. Rua das Larangeiras

(16), Aud ons Jacangeinas, and Carga (GREJA EVANCELICA FLUMINENSE.—Rua Larga (e. S., Joaquim, No. 179.— Divine service in Dortuguese on Sundays: Payer meeting at to a. m.; Worship at 11 a. m. Biblical class to study the Holy Scriotures. at 5, afternoon. Google preaching, at 65p. m. on Wednesdays. Biblical study, and preaching, at 7 p. m. JOAO M. G. DOS SANTOS, Pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH. — Largo do Cattete. English services at 12 m. Sundays. Prayer meeting services Thursday. 7, 20 m. m. Sundays. Prayer meeting services: 28 to a m. and 7 p.m. Sundays. 7, p. m. Wednesdays—E. A. TILLY and MANDEL DE CAMARGO, Pastors. Sunday. School 11. a. m.; a. Fabrice Caroca, Sunday. 11. a. m. and 4, p. m. Rev FRANK WIEDREHEKER.

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PRESHYTERIAN CHURCH—N": 5 Travessa da Barreira.
Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 a.m., and 7 p. m., Sundays: and at 7 p. m. Thursdays.

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Residence: Rua PJAMES B. RODGEES, Pattor.
BAPTIST CHURCH—Rua de Sant'Anna No. 25.
Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7, p.m.: and every Wednesday at 7, p.m.

W. B. BAGHY, Pastor.

Criva 22.

Caixa 352.

IGREJA PRESBYTERIANA DO RIACHUELO. —234 Rua D. Anna Nery, Estação do Riachuelo. Services Sundays 1 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Wedenedays 7, 00 p. m. FIKANKLIN H. NASCIMENTO, Pastor. Primary School in the church buildine.

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Englishmen and Americans wishing to learn Portuguese should apply to Prof. L. MARCHANT, N. 1, Travessa de São Francisco.

Miscellaneous.

AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY'S AGENCY. - No. 20 Rua d'Ajuda. - H. C. TUCKER, Agent.

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BRITISH SUBSCRIPTION LIBRARY AND READING ROOM. — 31 Rua Gonçalves Dias. — Open from noon to 6. p. m. For terms, apply to Librarian.

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The discovery of this wonderful product of the Brazilian flora has furnished a powerful and efficacious remedy not only for sen-sickness, but also for the nausea felt in pregnancy and that which results from the motion of the train on railways, as well as forsuch diseases of the stomach and bowels as require a good tonic, carminative, diuretic or regulator for promotions as the control of the promotion of the control of th

ing menetuation.

The a Nectandra Amara Pills are prepared with all scientific precautions for the perfect preservation and are put up i strong boxes, so that they may be forwarded by post in filling orders from all part of the world. They are accompanie with printed directions in three language—Portucueses, English and French—so th—

with printed directions in three languages
—Portuguese, English and French—so that
their therapeutic effects and the manner
of taking them may be readily understood.
All orders addressed to the manufacturer,
accompanied by the money and the postoffice addresse of the applicant, will be
promptly filled and the pills will be forwarded, registered by post, at the following rates:—Per single box, 25800; per
half dozen boxes, 125800; per dozen boxes,
205800.
Address of manufacturer:—Joaquim Bueno de Miranda, Rua de S. Pedro, N. 72,
1,2 andar, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

Wanted a small, furnished house. Address V, Office of this paper.

A young man, newly arrived from London, with a practical knowledge of Portuguese, Spanish & French seeks employment. Had a commercial education. Will any one be kind enough to recommend him to a place. Letters to G. Y. Murphy. Royal Hotel

To be let for 6 months a furnished house on the praia de learnby in front of the Indian's Head healthiest situation in Rio & excellent for sea bathing. The tram passes the door; for further information apply to this office.

a gentlemans large furnished residence with stables, garden and orchard in one of the most beautiful spots of S. Domingos, close to the Praia das Flechas. Apply at Pechers, 37, Rua General Camara.

Missing Friends.

Information wanted at the British Consulate General, No. 2, Rua General Camara as to the following:

REICH, M., who is supposed to have left Paris for Brazil some ten years ago. Information as to his whereabouts is greatly desired by a member of his

BLAKE, David, — Jockey, who died May 1, 1896, at No. 34 Rua Jorge Rudge, Villa Isabet. Information is desired as to the estate of the deceased.

HELY, Henry de Souza — Employed in the British Consulate in the year 1838 (Robert Hesketh, Esq., Consul); disappeared from Rio in the last week of March, 1857. Information desired as to his subsequent

MACRAIL, William—Who died in August, 1885, while employed at the mill of Messers, Morritt & Co., of Juiz de Póra, leaving a son and daughter who were placed under the care of Mr. Calvert, at that time Manager of Messers, Laranja & Silva's mill in the Larangeiras, Rio de Janeiro. Information is desired as to the present whereabouts of the children.

February 13th, 1807,

WEST COAST ITEMS.

— A Guayaquil telegram of the 2nd says that the Ecuador government is about to raise a foreign loan of one million pounds.

— The recent elections in Chili appear to have resulted in substantial gains for the con-servatives. The president will again have a hostile congress and the country will be denied the benefit of a harmonious government.

RIVER PLATE ITEMS

— According to the message recently presented to the Uruguayan congress, the deficit for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, wa \$1,670,419.63.

—According to some of the Montevideo papers official "intervention" had been established at the postoffice as well as at the telegraph offices. A weaker and more cowardly measure could not be devised.

—The Buenos Aires Sandard records with tears in its eyes (a newspaper ought to be satisfied with dots to its is) the collapse of the Young Men's Christian Association in Buenos Aires. Either it was too good, or Buenos Aires too bad, for the two have been unable to get on together.—Montevideo Times.

on together.—Montevideo Times.

—On Saturday as the P. S. N. Co's Orellana was leaving the port she ran into the prow of the La Plata of the Messageries Maritimes, breaking away part of the wood work below the water line. The La Plata which was getting ready to start, was consequently delayed, and after suffering provisional repairs, was able to leave yesterday. Her mails were taken forward by the Orellana which waited for them to be transferred and to make the necessary declarations.— Montevideo Times, Mar. 4.

- The import and export valuations in Uru-guay for the last eight years were as follows:

guay for the last eight years were as follows:

1889. \$36.823.863 \$25,954.107 \$62,777.970

1890. \$23.64.627 29,955.519 61,450.146

1891. \$18.975.420 26,998.270 45,976.690

1893. \$19.671.610 27,651.373 47,353.013

1894. \$23.800,369 33,479,511 57,279,880

1895. \$25.530.184 30,403.083 55,933.267

Mr. John Bladett, who for some fix years 1892.. 1893.. 1894.. 1895..

1896. 25,530,184 30,403,083 55,933,267

— Mr. John Bladen, who for some 16 years has been one of the principal and most valuable members of the staff of the Buenos Aires Herald, and has been closely identified with its history and policy, has severed his connection with that paper in order to accept the editorship of the Times of Argentina. We congratulate the latter on the acquisition, for Mr. Bladen is one of the soundest and most able journalists in the River Plate, and his long experience gives him an invaluable knowledge of all local affairs, such as hardly any other English journalist here possesses.—Montevideo Times.

— Tenurrow, March J. St. Iddate Borda.

To-morrow, March 1, Sr. Idiarte Borda completes the third year of his presidential term. We have generally marked these presidential term. We have generally marked these presidential anniversuries by a descriptive or retrospective article, but we may well be excused the task on the present occasion for only too obvious reasons. The effect of his three years of government may be summed up in the following words;—one of the most intense political and economical crises that the republic has ever known, complete divorce between the government and all classes of the people, and at our gates a civil war the effects of which are dreaded by all, but which he and his advisers refuse to take a single step to avert. This tells as much as if we added a whole page of commentaries, so we say no more.— Montevideo Times, Feb. 28.

—Telegrams and despatches received from

as much as if we added a whole page of commentaries, so we say no more.—Montevideo Times, Feb. 28.

— Telegrams and despatches received from Florida announce that practically all the police force of the department, including the urban picket of 80 men, have risen and pronounced in favor of the revolution. With the neighbors who have joined them they are 400 to 500 strong, and are well armed, having recently received supplies from the government. The jefe politico Sr. Remigio Castellanos has been obliged to abandon the department and is on his way to the capital, being expected last night. The telegraph lines are reported as cut in several parts of Florida and of the north; of the republic. Not only the telegraphs but also the telephone lines to the interior are now placed under censorship. The press gangs are said to be again at work in Montevideo.—Montevideo Times, March 4.

— A very serious and apparently well-confirmed report is that nearly all General Muniz's forces, one of the bodies on which the President most relied, have deserted to the *blancos* taking with them a large supply of arms and ammunition. Out of 600 men, General Muniz has arrived at Melo with, one account says too, and another only 30. This has caused great consternation in official circles. There are also numerous reports of minor desertions from the official military or police forces in various parts of the frontier, whilst many of the working classes are crossing to join the "blancos," and estancieros are helping them with arms, horses, provisions and money. These reports may be exaggerated, but they tend to show the little sympathy that is felt for the government cause. The volunteers, which constitute a large supply that is felt for the government cause. The volunteerd, poorly uniformed and half-untrained. This will not constitute good fighting material.—Montevideo Times, Peb. 28.

THE URUGUAYAN GAG.

On the 5th inst. the Montevideo Times published the following announcement :

"The government of Uruguay having again issued a decree restricting the liberty of the press, we are compelled for the present to abstain from all political comments and from publishing any news concerning the present political situation except what is circulated officially."

The official reasons given for this shameful restriction are:

officially. "
The official reasons given for this shameful restriction are:

"3. That the truly revolutionary attitude of a part of the press, which combats the government by all the violent and licentious means in its power, predicating its overthrow, defaming the public powers, circulating false news which foments and encourages the insurrectional movement, and thus constituting itself a powerful auxiliary of this movement, becomes evidently irreconcileable with the grave situation of the country and with all the measures which it is necessary for the executive to take for the restoration of order and to save the country and institutions thus criminally threatened."

The terms of the decree relating to the press are made as comprehensive as possible and are as follows:

"Art. 3.—The ministry of government shall

Banks.

ONDON AND BRAZILIAN BANK, LIMITED.

Capital	6	1,500,000
Capital paid up		750,000
Reserve fund	,,	600,000

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PELOTAS, PORTO ALEGRE, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AYRES AND NEW YORK.

Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.,

LONDON.

Messrs. Mallet Frères & Co.,

Messrs. Schroder & Co., J. H. Schroder & Co., nachf.

PARIS.

HAMBURG.

Messrs. Joh. Berenberg, Gossler & Co.

Messrs. Granet Brown & Co.

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Capital. . 10,000,000 Marks.

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(Caixa 108.)

Branch-offices in São Paulo and Santos (Caixa 520.) (Caixa 185,

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N. M. Rothschild & Sons, Londor Manchester and Liverpool Dist Banking Company, Limited, Lon Union Bank of London, Limited, Lon Wm. Brandt's Sons & Co., Londor

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Authorized by Decree No. 591, of 17th October, 1891.

Subscribed capital. £ 1,500,000 Realized do ,, 900,000
Reserve fund ,, 1,000,000

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Agencies at Pernambuco, Ceará, Maranhão and Rio Grande do Sul.

Draws on its Head Office in London The London Joint Stock Bank, Limited,

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and correspondents in Germany. Sig. Giulio Belinzaghi

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

J. C. V. MENDES.

Largo do Paco No. 1

From the Cevian Observer, January 18th. COFFEE PLANTING IN BRAZIL.

Mr. G. A. Talbot, who returned to the island on Saturday, was good enough to give an Observer representative some interesting particulars regarding the Dumont Coffee Company estates, which he has been visiting. In reply to questions, Mr. Talbot said:—The property of the company consists of about 14,000 acres in bearing. It is situated about 1,500 feet above the sea level; but you must remember that that it is not the same as 1,500 feet in Ceylevel; but you must remember that that it is not the same as 1,500 feet in Ceylon, for here coffee land is only about 7 degrees north of the equator, and in Brazil, the company's property is about 25 degrees to the south of the line. Consequently, the Brazilian climate is much more temperate, resembling that of Arabia. Yes, the estate is planted with Arabia. As regards the location of the estate, it is situated in San Paulo state, about 300 miles distant from the of the estate, it is situated in 3 and ratio at the town of that name. A railway runs from San Paulo to within 13 miles of the company's property; and between the terminus and the estate, we have a railway of our own. This railway is of a feet zero.

Can you give me any figures as to «the cost of haulage, working expenses, etc.?»
«I cannot give you any precise fig-

"I cannot give you any precise inguise, but it certainly answers very well and works economically. We also run passengers over the railway; the carriages are entered from the ends, and are fairly comfortable. The goods waggons are of the ordinary bogic type. I cannot work out the cost of transport per cwt. but I know that in the aggre-

gate the cost is low as compared with the cost of similar transport in Ceylon. Santos is our market, from which the coffee is shipped. »

What about the yield per acre?

« I think I am safe in saying that the "I think I am sate in saying that the average yield per acre is about 11 cwt. People in the district think that the labour supply it sufficient; but, according to Ceylon ideas, there are not enough of labourers. The labourers are principally Italians. They are not indentured. I believe you have to requisition the Brazilian government for labourers and they assist in some way in bringing them over. I went to see some of the agents in Genoa on my way out. bringing them over. I went to see some of the agents in Genoa on my way out, and they told me, if I went through this form, they could send me as many as I wanted. The bulk of the Italian labourers are peasants from the plains of Lombardy, with blue eyes and fair hair and many of them fine looking men and women. They do not pick so well as we did with Tamils in Ceylon. "

Can Europeans perform manual labour in the open without injury to health?

bour in health?

health?

"Oh yes! the property is just outside the tropics and the climate is very healthy; the daily pay is something over three shillings per head."

Does not this high rate of pay largely

increase the cost of production?

« No, because there is so little cultivation. The cost is about thirteen shillings per cwt. All the cultivation we have to do is hoeing and picking and the yield per acre being large, it makes the cost per cwt, much cheaper than it was in Ceylon. In Brazil we do none of the pruning, draining, handling and other odds and ends which were done

by Ceylon planters. »

Does the absence of pruning not cause the bushes to deteriorate?

cause the absence of pruning not cause the bushes to deteriorate?

«Pruning appears to be unnecessary seeing the large yields we are getting. Draining can be dispensed with as the rainfall is not heavy. There was no rain gauge available but I should say the rainfall was about 70 inches a year.

What about the temperature?

«I fancy it would average about 70 degrees. Picking begins in April and goes on till about the end of August. There is a good deal of machinery on the estate but the curing is not nearly so well done as it is here. However, we hope that by introducing Ceylon methods, we will be able to improve the quality very much, and to get a very much better price. In Ceylon, as most people know, we pull the coffee when it

is ripe, pulp it, dry it, and then, what they call, peel it, whereas in Brazil they pulp only a very small proportion; they let it dry in the cherry and then hull it with a huller. The result is that the husk being on the coffee so long takes husk being on the coffee so long takes off what is called the "colour" or quality and it gives an inferior flavour, as a sort of fermentation goes on. What we propose to do is first to get the picking carefully done, and by introducing Ceylon methods and Ceylon machinery we hope to get a better sort of coffee. That cannot be done at once but it can be done by degrees. There will be a little difficulty in getting the men to adopt the new methods; and, probably, they will want higher wages for more careful plucking, and in that way it will increase the cost of production, no doubt, but we hope it will give us something like Ceylon coffee. As I have said, people on the estate say we have all the labour we want and that we can get as many as we like, which is very satisfactory as the introduction of new methods will necessitate a larger labour force. off what is called the «colour» or qualwill necessitate a larger labour force. In saying that much less cultivation was necessary in Brazil than in Ceylon I forgot to mention that all the weeding is done with the hoe and not by hand picking, the work being done about five times a year. In Ceylon owing to the heavy rainfall, hoeing is impossible as the soil would be washed away. In Brazil no such difficulty presents itself and consequently the expense of weeding is very much less. The coffee bushes grow about 12 feet high, but they are not so lanky as those in Ceylon because not so fainty as those in Ceylon because of the more temperate climate of Brazil. The Italians have a comparatively easy time. When they are not required by the estate they cultivate maize in the coffee fields for themselves. The maize they use for fattening pigs, and they contrive to make a good deal of money out of it. In some of the young coffee fields you can scarcely see the coffee for maize.»

Does it not smother the coffee and exhaust the soil?

«It is said not to injure it and the soil seems so rich as to be able to grow both. I, however, do not like it, and I hope we shall be able to stop, to some extent at least, maize being planted among the

What about the cost of weeding? "Weeding is done by contract, 80 mil-reis being paid for 1,000 trees, that is

about £1 per acre."

Have you ordered any machinery from Ceylon?

"At present there is no Ceylon ma-chinery on the estate. The machinery is by Lidgerwood, a Glasgow firm, which competes with Messrs. Walker. Now that we are going to adopt Ceylon methods, we shall certainly use Walker's

peelers and pulpers.»

What about power?
« Steam is used, but at two or three points on the estate water power available. »

Have you any black labour?

« Not much. There are a few negroes "Not much. There are a few negroes about. A most extraordinary thing about that part of Brazil is that the slaves who were only emancipated some eight years ago are hardly to be seen anywhere. Where they have gone to I don't know. Most of them I fancy have drifted into the large towns and others have squatted on waste land."

What about the future of the company?

pany?

manager of a large English bank-on the subject telling him that one of the things urged against subscribing to the company was the unsettled state of the country, and he said—'Nonsense, landed property, house property, real pro-perty is perfectly sound and one need not fear anything.' I also asked a leading lawyer—a man of standing in his profession—and he said since the Brazilians had to pay the large indemnities to Italians they had been very careful to

Italians they had been very careful to guard the rights of foreigners. Personally the Brazilians are a pleasant people to have dealings with."

Mr. T. L. Villiers of Yoxford, Dimbula, will take charge of the estates and he sails for England in the Malla on 1rth Feb. No doubt Ceylon methods under his direction will have beneficial results. Mr. Villiers is to be congratulated on this important appointment.

RHGARDING the proposed new piers at New York for ocean steamers the Maritime Register of January 13th says: The dock board will remove some six solid squares of buildings containing eighty-six houses. As soon as these are removed work will be begun by the dock board on the construction of the proposed new piers for ocean steamships. These piers will be from 675 to 725 feet in length and from 85 to 125 feet in width. Applications have already been received for the rental of these piers from the Cunard, White Star and Atlas lines of steamers.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, MARCH 16TH, 1897.

The extraordinarily confusing and contradictory accounts received of the fight at Canudos, Bahia, still render it impossible to give accurate information of that unfortunate affair. The first account given is probably as correct as any, but happily the loss of life was not so great as at first indicated. The fugitives are coming in daily, and many who were supposed dead have reported at headquarters. In all probability the number of the missing will be still further reduced. It is surprising, however, to note how widely contradictory the reports are. Of the government force, the number of men engaged is variously stated to have been 700 to 1,600, and the number of men who have reported is now placed at 500. Of the three battalion commanders, two were killed (Moreira Cesar and Tamarindo) and the third (Souza Menezes) was painfully wounded in the buttock. Of the other officers the great majority and the third (Souza Menezes) was painfully wounded in the buttock. Of the other officers the great majority have reported for duty. It would seem that the attack was not only ill-advised, but was contracted. that the attack was not only ill-advised, but was contrary to instructions. Had the government forces secured a strong position and undertaken to punish the enemy with their artillery and long range rifles before assaulting the town, the result might have been different.

The government is now employing every effort to retrieve the disaster, and will send a large and well equipped force to the scene of disturbance as quickly as possible. It is expected that at least 15 battalions will be sent and that the expedition will number not less than 8,000 men. Several of these battalions are drawn from Rio Grande less than 8,000 men. Several of these battalions are drawn from Rio Grande where they have already seen some service and may be relied upon to stand under fire. It was expected, also, that several "patriotic battalions" would go to the front, but there is now a movement on foot to keep them here in garrison, where they are not wanted. An ment on foot to keep them here in garrison, where they are not wanted. An element of weakness, in our opinion, is the large number of impressed recruits which the government is preparing to send to the front. These men are largely taken from the vagrant and criminal classes and can not be relied upon. They will not know how to use their arms, nor will they be sufficiently disciplined to stand steady under fire. The fanatics are evidently desperate fighters and the government will need its best men to overcome them. Green recruits and the government will need its best men to overcome them. Green recruits from the city are certainly not the kind of soldiers to send against them. The executive has already opened a special credit of two thousand contos to meet these urgent expenses, no small part of which will flow into questionable channels. As the case now stands, the government is compelled to face a very serious difficulty. The talk about a monarchist conspiracy is, in our opinion. rious difficulty. The talk about a monarchist conspiracy is, in our opinion, rank absurdity. Conselheiro and his followers are calling themselves monarchists simply because they are fighting a republican government, but those who know the sertão, also know that they would just as loudly call themselves re-

publicans were they fighting a monarchist government. They are essentially freebooters and will fight anything and freebooters and will ngitt anything and everything which offends their perfect freedom of action. The danger threatening the government, however, lies in the possibility of this local insurrection spreading and taking on a political character. The whole sertão from Minas to Piauly is apparently in sympathy with Conselheiro and another victors are Conselheiro, and another victory over the government forces might imply the loss of Bahia and the whole sertão, which in turn would involve a civil war of many years duration. The government must therefore act cautiously as well as vigor-ously, in order to avoid another defeat. And more particularly is this necessary because of the lawless elements in the cities who stand ready to make a defeat an excuse for rioting and assassination. The credit of Brazil is far more imperillthe creat of brazil is far more imperili-ed by such acts of violence and lawless-ness, than even by an open insurrection against the republic, which is not at all likely to occur unless promoted by further insurrectionary successes in Bahia.

As we were about to send our last issue to press some of our friends advised us strongly not to include an editorial in regard to the Canudos defeat and the disorders in this city on the 7th when the news of that disaster became known. disorders in this city on the 7th when the news of that disaster became known. We had written what we considered to be a very moderate comment on the situation, but as we had frankly charged the jacobins with inciting the criminal violence which we had witnessed, our friends thought that this would serve only to excite them against ourselves. We finally accepted the advice and witners with the word of the service of the advice and witners with the word of the service of the service of the advice and opinions, be they right or wrong, we had a few copies struck off on slips for private distribution. Barely a dozen copies had been given out in this city, when one of them fell into the hands of the *Republica* on Friday. Supposing that they had a monarchist bomb-shell, the mischief-making editor of that sheet had the article translated for the next morning's issue, to which a personal attack on ourselves served as an introduction. Of course the exploded episode over the *Times* theory and *Opinion* of the *Times* of October 10 the side of the service of the this content of the service of the theory of the service of the theory of the service of th duction. Of course the exploded episode over the Times telegrams of October last was brought forward, and the government was indirectly urged to expel us from the country. Although the editor of the Republica is in no position to discuss the point, he asserts that in no civilized country of the world would we be permitted to do what we have done! As we belong to one of the most civilized countries of the world, and a republic at that, we may be permitted to tell the editor of the Republica that his ignorance on this point is only equalled by his assurance in referring to it. When he knows what civilization means, then he can talk about it. But we can assure him at the outset that it does not mean the wrecking of opposition newspaper offices, nor the murder of opposition journalists, nor the persecution of political opponents, nor the expulsion of foreign correspondents and editors because of inconvenient though truthful criticisms, nor the publication of slanderous insinuations for the purpose of exciting mobs against such persons, nor the shooting of prisoners withduction. Of course the exploded epi-sode over the *Times* telegrams of Octoof slanderous insinuations for the purpose of exciting mobs against such persons, nor the shooting of prisoners without trial, nor the intimidation of officials into doing illegal acts. If the editor of the Republica wishes it, we can tell him of a great many things which go to make a nation civilized, of which he has apparently never heard parently never heard.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY GREAT BRITAIN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. Goschen in reply to enquiries declared in the house that the British fleet was not only superior in number to that of France and Russia combined but also in speed. This is equally satisfactory whether we are chasing the enemy or showing a clean pair of heels. Bare superiority, however will not suffice. England must be ready if necessary to lick half a dozen such fleets if she would continue to rule the seas. "Britannia needs no bulwarks, no towers along the steep, is a pretty and comforting sentiment, but will cease to be a fact immendiately that her superiority on the ocean deep can be disputed by any possible combination. Englishmen know and feel this to be true and it is on that account they take

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such profound interest in their navy and are where relay to bosen their purse strings to before their purse strings to be their but to the hark.

Oom Paul is at it again. The old man can't let well alone and lass gone to Bloom-fontein to connect some new treason with his great and good friend of the Orange Free State. One day he will go to far and wake up to, find John Bull's patience exhausted, this country annexed and Boer rule in Africa a thing of, the past, Says an old rhyme at the fault of the Dutch is giving too little and sking too much, a characteristic which with others, good, bad and indifferent, seem to have been inherited by their descendant in S. Africa, At least, Kruger has, the cable states, made up his mind to exact an indemnity of a round million for the Jameson raid but refuses to Jisten at all to the complaints of, the Johannesburgers, who he swears, have nothing to complain of at all. The faithful and devout Commons have thrown out by a large majority the bill for separation of Church and State, although many of them as Oscar Wilde says in his play swill never get nearer to a Church than the Churchyard.

The Queen has left England for her annual visit to Nice where she means to get herself into nice order for the diamond jubilee. The old lady had an enthusiastic welcome in France and was visited by President Faure, but they failed to settle the affairs of the world as foreigners imagine to be the habit of the Queen whenever she goes abroad. Mr. Balfour in answer to a question from Sir W. Harcourt informed the House that the government had not and could not adopt any definite course as regards Crete without consulting parliament. That the Commons probably knew already as also that though the country might not be irreyocably committed it is possible for any government to go so far as to make it difficult and dangerous to draw back. Lord Salisbury however had better be cautious over this matter; if he again sacrifices the Cretam Christians to Turkish interests as in 1868-he will have the Go. O.

SPAIN, CUBA AND THE PHILIPPINES

SPAIN, COBA, AND THE INTERPRESE AS, if revolt in Cuba, the Philippines and Puerto Rico were not enough, the Carlists are stirring up strife in Spain itself. Illiterto the movement is not of much importance, tho there is no knowing to what misery, taxation and conscription may drive the people some

there is no knowing to what misery, taxation and conscription may drive the people some day or other.

In the Philippines the struggle is assuming the self same character as in Cuba, and the Spaniards with all their official victories seem to get no further ahead. The population of the four hundred islands that constitute the Philippine archipelago is about 7,000,000, the fighting part of which must be shortly exterminated it we are to believe the reports of killed and wounded, monotonous in their uniformity. It is wonderful that any fighting men at all are left in Cuba after such a series of bloody victories; unless the rebels like the dragons teeth of mythology spring from their ashes increased a thousand fold.

The curious part about these victories is that each one entails reinforcements; General Polavieja has asked for 20,000 more men to quench rebellion in Manilla, Before long the whole male population of Spain will be concentrated in Cuba and the Philippines.

General Polavieja commander of the Spanish forces in the Philippines is sick in bed and is to be relieved by Gen. Primo Rivera.

General Weyler has offered 10,000 men from

his garrison for the Philippines, which seems under the circumstances something like the Irishman's cutting off a piece from the footend of his blanket and sewing it on the top to make it stretch.

OTHER COUNTRIES.

of his blanket and sewing it on the top to make it stretch.

OTHER COUNTRIES.

The Italian prisoners are leaking back from Choa (Abyssinia), aon having arrived at Zeilah, Italy's first attempt at a colonial empire was not a happy one. Japan has determined to be the cock of the walk in peace as in war in the far East, the Great Britain of the Pacific. The Japanese parliament is now discussing the adoption of a gold standard for its coinage, whereby it will perhaps throw away the substantial advantages afforded by the depreciation of silverto grasp at the shadow of assimilating its coinage to those of European countries; a dangerous experiment in a country that imports more than it exports, and has no accumulation of foreign investments to make good the deficit.

In Montevideo the government as usual has intervened in the telegraph, and no news is to be obtained of the progress of the revolution. No news in this case may be regarded as good news, and that the revolution is making head way. It is reported from Rio Grande that the revolutionists have taken Santa Rosa and Paysandu, important towns on the Uruguay.

The elections in Chili have resulted in the return of a Chamber with as many parties as Joseph's coat had colors. Twenty Errazuristas, 30 conservatives, 10 Balmacedistas for deputies and 12 c

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

One hundred members of Parliament have wired assuring Greece of their sympathy and support. It would have been far better had they kept their sympathy to theniselves, or expressed it in the only manner in which it could be of any real benefit, in the House itself. If our foreign policy is to become material for factions opposition in contradiction to the best and most honorable traditions of parliament politics must indeed have deteriorated in England.

The Greek squadron has abandoned Crete in

and most honorable traditions of parliament politics must indeed have deteriorated in England.

The Greek squadron has abandoned Crete in pursuit of two Turkish war vessels, an act of war that only the decreptitude of the Unspeakable One can contemplate without proceeding to a formal declaration of war.

The British consul at Canea has succeeded in rescuing too Moslems beseiged by the rebels in Kardano. Whilst convoying them to Canea they were ruthlessly attacked by the rebels, who seem to respect neither consuls, women or children; to protect their embarkment the foreign warships were again obliged to bombard the rebels.

It is not to be wondered at that Germans are not so popular as they might be at Athens, but we scarcely think that the Greeks will improve their cause by attacks on individual Germans. The Athenian cabinet has as yet sent no categorical reply to the note of the powers, and seems to be employing the method common in the East of procrastination and evasion so successfully employed by Turkey in its relations with the powers.

Divide at imperat. If by delays Greece can only split up the concert of Europe she has, she imagines, a better chance of getting what she wants. That she will succeed, at least in the first part of her programme, seems not unlikely, as there is said to be already a split in the councils as regards the manner Greece is to be disposed of, Russia, Germany, and Austria inssting on the immediate blockade of Greeian ports, to which England, France and Italy object.

disposed of, Russia, Germany, and Austria insesting on the immediate blockade of Grecian ports, to which England, France and Italy object.

The latest proposal is that each of the powers send 2,000 men to Crete under the command of Prince Waldemar of Denmark. A better method of putting them all by the ears it would be difficult to imagine. With such divergence of national policies and interests and individual sympathies and antipathies it is impossible that harmony would be long maintained. A sample of what would probably occur is offered by the constant squabbles that are even now reported between English and Italian officers.

A couple of thousand years ago or so, St Paul visited Crete and after mature experience decided that Cretans were liars. Since then they have elevated the practice to a fine art and added Rapine, Rape, Rascality of every kind. Mussulmans or Christians they are all much of a muchness, and not worth the world of trouble they are costing Europe. It is a pity that the only cure for such distressful countries, 24 hours submersion in the blue waters of the Medilerranean is impracticable. Let us thank heaven for even small mercies and that we live not in Crete but in Rio, which in spite of jacobins and other little drawbacks must be heavenly in comparison.

SCRUTATOR

PROVINCIAL NOTES

-A fire at Desterro on the 12th inst, destroy

—A fire at Desterro on the 12th inst. destroyed property valued at 200,000\$.

—In Sao Paulo a « Moreira Cesar » battalion is being organized to go to Bahia.

—A Bahia telegram says that out of 200 policemen that went into the fight at Canudos not over 50 escaped.

—The 27th battalion of infantry, 280 strong, arrived at Pernambuco from Parahyba on the 12th inst. on its way to Bahia.

—Of the 55 persons arrested at Bemfica near 10th inst. guarded by 50 policemen.

—From Pernambuco to policemen have been sent to Petrolian to prevent supplies from reaching Antonio Conselheiro from that place.

—There has been another fight in Pernambuco between the governor's nephew and partisans of Congressman-elect Affonso Cosa.

—A Sergipe telegram says that the 200 soldiers that had been stationed at Geremoabo left that place on the 11th inst. for Aracajú.

—The S. Paulo Platéa claims to have received information that 500 persons have gone to join Antonio Conselheiro from the west of São Paulo.

—On the 10th inst. there arrived at Bahia from Queimadas 4 officers, 51 soldiers and one

On the 10th inst, there arrived at Bahia from Queimadas 4 officers, 51 soldiers and one civilian who had been wounded in the fight

civilian who had been wounded in the figure at Canudos.

—On the 13th inst. at 4 o' clock a. in. the transport Carlos Comes, with Gen. Cantuaria and the 5th regiment of artillery on board, arrived at Bahin.

and the Sir legislate of rived at Bahia.

—The police authorities of Rezende in the state of Rio de Janeiro are accused by the jacobins of having rejoiced over the death of Moreira Cesar.

—It is stated that the war department has received information that several bodies of men have left Piauhy for the purpose of joining Antonio Conselheiro.

—The number of government troops that took part in the engagement at Canudos was 1,600. The number of the followers of Conselheiro is not known.

1,600. The number of the followers of Conselheiro is not known.

—On the 17th inst. a police force again went to Dr. Theodoro de Carvalho's plantation near Araraquara, and once more returned without having accomplished anything.

—The school boys of the S. Paulo Polytechnic school have decided to drage their flag and have telegraphed to the government that it can count upon their support in every emergency.

—The epidemic of yellow fever has greatly increased at Jahú, Sao Paulo. On the 9th inst. there were 16 cases under treatment in the epidemic hospital, and 5 cases in private houses.

—An epidemic of «remittent fever, with

epidemic of «remittent fever, typhoid symptoms " is raging at Iporanga, Sac Paulo. It is said to be similar to the feve-which caused 200 victims in the village of Ita

which caused 200 victims in the village of Itararé some years ago.

—There promises to be some confusion in the patriotic volunteer army of the future, for Moreira Cesar » battalions are being organized in S. Paulo, Rio de Janeiro (city), Rio de Janeiro (state) and Para.

—A São Paulo telegram of the 8th says that 58 armed jagungos (freebooters) had been captured at Bemfica, near Ribeirão Preto. It is said that they belong to the band of Manuel João Brandao, and were on their way to Bahia.

—In São Paulo the aldermen have achieved the heroic sacrifice of substituting the old and well known names of two business streets, Rua Direita and Rua de S. Bento, by those of «Rua Marcehal Floriano Peixoto» and «Rua Coronel Moreira Cesar».

Direita and Rua de S. Bento, by those of «Rua Marechal Floriano Peixoto» and «Rua Coronel Moreira Cesars.

—Dr. Edwiges Queiroz has resigned the office of chief of police of the state of Rio de Jameiro and has been succeeded by Dr. Oscar de Macedo Soares. This change is ascribed to a question of local politics in the municipal district of Rio Bonito.

—A telegram of the 10th inst. from Bahia states that Monte Santo has been abandoned by the government troops. It appears that Maj. Cunha Mattos had previously succeeded in assembling at that place about 100 fugitives from the engagement at Camudos.

—Telegrams from Sergipe state that, in consequence of the system of terrorising adopted by the dominant party at the capital, Padre Olympio, Dr. Leandro Maciel and other leaders of the opposition to Col. Valladao have been obliged to absent themselves.
—According to a telegram published in the Jornal do Commercio the officers of the army held a meeting in Bahia some days ago for the purpose of discussing the question of deposing the governor of the state. It seems that there was opposition to the idea and that consequently it was not carried into execution.

—When Police Lieutenant Soares reached Araraquara under arrest on the 12th inst. he was received with hostile demonstrations by the crowd assembled at the station, having been already hissed at S. Carlos do Pinhal as he passed through that place. He is accused of completity in the lynching at Araraquara on the 6th ult.

—According to a telegram of the São Paulo bureau of statistics there were 10,180

6th ult.

—According to the report issued by the São Paulo bureau of statistics there were 10,180 marriages, 52,123 births and 36,215 deaths in the state in the year 1895. In the same year there arrived at the port of Santos 95,087 immigrants, of whom 68,799 were Italians, 13,912 Portuguese, 10,665 Spaniards and 1,813 of other nationalities.

—On the 12th a 2nd-class passenger immed

rortuguese, 1003, spanians other nationalities.

—On the 12th a 2nd-class passenger jumped from the window of a coach just as the train had passed the Campo Limpo tunnel on the S. Paulo railway. The train was stopped and returned to the spot, where it was found that the man's arms and legs had been cut off. He had 460 fin his pockets and the papers found were in the Syriac language.

—A Bahia telegram of the 8th inst., published in the Paiz of last Thursday, states that Moreira Cesar was killed, not, as had been first reported, in the first day's fight at Cauudos, but during the retreat on the 2nd day. The Paiz forgets Maj. Cunha Mattos' statement that he verified Moreira Cesar's death on the morning of the dynoment troops at Canudos. It is evident, however, that the estimate is purely conjectural, for, the government troops having been completely routed and dispersed, there is no way of ascertaining how many were killed and wounded. And, as many of the fugitives will probably never make their appearance, we presume that the actual loss in killed and wounded will never be known.—A telegram of the 1oth inst. states that on that day 280 soldiers of the 16th battalion of infantry and 80 of the 5th battalion of siege artillery left Bahia for Queimadas. Military engineers went with them for the purpose of fortifying that place. According to a telegram received by the Jonal do Commercio a committee was appointed by the Bahia military club to ask the commanders of the troops not to go to Queimadas, where, it was asserted, their lives would be sacrificed. The Bahia military club has a very queer idea of military discipline, to say the least.

—On the 9th inst. the Commercio de S. Paulo, whose printing office was wrecked by jacobins on the 7th, issued a single page number, denouncing the outrage, ascribing it to the police and the Campos Salles government, and promising to resume publication as soon as new material could be received. Copies of this issue were eagerly sought for at 1500 a number, and even 5500 were paid in some instances. At the same time the newsboys were finding it slow work to sell the poor od Pará state that the conflicts on the Jurnamirin have arisen from long-standing feuls —Recent telegrams from the governor of Pará state that the conflicts on the Jurnamirin have arisen from long-standing feuls —

The press should not tamely submit to such outrages.

—Recent telegrams from the governor of Pará state that the conflicts on the Juruamirim have arisen from long-standing feuds between Brazilian and Peruvian rubbergatherers. The affair has no political importance whatever. The Peruvians, who had been ejected by the Brazilians, applied to Col. Ibarra a few months ago for assistance, but that official told them that they must take care of themselves, as the government could not interfere in the dispute, the territory being contested ground. It appears that the Peruvians then mustered and have in turn driven the Brazilians out. The latter now want the Brazilian government to interfere.

Brazilian government to interfere.

RIO GRANDE DO SUL.

The castilhistas in Rio Grande, like other jacobins elsewhere, have received with demonstrations of hatred and intolerance towards their opponents the news of the defeat of the government troops at Canudos. In the meetings held and in the crowds that assembled in the streets at Porto Alegre there were repeatedly heard shouts of a death to Silveira Martins and Ruy Barbosa " and others of a similar character. In the speech made by Pinto da Rocha the same intolerant spirit was displayed. Against the federalist organ, Rejorma, there were hostile demonstrations and threats of violence. On the 11th inst. Dr. Adriano Ribeiro, editor-in-chief of that paper, hurriedly took passage and left Porto Alegre on the steamer Comeda.

The castilhistas have taken steps to organize a jacobin club.

Marshal Angusto Cesar da Silva, president of the federalist executive committee, has telegraphed to President Prudente de Moraes, expressing regret at the loss of life at Canudos and offering to aid the government in suppressing anarchy.

pressing regret at the loss of life at Canudos and offering to aid the government in suppressing anarchy. The troops ordered to Bahia are making preparations to leave. The 25th battalion of infantry took passage on the 10th inst. on board the steamer Idaipava.

The 31st battalion arrived at Rio Grande from Bagé on the 13th inst. on its way to Rio de Janeiro, whence it will proceed to Bahia.

Pinheiro Machado, who has just returned to Porto Alegre from S. Paulo, made on the 12th a speech in which he asserted that the federalists, the unionists and the parliamentarians are all monarchists in disguise.

The news received in Rio Grande from Uruguay is favorable to the Blanco revolutionists, Rafael Cabeda has sent a telegram to the Reforma contradicting the report that he had offered assistance to the Uruguayan government. The Uruguayan revolution, the alleged monarchist plots in Brazil and the war against the fanatics of Canudos are, he says, matters that do not concern the federalists, whose sole object is to free their state from the tyranny that oppresses it. If any party in Rio Grande is meddling in Uruguayan afairs, it is the castilhista party.

Letters received from Montevideo show signs

Letters received from Montevideo show signs of having been opened.

RAILROAD NOTES

The superintendent of the São Paulo railway has offered gratuitous transportation on that line for all articles sent for the relief of the fever-stricken town of Itú.

— Last year the cars of the S. Christovão tramway company carried 20,021,857 paying passengers. The receipts of the company amounted to 2,837,266,820 in 1896, against 2,733,895,810 in 1896, in 1896, against 2,733,895,810 in 1896, in the previous year. The dividends paid last year to shareholders amounted to 801,620,500, that is at the rate of 13,8500 per share of 2005.

LOCAL NOTES

There are 32 senators of the time of the empire still living.

Gen. Bernardo Vasques, ex-minister of war, was again on the sick list last week.

Fisheiro Machado evidently thinks that the only republicans are those who wish a dictatorial government.

The cruiser Andrada arrived here on the morning of the 11th and was promptly subjected to inspection with orders to be ready for service in themty-four hours.

The Tiradentes battalion was said to have on Saturday 450 soldiers, of which 200 have recently enlisted. It is now said that the battalion will not go to the front.

The morning press published yesterday an official statement in which it is said that only between 700 and 800 government troops went into action at Canudos and that of this number it is known up to the present that at least 500 are alive.

It is a curious circumstance that the Cirl.

ber it is known up to the present that at least soo are alive.

— It is a curious circumstance that the Cidade de Rio was printed at the printing office of the Gazela da Tarde, which was wrecked on the 7th inst. After that incident Patrocinio was obliged to go to the national printing office to have his work done.

—It is again rumored that Dr. Andre Cavalcanti, chief of police, has resolved to resign, and, our readers will regret to hear, Col. Valladão is mentioned as his successor. We ought to have a man at the head of the police department who himself obeys and respects the law.

—A prominent officer connected with the maval revolt indignantly denies that any amnestied or retired officers have joined the Bahia fanatics, and calls for proofs. But of what use is it to deny. The jacobins will invent another falsehood as soon as this one is exploded.

exploded.

— During the whole of last week police detachments were stationed at the offices of the Jornal do Commercio, Jornal do Brasil, Gazeta de Noticias and D. Quixole. It requires no comment when the genial Angelo Agostini is compelled to go to the chief of police for protection.

— It is reported that the government will create a naval division to be stationed at Bahia under the command of Rear Admiral Carlos de Noronha. The division will consist of the cruisers Republica, Primeiro de Maryo, and Andrada, and the torpedo-catchers Tymbiza and Gastave Sampaio.

— The Noticia says that a committee of republicans is going to ask the minister of foreign affairs to expel from Brazil the editor of a foreign journal in this city. The republicans would employ their leisure hours to better advantage, if they would spend them in studying the constitution of the republic.

— Gen. Cantuaria, the new commander of the 3rd millitary district, and the sth regiment of artillery, left for Bahia last Tuesday on the transport Carlos Gomes (ex-Haiph). Col. Thomaz Flores, who had been transferred from the command of the 13rd battalion of infantry to that of the 7th, was unable to go on account of illness.

— We are informed that the ajudas de casto (travelling expenses) of a lieutenant going to Bahia with the troops now going forward, is 80.98. The government, however, furnishes him transport and support, so that the said 80.09 is in reality a bounty. This implies a very heavy expense for a force of six or eight thousand men.

— According to the observatory report the average temperature on the top of Castle hill during the month of January was 25.2° C. (77, 36° Fahr.), the absolute maximum being 34.5° C. (94° Fahr.) and the absolute minimum 19.2° C. (66.56° Fahr.). The rainfall during the month of January was 25.2° C. (77, 36° Fahr.), the absolute maximum being 34.5° C. (94° Fahr.) and the absolute minimum 19.2° C. (66.56° Fahr.). The rainfall during the month of January was 25.2° C. (77, 36° Fahr.), the absolute minimum 19.2°

work.

— If the spirit of intolerance, suspicion and terrorizing, displayed by the jacobins, is permitted to prevail, it is easy to foresee the different stages through which the reign of terror will pass. The first sufferers will be the monarchists; then will come the turn of the moderate republicans; and finally the different groups of jacobins, goaded by fear, distrust and hatred, will alternately persecute each other.

each other.

—The streets for some days past have been exceptionally quiet and orderly, noticeably in the evening. And it is all due to the press-gangs, whose vigorous efforts to secure "volunteers have driven all the loafers, vagabonds and disorderly characters into temporary retirement. On Sunday the streets were almost abandoned, and the orators attached at our two jacobin contemporaries had an unbearably dull day of it.

— The war department is calling for volunteers for filling the vacant ranks in the army.

— Theatrical companies are playing to very small houses, which have been thinged by the fear of impressment into military service.

— Gens. Gomes Pimentel and Savaget have been appointed to command brigades in Bahia. Gen. Marciano Magalhäes succeeds Gomes Pimentel in command of the artillery.

— It takes a mighty small shadow to frighten a timid boy. And if he is exceptionally timid, or has been behaving badly, his own troubled conscience will give him all the shadows needed.

needed.

— A telegram to the S. Paulo *Diario Popular*, of the 12th inst., says that there were 8,000 men killed at the Canudos fight, which is considerably in excess of the number of men

men killed at the Canudos fight, which is considerably access of the number of men engaged.

— Official appraisers estimate at 6,800 the damage to the building occupied by the editorial offices of the Liberdade and Gazzla da Turde. They are unable, they say, to estimate the value of the furniture that was burnt.

— The Tiradentes battalion is quartered at the barracks of the 23rd battalion of infantry. It will leave for Bahia, it is stated, on the 20th inst. The commander declares that all officers and soldiers who fail to report before that time will be expelled from the battalion. He is calling for volunteers to enlist in it.

— It is a curious fact that at the beginning of February the government invited Dr. Ray Barbosa to take charge of the Brazilian case in the Annapa arbitration question, and he was generally acclaimed as the best man for the task. One month later his life was in danger and he was compelled to leave the country!

—There was great activity at police headquarters last week in the work of secretitings. The lock-up was full of men on Friday who had been picked up in the street and brought in for recruits. And in addition to these, all the thieves and disorderly characters brought in the threat and brought in the propertical colunteers. And it is with such materials as these that the government expects to subdue the fanatics and freebooters of Bahia!

— The Paiz of the 10th sharply criticised the minister of justice for forbidding the as-

The Paiz of the 10th sharply criticised the minister of justice for forbidding the assembling of people in the streets. These meetings, principally in front of certain newspaper offices, have been the sources and centres of the disgraceful disorders which have resulted in so much harm, and the minister did right to forbid them. He should have begun earlier. And the indignation of the Paiz shows clearly the reactionary and disorderly character of that sheet.

—It was reported early last week that the

that sheet.

—It was reported early last week that the minister of justice had resolved to resign because of the irregular proceedings of the chief of police. The latter has certainly given cause for grave suspicions, and the President should not let the occasion pass without an investigation. The failure to prevent street disorders was apparent to every one, and there are reasons for believing that the chief of police was purposely slow in taking measures to preserve order.

—The report that Col. Nunes Tamarindo had been saved appears to have been a mistake. He was wounded in the Canudos fight on the morning of the 4th inst., and was carried off the field in a hammock by some of his men. In the wild flight and disorder, his attendants were left to their own resources and all were killed by the pursuing fanatics. Stories are afloat that Col. Tamarindo was decapitated, but there is of course no evidence of this. It is also said that the body of Col. Moritas. The said of the fanatics.

—Police delegate Euclydes de Moura reports that the attack on Col. Gentil de Castro's house was made by about 50 unknown persons, who uttered shouts of "Long live the memory of Floriano Peixoto!" "Death to the monarchists!» "Kill the leader of the januncs!" and others of a similar character. The assailants were dispersed by mounted policemen, who, however, were unable to make arrests! In consequence of the heavy rain, says the police delegate, few persons were on the street and for this reason it is difficult to find witnesses. The damage done to house and furniture is estimated in the report at 15,000.

—The government having perceived the had effect of the outrages committed by the jacobins after receiving the news from Canudos, Minister Amaro Cavalcanti thought that his presence on the street would be useful in promoting moderation and order. The jacobins, however, received him with jeers and jibes and irroited cheers for the epolice inspectors. Orders were then issued for the streets to be parfolled by strong detacliments of mo

—Among the passengers which left this port on the Dannbe on Wednesday last was Dr. Ruy Barbosa and Padre Schaligero, editor of the Apostolo. Both were fleeing for their lives and were obliged to avoid recognition. In Nova Friburgo, the house of the former was visited by men who were seeking his life, and he was obliged to conceal himself. We wonder if Ruy still thinks that a mistake was not made in 1899.

—The minister of war in his order issued on Saturday the 6th inst., designated for forming part of the forces for operating in Bahia the 5th 14th, 25th, 27th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th and aoth battalions of infantry and the 5th regiment of artillery. Subsequently would be sent to Bahia and it is said that at the cabinet meeting held on Wednesday it was decided that a still larger force would be required. Since then the government has called for volunteers to fill up the ranks, and has accepted the offer of several volunteer battalions to go to Bahia. Among these are the Tirudentes and Benjamin Constant battalions, while the Quinze de Novembro battalions, while the Quinze de Novembro battalions, while the Juinze de Novembro battalions of fill up its ranks and the Batalhao Academico is instructed to hold itself in readiness. Other volunteer battalions are being organized.

—It will be remembered that we warned the government against plunging heedlessly into a costly and sanguinary war in Bahia, without attempting in the first place to resort to conciliatory measures. It is perhaps not too late even now to follow our advice; but, if war has become inevitable, we urge, for the sake of the honor and future welfare of the country, that it shall be conducted in a humane and civilized manner. Let us have no more such barbarous crimes as those which were perpetrated during the war in Rio Grande and during the naval revolution and which have left an indelible stain on the reputation of the nation. And in order that this may be the case it is necessary to cease infaming the passions of the people. Let writers a

STRANGERS' HOSPITAL

The Hon. Treasurer of the Strangers' Hos-pital acknowledges the receipt of the following donations and subscriptions since the list last published on January 18th:

Twickenham ss	20,000
J. W. B. Purchas.	2505000
Burnham Williams & Co. per Norton	
Megaw & Co. Ld. \$250 @ 5\$650.	
Julia Park s/s	10,000
G. E. M. per Rev. H. Mosley & 5	
(a) 5 11/15 (less stamps)	137\$820
Colonel J. T. North sis	10,000
Blackheath s/s	20,000
Julia Park s/s	10\$000
Antonio Luiz dos Santos	2001000
Anonymous	10\$500
Colonel J. T. North s/s	10,000
Turret Cape s/s	20,000
Julia Park s/s	10,000
Ethelreda s/s	25,000
	2,255\$820
Annual Subscriptions:	
A. C. Nathan	100\$000
W. McNiven	1001000
W. H. Newby	50\$000
Eddy, Mascarenhas & Guerin	200,000
W. G. Guerin, rep. of the Empreza	
Industrial de Petroleo	200\$000
P. Morrissy	1000000
F. H. O. Tross	100\$000
H. P. Weigall	50\$000
E. A. Carré	50\$000
H. G. Estill	505000
C. da Costa	50\$000
R. A. Brooking	25\$000
J. Blackburn	50,5000
R. J. Davis	501000
Joseph Mawson	1001000
J. Troup	505000
Louis Grey	1000000
G. W. Nicolls	505000
C. G. S. Shalders	100\$000
	1,575\$000
Indigents Relief Fund:	
Donation from «Windfall»	280100
In addition to the above the Matron	acknow

ledges receipt of one bag of coffee each from Messrs. Norton, Megaw & Co., W. F. McLaughlin & Co., E. Johnston & Co. and P. S. Nicolson & Co.

BIRTH.

On the 14th inst., at No. 1, Rua de Todos Santos, Botafogo, the wife of R. J. Davis, of a son.

os santos, notatogo, the wife of K. J. Davis, of a son.

THE DIAMOND JUBILEE.

In response to the news item in our last issue to the effect that the British colony of this city had taken no steps for the celebration of the sixtieth anniversary of Her Majesty's accession to the throne, Consul-General Wagstaff sends us the following resolution adopted at a meeting held on Friday last, in which, it will be seen, steps have been taken to celebrate that important event. We are greatly pleased to record this resolution and trust that, in spite of the hard times through which this colony is passing, they may find some means to make the commemoration imposing and successful. The memorandum which Mr. Wagstaff sends us, is as follows:

"At a meeting held at the British consulategeneral at Rio de Janeiro, on the 12th of February 1897, the following resolution was proposed by Mr. Anderson and carried unanimously:

That the British community at Rio recogniz-

conded by Mr. Anderson and carried unan-mously:

That the British community at Rio recogniz-ing the unparalleled event in their national history, resolve to commenorate the sixtieth anniversary of their dearly beloved Queen's accession to the Throne, and for that purpose appoint a Committee to draw up an address, or congratulatory message to be sent to Her Majesty on the day appointed and to make the necessary arrangements for celebrating that great event."

Business Notes

BUSINESS NOTES

—On the 11th the manager of the London and Brazilian Bank received an anonymous letter threatening to blow up the bank if he did not put up the exchange rate to 8 pence. Such threats are peculiarly characteristic of the times and of the people who have been creating so much disorder lately.

—We must again call the attention of the director-general of the postoffice to the negligence of his subordinates. A large package of our issue of the 2nd inst. which was mailed here on the 3rd for São Paulo, was delivered in that city only on the 7th. Such negligence involves no slight prejudice to a newspaper proprietor, for his subscribers naturally object to a delivery so irregular as this.

—About two years ago the state of Pará expropriated the water works of that city and placed them under official control. A bill is now under consideration in the state assembly, by the governor's request, authorizing the alienation of the same waterworks. The debt of the state was increased by the issue of 2,000,0005 in apolices to accomplish the expropriation; will that amount be realized in the proposed sale?

—A movement is now on foot up the coast to secure either the suspension or some modification of the law restricting the coastwise traffic to the national flag. At some places business has been almost wholly suspended and great prejudices are being incurred, because of the lack of vessels in which to ship products to other points along the coast. This result is fully confirming the opinions we have expressed of the untimeliness of this restriction.

—The S. Paulo Diario Popular of the 13th says that a contraband band been discovered by a Santos examiner on the day before amounting in value to 18,005. The contraband consisted of several small barrels of drugs enclosed in barrels of pitch. The pitch was dispatched by Messrs, Pereira Coutinho & Almeida for account of the druggist Mattos of Rio de Janeiro. The duties on the contraband drugs are rated at 605 the kilo. Of course such excessive duties will always be

FINANCIAL NOTES

PINANCIAL NOTES

— Plates for counterfeiting Brazilian 2500 notes have been discovered in Montevideo. Counterfeits of 105 and 205 of the same origin are already in circulation in Rio Grande.

— The government has extended to 30th September the period for redeeming without discount the following treasury notes: 5005 and 1005 of the 5th estampa, 2005, 1005 and 505 of the 5th estampa.

— The secretary of the state of Amazonas telegraphs that in the months of January and February the revenue receipts of that state amounted to 5,339.274595 and that there is a cash balance of 2,761,0005 in the state treasury.

is a cash balance of 2,761,000\$ in the state treasury.

— An executive decree of the 13th inst. makes a special appropriation of 2,000,000\$ for the war department. The cause alleged for this appropriation is the pressing necessity of adopting energetic measures for maintaining order and of meeting the additional expenses required by military operations in Bahia.

COMMERCIAL

20

	Rio de Janeiro, Marc	h 15th 1897.
Par valu	te of the Brazilian milreis (1\$∞∞),	
		27 d.
do	of the Brazilian milreis (1\$000) in U. S. coin at \$4.86,65 per £	
	1 stg	54 75
do	\$1.00 (U. S. coin) Brazilian gold.	1\$827 cts
do	of £ 1 stg. in Brazilian gold	8 890
Bank re	te of exchange, official, on London	
	to-day	7 15/16 d
Present	value of the Brazilian mil reis	3\$402
Present		no mold
	(paper) value of the Brazilian mil reis	294 rs. gold
Present	in U. S. coin at \$4.80 per &	
	1 stg	15.87 14 c
Value	of \$1.00 (\$4.80 per £ 1, str. in	
	Brazilian currency (paper)	6\$300
Value o	of £ 1 sterling " "	30\$236
	EXCHANGE.	

March 0.—The honks all opened at 7%, the Brasilianische Bank withdrawing its table during the day,
and the other banks only farnishing bills at the
official rate for small sums, and "over the counter."
At opening bank sterling was quoted at
regainst other and "linuidators" was continued, and
rates declined to 11/6 for bank and 7% for other
sterling. Just before the close the tone improved
and bills were offering at one money, but the British
Bank also did businessa it this rate, and the last quotations were 11/6—7% for bunk and 7% ratio
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Sales of Stocks and Shares.

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	Miscellaneous.		tion in their op
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	MARCH 9.		likely to continuous for sor
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15	do	173	at about 14\$600
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00	do	133	dealers were fi
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	Miscella neous.	
50	Alliança, mill	170
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100	Republica	133
86	do 28	63 500
250	do	6.4
	Miscella neous.	
275	Forjas e Estaleiros	7
20	Geral, insce	45
	MARCH II.	

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3.5	do 1895	929	
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13	deb. Sorocabana R.R	63	
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25	Hypothecario	26	500
400	Iniciador	9	250
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Soa	do 18th	. 9	500
50	Lavoura e Commercio, 28	50	
20	Republica, 28	64	
		6.0	

	Miscellaneous.	
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43 12 34 64 480	MARCH 12. Apolices, 5s	940 \$ 0 930 942 160 30

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1006	do do, w/proc	9 500
62	Republica	134
5	'do	135
298	do	135 50
8	Rural, 28	115
	Miscellaneous.	
100	Sorocabana, R.R., extension	17
	Botafogo, mill	205
	Confianca Industrial,	90
	Melhoramentos no Brazil	27
100 15 30 200	Miscellaneous. Sorocabana, R.R., extension Botafogo, mill Confiança Industrial, Melhoramentos no Brazil	205 90

200	Melhoramentos no Brazil	27
	MARCH 13.	
71	Apolices, 5s	940\$00
1,800	\$ do	93 /2
0	do 48	1,280
80	do 1805	930
42	deb. Sorocabana, R. R	63 180
100	Carris Urbanos, 200\$	
1	Leopoldina, R. R. 100\$	7 60
	Banco Ibero-Americano	50
5	,, Danes Incrementation	
	Banks.	
50	Commercio	209
25	do 28	18
100	Republica	136
100	do	137

50	Commercio	-09
25	do 28	St
100	Republica	136
100	do	137
260	do	137 50
200	do 25	66 50
1050	do	67
	Miscellaneous.	
50	Chopim, R.R	3
4	Leopoldina, R.R	
200	Viação Ferrea Sapucahy	6
40	S Christovão, tram	160
10	do	157
20	Confiança, insce	. 40
81	Central do Brazil	. 70
100	Commercio Nacional,	80
50	Construcções Civis, 30 /	5 9
600	Forias e Estaleiros	. 7
500	Melhoramentos no Brazil	. 28 5
500		. 28

MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 15th March, 1897.

Rio de Janeron, 15th March, 1897.

Exports.

Coffee.—The business reported during the past week was fair, about 19,000 bags changing hands, but a good deal of the coffee, appears to have been held back, and it is confidently asserted that exporters are now holding nearly 3,000 bags, though why they should delay shipments is not clearly understood. The market has been fairly steady, although the receipts continue to exercise a rather depressing influence on dealers, who are apparently decided to let

the bag," and show a good deal of cauthe bag," and show a good deal of caupersonal and a good deal of cauthe show a good deal of caupersonal and a good deal of caupersonal and purious and the show a good
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o

48,318 bags.
The vessels sailed with coffee are: bags.

Europe : Elsewhere :

Receipts for the past week were 60,352 bags, against 5,1640 bags for the preceding week and 49,700 bags for the week before. In transit the receipts were 2,850 bags.

and brokers' quotations, according to New-York types and per arroba, were the following :

		M	ar. 8			r.·13
No	6	no	minal			inal
	7	15500	0-15\$X	00		-14\$800
	8		xx-14 60	00		-14 200
	9	13 90	x>		13 600-	-13 700
C	orte in	all hand	s were	this	morning	estimate

to be 286,886 bags.

to be 286,886 bags.

The sales declared in Santos for the week were about 7,000 bags, and the market has been generally quiet. On the 5th 7500 d average was quoted at 14500 met of the 1500 method of the 1500 method at 1500 method of the 1500 method and the market was reported quiet on Saturday at this price. Receipts for the week were about 75,000 bags, shipments 65,000 bags for the United States and 4,700 bags for Europe, and the stocks on Saturday evening were estimated to be about \$55,000 bags.

Daily receipts and shipments of coffee at Rio de Janeiro

-	Steamer freight col primage 40 C	Exchange on London 0 1/10 a.		N. Y. spot. quot N. 7 9 1/2 c.	do No. 8 14 500		N V per @ 105100	Average quot. No. 7.	Stock 283,406	Total shipments bags 3.11	" COURTINGC		River Plate, etc 642	, Cape , 1,30c	" Theological in the state of		Shipments U. States 1,000	Reccipts bags 11,666			Mar.
	40 C			9366			001531		2	4,000				3,330			:	11,666			Mar. 8 Mar. 9 Mar. 10
15,080	40 C.	,		2 % 6	14 500		15.00		289,037	9,400		1.656		31330			4,460	7,431			Mar. 10
8,198	40 6.	1200		9%0	100		145600		290,778	9,215		:			s		9,165	10,950			Mar. 11
11,994	40 6.		8	9 % 6.		14 08	14\$600		288,932	1,000	- 635	403				3,156	4,000	5//9		1	Mar. 12
14,857	4000	5	8 1/16	9% 6.		14 200	145500		200,2/2	2000	1.00		100	673	:	2,147	11,595	0,140			Mar. 13
	×			•					200,000	300 300		:	:					4	661		Mar. 14
140,464							•				76,214	2,350		1.48	8,250	15.522	40,393	2000	111 002		Totals Totals since 1 July
4,312,000	The second second										2,495,609	90,02	2000	53,044	107,315	000,203		1 555 164	2.761.496		Totals since 1 Ju

Imports.

The serions deciline in exchange and moderate supplies have caused an advance in nearly all quotations. Flour is higher, and a moderate business has been doing, with the local millers now asking more money than importers. Land, codfash and pork are all dearer than last week, but native lard and pork are unchanged, atthough both are in small supply. Rice is dearer for native, while Indian is unchanged; the steamer Tyr has arrived off the port, but was ordered to quarantine, as was also a steamer bound to Statios. No pine has arrived and the markets are nominally unchanged and firm. Receipts of kerosene are moderated and dealers have advanced their quotations. The supply of Indian corn is small; during the week business was spoken of at prices very much below dealers' quotations, but later the market was rather steadier, and the other articles we quote are unchanged. Exchange touched prijed during the week, but recovered afterwards and business was done at 8. The position of this market is virtually unchanged, and forced remittances can only be obtained by forcing rates.

Flour.—Receipts since our last report have been:

Flour Receipts since our last report ha	ave been:
Dom Pedro II from Baltimore	4.930 brls.
Hevelius from New York	9,400 »

4,930 brls.

A moderate business has been doing during the week and the deliveries from warehouses are about 7,500 brls. Prices have been advanced about 50 rs. for American, 1500 for the lower grades of River Plate, and the local mils are higher by 2500—3500 per brl, the market closing firm at the following quotations, viz:

Triests.

Trieste	nominal.
Richmond 1st	43\$250-43\$500
do 2nd	nominal.
Baltimore 1st	43 250-43 500
do 2nd	42 750-43 000
Western and Interior	42 750-43 500
River Plate	
Locals Mills	35 000-44 000

Locals Mills... \$5,000-44.000

Lard.—The receipts are 1,900 kegs per D. Pedro II
and Herelius. Retailers have advanced their quotations for American to 700-760 rs. per lb. while native
is unchanged at 1\$250-1\$300 per kilogramme.

Codlish.—Receipts have been 3,713 cases Norwegian
per Paraguassis and Rio. The demand continues, and,
with stocks estimated to be about 4,000 packages, dealers are now quoting Halifax tubs at 51\$000-52\$500
Gaspe \$\$500-\$5\$00 and Norwegian cases at \$\$\$00-\$7\$000.

575000.

Pork.—The receipts are 2,000 brls., 110 half-brls. and 850 cases per D. Pedro II. and Heselius. Dealers are now quoting American at 1520—15200 and native at 1550—15500, per kilogramme; the former has advanced and the latter is unchanged.

Rice.—Receipts have been 14430 bags per sundry steamers via Europe. Indian is unchanged at 25500—5500, but dealers quote native dearer at 26500—32500 per bag.

25500, on Galactic per bag.

Pitch Pine.—There are no receipts and the market is still firm at 75500—56500 per doz.

White Pine.—Receipts nil and last quotation of 230 rs. per foot is continued, at which the market is

firm.

Swedish Pine.—Receipts nil and quotations unchanged, viz: red deals 80500 per doz. and white
74800—75800.

Spruce Pine.—Brokers continue last quotations of
65800—70500 per doz. and there have been no receipts.

Kerosene.—The Hewline brought 8,00 cases from
New York. Dealers' quotations are higher at 11500—

New YOR.

115500 per case.

Turpentine.—Last quotations were \$50—900 rs. per

It \$500 per case.

Turpentine.—Last quotations were \$50—500 rs, per kilogramme. Receipts nil.

Rosin.—Receipts nil.

Rosin.—Receipts have been 100 brls. per Dom Pedro II. Retail quotations of 20500—45500 per brl. according to quality are unchanged.

Cement.—The Hobotatus/nb brought 3,000 brls. from Antwerp. We hear of no change in last quotations, viz. British 15500—15500 per brl., Belgian and German 10500—15500 and French 14500—18500.

Indian Corn.—The only rec. '01s are 1,025 bags. per Los Alpes. Importers are said to have realized sales at about 7;500—7500 per bag during the week, but retailers still quote Kirver Plate at \$5000—\$500, with native worth about the same.

Bran.—Receipts of foreign nil, and the local mills are still selling at \$400—\$5500 per bag.

Hay.—There have been no receipts and 130—160 rs. per kilogramme, according to quality, may still be considered dealers' quotations.

Coal.—Receipts more our last report are:

**2,110 tens per Oxfordmen, from Cardif.

2,595 * Hillieger from Norfolk.

The first comes to dealers and the others to the gas company.

Rnm.—Receipts coastwise have been 439 pipes.

Rum.—Receipts coastwise have been 439 pipes.
The quotations now furnished us are the following:

Pernambuco and Maceió. 180\$000—185\$000
Aracajú and Bahia 150 000—165 000
Campos. 170 000—175 000
Angra and Paraty 190 000—195 000

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

MARCH 8. * BALTIMORE—Amer bk Dom Pedro II; 465 tons; Kiehne; 40 ds; sundries to John Moore & Co.

MAR. 10.

NORFOLK—Br ship Canada; 2137 tons; Taylor; 45 ds; coal to Gas company.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

MARCH 9.

CHANNEL, f.o.—Br bg John Roberts; 196 tous; Davies; hides. MAR. 12.

CAPE TOWN-Br lug Greyhound; 177 tons; Sterlington;

Coffee.

BARBADOS—Br ship Parthenope; 1450 tons; Elston; ballast.

MAR. 14.

PORT ELIZABETH—Br bk Lindores Abbey; 831 tons; Clark; coffee.

BARBADOS—Ger bk C. Paulien; 647 tons; Schneiders; ballast. ballast. GUADELOUPE-Fr bk Paul Albert; 557 tons; Macé; do.

DATE	NAME	FROM	CONSIGNED TO
8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Thames Brit. La Plata Fr. Strins Brit, Assiduită Ital. Les Alpes Brit. Danube Brit. Orfordness Brit. Pelotas Ger. Pandora Aust. Attivită Ital. Hohenstaufen Ger. Hevelius Big. Colombo Ital. Corrientes Fr. Kaffir Prince Brit. Kaffir Prince Brit. Ara Ral. Col. J. T. North Brit. Paraguassi Ger. Col. J. T. North Brit. Paraguassi Ger. Corsica Fr. Corsica Fr. Col. J. T. North Brit. Paraguassi Ger. Corsica Fr. Corsica	Southampton* 17 ds. do* 22 ds. Manchester* 27 ds. Manchester* 27 ds. Marseilles* 49 ds. Kiver Plate* 7 ds. h. Harborg* 28 ds. Cardiff 24 ds. Hamburg.* 32 ds. Kosario* 17 ds. Santos 19 hs. Genoa* 22 ds. Genoa* 22 ds. Gremen* 30 ds. New York* 21 ds. Genoa* 22 ds. Mrew Lore 28 ds. Genoa* 22 ds. New York* 28 ds. Genoa* 22 ds. New York* 28 ds. Genoa* 22 ds. New York* 38 ds. Genoa* 22 ds. Santos 19 hs. Genoa* 22 ds. Genoa* 2	Royal Mail. Norton, Megaw & Co. A. Fiorita & Co. Royal Mail. Royal Mail. Royal Mail. Wilson Sonos & Co. Ed. Johnston & Co. La Veloce. La Veloce. La Veloce. A. Fiorita & Co. Hermann Stolta & Co. Hermann Stolta & Co. Hermann Stolta & Co. Fratelli Cresta & Marin Chargeurs & Keunis. Qua Ob veloca & Co. Fiorita & De Vincenzi. To order. Ed. Johnston & Co. Chiermann Stolta & Co. Fiorita & De Vincenzi. Control, Megaw & Co. Fiorita & De Vincenzi. Ed. Johnston & Co. Chargeurs & Keunis.

Departures of foreign steamers.

DATE	NAME	FOR	CARGO
	8 La Plata Fr. 8 Bahia Ger. 9 Les Alpes Pr. 9 Les Alpes Pr. 9 Potosi Brit. 9 Assiduitá Ital. 9 Thames Brit. 9 La Plata Brit. 9 La Plata Brit. 10 Danube Brit, 10 Sydenham Brit, 11 Burton Brit, 12 Rosemorran Brit,	Bordeaux* Hamburg* Marseilles* Valparaiso.* Buenos Aires, River Plate do do Santos. Southampton* Ship Island. Santiago, Cuba,	Sundries. do
	12 Accession Fig. 12 Attivitá Ital. 12 Pelotas Ger. 12 Rio Ger. 13 Minas Ital. 13 Lord Kelvin Brit. 13 Lord Kelvin Brit. 14 Galileo Big. 14 Mexican Prince Brit.	Hampton Roads, Genoa.* Rio Grande* Santos, Genoa.* Mobile Santa Lucia Buenos Aires, New York.* do*	Sundries. do do Sundries. Ballast. do do Coffee.

Vessels Afloat & Chartered for Rio

Amy	Baltimore	
Avenuire C	Marseilles	
Antigua	at Bermuda	
Arcelina	Oporto	
Abeona	Hamburg	_
Adelina	Oporto	
Assyria	Lisbon	30 Jan.
A frica	Glasgow	4 Feb.
Arab	Marseilles	4
Ballimore	Baltimore	
Baron Elibank (str)	at Falmouth	
Carl Hindric	Cardiff	15 Feb.
Cedric, the Saxon	Bangkok	15 1 60.
Closeburn	Rangoon	2 Feb
Corg	Bermuda	18 Jan.
Crown Prince	Cadiz	9 Feb.
Century	Iersey	9
Cypher	Swansea	ı Feb.
C. R. C	Iersey	
Charles	Cardiff	
Daisy	Swansea	to Feb.
Eagle Wing	New York	10 Feb.
E. J. Spicer	Greenock	10 1.00.
Faerder	Cardiff	15 Feb.
Figaro	Brunswick	15 Feb.
Frances	Baltimore	29 Jan.
Forest King	Cardiff	29 Jan.

Circulation

Gripen	Newcastle Pensacola	14 Jan. 7 Jan.
Hawkhurst (str)	Cardiff	
Inverlyon	Glasgow	14 Feb.
Innerwick	New York	17 Jan.
Iulius Palm	Rangoon	19 Jan.
Kelvin	Pensacola	_
Loch Broom	Leith	
Marjory Glen	Bangkok	
Monrovia	Pensacola	
Marabout	Pensacola	9 Jan.
Maria Emilia	Oporto	, ,
Macedon	Norfolk	13 Feb.
New City.	Pensacola	to Feb.
	Pensacola	10 1 00.
Nagporé Newton	New York	o Feb.
	Liverpool	y reb.
Norge	Brunswick	
Olivia		16 Feb.
Pallas	Hamburg	10 Pen.
Priscilla	Baltimore	
Ragnar	Pensacola	
Robin	Jersey	_
Ruth Waldron	London	- 1
Seier	Hamburg	-
Sierra Blanca	Saigon	_
Strathmuir	New York	-
Singapore	Sunderland	30 Jan.
Thomas Hilvard	Mobile	22 Jan.
Tyr (str)	Rangoon	27 Jan.
	Oporto	30 Jan.
	Cardiff	_
	Rangoon	13 Feb.
		3 Feb.
	Mobile Rangoon Oporto Cardifi	22] 27] 30 J

Foreign sailing vessels in the port of Rio de Janeiro, March 14th, 1897.

NAME	TONS	ARRIV	ED	FROM	CONSIGNEES
American					
lug M. B. Tower lug Grace Andrews bk D. Pedro II	537 509 465	Jan. Mar.	7 58	New York	V. W. Guimarães & Co To order. John Moore & Co.
British					
bk Cambrian Queen bk Conductor bk Weiwera lug Athena sp Canada	785 663	Jan. Feb. Mar.	30 6 21	Marseilles	Ferraz Sobrinho & Co To order. Ferraz Sobrinho & Co
French					
bk Verveine	469	Feb.	28	Marseilles	Karl Valais & Co.
German					and the state of t
lug Herm. Becker	363	Oct.	27	Paranaguá	To order.
bk Pr. Arthur bg Netto bk Inger	107	Nov. Dez. Mar.	31	Bahia	B. Rodrigues & Co. To order. C. Hecksher & Co.
Portuguese			ľ		
sp Oceano	750	Dec. Feb.	3 24 16	Oporto 11ha de Maio' Oporto	Macedo Jr. & Co. J. A. G. Santos. Veiga Pinto & Co.
Russian					
bk Australia bk H. Blanchard		Feb. Mar.	24	Pensacola London	Karl Valais & Co. To order.

Last Quotations of Stocks and Bonds --- Mar, 15th

Circulation	Public Funds			
262,126,000\$ 105,000,000 124,65,000 12,254,000 24,679,000 18,350,000 17,500,000 1,000,000 4,000,000 24,688,600	Stock 5 % currency (apolice). Bonds of 1895 St. (101) converted. Stock 401 Converted.			9395000— 9425000 935 000— 1943 000 1,250 000— 2,455 000 1,550 000— 910 000 160 000— 164 000
Capital	Banks	Par	Last div.	
20,000,000\$	Commercial	200\$	8\$000— Jan. 97	2025000-
20,000,000	Commercio	200	8 000- Jan. 97	207 000— 209 \$ 000
	do 2nd series	80	3 200- Jan. 97	80 000-
24,000,000	Constructor	200		- 9 750
16,000,000	Credito Movel	200	2 000- Jan. 96	25 000
20,000,000	do 2nd series	200	6 000- Jan. 97	100 000-
10,000,000	Nacional Brazileiro	100	3 000- Jan. 97	49 000 51 000
155,389,400	Republica do Brazil	200	9 000— Jan. 97	170 000 176 000
155,509,400	do 2nd series	100	6 000- Jan. 97	137 000 139 000
20,000,000	Rural e Hypothecario	200	3 000— Jan. 97 9 000— Jan. 97	67 000— 67 500
	do 2nd series	100	4 500— Jan. 97	232 000— 115 000—
Capital	Railways	Par		
40,000,000\$ 16,000,000 62,000,000	Bahia & Minas Muzambinho. Oeste de Minas	40\$ 100	=',	
02,000,000	do 2nd series	200		
24,000,000	S. Paulo-Rio Grande	75 200		
70,000,000	União Sorocabana-Itanna	200		·
	do 211d series,	60		80\$000— 88\$000 16 000— 19 000
Capital	Tramways	Par	Last div.	
14,000,000\$ 12,000.000	Jardim Botanico. S. Christovão.	200\$ 200	— Jan. 97 7\$∞ — Jan. 97	— 122\$000 157\$000— 160 000
Capital	Mills	Par	Last div.	
In non non\$	Allianca	and.		
	Brazil Industrial		- Aug. 96	
3,000,600	Carioca.			100 000-
6,000,000	Confiança Industrial	200	10 000- Aug 06	
500,000	D. Izabel	200	30 000— Iau. 67	90 000
1,200,000	Industrial Mineira	200	10 000- Feb. 06	
	Manufactora Fluminense	200	8 000- Mar. 96	- 100\$000
	Pedropoutana	200	8 000- Mar, 96	
	S. Peuro de Alcantara			
300,000	Sama Luzid	200	10 000- Jan. 97	
14,000,000\$ 12,000,000 Capital 10,000,000\$ 6,000,000 6,000,000 6,000,000	Jardim Botanico. S. Christovão. Mills Allianga. Brazil Industrial. Carioca. Confánça industrial.	200\$ 200 Pur 200\$ 200 200 200 200 200 200	— Jan. 97 7500 — Jan. 97 7500 — Jan. 97 Last div. — Aug. 96 6500— Aug. 96 10 000— Jan. 96 10 000— Aug. 96 10 000— Feb. 96 8 000— Mar. 96 8 000— Mar. 96	

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Only Establishment in Brazil for cutting precious stones.

Speciality in BRAZILIAN stones, like Tourmalines, Emeralds, Topaz, Amethysts, Chrysolites, Fancy stones, Agates from Rio Grande do Sul, Cameos and

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Beer in barrels (shopps) and bottled.

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White Rose, Orchidia, English Roses, Chypre, Gardenia, etc.

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Is served every 15 minutes by the electric tram-cars line from the town (leaving the Largo de Carioca) close to the doors of this hotel, and Silvestre. This establishment, the first in Brazil, for its elegance, comfort and situation amidst forests and enjoying the most magnificent senercy views of the mountains, town, the harbor and high seas, is most suitable for families and gentlemen of distinction.

Excellent restaurant, always ready.

Finest wines and liqueurs. Numerous shower and warm baths. Purest air, temperature bracing and invigorating. No health resort in the world is better.

For further information apply to FERDINAND MENTGES,

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HOTEL RIO DE JANEIRO GEORGE'S

Lunch Room and Restaurant.

Recently renovated and improved throughout. The most conveniently located restaurant in the city, being situated in the heart of the banking district and within a minute's walk of the Praça and Postoffice. Special pains taken to provide a first-class table and prompt service.

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Grande Hotel dos Estrangeiros PRAÇA FERREIRA VIANNA

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This hotel, which has been completely restored, is situated in the lest part of the city, receising air and light from all four sides, close to the cleanest brach of the city, surrounded by a large garden; has large, confetable rooms newly and well urnished, good shower and warm haths, disinfectants in the water-classet, drinking water filtered by the Pasteur system, good table-service, and is, therefore, to be considered the first hotel of this capital.

Possesses also a sumptuous saloon and splendid table-service for homotomy.

Its restaurant and service cannot to be excelled

Grande Hotel Metropole

181. RUA DAS LARANGEIRAS, 181

This popular Hotel has been completely and throughly restored and has been provided with sanitary improvement, of every description, including a hygienic system of sewerage dushing tanks and ventillating pipes.

The apartments have been repointed and repapered throughout and are luxuiously furnished. The dining-room has also been refloored, and no expense has been spared to make this

The most comfortable Hotel

n the city. The baths have likewise been improved.

As before, particular pains will be taken to provide the guests of this Hotel with a fist-class table, and with the best of service and attention. The electric tram passes the don every few minutes, misting it the most consensest as well as he pleasantest Hotel in Ris de Jaardio.

Gafé and Hotel Amazonas,

FORMERLY "BRAGANÇA,"

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Rua Sete de Setembro.

This establishment disposes of a first class service, well ventilated rooms, and all possible accommodations, Iced drinks and chopps.

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These wonderful pills, so useful and beneficial in all affections of the stomach and intestines, are obtainable in all places where a post-office exists; the manufacturer will forward by registered mail and to any given address, if accompanied by money: 1 box for 2\$800, 16 dozen boxes for 12\$600 and One dozen boxes for 20\$000.

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The Best Scotch Whiskey

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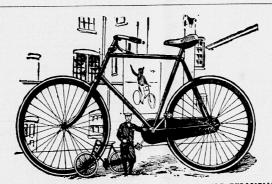


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