NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERÝ TUESDAY

Vol. XXI.

RIO DE JANEIRO, APRIL 23RD, 1895.

NUMBER 17

**ILSON, SONS & CO.

(LIMITED) 2, RUA DE S. PEDRO RIO DE JANEIRO.

AGENTE OF THE
Pacific Steam Navigation Company
Shaw, Savill & Albion Co., Ld.
The New Zealand Shipping Co., Ld.

Repairs to Ships and Machinery Maving large workshops and effecient plant we are in position to undertake repairs of all descriptions to ships and

Wilcon, Sons & Co. (Limited) have, (Cape Verde), Montevideo, La Pissail Forts; and, smong subort, supp. 4 th Mo. 10: O Brasilian Government; for Drisanic Majesty's Government; The Transaliantic Stemphay Comparate the Monte State of the Monte

Goal.—Large stocks of the best Cardin a kept in Rio depht on Conceipio Island. Tug Boats always ready for service. Ballant Supplied to ships.

Bata blightments: Wilson, Sons & Co. (Limited), London, Cardiff, St. Vincent, (Cape Verde), Rio, Bahia, Pernambuco, Sautos, S. Paulo, Montevideo, Buenos Ayres and La Plata.

Official Directorn

U.S.LEGATION.—Petropolis. THOMAS L. THOMPSON

BRITISH LEGATION.—Travessa D. Manoel, No. 8, and Petropolis, EDMUND C. H. PHIPPS, Minister.

AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL.—N° 8,6 Rus Theophilo Ottoni. Wm. T. TOWNES, Consul General.

BRITISH CONSULATE GENERAL.—N° 8, Travessa D. Manoel. CHARLES F. ANCELL, Actg. Consul General.

Church Directory

CHRIST CHURCH.—Rua do Evaristo da Veiga. Morning service every Sinday at 11 a.m. Evening service in the service of the service

DA OGS A. Sunday Evenings b. p. m. rec. João Tavares.

PRESBYTERÍAN CHURCH—N: 15 Travessa da Barreira Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 a.m., and 7p. m., Sundays; and at 7 p. m., Thurdays, A. TRAJANO, Paetor.

p. m., Sundays, and at 7 p. m. Thursdays.

A. TRAJANO, Pastor.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rua Barão de Capanema No. 13,

Services in Potruguese every Sunday at 11 a.m. and

7, p.m.; and devery Wednesday at 7, p.m.;

W. B. BAGLEY, Pastor.

Residence: Ladeira do Senado No. 35.

10REJA EVANGELICA FLUMINENSE.—Rua Larga
de S. Joaquim, No. 139—Divine service in Potruguese
on Sundays: Player meeting at 10 a. m.; Worship at 11

a. m. Biblical class to study the Holy Scriptures, at 55,

afternoon. Goopel preaching, at 7 p. m. on Wednesdays,

Biblical study, and preaching, at 7 p. m.

JOÃO M. G. DOS SANTOS, Postor.

Medical Directory

Dr. Cleary, Physician and Surgeon; Office 66, Rus Theu-philo Ottoni, Hours, from 12 to 3 Residence, Rus da Real Grandeta No. 33, Botofogo, Telephone 1550. Dr. W. Havelburg, Physician, Shureeon and Accoucheur; Office and residence: Kus a 'de Maryo No. 50, from 2 to 4 p.m. Telephone 106.

office and resoluter. Kna P us narpo No. 50, ron a x 4 p. m. Telephone tool.

Dr. Ed. Chapto Prevoat, professor of Histology, especially of Gyuecology, and Surgery in the Faculty of Medicine; Office: 23, Rua da Quitanda; Hours from 2-4 p. m. Residence No. 3, Rua Alice, Larangeiras.

Dr. C. R. v. Schoeler; chronic diseases; emposition of the physiatric unethod and massage. Rua da Ulunguayana 47 – 51, 1st floor. Consultations from 12 to 3 p. m.

Miscellaneous.

RIO HABOUR MISSION.—Sailors Home and Institute.—No. 1, Travessa do Moreira, Run do Livramento, Saude. — Bethel services: In English on Sundays at 3 p.m. and 7 p.m.; on Mondays at 7 p.m. for and 2 asy Concert on Wednesdays at 7 p.m. Reading room open delily from 10 am. No 19 p.m. GROW. — No. 96 Rune Assemble.—H to 19 p.m. GROW. — No. 96 Rune Assemble.—H on 19 p.m. GROW. — No. 96 Rune Assemble.—H of 19 p.m. GROW. — No. 96 Rune Assemble.—H of 19 p.m. Freech. German, Italian, Spanish and other languages. Also Evaugelical books, tracts, hymns, in Portuguese.

JOAO M. G. DOS SANTOS, Agent.

BRITISH SUBSCHPTION LIBRARY AND READING KOM.—113 Run da Assembléa.—Open from moon to 6. p. m. For terms, apply to Libratian.

RIO SEAMEN'S MISSION.—Rest and Reading Room.—35, run da Saude. 1st floor; Henny Brandskrift, Missione. Gitts of books, magazines, papers, etc., also of left-off-chilm, will be gratefully received at the Mission or at No. 25, run Theophilo Ottoni.

QUAYLE, DAVIDSON & Co.

119, Rua da Quitanda

Representatives of

CALKA NO CORREIO 16

FLINT & Co., New York

AGENTS FOR

BROOKS LOCOMOTIVE WORKS:

NATHAN MFG. Co.-Monitor Injectors, lubricators, etc.; HALE & KILBURN MFG. Co.-Car Seats;

And various builders of railway cars: passenger and freight; also manufacturers of railway supplies, machinery and all articles of American manufacture.

Have on ECONOMY only a word this week and that is IY! in all that the word implies, can be practiced here.

Don't be a sceptic, but look at our collars 1\$ and our neckwear at prices that

CANNOT BE EQUALLED

S. Stanley Jacobs.

Grand Hotel International

SANTA THERESA HILL

Rua do Aqueducto No. 108,

and served every 15 minutes by the tram-cars line from the town (plano inclinado, rua do Rinchuelo) to this hotel, and Silvestre.

This establishment, the first in Brazil, for its elegance, comfort and situation amidst forests and enjoying the most magnificent scenery views of the mountains, town, the harbor and high seas, is the most suitable for families and gentlemen of distinction.

Excellent restaurant, always ready.

Finest wines and liqueurs. Numerous shower and warm baths. Purest air, temperature bracing and invigorating. No health resort in the world is better. For further information apply to F. MENTGES,

George's Restaurant. 8. Rua do General Camara.

New, centrally-located, clean and well-equipped in ex-

espect. The proprietor — formerly manager of

Whyte's Hotel (Tijuca),

Hotel Cintra and the

Restaurant Silva

gives his personal attention to the catering.

The service and kitchen are of the best. GEORGE SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

HOTEL DE CINTRA

Parlors and Rooms for Families

RESTAURANT

of the highest order with moderate prices. Manoel Pereira Ribeiro 23. Rus do Ouvidor, 1st and 2nd floors. Rio de Jan:iro.

HE WESTINGHOUSE BRAKE COMPANY,

PITTSBURG, PA., U. S. A. MANUFACTURERS OF THE

Westinghouse Automatic Brake

The Westinghouse Automatic Brake is now in use on e6,000 locomotives and 390,000 cars.

The Westinghouse Air Brake Co. are prepared to fill orders for one to one thousand sets of Air Brakes for Freight Cars, at one hour's notice.

For further particulars apply to their Sole representatives in Brazil:

Norton Megaw & Co. L'd. 58, Primeiro de Março. Rio de Janeiro.

NECTANDRA AMARA see page 7.

WILSON & CO.

21 Rua Conselheiro Saraiva, Rio de Janeiro.

Importers, Exporters and General Commission Merchants

AGENTS OF THE Northern (Fire) Assurance Company, London.

Telephone No. 193. P. O. Box. No. 167 AUX TUILERIES

QUITANDA N.º 62.

Lyons, Silk and Wool Fabrics.

Great Reductions in Prices.

Splendid Colors.

Splendid Styles.

Finest Qualities.

Quirino Irmãos & C."

AMERICAN

Bank Note Company,

78 to 86 TRINITY PLACE,

NEW YORK.
Business Founded 1795.
led under Laws of the State of Sew York, 1850.
Reorganized 1879.

ENGRAVERS AND PRINTERS OF BONDS, POSTAGE & REVENUE STAMPS, LECAL TENDER AND NATIONAL BANK NOTES of the UNITED STATES; and for Foreign Covernments

NOTES of the UNITED STATES; and for Foreign Governments.

BNORAVING AND PRINTING,

BANK NOTES, GHARE ORBITPICIATES, HONDE FOR GOVERNERTES AND COMPOSATIONS, BRAFTS, CHROCKS, BILLS OF EXCHANGE, STAMPS, &c., in the funct and most artistic style PRAFTS, CHROCKS, BILLS OF EXCHANGES, CONTRIBUTIONS, SPORT PROFILE STREET, CONTRIBUTION SPORT PROFILE STATES OF STA

UTHOGRAPHIC AND THE PRINTING.

BALLWAY TICK ETE OF IEPROVED STILEA.

AMES BACOMOUGH, Precident.

AUG. D. SHEPARD.

TOURO ROBERTSON,

THEO. M. FRELAND. Se's and Trees.

JNO. E. CURRIER, Age't Sec'y.

J. K. MYERS, Aus't Trees.

BALDWIN LOCOMOTIVE WORKS,

PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

BURNHAM, WILLIAMS & CO.,

Proprietors.

These locomotive engines are adapted to every variety service, and are built accurately to standard gauges and templates. Like parts of different engines of same class perfectly interchangeable.

interchangeable.

Passenger and Freight Locomotives, Mine Locomo-tives, Narrow Gauge Locomotives, Steam Street Cars

elc., etc.
AN work thoroughly guaranteed.

Illustrated catalogue furnished on application of customers Sole Agents in Brazil:

Norton, Megaw & Co. L'd. No. 58, Rua 10 de Março.

Rio de Janeiro

THE ALLISON MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Philadelphia, Penn.

MANUFACTURERS OF Every description of Freight Cars for broad and narrow guage Railways.

Sole Agents in Brazil:

Norton, Megaw & Co., L'd.

THE HARLAN AND HOLLINGSWORTH COMPANY.

Wilmington, Del.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Every description of Passenger Cars for broad and narrow guage Railways.

Special attention given to the Sectional Construction of Carriages for shipment to Foreign Railways.

Sole Agents in Brazil:

Norton, Megaw & Co., L'd.

All chronic diseases are cured by the physiatric method.

All kinds of fevers and diseases of children are treated according to the latest and surest methods, massage and treatment by electricity a speciality.

49 & 51, Rua da Uruguayana, 49 & 51

Consulting hours from 12 to 3 p. Dr. Carlos Rudolfo von Schoeler

Insurance.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Assets \$185,044,310.—Surplus \$37,479,802. Branch Office in Brazil: Rua Primeiro de Março, No. 41, Rio de Janeiro,

LOCAL DIRECTORY: Barão de Sampaio Vianna, Chairman.
Dr. J. M. Leitão da Cunha, Counsel.
Dr. Rodrigues Lima,
Dr. Azevedo Sodré,
Carlos Pereira Leal, Managing-Secretary,
William P. Massie, Accountant.

Correspondence to be addressed to the Managing-Secretary.

PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE.

Established 1782

Authorized by Imperial Decree No. 8,057 of March 24th, 1881.

Insures against risk of fire, houses, goods and merchandise and offers the best of guarantees with the most favorable conditions.

G. C. Anderson, Agent.

3, Rua Primeiro de Março - 1st floor.

OMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIM'D.

Fire and Marine.

Capital £2,500,000

Agents for the Republic of Brazil: Walter Christiansen & Co.

No. 115, Rua da Quitanda

HE MARINE INSURANCE COM-PANY LIMITED.

Agent in Rio de Janeiro

G. C. Anderson.

Rua 1º de Março, No. 73.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

LONDON AND LIVERPOOL

Accumulated Funds £6,000,000

Insures against the risk of fire, houses, goods and merchan dise of every kind at reduced rates. John Moore & Co, agents.

No. 8, Rua da Candelaria

ONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE

INSURANCE Co.

Agents in Rio de Janeiro

Watson Ritchie & Co.

No. 25, Rua de Theophilo Ottoni.

N ORTHERN (FIRE) ASSURANCE COMPANY

Established 1836

Accumulated funds.....£4,057,000

Agents in Rio de Janeiro Wilson & Co.

Nº. 21 Rua do Conselheiro Saraiva.

BRITISH & FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIM'D

Capital...... £1,000,000 sterling
Reserve fund..., 1,328,751 ,.
Uncalled capital. ,, 2,400,751 ,,

Agent : P E. Swanwick,

4. Travessa do Conselheiro Saraiva

GUARDIAN FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LIM'D.

Agents in Rio de Janeiro Smith Youle & Co. No. 38 Rua 1º de Março.

Banks.

HE LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK, LIMITED.

LONDON: Princes Street, E. C. PARIS: 16, Rue Halevy Rio de Janeiro :

No. 1 A, Rua da Candelaria.

Authorized by Decree No. 591, of 17th October, 1891.

Subscribed capital. £ 1,500,000 Realized do ,, 900,000 Reserve fund ,, 900,000

BRANCHES:

Paris, 16, rue Halévy, Pernambuco, Pará, Buenos Aires, Montevideo, Rosario and Paysandu.

DRAWS ON :-London and County Banking Co., L'd.—LONDON.
Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas.—PARIS.
Banco de Portugal and agencies.—PORTUGAL.
And on all the chief cities of Europe.

Brown Brothers & Co.—NEW YORK.
First National Bank of Chicago.—CHICAGO.

ONDON AND BRAZILIAN BANK, LIMITED.

Capital	,,	7,500,000 750,000 500,000
HEAD OFFICE: LON	DC	N.

BRANCH OFFICE IN RIO DE JANEIRO 10, Rua da Alfandega

Draws on Head Office and the following Branches and Agencies:

LISBON, OPORTO, PARÁ,

PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, SANTOS, SÃO PAULO. RIO GRANDE DO SUL. PELOTAS.

PORTO ALEGRE, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AVRES AND NEW YORK.
Also on:

Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.,

Messrs. Mallet Fréres & Co.,

PARIS. Messrs. Schroder & Co., J. H. Schroder & Co., nachf. Hamburg,

Messrs. Joh. Berenoerg, Gossler & Co. HAMBURG,

Messrs. Granet Brown & Co.

LONDON,

THE BRITISH BANK OF SOUTH AMERICA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: 2 A, MOORGATE ST. London E. C.

..... £ 1,000,000
 Capital
 £ 1,000,000

 Idem paid up
 ,, 500,000

 Reserve fund
 ,, 850,000

Office in Rio de Janeiro:

31 A, Rua 1º de Março

Branches at :

S. PAULO, SANTOS, PARA', MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES AND ROSARIO

Agencies at Pernambuco, Ceará, Maranhão and Rio Grande do Sul.

Draws on its Head Office in London : Draws on its Freau Conce in Landson
The London Joint Stock Bank, Limited,
LONDON

Messrs. Heine & Co.

Messrs. J. Berenberg Gossler & Co. Hamburg.

and correspondents in Germany. Sig. Giulto Belinzaghi
and correspondents in ITALY.

The Bank of New York, N. B. A. New York.

BRASILIANISCHE BANK FÜR DEUTSCHLAND.

Established in Hamburg on 16th December 1887 by the "Direction der Directio Gesellichafi" in Berlin and the "Norddeutsche Bank in Hamburg," Hamburg.

Capital. . 10,000,000 Marks.

BRANCH-OFFICE IN RIO DE JANEIRO.

(Caixa 108.) Branch-offices in São Paulo and Santo

(Caixa 520.) (Caixa 185. Direction der Disconto Gesellschaft, Berlin. Norddeutsche Bank in dand corresHamburg, Hamburg, pondents. M. A. von Rothschild Sönne, Frankfurt a M.; N. M. Rothschild & Sons, London. Manchester and Liverpool District Company, Limited London (London London Company, Limited London (London London Corp. 1997). Prandr's Sons & Co., London. Criffit I zoonsis Paris and Paraches.

Crédit Lyonnais, Paris and branch Comptoir National d'Escompte Paris, Paris. Heine & Co., Paris. Lazard Frères & Co., Paris. Andre Neuflize & Co., Paris. Crédit Lyonnais, Madrid, Barcel, and correspondents. Banque d'Anvers, Antwerp.

H. Albert de Bary & Co., Antwerp.

Banca Commerciale Italiana, Milano
Genoa, and correspondents.

Geno, and correspondents.

Portugal. [Bance Lists & Açores and correspondents.]

Game Lists & Açores and correspondents.

Gameits. Control of the Control of

Argentine...... Ernesto Tornquist & Co., B. Ayres Banco Alleman Transatlantico, do.

Boettger, -Krah,

SUPERIOR HUNGARIAN WINES

ommended brands:

Villányi,

Hungarian Claret, Château Palugyay.

TOKAY WINE

is the best reconstituent for convelescents from fever and climatic diseases; recommended by most of the medical authorities, especially for females and children.

Rombauer & Co.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY.

Rua Sete de Setembro n. 71.

RIO DE JANEIRO. For sale, Bibles and New Testaments, in English and other

anguages.
In Portuguese, Figueiredo's Bible and Testaments, also e Protestant Bible by Almeida, revised and corrected.

Agent, JOÃO M. G. DOS SANTOS.

ASK FOR **NECTANDRA AMARA** Lambary and Cambuquira Mineral

Waters. These natural mineral waters are well known in all parts of Brasil and have produced admirable results in treatment of gastrice intes-tinal and genital urinary diseases.

They are also the best table waters.

Sole Agents.

M. BUARQUE DE MACEDO & Co.

25, RUA GENERAL CAMARA, P. O. B. 1175.

Telephone. 161.

To be let.

Furnished house of a storeys, situated on Sta. Theresa, Cattete side, for 6 months from 1 June. - Rent moderate.

Apply by letter to Alex: P. O. Box, No. 167.

Commercial Employment.

A man of many years' Experience in English houses is purt, and thoroughly conversant with Import protect Coffee shipping, Consignments and Ager shipping—is open to an engagement. Good peur ip and accustomed to Books and Correspondence.

FRIEDR. PORDO

FORWARDER

Goods forwarded and in-

sured to and from all parts or

the world.

30, Rua da Candelaria, 30

American, Foreign 🄉 Kuropean Express

DAVIES, TURNER & CO.

London, Liverpool and New-York Established in 1870. AGENT

CARLOS BRELAZ

N. 1, EXCHANGE BUILDING

Rio de Janeiro.

Dr. Stevenson Macadam, Edinburgh, the leading Chemical specialist in Scotland, says: - "Robertson, Sanderson & Co's celebrated

"MOUNTAIN DEW"

is of full strength, thoroughly well matured, and exceptionally free from fusel oil or other hurtful ingredient. A very pure and most excellent spirit."

English house manufacturing Gas and Electric Hutings, Bedsteads, Brass foundry, Sanitary Fittings, Oil Lamps, etc., desires representative for Brazil; address stating all particulars to "Brass" care of Messrs. Smith & Son, Union Street, Birmingham, England.

THE RIO NEWS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

A. J. LAMOUREUX, Editor and Proprietor.

Contains a summary of news and a review of Brazilian aflairs, a list of the arrivals and departures of foreign vessels, the commercial report and price current of the market, tables of stock quotations and sales, a summary of the daily coftee reports and all other information necessary to a correct judgment on Brazilian trade.

(Cash invariably in advance)

cription : 25\$000 per annum for Brazil.

\$10.00 or £2 abroad (30\$ when paid here). \$10.00 or \$4 abroad [3,5% when paul here].

SINGLE COPIES: BOO rein; for sale at the effice
of publication, or at the English Book Store, No. 67 Rua do
Ouvidor, and at the Victoria Store in \$50 Paulo.
All subscriptions should run with the calendar year, or
terminate on June 30th and December 31st.

Subscriptions and advertisements will be received by

ate on June 2001 a.m.

Scriptions and nodvertisements will be received by George H. Phelps, Eq.

134 Nassau St., Nrw York; Messrs. Street & Co.,

30 Corshill, London;

Frost & Co.,

33 New Bridge St.,

and at the Victoria Store.

SXo PAULO.

EDITORIAL AND PUBLICATION OFFICES:79, Rua Sete de Setembro.
POSTOFFICE ADDRESS:-Caixa 360.

RIO DE JANEIRO, APRIL 23rd, 1895.

THE sanitary situation in Santos has

The sanitary situation in Santos has again become a cause for serious alarm and earnest protest. The terrible lessons of the last three or four years seem to have been quite wasted upon the authorities who are responsible for the condition of that city, for they have allowed practices and abuses which could not fail to bring upon them fatal consequences. One of these abuses, as we are informed, is the connection of the sewer drains with the surface water drains constructed by the new port works company, and the result is that the sewage from a considerable part of the city is emptied into the river at a place where the ships are unloading and under the eyes of those who are landing or embarking as passengers. Common decency should have taught the Santos authorities better than this, even though they could not be made to see the perilous consequences which might result to the public health. But common decency, we fear, is one of the lost sentiments here in South America. There is an abundance of fine talk and well-made clothes. but when we come down. There is an abundance of fine talk and well-made clothes, but when we come down to the homely subjects of cleanliness and good sanitation, no one seems to have any clear idea what it means. In Santos they clear idea what it means. In Santos they are spending enormous sums on improving the river front of the city, and much good work has been done. And then, with that fatal blindness which characterizes the sanitary authorities all along this coast, they allow the sewers to be discharged into the new surface-water drains and they directly into the river where the ship case.

As for the sanitary condition of our own city, the recent increase in yellow fever indicates that it is still far from good. The rains which fell during the months of January and February kept the temperature down and the streets comparatively clean. There were, consequently, very few cases of yellow fever reported, and we were led to believe that we should escape altogether. As soon as the rains ceased, however, and the late summer heat began to be felt, the fever cases began to steadily increase. In March there were 86 deaths from this disease, and the total will be much higher this month. In view of this unfavorable state of affairs, what are the sanitary au-As for the sanitary condition of our own

into the new surface-water drains and then directly into the river where the ships are collected. The result is that Santos is again suffering from an epidemic of yellow fever. Nothing else could have been expected. And the pity of it is that the crews of foreign vessels moored alongside the new quars are compelled to bear the

the new quays are compelled to bear the burden of suffering on account of this criminal blunder. It may not be untimely, perhaps, to ask whether the Brazilian sani-tary authorities will ever learn the rudi-ments even of sanitary science!

thorities doing? Practically nothing! They are running a few ambulances and disinfectant carts, and when a case is reported, if it is a poor man, they run him off to the hospital and disinfect his room. Beyond that they are doing nothing! As for inquiring for the causes of these fever outbreaks, and studying the best means of preventing them, it really never occurs to them! There is one cause, however, which ought not to be ignored any longer. We have spoken of it again and again, but the doctors do not like the suggestions of laymen and they refuse to consider it. The facts remain, however, and to these we indoctors do not like the suggestions of laymen and they refuse to consider it. The facts remain, however, and to these we invite attention. During the years we have resided in this city, we have noticed, in common with many others, that the fever epidemics in this port always begin among the vessels anchored in the Gambôa. This district of the city, also, generally suffers first and most, though perhaps some of the larger thickly-settled districts show the greater mortality. Now, what is the reason for this? Have the sanitary authorities ever investigated the question? It is no secret; everyone must know. Let them visit the water front of that part of the city at low tide, and let them note the foul-smelling mud banks, the rotting piers and old buildings, the crowded, dirty streets, and the many offensive things which contribute to disease—and then let them give an honest opinion. Until the Gambôa district has an entirely new water front, extending into deep water, and until the streets there are improved and new outlets are made for its congested traffic, the city of Rio de Janeiro will never be free from fever. The authorities may drench every house in the city with disinfectants, but still the slimy water front of the Gambôa will continue to breed contagion and create still the slimy water front of the Gambon will continue to breed contagion and create

From The Buenos Aires Herald. FEEDING THE WORLD.

From The Busines Aires Herald.

The Argentine republic produced in 1894 more than two million tons of wheat. In 1878 it imported ten million dollars' worth of wheat and when the Herald pointed out that it must become a great wheat producing country a correspondence assued from some of our oldest and when the Herald pointed out that it must become a great wheat producing country as correspondence assued from some of our oldest and wost enterprising farmers undertaking to correct the error into which it was thought the Herald had fallen in its youthful enthusiasm. These two statements will show at what pace the country is being developed. A single rail-way that 15 years ago, did not carry a ton of wheat now transports 427,000 tons a year and others in proportion, and yet no one who knows anything of the country will deny that but a small faction of land has been sown even in the wheat-belt; so that if all should be sown which is adapted especially to wheat the 1,000,000 tons would be 20,000,000; indeed, it will not be long before we shall reach 10.000,000 per annum. We are speaking now of the north western wheat belt, but we must not forget the far south where nothing has yet been done in the way of corn-growing but which is as fertile country as that which has been planted. Chubut has sown enough to demonstrate the superiority of these Southern lands for wheat growing. This wast area of fertile land when planted and well callivated will produce amazing crops. Where the most wheat is grown the cultivation is the most superficial possible, but as time goes on this will all be changed and the land instead of being scratched will be ploughed and cultivated. All we have said of wheat would apply to barley, oats, rye and marce, and we may with confidence look forward to the time, and that not a distant one, when Argentina will export more cereals to Europe than are now sent from the United States, so that the latter may well regard Argentina as its most formidable competitor in feeding the millions of Europe. There ar

From N. V. Journal of Commerce, March 7.

JAVA COFFEE

The maintenance of an extreme price on the East India product in face of the drifting away of consump-ion toward other coffees is well understood to be due to the great falling off in production upon the island of Java, and in regard to the chances for recuperation of coffee culture, information of an interesting character has recently been received. It comes in the form of a translation of a better from a gentleman connected with the Padang, Trading Society, whose facilities for observation and general knowledge of affairs are excellent, and was written at the close of last year, when the proposition to do away with go-vernment coffee culture and impose a poll tax for revenue was first suggested. After denying that the proposed action was so far-reaching as publicly reported, the writer proceeds as follows:

"The idea of the government at present is really only to abolish the forced cultivation, or to make the cultivation perfectly free in those districts where, for years past, it has been as good as

unproductive; and to introduce in those parts a tax in money, so that the relative population there should contribute something to the general expenses of government. Wether, however, such a tax can be levied in the districts in question is a problem which deserves serious reflection. It is quite certain that there is no intention of abolishing the government culture in the really productive districts; and there appears also to be no plan for raising the price to be paid to the native cultivators, which latter I greatly regret, as without an enhanced payment the government production of coffee on Sumatras, west const, can scarcely be brought up to beyond 50,000 to 60,000 peculs annually. The writer then proceeds to develop a scheme embodying a governmental notification of the abolition of forced production at the end of eight or ten years, with subsequent cultivation to be alsolutely free, and, commencing with 1895, to pay the native planter, instead of 15 florins per pecul, the fixed rate under existing law, 25 florins, increasting the amount 5 florins every two years up to the period fixed for the change from forced to free culture. As an equivalent to those payments, a money tax was proposed upon the entire population, and the prediction is made that the increase in mulate production to fully 150,000 peculs, the Malay being willing enough to work when he can see a fair return for his labor. It was further astated that, as a rule, the commercial community was unwilling to endorse so great an increase in payments, and that the officials also thought the prevailing rate, 15 florins, sufficient. But the prevailing rate, 15 florins, sufficient But the prevailing rate, 15 florins, sufficient. But the prevailing rate, 15 florins, sufficient But the prevailing rate, 15 florins, su

RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

During the month of March 74,000 tons of coal arrived at Buenos Aires, La Plata and Argentine river ports,

—The Santa Fc radicals state that the frauds and violence used in the Buenos Aires elections of March 31st has decided them to appeal again to a revolutionary movement.

—The March receipts of the Montevideo custom-house were \$93\$,616-75, a small decrease from the receipts of March, 1894. Compared with last year the import duties for the first quarter show a falling off of \$327,117. How much of this is due to nuwles saniary restrictions, is worth considering.

—Those who doubt the efficiency of the federal

is due to unwise santiary restrictions, is worth considering.

—Those who doubt the efficiency of the federal system of government are referred to the Tucuman telegram in another column. The liberty enjoyed by the provincial people is fully set forth in the police threat to levy fines upon every individual who has the hardihood not to vote for the official candidates at the elections to be held this month. Times, Buenos Aires, April 2.

—Another system of highway robbery is being put in practice in the carriages of the Central Argentine railway in the promene of Santa Fé. When the colonists return from Rosario with the proceeds of their sales of grain, a watch is being kept on them at the different stations en route. Should at any period of the journey any of the colonists happen to be alone in the carriage, a couple of highway robbers jump in, chloroform the victim and his pockets are immediately rifled. The victim is then left apparently askep and the thieves get out at the next station with the booty. The system is becoming too general on the line and steps should be taken to eatch the thieves. —Times, Buenos Aires.

—An Indian girl, 15 years old, bas escaued from

he taken to catch the thieves. Truncs, Buenos Aires.

—An Indian girl, 15 years old, has escaped from Jujuy 577, where she was working, and the police authorities are supposed to be on her track. Indians are generally captured by the frontier forces, the men are often placed in the army and navy and the women and children are mostly distributed among native families as servants without stipend. Their wishes are never consulted and they are consequently treated muchrin the same way as slaves are disposed of. Slavery is not permissible by Argentine laws, but Indians are treated as slaves all the same and philantropists or humanitarians should take up the matter of the disposal of Indians and the separation of Indian families in a wholesale manner. —Times, Buenos Aires.

—The following absolutely true story throws a laried light on the usual run of Argentine justice:—A native of the republic who has made a voyage or two to England was talking of the Balfour case and admiring the persistence of the Brish government in taking the persistence of the Brish government in taking the quality of English justice, the said. "See this, I was in your England some eloquent regarding the canse of justice. Waxing eloquent regarding the canse of pistice. Waxing eloquent regarding the canse of pistice. Waxing the court, and it is stranger, a gringon and it was in this England I had a case in the court, was in this England I had a case in the court, and it is a stranger, a gringon, and I gamed my case, and I did not even Amore the judge." Times, Buenos Aires.

—All doubt as to the advent of the much-spective of English dramate company this season

Times, Buenos Aires.

—All doubt as to the advent of the muchspoken-of English dramatic company this season
has been set at rest by the receipt of a telegram
from Impressrio Ciacchi who wires as follows:
"Arranged Edwardes Gaiety Company," from
which it would seem that negotiations have been
successful and that the winter evenings will be
brightened by "Little Don Juan," "A Gaiety
Grif," "In Town," and all the latest successes in
this line. Although the telegram says Edwardes
Gaiety Company, it is not probable that the leading artistes will be included in this tour, but the
company will in all likelihood be a good provincial
one, and in any case quite good enough to draw
full houses, both from English and native sources.
The dramatic season promises to be an exceptionally bright and entertaining one.—Times, Buenos
Aires.

—The Flores Island lazaretto has yielded a lean profit of forty thousand gold dollars during he month of March.

—A Buenos Aires telegram of the 22nd announces the departure of Minister Abbott and Dr. Demetrio Ribeiro on the French packet Orenopue.

—It is said that the contractors have accepted the modifications proposed by the Uruguayan government, and that the contract for the Montevideo port works will soon be signed.

—Telegram

Telegrams yesterday from Buenos Aires announce a revolution in Santiago del Estero, where the governor had been forced to resign. The national government, however, has interfered to remistate him. Probably Gov. Lagar is one of Roca's henchmen.

state him. Probably GOV. Lagar is one of roca's henchmen.

—The Central Uriguay railway, as seen by the advertisement in another column, has now made arrangements for the embarkation of live stock at Bella Visia, at a very moderate tariff, also providing pens and water for the animals when it is not possible to embark them direct from the wagons. This enterprise is worthy the attention of estancieros and exporters of live stock, and should afford a valuable stimulus to an industry that has assumed important proportions in Argentina, though hitterto, chiefly for want of embarking facilities, in its infancy here. We congratulate the railway company on its enterprise, which we hope will prove equally profitable to itself and to the country.—

Montevideo Times.

—The Pensa, in its telegraphic columns of

Amounteridate to itself and to the country.—

Monteridae Times.

—The Prensa, in its telegraphic columns of Sunday and yesterday published the letter of Señor Barros Arana, the Chilian limit-commissioner, in reply to the articles published here signed by Senator Bernardo Irigoyen sment the burning boundary question. Only in South America would such a namifest diplomatic mode he pursued, that expressions from one of the arbitrators should be published in the press. Without commenting on the rights or wrongs of the opinions of Señor Arana, it must be certainly remarked that the tone of the letter is not only dictatorial, but very unconciliatory. Naturally a perusal of its terms has roused a very hostile spirit in both political and military circles here. The only redeeming feature of the affair is the letter of Minister Quirno Costa, stating that in his position as minister and limit-commissioner for Argentina, he does not think it consistent with his duties to argue or in any way compromise his situation by replying to Señor Arana.—Times, Buenos Aires, April 2.

PROVINCIAL NOTES

-A telegram of the 17th states that Col. Val-ladão had dismissed all the municipal judges in

—In Sergipe the Valladāo party has even gone so far as to place soldiers in a church, because the priest belongs to the opposition. There must be a fine exhibit of liberty at Sergipe.

—In S. Francisco, in the state of Santa Cathar-ina, Benjamin Lopes, a prominent member of the federalist party, was severely beaten on the night of the 17th inst. by political enemies.

—On the 11th inst. there died at Lorena, S. Paulo, a man said to be 133 years old. Up to a short time before his death he was hale and hearty and even able to make long journeys on horseback.

—In Sergipe Col. Valladão has, besides increasing the police force, organized a special corps of 212 men, which he calls corpo de sigurança. The colonel seems to be preparing to defend himself and his allies,

and his allies.

—Antonio Felix de Araujo Costa, who resides in the vicinity of Valença, is said to be 95 years old and to have the following descendants: nine cilidren, \$4 grand-children, \$4 great-grand-children and 7 great-great-grand-children.

—The government of the state of Rio de Janeiro will not be represented at the Cotton States exhibition at Allanta. When it received the respective invitation, the state legislature had adjustment and consequently the necessary appropriation could not be voted.

—When the code.

be voted.

—When the order for suppressing betting on animals was issued the people at Nietheroy had just commenced getting thoroughly interested in it. Large crowds had begun to assemble every day at the ferry stations for the purpose of learning the result.

it. Large crowfs had begun to assemble every day at the ferry stations for the purpose of learning the result.

—Both of the two political parties in Bahia claim to have right and justice on their side; but the governor indisputably has the police force and state treasury, of which he is evidently not diffident in making use. We are, accordingly, not surprised to learn that he has given orders for paying deputies belonging to his own paty for the preparatory sittings held in March.

—It is said that a steamer left Montevideo for Porto Alegre on the 21st without instructions to first call at Illia Grande. The steamer is said to have fifty tons of gunpowder for Castlinos, which explains the exception. We may be permitted to observe, however, that if there is no danger in a steamer freighted by the government, then there is no danger in any others. Let us have the quarantine raised!

—In Macci on the night of the 15th Senator Rego Mello was attacked by two unknown persons armed with police swords. He was slightly wounded, but was said from further harm by persons who came to the said from further harm by persons who came to said from further harm by persons who came to said from further harm by persons who came to said from further harm by persons who came to said from further harm by persons who came to said from further harm by the said of t

—In Paraná the local political parties are quar-relling over the counting of the votes at the recent senatorial election.

senatorial election.

A specialist who has examined the kaolin in the vicinity of Taulus, S. Paulo, is said to have reported very favorably thereon.

A telegram of the 16th from S. Paulo contradicts the report of Dr. Antonio Praio's being a candidate for the presidency of the State.

At the election held on the 16th, in S. Paulo, the candidates whose names were mentioned in our issue of the 9th inst. were all elected without opposition.

-In Campos there are four liqueur factories, —In Campos there are four liqueur factories, wo factories of crockery, one steam hoot and shoe factory, three soap factories, one hat factory, one cotton factory, I machine shop, I butter and cheese dairy, 10 cigarette factories, I sugar refinery, 2 furniture factories, I calinet maker's shop, I gaplant, 3 fameuries, 15 barber shops, 9 drug stores, 3 billiard saloons, 3 coffin shops, 15 shops for the sale of lottery tickets, 6 leather shops and many other shops of various kinds.

—Facts hitherto unknown in relation to the

plant, 3 tanneries, 10 nature surges, y ang surges, of billiard saloons, 3 coffin shops, 15 shops for the sale of lottery tickets, 6 leather shops and many other shops of various kinds.

—Facts hilberto unknown in relation to the arbitrary and barbarous treatment of adversaries of Marshal Floriano Peixoto's government continue to come to light. At Curityba Francisco Freire de Mello, accused of having served the revolutionists, has been held without trial in a fithy prison at the barracks of the 6th regiment of artillery ever since last August. In Tijucas, Santa Catharina, Joaquim Vicente Lopes de Oliveira, who was arrested about a year ago, (33 days after his marriage) by order of Admiral Jeronymo Gonçalves, has disappeared and his wife and friends have not been able to obtain any information whatever from his jailors in regard to him.

—At Santos, on the 16th inst., at 11 o'clock p.m., an attack, said to have been planned at the police office, was made on the printing office of the Tribuna do Iron. The type was completely pied by the assailants and several of the printers were wounded. This outrage gave rise to a lively discussion on the following day in the S. Paulo legislature. On the 19th the office of that paper was again attacked, the editor and two type-setters succeeded in making their escape through the back of the building. Subsequently the editor was arrested by the police delegate, who is said to have displayed such utter lack of comprehension of the duties of his office as to strike the prisoner after the arrest had been effected.

—According to the report of the chief of police of S. Paulo there were 4,487 arrests in that city in the year 1894. Of these arrests 1,372 were for disorderly conduct, 897 for vagrancy, 793 for theft and robbery, 391 for drunkenness, 176 for assault and battery, 29 for murder, 17 for anarchy, 4 for conspiracy, and 608 for other causes. The 17 nanchists were sent to this city for the purpose of being deported, but were here released. Of the persons arrested 1,903 were Ita

RIO GRANDE DO SUL.

RIO GRANDE DO SUL.

A Montevidéo telegram of the 16th states that on the 13th Telles with 2.000 infantry attacked Apparicio Straiva at Passo Camargo. Apparicio Straiva at Passo Camargo. Apparicio Straiva at Passo Camargo. Apparicio capitale for an hour, but on the approach of a column under Menna Barreto retreated to D. Pedrito, afterwards recrossing the Santa Maria river and effecting a junction with the troops under Azambuja. His loss is estimated at to killed and 30 wounded and that of Telles at over 30 killed and more than 100 wounded.

At the sitting of the Supreme Court on the 17th inst. it was decided to communicate to the Sectional Judge of Rio Grande do Sul that the court insisted on the execution of its order for Colonel Facundo Tavares to be presented to it and that judge was instructed to ask the Federal government to enforce the execution of the order, if Facundo's jailers should persist in relasing to present him to the court. Some of the judges of the Supreme Court were in favor of an order for the immediate release of the prisoner; but it was urged that this might endanger the latter's life and that it was consequently better for his personal security that he should be presented to this city. This is the view taken of the matter by his brother, Dr. Francisco Tavares, who is conducting the case before the Supreme Court.

We have already had occasion to refer to the windicative and iniquitous cruelly with which this city may be a supplementation of Julio de Castilho. On Nov. 1, 1892, his house was attacked by 50 policemen, who, after killing his two sons and wounding him, his wife and his daughter, carried him to jail where he was kept without trial. On the 21st of fast November the Supreme Court issued in his favor a wit of fastacy and the supreme Court issued his favor a larger significance with this order his jailors caused him to be indicted by a State Court, but this indictment was afterwards quashed by the Superior Court of the State. The sectional solicitor the was kept with the source of t

for the cause of justice and for the interests of the Brazilian people.

There has recently been some talk of a plot against the general government, in which the castilhistas, Moreira Cesar, the governor of Paraná, and certain politicians in S. Paulo are said to be involved. We presume, however, that what gives rise to this report is the fact, to which we alluded in a previous number, of Pinheiro Machado's having carried with him to Rio Grandle written declarations of prominent men who promise to oppose any solution that deprives Julio de Castilhos of the governosthip.

A recent telegram states that the defections in the ranks of his partisans in Rio Grande are constantly increasing.

The revolutionists appear to be deriving considerable benefit from their tax on cattle. In the vicinity of Pelotas alone this tax is said to have produced already over 200005000. It is added that very few cattle reach Posts Alegre from the Northern part of the State without having paid the tax.

A Montevideo telegram of the 19th inst, to the Jornal do Commercito of this city states that there are many sensational reports in circulation in the River Plate in regard to affairs in Rio Grande do Sul. One of these reports in circulation in the River Plate in regard to affairs in Rio Grande do Sul. One of these reports is that which, as we have already stated, has circulated here in regard to an alleged plot for overthowing the government of President Prudente de Moraes. In Montevideo it was reported that the 3d, 11th, and 29th battalions of infantry had been induced to take part in the proposed movement by a promise of being permitted to sack the towns of Porto Alegre, Rio Grande, Pelotas and Jaguarão.

The conspirators counted, it was said, on the assistance of the torpedo boat Silvado and had promised the command of the naval force to Capt. Luciano Abreu. It was added that on the discovery of the plot many arrests were made.

It was also reported at Montevideo that Julio de Castilhos had refused to obey, or the constitution of the pr

and one colonel, one captain, two ensigns and nine privates wounded.

A telegram of the 19th states that the revolutionists under Reverbel have taken Cacequi, which is on the railway about half way between Uruguayana and Porto Alegre. If this news is correct Reverbel will thus probably be able to place himself in communication with the revolutionists who have possession of the northern part of the State.

rect Reverbel will thus probably be able to place himself in communication with the revolutionists who have possession of the northern part of the State.

The Josnal do Commercio reports a conversation in which the President of the Republic is stated to have given informal expression to his views on the Rio Grande question, displaying an earnest desire for peace but alluding at the same time to the stuation. He does not appear, however, to have recognised that those difficulties have been caused by the undue use of federal troops to hold Julio de Castilhos in office against the will of the people of the State and that, if this interference continues, it must eventually lead either to the complete subjugation of those people or to the separation of Rio Grande from the rest of Brazil. The longer the intervention of the general government in favor of Castilhos continues the more difficult it becomes to arrive at what seems to us the only satisfactory solution of the problem, which is to permit the people of Rio Grande to have a government of their own selection.

The daily papers of the 21st int, publish the telegram of Gonçalves Ferreira, Mimister of Justice, to Julio de Castilhos and the latter's answer. The minister telegraphs as follows:

"The court has also asked for the intervention of the Fresdent Supreme Court has just informed the President of the Kepublic that at its sitting of the 17th inst. it decided to instruct the sectional judge of your State to act in conformity with art. 17 of Law Ro. 221, of Nov. 20, 1894, for the execution of the write of habeas corpus granted to Lient. Col. José Facundo da Silva Tavares.

"The court has also asked for the intervention of the federal government in conformity with art. 17 of Law Ro. 221, of Nov. 20, 1894, for the execution of the write of habeas corpus granted to Lient. Col. José Facundo da Silva Tavares.

"The court has also asked for the intervention of the federal government in conformity with art. 18 of the constitution for securing the execution of the deci

interests of the repeated delay,"

To this Julio de Castilhos answered:
"I have just conferred with the judges of the superior court and with the primary judge on the subject of your telegram to-day received.
"They authorize me lo assure you that they have never had the intention of disrespecting the order of the supreme court and to state to you the following:

order or the supreme court and to state to you the following:

"Facundo Tavares was indicted by a State court, whose competence is sustained in art. 83 of the Law of Nov. 20, 1894, as was decided by the Supreme Court, when last January it refused to grant a writ of habeas corpus on account of the indictiment.

"Having received an order for information in regard to the new application for habeas corpus, the State court has sent an account of what has cocurred with respectful observations on the false statements made by the prisoner. The judges have since awaited the decision of the Supreme Court with the intention of obeying the order without the slightest delay and they now add that the prisoner Facundo will be presented, without necessarily and they now add that the prisoner Facundo will be presented, without necessarily and the prisoner facundo will be presented, without necessarily the prisoner facundo will be presented.

without the slightest delay and they now add that the prisoner Facundo will be presented, without need of any further requisition, to the sectional judge.

"Thus answering your telegram, I salute you." The report of a Casilhista plot against the general government, which appears to have been taken from the *Tribuna *Pspinlar* of Montevideo, has brought forth many contradictions, including one from Gen. Moura, commander of the military district. Yet a correspondent of the *Jornal do Brazil, writing from the city of Rio Grande on the 14th inst., positively asserts that there is no doubt of the existence of the plot. The revolution, he says, was to commence on the 12th and printed bulletins had been prepared for distribution on that day. The plot, however, was discovered and the officers of the torpedo-hoat *Strado were arrested and sent to Porto Alegre. The bulletins were destroyed when the conspirators learned that the plot had been discovered.

In the colony of Caxins there has been a fight between federalists and castilhistas, but the only particulars received here are that the later lost a surgeon killed and a captain wounded.

The *Jornal do Brazil* publishes this morning telegrams from Montevideo stating that the Uruguyan government has promised that of Brazil to issue orders for internating Saldanha da Gama and that Telles has defeated at Santa Maria Chica the revolutionary leader Apparicio Saraiva, who is reported to have been severely wounded, Torquato Severo, it is said, having been killed. The telegram and have been severely wounded, Torquato Severo, it is said, having been killed. The telegram stom, the said and the said and the second confermation.

The Braziliam minister Dr. Fernando Abbot took passage yesterday at Buenos Aires for Rio de Janeiro. A telegram from that city says that it is believed there that he will not return.

RAILROAD NOTES

-The Santa Anna branch of the Cataguazes railway was opened to traffic on the 15th inst.

--For facilitating traffic on the Central Railway locomotive depot will be established at the sta-ion of João Gomes.

—A Porto Novo the bakeries have been obliged to close because the houses in this city of which they have ordered flour have been unable to ship it on the Central Railway.

—The Jornal do Commercio says that the ex-mination of the books of the Central Railway ave disclosed a shortage which amounts, perhaps, o four or five thousand contos.

- During the month of March the new chief of the locomotive department imposed no less than 200 fines on his subordinates, aggregating over 4,000\$. There must be something like complete anarchy among the employés of that road.

anarchy among the employer of that torac.

—A telegram received yesterday from Chapeu d
Uvas states that there are 3,720 head of cattle
at that place awaiting shipment to Rio de Janeiro.
Although application was made 30 days ago for
cattle cars, they have not yet been furnished.

—It is said that a meeting of railway managers will be convoked in June for the purpose of discussing means for harmonizing public interests with those of the companies, securing more uniform tariffs, etc. If the State railways would set a better example, perhaps the problem might be saved without a meeting.

saved without a meeting.

—According to the report of the director of the Porto Alegre—Urugunayana railway for the year 1892, which has just been published, the receipts of the road that year amounted to 1,50,6128242 against 960,7968011 in 1891. The length of the road at that time was 378'410 km. and its cost was 23,815,2568581. The net revenue of the road was only 36,788\$410 or about 100\$000 per kilometre.

—The director of the Central railway is calling in the 500 free passes issued to spies by the government of Marshal Floriano Peixoto. The present government, shortly after its inauguration, dispensed with the services of those spies, who, however, have continued to make use of their free passes whenever they travelled on the Central railway, although no longer in the employ of the government.

government.

—There may be some idea that the Central railwaiy is suffering from a scarcity of employés, but the reverse is much nearer the truth. A correspondent writes us that it employs three times the number of men that an American or English road would find necessary. The stations are crowded with men who have nothing to do but smoke eigarettes and gossip. At Taulusid there are 50 men employed—and ten active men would probably be quite enough! And on the S. Paulo express (Cacheira to S. Paulo) twenty men are employed—40 on the engine and if on the train! And what are they for? The road is carrying less than half of what ir ought to carry, and it is financially a failure! Why should it employ such an army of useless men?

—The situation on the Central railway is truly

useless men?

The situation on the Central railway is truly anomalous. One hardly knows what to think of it. The greatest railway in Brazil, owned by the state, and with the resources of the national treatury behind it—and yet it is unable, or unwilling, to perform the most ordinary functions of a railway. On the 17th a resident of Taubalé, Maj. Oliveira Moura, wanted to ship his furniture to Sā- Paulo, to which place he is moving, but was told that he could not do it. He telegraphed to the chief of traffic for permission, and the reply was "dispatch nothing." So he must leave his furniture behind him. There are four other families in the same fix, the railway refusing to dispatch their effects. Surely it is full time that the Central railway were placed under the control of men who know what a railway is for and how to run it.

—Merchandise shipped on the 28th ult. for Sa-pucaia, on the Central Railway, had not reached its destination up to the 15th inst.

-Some of the bondholders of the Grão Para section of the Leopoldina railway are protesting against the grant of any more favors to that com-pany.

—Owners of carts complain that their vehicles have been kept waiting at the Central railway station for 24 and even 48 hours without being able to unload.

—It is expected that the extension of the Central Railway, on which at present 2,000 laborers are imployed, will be in operation up to the end of the year as far as Sete Lagoas and that work will have been begun on the road as far as Curvello, which is 117 kilometres beyond.

which is 117 kilometres beyond.

—Holders of Gido Para division five per cent. first mortgage bonds of the Leopoldina railway will not be best pleased to learn that their interest which is due to-day will not be forshcoming. The president has cabled to Messrs. Morton, Rose and Co. that in consequence of the great falling off in the receipts of the road during the period of the cholera epidemic, and owing to heavy rains throughout the Leopoldina zone since the end of November last, he is compelled to ask for a delay of sixty days in the payment of the interest. We can only hope that the delay will not be longer.—

Financial News, April 1.

LOCAL NOTES

—It was expected that quarantines would be raised to-day, both here and at Buenos Aires.

—It is stated that Dr. Lucio de Mendonça will take his seat in the Supreme Tribunal to-morrow.

-On the 19th inst. Admiral Jeronymo Gonçalves had a long interview with President Prudente de Moraes.

—The number of cadets to be admitted into the military school this year has been fixed at 500, of whom 100 may be officers.

-Dr. Anião de Vasconcellos has revived the question of the astronomical blunder committed in the design of the southern cross on the Brazilian flar.

—Capt. Henrique Pinheiro Guedes has been appointed president of the commission for super-vising the construction of Brazilian war vessels in Europe.

—The Jornal do Brasil complains that the packages of papers which it sends by post to S. Paulo always arrive there with several copies missing.

—There were 1,425 deaths in this city last month, which shows an annual mortality of 30½ per thousand, assuming the population to be 550,000.

—We are informed that the last trip of the Nile to this port was made in only a few minutes over 15 days, which is said to be the quickest trip ever made to this port.

—It is telegraphed from Paris that a million france have been paid by the Brazilian minister to the families of the three Frenchmen assassinated in Santa Catharina.

—The Jornal do Commercio asks the govern-ment to publish the report of the police authorities who investigated the cause of the burning of the telegraph office at Porto Alegre.

—This week work will be commenced on four new telegraph lines connecting this city with S. Paulo, Petropolis, Entre Rios, Juiz de Fóra, Sitio, Campanha, Christina and Bragança.

Campanha, Christina and Bragança,

—It would seem that the special passes for the
Central railway issued during the revolt for the
secret police and spies of the dictator, are still in
use. It is now proposed to recall them.

—It has recently been discovered that 15 foreigners belonging to the S. Paulo national guard,
charged with mutiny, were summarily shot in
Paraná. It is said that this will give rise to a
diplomatic claim.

—The Jornal do Brazil of Monday contains a letter from its Montevideo correspondent which will afford interesting reading to ex-Minister Victorino Monteiro. Congress will do well to inquire into the charges made.

the charges made.

—On the 15th inst. Clydio Annes Pires went to Dr. Carijó, 1st assistant delegate of the Chief of Police, and complained that he had bought counterfit notes to the amount of 28:00 5000 of Jošé Antonio da Silva Cardoso, who had failed to deliver the merchandise, although he had received from Clydio the stipulated sum of 5:000500. Dr. Carijó caused Cardoso and Clydio to he locked up, but the latter has since been released. Januario Soarces, said to be an accomplice of Cardoso, was arrested on the 16th.

Januario Soares, saut to be an accomplice of Cardoso, was arrested on the 16th.

—At the request of the prefect of the city, the chief of police has issued an order prohibiting the gambling device adopted by the proprietor of the zoological garden of Villa Isabel, Baron Drummond, for the purpose of attracting visitors. This device consisted in the sale of pools, or tickets, bearing the name of an animal, and in the deposit of the name of some particular animal in a closed box by the haron hinself. Those whose tickets bore the name of the animal chosen received premiums. The visitors paid 1\$000 for each ticket, the list of animals contained 25 names and the premium was 20\$. The Baron, therefore, had a 20 per cent, reserve in his own favor, the choice of the "prize animal" for the day, and the profits. He claims that it has been done for the maintenance of the garden. Apparently he does not appreciate the fact that a zoological garden can be of very little use in a community utterly demoralized by practices such as these. Rio de Janeiro can batter do-without a zoological garden than with the vice which the Baron has created for its support.

-A defalcation of 10,000\$ in the redemption bureau has been discovered.

—There is said to be at the present time 45 cases andergoing trial by court martial.

undergong that by court matthi.

—The police is trying to learn what has become
of José Frederico Pires Camargo, a clerk in the
Caixa da Amortização, who disappeared with treasury notes to the amount of 10,000\$000 that he
had received for signing.

—We regret to note the death on the 20th inst. of Mr. Daniel Daly, at the age of 62 years. Mr. Daly had been a resident in Brazil for twenty-seven years, and was connected with the old British and American Club for a good part of that time.

Hurrah! Dr. Demosthenes da Silveira Lobo, for our sins director-general of the postoffice, yester-day tendered his resignation. And, it is said, the aforesaid resignation was accepted! We may now hope for better things, and expect very little in

—On the 25th inst, a mass is to be said at the S. Francisco de Paula church for the souls of the persons who, by order of the government of Marshal Floriano Peixoto, were barbarously murdered in Santa Catharina by the commander of the military of the commander of the military of the said of the commander of the military of the commander of the commander of the commander of the military of the commander of the comma

—During the second half of March there were 37 deaths from cholera reported in this city, and 45 in the Jurujuba hospital. For the whole month the totals were 82 in the city and 59 at Jurujuba. Of the former, 34 occurred in the lunatic asylum in Botafogo.

The second sanitary conference between cer-tain foreign ministers and representatives of the government occurs to-day. It is to be sincerely hoped that common sense will finally prevail and that the present abuses of quarantine will be for-ever abolished.

—Some days ago Admiral Wandenkolk telegraphed from this city to a friend at Lambary, asking him to take rooms for him at Hotel Mello, 70 make assurance doubly sure he again telegraphed from Soledade; but on his servival at Lambary he found that neither of his telegrams had been received.

—On the 18th the Supreme Tribunal called upon the government to enforce its order for the presentation of Col. Fagundes Tavares by the state government of Rio Grande. It is said that the President has issued orders to the federal commandant in that state to compel obedience to the orders of the court.

—The government has made a contract with Mr. Richard J. Reidy for laying a subfluvial telegraph cable between Para and Manaos, paying him a yearly subsidy of £17,125. The contractor agrees to make an abatement of 50% on official telegrams, and at the end of 30 years the plant will revert to the government.

—According to the statistics makes.

—According to the statistics published by the board of health there were 123 marriages, 665 births and 798 deaths in this city in the second fortnight of March. Of the deaths 37 were caused by cholera and in the same fortnight 45 cholera patients were sent to the Jurijuba hospital. There were 52 deaths from yellow fever.

On the 15th inst., at the residence of Visconde e Serro Frio, the curtain of the hed in which is grandson was sleeping took fire and the child has so severely burnt that the attending physican dispairs of his recovery. The Visconde and is son, Dr. Ibrahim Machado, were also burnt attempting to extinguish the flames.

On the 15th inst. the variety of the city works.

—On the loft inst. the prefect of the city wrote to the chief of police calling his attention to the betting on animals at the Zoological garden and expressing the hope that the police would put a stop to this "public scandal." The chief has addressed a circular to the police delegates urging them to take steps for the repression of gambling.

—There were 52 deaths from yellow fever in this city during the last half of March, the total for the month being 86. Notwithstanding the moderate temperature and other favorable conditions the number of fever cases has been steadily increasing, showing that there must be some very unfavorable sanitary conditions existing in the city.

—The minister of finance has advised the minister of foreign affairs that only the baggage of the diplomatic representatives (ambassadors, ministers and charges) are exempt from inspection in the custom house. Furniture and other articles imported by them and the personal effects of consuls, although not subject to import duties, must be examined.

must be examined.

—The minister of finance has informed that of foreign affairs that the luggage of ambassadors, ministers resident and charges d'affaires may be delivered to its owners without being opened, but that merchandise imported by diplomats for their own use and household furniture imported by consuls, though exempt from duty, are subject to examination at the custom-house.

consuls, though exempt from duty, are subject to examination at the custom-house.

—Dr. Silvio Romero published in the Noticia of the 15th a short communication asking the government or congress to annull Floriano's decree declaring Dr. Ruy Barbosa a traitor to the republic and to the country. Is there any necessity for annulling such a decree as that? And is it right to deprive Dr. Ruy Barbosa of the most honorable part of his political record?

—On the 18th inst. the chief of police notified the proprietor of the Zoological Garden of his intention to suppress betting on animals. On the following day he sent to the garden 42 policemen for executing his order to that effect. Baron de Drummond, proprietor of the garden, declared that, until his contract is legally annulled, he will continue to sell tickets, unless prevented by force from doing so. The police arrested his son-in-law and one of his employés, who persisted in selling tickets. It is stated that Barado de Drummond intends to bring a suit defending the rights to which he considers himself entitled in virtue of his contract.

—A telegram from Montevideo announces the arrival there of some cadets of the Escola Militar who had been ordered to the school in Ceará. These youths have a strange notion of geography, surely! Is it not known in the Escola Militar that Ceará is north of Rio?

The preparatory sittings of congress will begin on the 38th inst. It is probable that the coming session will be very interesting, and the complications in the political situation are such that it impossible to foresee what shape matters will take when they come up for discussion in congress.

"Vesterday Col. Demosthenes of the postoffice tendered his resignation, which, we learn, was at once accepted by the government. This is certainly good news, especially for the press, which will probably find some appropriate way of displaying its gratification at so felicitous an event.

—The Supreme Tribunal having called upon the President to enforce its order for the surrender of Col. Facundo Tavares, the whole country is now waiting to see what the result will be. The country, quite disinterestedly, of course, wishes to know which is the stronger, the President or the governor of Rio Grande.

—Admiral Marques Guimerães, in an article in the Jornal do Commercio a propos to the loss of the Reyna Regente, says that, if the builders of the two small inonclads in construction at the navy yard do not modify their plans so as to admit of a double helm, he will have no hesitation in accusing them of knowingly working against the interests of the navy and the lives and honor of their comrades.

—The Jornal do Commercio of the 19th relates that another tragedy has been unearthed in Paraná. Among the national guards sent there from São Paulo were 15 foreigners. Becoming tired of the service, they asked to be discharged. Under the pretext that a mutiny had occurred, the whole 15 were taken out and shot. One of them was a minor, and it is said that the minister of his country has asked for information in regard to the matter.

has asked for information in regard to the matter.

—In view of the complaints of broker Alfredo de Barros, an ex-political prisoner, whose papers, including bank stock, debentures, notes of hand, other valuable documents and even money, were seized by the police when he was arrested and never returned to him, the police authorities have appointed experts to investigate the matter. It is already known that before the prisoner was released several of the notes became due and were cashed by the Banco da Republica. Who received the money?

—A assessment of the notes of the received the money?

The money?

A passenger of the steamer La Plata in a letter to the Jornal do Brazil complains very much of the fare at the quarantine station on Ilha Grande. The cookery and attendance, he says, are both very bad and there is very little variety in the dishes served at the meals. Coffee and dessert can not be obtained for love or money and eggs are only to be had when passengers take the precaution to carry them with them from on loard. The passengers in quarantine have to pay 10\$000 a day for board without wine.

CRICKET MATCH

CRICKET MATCH.

The following cricket match was played on the Rua Paysandi grounds on Good Friday, the 12th inst., between the employés of the Carioca Mills on the one side and a combination of the Allianga, Corcovado and S. Christovão Mills on the other. The day was everything to be desired and the match was thoroughly enjoyed. It had been decided in advance that the match would be decided on the first innings in case there was insufficient time to finish before drawing the stumps at 4 o'clock, which proved to be the case. The match was therefore won by the Combination on the first innings by 36 runs, against 33 for Carioca. In the second innings the hatting of W. Harrison was noteworthy, his unfinished score being 63 runs when the stumps were drawn. The score was as follows:

Total 36 CARIOCA.

CARIO

Ist Innings.

J. Bently, c. Moore, b. Harrison... 2
T. Brook, b. Frost.... 2
T. Brook, b. Frost.... 10
G. Arbuthnet, c. and b. Harrison... 10
E. J. Pilkington, b. Harrison... 12 J. Walsh, b. Frost.
E. Gallagher, b. Harrison.
S. Walsh, not out....

Business Notes

—It is estimated by some parties that fully 3,000,000\$ have been lost to the revenue in Bahia through frauds committed in the collection of export duties,

—We are indebted to Mr. Luiz Bellezza, of this city, for a sample of the Wrexham Company's Pilesener beer. It is light, palatable and specially suitable for this climate, and merits a trial.

—The coffee controversy still continues, and always in the regions of selfish interests and bugy theories. The simple plan of paying the export duties when the stipments are made, is growed to the plant of the properties are suspicious of each other, and each is trying to carry out some pet scheme by which the greatest annoyance can be given to the planter and exporter, and the largest number of tax-collectors can be maintained.

—The lace factory in this city on rua Francisco Eugenio manufactures from three to five thousand metres per diem and it is said that it will shortly be able to produce from ten to fifteen thousand.

—It is said that the government has decided to recall some of the expensive commissions now maintained in Europe. That is a sound resolution and will, we trust, be promptly executed.

tion and will, we trust, be promptly executed

—The Jornal of Friday last says that the treasurer of the Central railway has been given eight days in which to present his accounts. He has been removed from the office and the secretary of the road has been appointed to succeed him.

—The Banco da Republica has exhausted its 4th series of bonus, as the documents issued as loans to industrial enterprises are called. The bank has issued loans to 71 enterprises, varying from 3,500,000\$ to the Tecidos S. Lazaro company, down to 15,000\$ granted to an agriculturalist.

—The minister of interior has been studying the

—The minister of interior has been studying the question of colonizing the Rio Araguary, and will now consult the tribunal de contax about the 1,000,000\$ woted for that purpose. Better wait a little longer, Mr. Minister; and the country will be 1,000,000\$ the richer for it! These colonization schemes are generally complete failures!

1,000,000\$ the richer for it! These colonization schemes are generally complete failures!

—It is perhaps a waste of time and effort to protest against the abuses existing in the postoffice of this city, but it is essential that a record of them should be made so that the public may know how shamefully it is served. The latest complaint is in regard to a failure to forward foreign mails by the vessels they were intended to go on. Two cargoes of coffee—one to the Cape and one to New Orleans—have lately arrived at their destinations, but without the documents belonging to them. Telegrams have been received inquiring for them, and the postoffice will of course be asked for an explanation—but what good will it do? There is no sense of duty whatever in that department, and a plausible excuse will be found to cover what is nothing less than gross neglect. The letters enclosing invoices and other documents are generally posted just before the closing of the mails, and as the public servant now considers himself privileged to work or not, he neglects to send forward these letters if it suits his convenience to do so. If the abuse continues, the steamers will have to carry mails on their own account.

Coffee Notes

—Dr. Victor de Assis Silveira is going to apply to congress for a subsidy for establishing a perma-nent coffee exhibition at S. Petersburg.

nent coffee exhibition at S. Petersburg.

The state government of Espirito Santo has accepted the invitation of that of Minas Geraes for a meeting of representatives of the coffee producing states and has appointed as its representative Col. Augusto Calmon Nogueira da Gama, director of the state treasury.

COFFEE IN 1894.

The imports of offee in 1894, as compiled by the bureau of statistics, Washington, D. C., compare with previous years as follows:

1894	quantity pounds	value dollars
Imports, free	587,058,048	90,588,207
,, dutiable	17,094,943	2,922,687
Total imports	604, 152,991	93,510,894
Imports, free	526,435,372	81,885,044
" dutiable	526,435,372 16,289,881	2,752,405
Total imports	542,725,253	84,637,449
Imports, free	595,903,228	105.668,750
" dutiable	20,928,209	3,566,930
Total imports	616,831,437	109,235,680
The above shows an	nual average n	et imports of
587,903,227 pounds, o	r 262,457 tons.	
Messrs, James Cook	& Co., Londo	n, report the

deliveries for consumption in Europe as follows: 1892..... 1893...... 1894.....

FINANCIAL NOTES

—It is stated that congress at the coming session will be asked to vote new taxes. Thus we have to pay for the luxury of a dictatorship which we have enjoyed for several years and which is certainly not a cheap one.

—During the first quarter of the present year the customs receipts at Porto Alegre, Santa Ca-tharina and Ceará were as follows: Porto Alegre, 3,159,7108269; Santa Catharina, 529,060\$046; Ceará, 1.023,1118486.

Čeaia, 1.033,1118486.

In the estimates presented to the State legislature of S. Paulo by the president of the State the revenue for next year is calculated at 34,481,0008000 and the expenditure at 40.121,0008000 distributed among the departments as follows: Interior, 7,528,0008000; justice, 7,864,0008000; Agriculture, 16,454,0008000; Finance, 8.219,-0008000. This leaves a deficit of 5,639,0008000.

COMMERCIAL

Rio de Janearo, April 22nd, 1895.

Par value of the Brazilian milreis (1\$000), gold. 27 d.
do do do in U. E.
do S. Gold. 1895.
do \$1.00 (U. S. coin Brazilian gold... 1\$029
do of (1 st ag. in Brazilian gold... 1\$029
do of (2 st ag. in Brazilian gold... 1\$029

EXCHANGE.

reported for May at this list rate. Sovereigns sold at \$8\$50.00 and \$2\$\$40.00 and \$2\$\$

SALES OF STOCKS AND SHARES

1	4
1	April 15.
ı	4 Apolices, 58 940 8 Apolices, 45 1,225
ı	11 do 943 78 do 1,224 2 do 945 20 do 1,220
١	11 do 943 78 do 1,224 2 do 945 70 do 1,220
. 1	35 do 950 4 do 1895 929
. 1	100 deb.L'dna. 10 \$ 19 40 deb. Sorocab 65
'	4 Apolices, 55 940 a Apolices, 43 1,225 a Apolices, 43 1,225 a 40 a 1,224 a 50 a 1,224 a 50 a 50 a 60 deb. L'dna. 10 \$10 a 60 a
-	Banks.
П	13 Commercial 210 500 5 Republica 160
1	13 Commercial 210 500 5 Republica 160 100 Constructor 15 240 do 161
'	100 Constructor 15 240 do 16t
	300 do 14 50, 50 do 16t 500 62 Depos, e Desc. 105 100 do 28 7t 500 12 Nacional 218 150 Lav. eCom. 2s 78
ч	62 Depos, e Desc. 105 100 do 28 71 500
4	12 Nacional 218 150 Lav.eCom.2s 78
	50 Kural 245
1	
. 1	100 O. Minas, 98 74 400 Const. Urbanos. 4 500 30 S. Christ. tram. 16) 500 150 Loterta Nac 6t 35 Confiança ins 35 50 do 60 500 100 Alliança ins 250 100 do 60
1	no S Christ tram. 161 500 150 Loteria Nac 61
	- Confunct ins 25 50 do 60 500
	35 Commanda mare 33 30 mg
	100 Alliança Ilis 200 100 do 00
	April 16.
	4 cont & Sovereigns 25 7 Apolices 45 1,222
	1000 do 25 100 3,000\$ do 122
1	Andiene ee out to deb L'dua, roof to
- 1	11 Apolices, 38 94/ 30 decirian 4 1004 19
	3 40 1095 931 300 4010 500
	4 do 48 1,2 5 50 do 15
	April 16. 4 April 16. 5 7 Apolices 45 1,222 10c0 do 95 100 3,0005 do 122 11 Apolices, 54 94.7 50 deb.17.din-1.00\$ 19 2 do 1895 933 300 do 13 500 4 do 48 1,25 50 do 13 60 do 1,224
	Banks.
1	60 do 1,224 Bankt. 21 tr Republica 16t 33 Commercio 21 to Cred, Novel 41 50 do 25 75 500 33 (Initiadro 11 10 do 72 47 National 25 Kural, 25 Lugardo 122 300 do bo.30 June 45
	Commercial at 140 do 161
	Cond Manual 44 50 do as at 500
	100 Cred, Midvet 41 30 do 23 /1 300
	33% Iniciador 11 110 do 72
١	42 Nacional 220 25 Kurai, 28 122
,	300 do bo.30 June. 215
:	35 S. Lazaro mill. 16 50 Cent.do Braz. 115
,	
	April 17. 500 Sovereigus 25 200 17 Apolices, 1895 915 34 Apolices, 98 953 49 do 948 5 do 48 1,224 20 do 933 20 do 1,225 4 do 933 31,508 do 1,225 700 deb. L'danso8 18 350
	5000 Sovereigns 25 200 12 Apolices, 1895 935
	34 Apolices, 58 953 40 do 928
	c do 45 1,224 20 do 930
•	20 do 1.225 4 do 933
	22 500\$ do 1.222 700 deb. L'dna 100\$ 18 500
;	
,	Bankr. Comparison Compari
	100 Constructor 14 5:0 54 Republica 102
	200 Iniciador 13 500 II do 150 500
	50 Lav. e Comm. 163 100 do 161 500
•	100 Nacional 225 65 do 25 72
	200 do bo, 30 June 228 200 do 72 500
	250 do bo. 21 May. 23 450 do 73
•	Miscellaneous.
:	miscenaneous.
;	150 Lot. Nacional . 57
	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
	1000 Sovereigns 25 500 18 Apolices, 58 955
	1000 du 25 400 10,000\$ Est. Rio Jan. 102
	1000 do 25 450 33 deb.L'dna. 100\$ 18 500
	6 Apolices 1805 026 100 h.n. Cr. R1 Br 60
	50 Aponces, 1095 937 100 mm Cirici Di. 00
	20 40 935
_	
	10 Commercio 216 150 deb. Cr. Mov. 42 500 25 Republica 162 13 Lav. e Comm. 162 270 do 28. 73 200 Nacional, bo. 250 do 72 500 30 June 233
	25 Republica 162 13 Lav. e Comm. 162
	25 Republica 162 13 Lav. e Comm. 162 270 do 28 73 200 Nacional, bo. 250 do 72 500 30 June 233
	72 500 30 June 222
	1 -30 /- 300 3- /
•	Miscellaneous,
	350 (). Minas R R.2s 22 500 200 Const. Urb 4 750 100 V.F. Sapucahy. 10 100 do 5 20 Conf. Ind. mill. 230 120 Int. Com. Ind. 50
	100 V.F. Sapucahy. 10 100 do 5
	20 Conf. Ind. mill. 230 120 Int. Com. Ind. 50
	350 O. Minas RR.28 1co V.F. Sapucahy. 20 Conf. Ind. mill. 230 120 Int. Com. Ind. 50 100 Braz. de Lot 29 550 Melh.noBraz.
	April 10
,	April 19.
d	1000 Sovereigns 25 300 10 Aponces, 45 1,224
	1000 do 25 380 200 deb. L dua, 100\$ 18 500
	27 Apolices, 58 954 200 do 18
	5 do 1895 933 100 ,, Sorocab 64
	April 19. 1000 Sovereigns 23 360 10 Apolices, 45 1.224 1000 do 25 380 200 deb. L'dina 1005 18 50 27 Apolices, 58 933 10 Sove coa b. 18 5 do 1895 933 10 Formation 113 113 do 933 10 Formation 114
	115 do 935 10 , Jornal do Commercio 170
	•

20 Commercial 208 72 Republica 162		Ban	ks	
So Ured. Movel. 42 10 do 160	50 Commercial	208	72 Republica	161
100 do 44 to do 189 150 27 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	50 Cred. Movel	42		
40 Nacenal 230 405 do 28 27 100 Rice M.Gresso 110 4 5 do 77 1 500 100 alo 205 110 100 do 77 1 500 100 alo 205 110 100 do 77 1 500 100 April 20 110 100 alore 110 100 April 20 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110	100 do	41		
100 Rice4l.Grosso 110 da 24 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	40 Nacional			
100 do 205 10 100 do 75	100 Rio eM. Grosso			
25 Iar. Bet. tiam. 20 S. Christ, do April 20. 14 Apolices, 5s. 590 44 Apolices, 5s. 1,221 1,000 \$ 9 do 1895. 933 \$ 25 . Centual do \$ 52 do 9 do 1895. 933 \$ 25 . Centual do \$ 52 do 9 do 1895. 933 \$ 25 . Centual do \$ 25 . Centual	100 do 20\$		100 1.	
20 S. Christ, do 169 520 50 Loteria Nat., 63 April 20 . 14 Applices, 55., 950 44 Apolices, 55., 1731 1.1000 ft do 160 th. Unitarios, 18 25 "Fernal do 25 do 33 Cemmercio., 170 do 161 Lichardon 170 L				71
20 S. Christ, do April 20 S. Cateria Nac. 65 April 20 S. Cateria Nac. 65 14 Apolices, 85. 950 9 do 1895. 93 25 Cemmercia. 170 25 do 1895. 932 Cemmercia. 170 15 do liticaldor. 450 16 Michiganese 10 Sector Nacional 6	25 Jar. Bot. tram.	130	20 Cons Urb all a	
April 20. 14 Apolices, 48 1,271	20 S. Christ, do	160 500	to Loteria Nan	
1,000\$ do	April 20.	, , ,	J- 2510114 44161.	00
9 do 1895. 933 Commercio 170 8 anks. 100 Iniciador 14 500 Minellaneous 20 Fidel, insce 100 so Let Nacional co	14 Apolices, 5s 1,000\$ do		100 deb. L dna.1	00\$ 18
Eanks. 14 500 20 Fidel, insce	9 do 1895		25 ,, Yernal Commercio	
14 500 Miscellaneous 20 Fidel, insce 100 50 Lot Nasional 6			•	
20 Fidel, insce 100 so Lot Nacional 6.	100 Iniciador			
20 Fidel, insce 100 50 Lot, Nacional 6:		Miscella	veous	
	20 Fidel, insce	100	50 Lot. Nacional	6.
565 Bonança 15 600 200 do 60	565 Bonança	15 600	200 do	

MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 22nd April, 1895.

MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 22nd April, 1895.

ENDOTES.

Coffee. — The past week has been rather peculiar, for with the New York: "Statuses" quoted almost always degree the past of the past week has been rather peculiar, for with the New York: "Statuses" quoted almost always degree of quite oxoco back, while in Sammed, with sales reported. The other extended of quite oxoco back is also reported. The the extended of quite oxoco back, while in Sammed, the past oxoco back is also reported. The other extended oxoco back is also reported. The other extended oxoco back, and with the past oxoco back, and with the past oxoco back is a past oxoco back, and with the past oxoco back is a past oxoco back in the extended oxoco back is a past oxoco back in the past oxoco was apply and the business realized has relieved them of health oxoco back in the past oxoco back in the past oxoco was again quoted, and this is distinctly to be attacked to the exchange market. On the 18th some of the business oxoco was again quoted, and this oxoco back oxoco was again quoted, and this oxoco back oxoco was again quoted, and this oxoco charged oxoco was again quoted, and this oxoco control oxoco was again quoted, and the past oxoco was past oxoco was again quoted, and the past oxoco was past oxoco was annually oxoco back oxoco was oxoco was annually oxoco back oxoco was oxoco was

The shipments of	luting the we	ek have been :		
36,625 8,239 1,779 3,468	" "	United States Europe Cape of Good River Plate Coastwise	Норе	
50,171 The vessels saile United Stat Apr. 15 Baltimer 15 New Or	d with coffee		·······	hag 9,6;

Europe:	
Apr. 14 Mediterranean Fr str Bretagne Elsewhere:	9,180
Coastwise, Sundry steamers. Receipts during the week were 86,465 bags, a 80,395 bags for the preceding week and 80,925 bag the week before.	
Official quotations, per 10 kilos, on the 20th inst. wer Regular 1st. nominal Ordinary 1st. 13\$938-14\$080	e :
Good 2nd	

Ordinary 2nd. 8 173-14 298
Triage. 4 085-6 809 and brokers' quotations, according to New York types and

per mireon,	were the following:	
	April 16	April 22
No. 6 7 8	nominal 22\$000—. 20 000—20\$500	nominal 21\$500—
9	18 500-19 500	20 000- 18 500-19\$000
262,504 bag	all hands were estimated s, cf which a large proportion	this morning to be consists of low grade

DAILY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS OF COFFEE AT RIO DE JANEIRO.

Recepto Rece	
8644 13/63 6672 433/67 6672 433/67 6672 433/67 6672 67 6672 67 6672 67 6672 67 6772 6	Apr.15
13,652 4,738 588 5,006 735,584 9 1116 72 030 72 030 73 030 74 030 75 040 75 040	Apr. 16
10,848 4-472	Apr. 17
10,000 Signs 10,000 (1,000) 10,000 Signs 10,000 (1,000) 10,000 Signs 10,000 (1,000) 10,000 Signs 10,000 Si	Apr. 18
25,060 8,070 3,465 	Apr. 19
9 118 6,666 3,179 21,200 21,20	Apr. 20
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Apr. 21
247783 100,027 21,039 5,395 7,028 13,399 	Apr. 15 Apr. 16 Apr. 17 Apr. 18 Apr. 19 Apr. 20 Apr. 21 Ince 1st Apr. Since 1st Jul
2,176,494 11,359,946 441,422 54,503 54,503 86,978 	Totals

Imports.

There is still no improvement to be noted in the articles we quote, save rather more firmness in flour and a slight advance in kressene. A fair quantity of flour has come in from the River Plate, and as quarantine difficulties appear to be about settled, the probabilities are that, even with the low exchange miling here, we will have an increase of imports from the River, where gold has advanced sharply. Three are no receipts of pine, and a cargo from Pensacola is reported lost, with another vessel, from the same port, in distress at some intermediate port, but the markets are quiet, and, if anything, rather flat. Only trithing receipts of kerosene are toped, and the supply of lard from the south has been fair during the week, while the advices from the interior are favourable as regards the supply of native pook, but quotations of American are continued. A moderate amount of codfish has arrived, and Canadian tubs are not in large supply. A fair quantity of Indian corn from the River Plate has also come in, and the market seems to be now affected by the supply of native. The other articles we quote are virtually unchanged. The railway authorities are still strugging with the tartific difficulties, and the owners of carts and waggons now seem inclined to assist them, this must be considered an advantage, as the interests of these owners are supposed to be opposed. Plour. – Receipts during the week have been 1,750 bris. 500

as the interests of these owners are supposed to be opposed.

Flour. – Receipts during the week have been 1,750 bits,
from the United States. Two steamers with some 11,000
loags have also arrived from the River Plate; the weight of
the packages is not yet known. The market appears to
have been quiet, but brokers again report an advance in
the prices of American flour, at which sellers are firm. Last
quatations were:

Trieste	24\$50 25\$000
do and	24 000-24 500
Baltimore 1stdo 2nd	24 500-25 000
Western and Interior.	24 000-24 500
River Plate	10 500
Local Mills	21 500-23 500

Pitch Pine.— There are still no receipts, and the Ingrid, from Pensacola, is reported lost. There are no, changes made in quotations of 66\$200—67\$200 per doz but, them market is not considered very firm.

White Pine. — Brokers still quote at 200 rs. per foot ominal, and there have been no receipts.

Spruce Pine. - There is nothing to report. Swedish Pine .- Nothing new.

Swedish Fine.—Nothing new.

Lard.—Receipts are 1,150 kegs per Mozari from New
York. Retailers appear to maintain their quotations of
700—750 rs. per lb. for George's and 710—710 rs. for other
marks. The receipts of donesite land were fiir during
the past week, and dealers quote at 1\$100—1\$300 per kilooranna.

Codfish. — The only receipts are 1,510 cases Norwegian per Beigrano and 815 cases per Camp'nas, via Hamburg. Dealers continue to quote at 45\$000 for Canadian tubs and 42\$000 for Norwegian cases.

43\$000 for Norwegian cases.

Rice. - There are no receipts during the week, and holders would probably accept lower prices than our quotations of 13\$000-13\$500 per bag.

Pork. - Receipts have been 1,330 bris, 345 half bris and 775 cases per Mozart and Grecian Prince, fron New York. We may continue retail quotations of 1\$400-1\$500 per kilogramme, while native pork (toucinho) is quoted lower during the week.

ne week.

Kerosene. — The *Mozart* brought 130 cases, and dealers are now quoting at about 10\$000—10\$500 per case.

Turpentine. — Receipts nil. Retail quotations are still bout 760—800 rs. per kilogramme. Rosin. - There have been no receipts and we may con-inue retail quotations of 14\$000-22\$000, according to

Cement. — Receipts nil, and dealers' quotations nominally unchanged, viz: British 9\$003—14\$000 per brl., German 10\$000—12\$000 and French nominal.

Indian Corn. — Receipts are 14,000 bass per Gordon

Castle and 6,138 bags per Brooks de, from the River Plate.

Last quotations from dealers were: River Plate 7\$000—7\$500

per bag, and native 6\$300—7\$500 per bag according to

Bran. - Receipts nil, and retail quotations of 2\$600. \$\$00 may be continued.

Hay. — Receipts nil. At retail the value seems still to be bout 90-100 rs. per kilogramme.

Coal. — There are no receipts during the week.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

No foreign sailing vessels arrived during the week.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS

APRIL 16.
St. John - Br ship Equator; 1,228 tons; Robinson; ballast.

TRINIDAD - Amer lug Thos. 7. Stewart; 844 tons; Black; GO.

FRONTERA, Mexico - Nor bk Elmwood; 342 tons; Voss.

ROSARIO - Swed bk Augusta; 398 tons; Westerberg; do. PARÁ - Br lug Pers s; 578 tons; Malcolm; paving stones. APR. 17.

MATHANE—Nor ship Australia; 1,207 tons; Frantzen; bal-

APR. 18.

APR. 18.

APR. 18.

APR. 19.

APRATA—Nor bik White Rose; 1,491 tons; Darde; do.

PANSACOLA—Arg bik Progresso Argentino; E90 tons; Zino; ballast.

BARBAUOS—Nor bg Zenith; 216 tons; Armonsen; do.

SYDNEY—Br bk Biythround; 1,507 tons; Dixon; do.

PARNACOLA—Ger bg Adler; 250 tons; Steenken; sundries.

Ger bk Hedwig; 316 tons; Schultz; ballast.

APR. 21.

APR. 21.

Banka — Port bg Princeza Amelia; 161 tons; Ramalheira; ballast.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN STEAMERS.

DATE	NAME	FROM	CONSIGNED TO
15 16 16 16 16 18 18 19 19 20 20 20 21	Nasmyth Br Grecian Pr. Br Mozatt Br Euripides Br Belgrano Gr Ida Br V. de Ceará Fr Currityba Gr Strassburg Gr Campinas Gr Soma Gr Maruosa Aust Argentina Gr Gordon C'stle Br Parahyba Fr Brésil Fr Brésil Fr	Havre* 36d Bordeaux* 16d Santos 18h	Norton, M. & C. Quayle D. & C. Quayle D. & C. Korton, M. & C. To order E. Johnston & C. To order Chargeurs Reunis F. Johnston & C. H. Stoltz & C. E. Johnston & C. C. Johnston & C. Chargeurs Reunis Mess. Maritimes Royal, Mail Norton M. & C.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN STEAMER

	TO CARGO
Apr. 15 Dalton Br 15 Loange Br 16 Eapage Br 16 Moonsh Pr 16 Ebe Br 17 Ebb Br 17 Ebb Br 18 Winnoor Br 18 Winnoor Br 18 Winnoor Br 19 Creedin Pr. Br 10 Ortellan Br 10 Velleda Br 10 Argenina Gr 10 Ca. Antim Br 10 Ilyan Br 10	Hallast Sundries do

VESSELS AFLOAT & CHARTERED FOR R

Adelina	Oporto	
Arnfinn.	Hamburg	18 Mar
	at Malmo	10 Blar
August Smith	London	••
Beechley (str)		
	Bangkok	1 Mar
Rella Familia	Oporto	14 Mar
Bella Formigosa	Oporto	.,
	Hull	26 Feb
Caawkan	Rangoon	17 Mar
Craigerne	Cardiff	
Суртотене.	Norfolk	16 Mar
	Jersey	••
	Jersey	
Drumblair	Baltimore	27 Mar
Drumfe.l (str)	Cardiff	
Future (Str)	Cardiff	
Express	Liverpool	6 Mar
Eaith.	Calculta	10 Mar
Edinburgh.	Rangoon	12 Mar
	Marseilles	14 Mar
	Baltimore	
rijesnire	Bangkok	21 Mar
Fjord	at Lisbon	t Mar
Giovanni	Daniel	
Hilda	Pensacola	
Hounglane (ora)	Cardiff	
Hounslow (str)	Cardiff	20 Mar
Iny	New York	.,
Inglewood.	Rangoon	18 Mar
	Baltimore	28 Feb
	Rangoon	
Latia.	Brunswick	7 Mar
	Sunderland	9 Mar
plary T. Kimball	Mobile	
**	Pensacola	

Mary A. Law	Pensacola ,	
		6 Mar
Moonstone (str)	igneira	5 Feb
Prince Regent	Middlesborough	
Date William	at Lisbon	
Prince Victor	Cardiff	8 Feb
Pengwern	Bristol	
Quater 1	Oporto	••
		::
Swift.	London	7 Mar
S. R. Bearse		
Schiftement	New York	o Feb
Schiffswert	Antwerp	4 Mar
Storfursten	Dover '	6 Feb
Soph's	Oporto	
Sterra Cordova	Rangoon	8 Feb
l entadora	Oporto	o rep
	Brunswick	••
Triumpho	Drunswick	••
Venturosa	Oporto	
[7]	Oporto 2	Mar
Vlaanderen		Mar
White Wings		Mar
vest Loinian		
		8 Jan
'8 ₅ "		Mar
	Jersey 11	Mar

FOREIGN SAILING VESSELS IN THE PORT

	OF RIO	DE .	JANE	IR	O, APR	IL	22nd, 1895
R8.	NAME	TONS	AR-		WHERE		CONSIGNEES
•	American	- -		-		-	
	sp Granite State sp Cora	1624	Feb.	32	New Yor Pensacola	k.	Watson, R. & C. Geral de C. & I. F. P. Passos, Whaler, Wilson & C.
	bk Swallow	972	Mar.	8	Brunswick New Bed	f.	F. P. Passos.
	Argentine	. 012	1.	- 1		- 1	
	bk Felix	1	Jan.	5	Santos	•-	To order
	bk Scammell Bros	1104	Feb.	4 1	Pensacola Ship Islan	d i	To order Geral de C. & I. F. P. Passos. Lage Irmãos. Kink Mill. Braz. Coal Co. Jaz. Coal Co. Jaz. Coal Co. Jaz. Coal Co. Jas. W. G. & C. Jaz. Coal Co. Jaz. W. G. & C. Jaz. Coal Co. Ja
	bg Westaway	1039	2	3	ewport.		Lage Irmãos.
	bg Westaway bk Kelverdale	1132	2	4 (ardiff		Rink Mill, Braz. Coal. Co.
	sp Z. Ring sp Euphemia		Mar 2	8 (ardiff	1	Braz. Coal Co.
	bk Windrush	1432	1	4 1	Iull.	: [(a. W. G. & C.
	sp Servia	1300	.2	5 (ardıff	. A	less. Maritimes
	bk J. Woodside. sp Munster sp Karoo bk Banklands	1468	1	5 6	runswick ardiff	1	a. W. G. & C.
	bk Banklands	1938	2	2	ardiff	. A	less. Maritimes
	sp Forest-King.	1602	2	3 1	lew York	. 1	o order
	sp Forest-King sp Kingsport sp East African	8111	2	3 0	ardiff	: ŭ	Valter, C. & C
			2	5 G	lasgow	·G	as Co.
	lug Hector sp Canara bk T E Marshall	498	. 2	7 1	lobile	ijν	a. W. G. & C
10.			Apr.		ewport	·	o order a. W. G. & C. age Irmãos. Vilson Sons & C W. Gross & C. Ohn Moore & C
lar	lug Albatross	399	- 3	P	arahyba	: c	W. Gross & C
	lug L. G. Crosby bk Avoca.	298 1450	4	I A	reia Bran ardiff	٠Įį	ohn Moore & C
ar	bk Avoca bk Cedar Croft bk Talisman	3001	11	: IS:	underland	111	Zilasa Cont Co.
ar	bk C. W. lanes	889 825	14	C	ardiff,	·B	Rodrigues & C
eb	bk Tanjore	867	14	R	osario	A	Rodrigues & C z. B. P. & C. z. B. P. & C.
ar	bk D'Artagnan	287					
ar	bk Philip Nelson.		-				alter. C. & C.
ır	bk Fortunatino.	.00					. Stoltz & C.
		481	Apr. 7	M	arseilles arseilles.	T	o order
ar	bk Pefetta Norwegian	585	13	M	arseilles	K	o order arl Valais & C.
ır	bk Haminia	477	Nov. 25	A.	itwern	1	
r		258	Mar. 16	A	twerp	Ta	eral de C. & I.
ır	bk Sophie bk Seringa bk Prince Louis	1116	20	Pe	nsacola	G	order eral de C. & I. order az. C. al Co.
r	bk Prince Louis	1268	Apr. i	Le	ith	Br	order
	bg Zaritza	345 167	4	Pa	ranaguá	Ċ.	Neidhort.
ı.	Portuguese						Saboia C.
	bk Maria Emilia	363 F	eb. 4	Op	orto	Į.	J. Gon. & C.
r b	bk Julius	600	pr. 5	Op On	orto	Į.	J. Gon. & C. A G. S. & C. acedo Jr. & C.
r	bk Australia	912 1	•				icedo Jr. & C.
r	sp Cash er	335 A	pr. 6				. W. G. & C. ilson Sons & C
ı	Sp Accrington	754 N	Iar. 28	Car	dift.	D	- C-1 a
, [bk Robertsforss .	763 A	pr. 4	Cai	diff	Bra	iz. Coal Co.
5							

Last Quotations of Stocks and Bonds --- April 22nd.

Circulation	Public Funds	
262,055,800\$ 105,000,000 124,642,000 18,541,500 24,761,500 16,368,500 Fcs. 17,500,000 7,339,000 4,000,000	Stock 5% currency (apolices). Bonds of 1805,	
Capital	Banks Par Last div.	1,35 833
20,000,000\$ 20,000,000	Commercial	25 200\$

Capital				1-3- 555
	Banks	Par	Last div.	19.00
20,000,000 20,000,000 80,000,000 17,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000	Commercial Commercio and series Condenctor Condenctor Credito Movel Lavoura e Commercio do and series Nacional Brazilero. Republica do Brazil Brazilero. Fural Hypothecatismos do and series.	200\$ 200 -40 200 200 200 100 200 100 200 100 200 100	8\$co3—Jan. 95 \$ co0—Jan. 95 1 fo0—Jan. 95 2 co0—Feb. 93 2 co0—Jan. 95 8 cor—Jan. 95 10 co0—Jan. 95 10 co0—Jan. 95 10 co0—Jan. 95 10 co0—Jan. 95 10 co0—Jan. 95 10 co0—Jan. 93 10 co0—Jan. 93	207\$<03 — 21C\$000 212 CO3 — 220 CO0
Capital	Railways	Par		
40,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 62,000,000 12,000,000 70,000,000	Bahia & Minas Muzambinho Oeste de Minas of and series. S. Paulo-Rio Grande Unida Sorocabana-Itauna. do and series.	40\$ 100 200 75 200 200 60		
Capital	Tramways	Par	Last div.	
14,000,000\$ 12,000,000	Jardim Botanico S. Christovão.	200\$	2\$300-Jan. 95 Jan. 95	- 135\$000 168\$000—172 000
Capital	Mills	Par	Last div.	
10,000,000\$ 6,000,000 6,000,000 6,000,000 500,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 2,500,000 2,500,000 366,000	Alliança Brazil Industrial Confoca Contoca Confoca Contoca Confoca Industrial Industrial Industrial Minima Manufactora Fluminense Manufactora Fluminense Manufactora Fluminense Manufactora Fluminense Manufactora Fluminense Series S. Pedro de Alcantara Santa Luiza.	200\$ 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	15\$000—Jan. 95 14\$000—Jan. 95 14\$000—Jan. 95 12 000—Jan. 95 25 000—Jan. 95 13 000—Jan. 95 8 000—Mar. 95 8 000—Jan. 95	

Hyland, Huggins, Hammond & Go. ENGINEERS.

Railway Contractors,

Importers of all Kinds of Machinery Railway Material,

> Portable Railways, Coffee Machinery.

31. RUA SÃO BENTO, 31

SÃO PAULO.

Caixa do Correio, 291.

STRANGERS' HOSPITAL,

110, Rua da Passagem

Now open for the reception of patients.

Non-subscribers will be admitted on presentation of a Order of Admittance signed by any subscriber. The payment of a sum equivalent to a fortnight's treatment, or a guarantee for all expenses from some resident in good standing, will be

Applicants for admission should present themselves between to and 11 a.m., if possible, or should first see the visiting phy sician (Dr. Bandeira) before going there, in order to secure prompt medical attendance.

prompt medical attendance. Patients employing other physicians can go direct to the Hospital, but should carry with them the physician's instruc-tions as to assignment—whether in the ordinary or feve-wards, and whether in a general ward or private room—and the above mentioned "order of admittance."

Orders of admittance may be procured at this office The consulting office of the regular visiting physician is:

DR. BANDRIRA..... No. 25 Rua 1º de Marco.

The visiting hours are, for the present, 8 to 9 in the morning and 5 to 7 in the evening.

R. CASSELS & Co.

11 Rua Primeiro de Março, RIO DE JANEIRO 32 Rua do Commercio, SÃO PAULO, and

CASSELS, KING & Co.

858, Calle Cangallo, BUENOS AYRES

Importers and Agents for Manufacturers,

Further Agencies, suitable to their lines of business—Hardare, Domestic good, Specialties, etc., etc. —are respectfully

Nobel's Explosives Co., L'd. GLASGOW.

No. 1 DYNAMITE, GELIGNITE and GELATINE DYNAMITE

under Government inspection.

Packed in cases of 50 lbs. each, nett weight.

Works: ARDEER, Ayrahire
Stocks of above goods always on hand in Rio magazines,
and also of Detonators and Safety fuses suitable for all

All information concerning the above can be had on opplication to the Agents in Brazil

Watson Ritchie & Co.

25, Rua Theophilo Ottoni, Rio de Janeiro

TRY

NECTANDRA AMARA

Missing Friends.

nformation wanted at the British Consulate General,
8, Travessa D. Manoel, as to death or whereabouts of

COHEN, or RAPPOPORT, LEAH; when last heard of (Austr, 1894) was in Ribeisao Preto.

BONDIN, ANTONIO GABRIEL,
do. ANTONIO FRANCESCO,
do. THERESA; formerly residing at Rua Passo , Nictheroy, and S. Vicente de Paula, Estado de meiro.

SCULLY, JEREMIAH; who left Ballyclough, Co. Cork, in 1846 or 1847.

Low, JAMES; deserted from British ship Whinlatter October 1894.

TUCKERSON, or THORIKERSON, WILLIAM, formerly mate of the Hettle May, which left Rio in March, 1894. MAJON, JOHN STANLEY: of the Bahama islands: for adjustment of legacy.

Rio de Janeiro, 20th February 1895.

C. F. Ancell, Acting British Consul General.

TO LET

With nice family suitable rooms for married Gentlemen or young men; good accomodation. Fabrica, Tijuca and Muda da Tijuca tram-cars pass the

11 A, Rua dos Araujos

ALL THE INHABITANTS OF THE UNITED STATES OF BRAZIL AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES CAN NOW VERY EASILY OBTAIN IT.

To all places where a postal-agency exists, the salutary NECTANDRA AMARA FILLS, which contain the exact doses of Nectandra, well packed in small and resistant tin boxes, can be forwarded with the greatest dispatch and thus serve instead of Wine, Elixir, or Tincture of Nectandra Amara, the Paulista remedy, as the latter, on account of being liquid, can not be sent by mail. The effect produced by the Nectandra Amara pills is exactly the same.

Here are some of the innumerable testimonials with regard to this wonderful medicine:

From a mother.

Mr. Joaquim Bueno de Miranda.—Having been very ill, suffering from a dyspeptic complaint, acme very near dying and leaving my five children as orphans; my good lack, however, would that I read one of your Nectandra Maria pills advertisements in the journal O Paiz; I bought some and the result was very prompt; after a few days I was completely re-established. I write you this letter purposely, so that you can make any use of it you desire. Yours gratefully Anna EMILIA DE SOUZA MACHABO. Rio de Janeiro, 12th June 1894.

From a father.

The undersigned certifies herewith that his daughter suffered for a long time from an intestinal complaint, and after having been treated by very capable physicians without result, was completely re-established by the use of the Nectandra Amara pills. Rio de Janeiro, 18th September 1890. ANTONIO A. C. BARRADAS, Doctor in Sciences.

From a sufferer.

I, the undersigned, declare herewith, that having suffered a long time from dysentery, and having used your Nectandra Amara pills by the advice of a good friend, find myself happily re-established; one single box was sufficient to effect my cure. 241, Rua do Hospicio, Rio de Janeiro, 22nd April 1894. J. DO PAZO.

From a doctor.

I certify herewith that I have frequently employed in my practice the Pills, Elixir and Tincture of Nectandra Amara with admirable results in cases of diarrhea, dysentery and inflammation of the bowels. Which I affirm and swear upon the faith of my professional reputation. Capivary, 14th March 1890. Dr. JOSÉ VIEIKA DA COSTA VALENTE.

A business man from the interior

writes us as follows: State of Minas Geraes, S. João Baptista da Terra Branca, 15th May 1891. Having obtained a very good result by the use of the box of Sr. Antero Leivas' Nectandra Amara pills, which you sent me by mail, I now enclose herewith 48700 and beg you will forward to my address two more boxes of your precious medicine for the cure of dyspeptic complaints. With many regards, yours, etc., Antonio Theophilo dos Reis.

From a planter of the interior.

S. José do Bom Jardim, 8th February 1894.

Sr. Joaquim Bueno de Miranda — Enclosed find the sum of 4\$600 for which please send me by registered mail two more boxes of Nectandra Amara pills; the result obtained by our patient with the last box received has been highly satisfactory. Yours etc., MANOM, TEXERIA DE PAIVA

The above transcribed letters and testimonials show the great efficacy of the Nectandra pills in cases of complaints of the stomach or disarrangement of the bowels and the great facility to obtain them wherever a postal agency exists. It is a remedy with which every lamily, father, or chief of establishment in distant parts of the country, where no prompt medical assistance can be obtained, should be provided, because this remedy sig but for those conductive which occur most frequently, and from which, when neglected, ensue very often fatal consequences.

which occur most trequently, and then when the blood, weakness in the legs, swellen feet on getting up, convalescence after serious illness, the pills should be ground and diluted in a small glass of superior Port wine, and taken on rising from bed and at the meals.

For sea-sickness, three pills should be ground and diluted in a small glass of water or good Port wine and taken until the disposition to vomit has passed. For children, half the dose is sufficient.

All persons, who have no correspondents here and desire to provide themselves with these

dose is sufficient.

All persons, who have no correspondents here and desire to provide themselves with these most useful pills, should write direct to the proprietor who will remit them by registered mail to any part of Brazil or foreign country, by enclosing with the order the amount of Rs. 28300 for one box, 12\$600 for 6 boxes and 20\$800 for one boxes; the fractions represent the amount paid to the Post Office for registering.

Address: JOAQUIM BUENO DE MIRANDA,

N.º 72,- RUA S. PEDRO, 1ST FLOOR. RIO DE JANEIRO

Yo English High-Life in Brazil

we suggest the most delicate of english beers, the

EXPORT PILSENER

brewed by the

Wrexham Lager Beer Co. in Wrexham, England, imported by Messrs. Zenha Ramos & C.. Rua da Alfandega 33, Rio de Janeiro.

LUIZ BELLEZZA, Gl. Agent. Rua S. Pedro 86. Caixa 1091. Rio de Janeiro.

Azevedo, murray & Co.

Curitiba (Brasil) and Branch Office at Buenos Aires.

Agencies: Rio de Janeiro, Montevideo, Rosario, Valparaiso. Exporters and Commission Merchants.

Agencies and correspondence solicited.

Preparers and exporters of best Brands and qualities of Matté (Paraguay Tea.)

AVERAGE MONTHLY SHIPMENTS 600 TONS.

Samples forwarded on application to any part of the world, Respectable agents required.

> Bankers: -- LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK, LD. TELEGRAMS-INDOBANCO.

"MILD, MELLOW

MATURED"



SOLE AGENTS

HOGG & MURLY

8, Rua Visconde de Inhauma. 8

DANISH OPTICAL STORE

The only store making a speciality of optical goods

HIGH GRADE GLASSES A SPECIALITY.

75 Rua Sete de Setembro 75

CRASHLEY & Co.,

Newsdealers and Booksellers.

Subscriptions received for all the leading English and American newspapers and periodicals. Agents for The European Mail.

A large assortment of English novels, of the Tauchnitz Edicions, of the Franklin Square Library and of the Lovell Library Constantly on hand.

Views of Rio and neighbourhood.

Orders received for Scientific and other books Old Brazilian stamps bought Collections of stamps purchased

Agents for Lonestreth's Rubber Stamos

Dealers in Atkinson's, Piesse & Lubin's and Roya. Perfumeries and Pear's Soa No. 67, Rua do Ouvidor.

"HARLES HUE JUN!! & CO.

Ship Chandlers and Commission Merchans Rua Fresca No. 5.

Caixa 392. RIO DE JANEIRO Water supplied on short notice.

H ogg & murly.

GENERAL AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. SHIPPING AGENTS

No. 8 Rua do Visconde de Inhauma.

VICTORIA STORE

8 B, Rua de São Bento SÃO PAULO

NEWSAGENTS, BOOKSELLERS

and COMMISSION AGENTS.

Assortments of English Novels, Books, Shoes, Lincoln and tennetts. Hats, Pear's soaps, and nearly every English nicle of general use, on hand.

Agents for Lipton's teas, of which there is always a good

VICTORIA STORE

Caixa O.

São Paulo.

Against sea-Sickness **NECTANDRA AMARA**

CHALK & Co.

IMPORTERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Telegraphic Address: DESPATCH. P. O. Box 374.

No. 4, TRĄVESSĄ DO COMMERCIO,

S. PAULO. Messrs. THOMAS FORD & Co.

SWANSEA (England) Correspondence invited.

Tyr. Aldina-Rua Sete de Setembro, 79.

Shipping.

Geo. R. Penton.

Frank H. Norton ESTABLISHED 1865.

THOMAS NORTON & CO.

Ship Brokers and Commission Merchants. Old regular Line Sailing Packets to RIO DE JANEIRO & SANTOS.

104. Wall Street.

NEW YORK

Steamships.

ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY

Under contracts with the British and Brazilian ments for carrying the mails. TABLE OF DEPARTURES,

1895			
Date	Steamer	Destination	
1895			
May 7	Nile	Southampton and Antwerp, calling at Bahia, Pernambuce, Lisben and Vigo.	
		Montevides and Buenes-Ayres.	

This Company will have steemers from and to England three times per month.

Insurance on freight shipped on those steemers can be baken out at the Agency.

For freight, passages and other information apply to

IVERPOOL, BRAZII. AND RIVER PLATE MAIL STEAMERS.

LAMPORT & HOLT LINE PASSENGER SERVICE FOR NEW YORK

BAHIA, PERNAMBUGO

New-York about the 15th May

Taking 1st and 3rd class pas moderate rates.

Surgeon and Stewardess carried. The voyage is much quicker than by way of England, and rithout the inconveniences of transfer.

For freight apply to the Broker Wm. R. McNiven,

87, Rua to de Março

For passages and other information apply Agents: NORTON, MEGAW & Co. Ld. 58, Rua 1º de Março

N ORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

Capital. . . 40,000,000 Marks.

Regular Lines of Steam Packets between Bremen - United States

- Brazil
- River Plate China, Japan Australia

Departures from Kio de Janeiro on the 8th and 23rd of each month to

Bahia, Lisbon, Antwerp and Bremen

Passengers and cargo for all ports of the diffecepted.

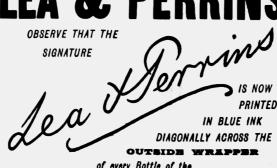
Passage Rates: 1st.-cl. ist.-cl. ard.-cl. Rio—Antwerp, Bremen. 500 Marks. , — Vigo. 500 , , — Lisbon. 500 , , For further information apply to

HERM. STOLTZ & Co., Agents. Rua da Alfandega, No. 63.

PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

DEPARTURE for LIVERPOOL.

No. 2, Rua de São Pedro.



of every Bottle of the

ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors,

Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London; and Export Oilmen generally. RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

ENVELOPES.

LARGE ASSORTMENT LATELY RECEIVED OF

LONG DOCUMENT ENVELOPES,

anufactured from blue and white cloth-lined paper and Japanese parchment;

SQUARE COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES from superior calendared papers of various of

American Commercial Envelopes.

made from the best white and tinted papers;

LINEN ENVELOPES,

m the best qualities of linen papers known in the United States.

envelopes are superior in both quality and make. Samples may be seen at the

Typographia Aldina No. 79 Rua Sete de Setembro.

The Chandler & Price

× × CORDON + PRESS × × and the Golding & Co.

×× PEARL + PRESS ××

are great favorites with all job printers. We have some of each for sale,

COMMERCIAL PRINTING

EVERY KIND AND DESCRIPTION AT No. 70 Rua Sete de Setembro tet floor.

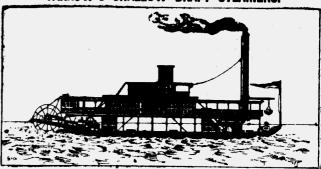


Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bittes.

y Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Pifty Cents a buttle. Directions in R Languages. THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO. Baltimer. Ed. U.S. &

W. R. Cassels & Co., Agents for Brazi.

YARROW'S SHALLOW DRAFT STEAMERS.



ent), which were simply bolted together, avoiding thereby

For full particulars apply to—
YARROW & CO., Shipbuilders,
POPLAR, LONDON.

WILLIAM SAMSON & CO.

Steamship Agents AGENTS OF THE

ALLAN LINE OF STEAMERS

HOWDEN LINE OF STEAMERS GELLATLY LINE OF STEAMERS

Rio de Janeiro, Rua S. Pedro No. 1, P. O. Box 1113 Buenos Aires, Calle Cuyo No. 429, ,, ,, 905
Montevideo, Calle Zabala No. 30, ,, ,, 253 Rosario, Calle Bajada No. 156, ,, ,, Cable Address:-SAMSON.

THE BRAZILIAN COAL Co

Representatives of

GORY BROTHERS & Co., Ld., London ldem Cardiff

A constant supply of fresh steam coal "Cory's Merthyr always on hand. Prompt delivery at reasonable prices. Tugboats always ready for service. OFFICES

Praça do Commercio, Salas 26 and 27.

Entrance: Rua Gen. Camara DEPOT:

Ilha dos Ferreiros

EPP, EDWARDS & Co. General and Commission Merchants, SHIPPING AND STEAMER AGENTS.

AGENTS FOR Companhia de Fiação e Tecelagem Carioca Companiha de Navegação Carioca

> Coasting Steamers. The Alliance Insurance Co.

P. O. Box 741. Rio de Março.

RUBBER HAND STAMPS.

Metal-Bodied Rubber Type. S. T. LONGSTRETH,

Office and works: 18, Travessa do Ouvidor, 1st floor. NB.—Special attention given to large stamps (trade-marks) ad large type for marking coffee bags.

Business Signs Engraved

VA. WENCESLAU GUIMARAES & Co. WINE MERCHANTS.

Importers of Douro and Lisbon wines of the best qualities in casks, and under the private marks of the hous-Sole Agents for

BLANDY BROTHERS & Co.,

Exporter of Madeira Wines G. PRELLER & Co., Bordeaux,

Exporter of Bordeaux Wines;

E. REMY MARTIN & Co., Experter of Cognac

Dealers in

rgundy, Rhine and Mosel wines, Sherries, Cham Cognacs and Liqueurs of the best brands. Rua da Aljandega, 83.

NECTANDRA AMARA for the disarrangement of the bowels.

An English house, largely interested in the coffee trade and which intends to establish a branch in Bahia, wants a and which meets to estatists a branch in Bahis, wants a competent person who understands this business throughly. Would give preference to one who could take a small financial part in the business, or would enter into an agreement with a house already established. Applications with references to: M, B. The Liverpool Athenaeum, Liverpool, England.

To Let.

Nice rooms, furnished, to gentlemen of quiet tastes, at ita. Rosa, Nictheroy.

For information apply to the office of this paper.

NEW **YICTORIA** STORE

Luiz A. da Silva PROPRIETOR

Commission Merchant ORDERS RECEIVED FOR AND FROM PETROPOLIS

Order boxes in Rio de Janeiro at

N.ºs 46 and 67, RUA DO OUVIDOR

Dealer in all products of the country, candles, soap, kerozene, provisions of all kinds and descriptions, finest Wines and Liquors, preserved goods in tins and glasses, Mellins Food, Pears. SOAP, PERFUMERY, Biscuits and all other articles appertaining to this line.

Receives constantly fresh frozen meats, fish etc. from New-Zealand and England; Guinness'Stout and Whiskey.

Receives subscriptions for all foreign papers.

Nº 14, AVENIDA 13 DE MAIO **PETROPOLIS**