

THE RIO NEWS.

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NUMBER 31

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EDITORIAL AND PUBLICATION OFFICES: 79, Rua Sete de Setembro.

RIO DE JANEIRO, AUGUST 1st, 1893.

The situation in Rio Grande is still largely a matter of pure conjecture. So completely has the government closed all telegraphic communication, including the cable south, to political news that we have received no telegraphic news whatever from Rio Grande since the Wandenkolk raid. This is of course of no practical effect so far as the revolution in that state is concerned, but it is a gross and illegal interference with the free transmission of news and a gratuitous annoyance to the public. And the practical effect will be to alienate public sympathy still more from an executive who is inclined to rule as a dictator, rather than as a constitutional president. The news of the federalist capture of Jaguarão still lacks confirmation, the reports at Montevideo being very contradictory when the last mail steamer left that port. It is possible that the repeated announcements that a pacification has been arranged, and that Julio de Castilhos is to resign, has had some effect on the movements of the federalists. It may be assumed that they will not be averse to any satisfactory settlement of the dispute, but it is certain that they will demand guarantees against another betrayal such as that of the Bagé agreement some three years ago. It would be of great advantage to the country could a really honorable and satisfactory settlement be arranged, but such a settlement, to be permanent, must definitely prohibit all further federal interference in the local affairs of the state. Whether the President is prepared to give up his penchant for political intrigue we do not know, but we do know that he will never see peace and prosperity in Brazil until he does.

The complication in Santa Catharina has at last resulted in an armed conflict. At Blumenau, on the 28th or 29th ult., a state police force was met by the revolutionists and compelled to retire, both sides, it is reported, suffering losses. The police force was under the command of the chief of police, and was under orders to suppress the Hercilio Luz revolution in that place and to reinstate the deposed municipal council. The revolutionists were armed with the rifles recently dispatched to the place by the military officials in Desterro. At the time this conflict occurred considerable bodies of armed men, calling themselves "civic guards" (guardas civicas) were arriving in Desterro from the disturbed localities, and with them the leaders of the revolution. They were all received and quartered at the military barracks, from which they went out to parade the streets and incite an insurrection against the state authorities. This open protection of insurgents by the national commandant, Col. Serra Martins, of course prevented any action against them by the police authorities and gave them a strength and advantage which the movement could not otherwise have obtained. On the 30th a military demonstration was made by Col. Serra Martins, who paraded his whole force and fired artillery salutes in the streets, with the purpose evidently of overawing the police force defending the state executive. Open preparations were also made at the barracks for an attack on the governor's residence, as shown by telegrams that same date asking the Rio government for assistance. It is said that telegrams were sent from the war department instructing Martins to remain neutral and to recognize only the legal state government, but in spite of all this the "civic guards" left the barracks on the early morning of the 31st and attacked the governor's palace from all sides. The revolutionists were armed with Comblain (military) rifles, and were under commands issued from the barracks, as shown by their suspending fire on a signal from that place. The telegrams published this morning report the death of two persons in the palace in the street. The assailants were then withdrawn and Col. Serra Martins advised the governor that he would maintain order, but he subsequently permitted the revolutionists to break into the state treasury and the municipal hall, and is said to be concealing the revolutionary governor, Hercilio Luz, in his quarters. The result of this shameful intrigue will be to create a civil war in the state of Santa Catharina similar to that which exists in Rio Grande, and for this the government of Florianópolis is largely to blame. Had the Blumenau insurgents not received aid and encouragement from the national government, and the assurance of support from the military forces in that state, they would never have resorted to arms. They have no abuses to complain of and no reasons whatever for resisting the legal authorities of the state. It is simply a political controversy, in which the state authorities are accused of being friendly to the Rio Grande revolutionists. Two military officers, Col. Serra Martins and Major Firmo, have been largely instrumental in organizing this opposition to the state government, and as they have retained there notwithstanding the complaints against them their superiors must take the responsibility for their revolutionary conduct. Were there any impartial and rational government in this capital these officers would be court-martialled and punished at once for their intrigues against the executive of an independent state, but this is more than we can expect. The wretched intrigue will be encouraged until the state authorities in Santa Catharina are overthrown and by that time anarchy will also be established. It is to be bitterly regretted that the people of this country can not be induced to leave their rivalries and political contentions to the peaceful decision of the ballot-box, but as long as a dictatorship exists and personal influences and prejudices are superior to all law, such a result can not be expected. Under existing conditions anarchy and rapid demoralization, socially and politically, can only be the logical results.

AMERICAN STATISTICS.

The United States Treasury department has issued the following circular to customs officials and others in regard to the statistical returns on imports from countries having a depreciated currency: "The department has been notified that the statistics of imports from countries having a depreciated currency are seriously vitiated by the fact that collectors of customs, in reporting the values of such imports, make out their reports in the depreciated currency indicated by the invoice, instead of in its equivalent in United States money, as is the intent of the laws and regulations governing the method of stating the values of imports. "This defect is especially noticeable in returns of free goods, as for example, coffee and India rubber coming from Brazil, and goods subject to specific duty, such as wool coming from the Argentine republic. "At the present time, in view of the fluctuating balance of trade, it is especially important that statistics of imports and exports shall be prepared as accurately as possible. "You are therefore instructed to require importers to declare upon all entries of goods which are free of duty or subject to specific rates of duty whether the value of the goods is expressed in the depreciated coin or paper currency of the country of exportation, and if expressed in depreciated coin or paper currency they shall reduce the same to its equivalent value in the standard coin of the United States at the time of exportation.

HOSPITAL SAMARITANO—SÃO PAULO.

The annual general meeting of subscribers was held in the American College on July 20th. The chief business was the election of three directors in place of the three whose term of office had expired. Mr. William Speers, superintendent of the São Paulo railway was re-elected and General Couto de Magalhães and Mr. Bento Ferraz were elected to serve for three years. The statement submitted by the Treasurer showed that up to the end of the financial year the total amount received was 71,570\$890, and at that time there was a balance in hand of 14,791\$380. The president of directors in his report gave an account of the progress made with the building. The foundation-stone was laid on July 21st, 1892, and now the centre two-storied building is completed as well as the kitchen and laundry department. One of the wings is well advanced and when completed there will be accommodation, dining-room and physician's room. A qualified nurse has been here for some time and is ready to begin work as soon as the building and furnishing is completed. But more money is required. Grateful mention was made of a donation of 24,000\$ given by the state government, 10,000\$ given by the London and Brazilian Bank and other donations given by numerous friends. But everything in São Paulo is so expensive that even with the greatest economy, a great deal more will be required to put the hospital in a fully equipped state. From all appearances next year season is likely to be a very sickly one; the dreaded yellow fever which for so many years has spared São Paulo, has at last appeared, and last summer no inconsiderable number of cases occurred in the city, apart from imported cases. The experience of other cities has been that yellow fever appears at first on a very limited scale and that each succeeding year sees an increment in the number of cases, until a specially hot and dry summer comes and then the disease bursts out in grand epidemic, such as was experienced in 1892-93. The Campinas, in 1891-92 in Rio Claro and many other interior towns in the state of São Paulo. For two summers past yellow fever has been recognized in São Paulo by every unbiassed member of the medical profession and by many of the more enlightened civil authorities. Little or nothing has been done to meet the dread enemy and so everything has had to be left to chance. For this reason the hospital appeals to all to lead a hand, and above all to those who, having made their fortunes in São Paulo in pleasanter times, are now able to enjoy life surrounded by all its comforts, and where, thanks to the adoption of modern sanitary measures, they themselves run no risks from such scourges as yellow and malarial fevers. Possibly no city in the world of the population and wealth of São Paulo is so ill provided with hospital accommodation, and such as there is, has, rightly or wrongly, got such a reputation that poor people, and especially north European immigrants, absolutely refuse to go to the hospital, preferring to lie and frequently die in the vilest dens to go into the present hospital. The object of the Samaritano Hospital is to provide the best obtainable medical and nursing skill with as many comforts as possible for those able to pay for them, and so far as accommodation and funds will allow, for the poor who have nothing to pay. Another very important object is that of stimulating the other institutions by a friendly rivalry, to improve their methods of treating the sick, and especially the poor, who are committed to their charge. Surely with such objects in view there should be no difficulty in raising sufficient funds to put the Hospital on a thorough-going basis and that it will be a great boon to many a young man struck down by illness while living in boarding-houses or lonely lodgings, to many a poor man condemned to see most of the sunny side of life, to many a poor woman bereft, perhaps, of friends and forced to earn her daily bread by her own physical exertions, that it will be a boon to these and many more can not be doubted. Funds are very urgently required at once for building and furnishing purposes. Subscriptions can be sent through the London and Brazilian and British Banks to any of the undersigned and will be duly acknowledged: Dr. W. L. STRAIN, President, c/o São Paulo Railway, São Paulo; WILLIAM SPEERS, Esq., São Paulo Railway, São Paulo; COL. DR. ANTONIO PAES DE BARROS, Hon. Treasurer, Banco União, São Paulo; A. J. LAMOUREUX, Esq., The Rio News, Rio de Janeiro.

RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

An Uruguayan officer, Lieut. Kosciusco Canfield, has been sentenced at Montevideo to 18 months' imprisonment and dismissal from the service for stealing war materials to sell to the Grande revolutionists. A subordinate was likewise sentenced to six months' imprisonment. The Buenos Aires Standard has lately created considerable merriment by announcing that the Emperor of Germany had left in his yacht for "Gottengurg, Switzerland." Perhaps Mr. Muthall had been thinking about the "Swiss admiral" when he located a seaport in that happy country. There were 627 births (75 illegitimate), 74 marriages and 385 deaths in Montevideo during the month of May. Among the deaths were 17 from typhoid and other fevers and 3 from yellow fever, in the port. The arrivals numbered 4,149 and the departures 3,528. The estimated population for May was 220,517. The tide of European emigration is again turning towards this country, in spite of the taxes placed upon every kind of produce by rapacious provincial governments. From the returns presented by the national immigration department we see that 52,000 immigrants have landed upon these shores since the first of January of the present year, and it is calculated that the total for the year will not fall far short of 100,000. Review, Buenos Aires. The municipality has decreed that a house owner may not let his walls for advertising purposes, and that all existing advertisements must be removed within ten days, or else a fine will be imposed. Proprietors are at the same time advised that a certain firm has the exclusive right of putting up advertisements in the streets. Here is a case where you may not paint your own walls but somebody else may, and if this is not jolly pure and simple we should like to know what is. Review, Buenos Aires. It is to be hoped that the government will withdraw the line regiment quartered here, as its component parts not only create disorderly scandals and drunken brawls daily, but are a perpetual menace to the safety of decent women who go outside their dwellings unattended. We object to the public streets being turned into parade grounds for the military, and their tramping, bugging and hand noise in the early morning is especially annoying of the bomber in the afternoon, and a more ungrudgingly looking collection it would be difficult to discover, unless perhaps some of the other regiments are still worse. Argentine News, Rosario. The provincial army is apparently well stocked, for according to the recent inventory of the Santa Fé provincial arms we find the following: 10,000 Remingtons, 700 Mauser, 4 machine guns, 7 cannon, besides numerous sabres, carbines, etc., and a plentiful store of ammunition. Early on a Wednesday morning before two o'clock a great number of these were extracted from the barracks and taken away from the city, and probably stowed away in some neighbouring estancia, in view of the intentions of the national government to disarm Santa Fé. Such disrespectful contempt for the national authority should be severely dealt with. Argentine News, Rosario. The odd, wretched story of contradictions has begun again. Telegrams were first received announcing that the federal leader Saraviva had been a decisive victory over the republicans near Yaguaron. Later and apparently better substantiated telegrams, however, announce the exact contrary, asserting that he has suffered a serious reverse, and his troops are broken up and have fled to Ana Correa, who is a revolutionary stronghold. He managed, however, to steal the horses of the republicans, so as to prevent pursuit! The reputed death of General Soares of the republican party is denied. It is now said that Saraviva had with him 900 men and a great many women! Our own opinion is that neither the one account or the other is to be trusted. Montevideo Times, July 22. No one will deny the fact that Argentina has a splendid navy, grand docks and a considerable coasting fleet, but surprise no doubt will be expressed when we state that the port authorities have no means of affording assistance to vessels that may be in danger of shipwreck. A few weeks ago, we mentioned the case of a German merchant vessel that had gone aground, and was in imminent danger of becoming a total wreck, not far from the port of Bahia Blanca, and although help was asked for, the port authorities were unable to find any, as they did not even possess a boat capable of lending any assistance whatever, and if it had not been for help rendered by private individuals the entire crew would have been drowned. Now, however, we have to deal with a more serious case, which concerns the port of Buenos Aires. On Sunday last a small bark went aground in front of Belgrano, and although application was made to the port authorities in the Boca and also in Buenos Aires, no assistance was afforded, and the crew of one was saved from certain death by the crew of a coasting vessel that had seen his signals of distress. Review, Buenos Aires, July 22. The beggars in this city are a systematic nuisance to the every-day business man and a disgrace to our boasted civilization. It is well-known to many that the old man who formerly always stood at the Mercet church, begging alms, made loud protestations against the closing of the Provincial Bank, by which he had lost his deposit of \$14,000, that the old man who formerly begged on the arrival of every train at the Rivadavia station of the Anglo-Argentine Tramway Co. sold his pos for a good round sum and has since established himself at Tres Esquinas, where he carries on the same game, while the old grey-headed woman who roams the principal streets in the neighborhood of the Bolsa, pleading charity in the most piteous tones, and launching out with violent abuse when her demands are refused, is reputed to be, not only well-educated, but the owner of three good houses. Add to these the warning herds of able-bodied and idle Bolivians that live on the church and cathedral steps, begging for food which they are too indolent to earn, and surely the most kind-hearted will realize that their charity to such is ill-placed and wasted. Times, Buenos Aires.

Telegrams from Sanitary report the breaking out of revolutions in the provinces of Buenos Ayres and Santa Fé, the purpose being to overthrow the corrupt and tyrannical administrations of those provinces. In both localities, the revolutionists are said to have secured important advantages.

There are 54 sugar mills in the northern provinces of Argea, which are in Tucuman. The area under sugar-cane cultivation is about 36,000 hectares. The sugar output in 1892 was estimated at 58,000 tons, which it is calculated will be increased fully 20 per cent. this year.

It is said that the Uruguayan government, in compliance with a request of the Brazilian government, has issued an order of arrest against Colonel Laurentino Pinto, who has committed offences which bring him within the extradition law. Certainly, it seems to us, that his seizure by force of the merchant vessel Italia was an act of common piracy, although her unjustifiable under any plea of revolution, and his arrest and punishment would be a merited lesson. The arrest has not yet been effected because he cannot be found. Probably he received a hint to get out of the way. If arrested, he would be detained until sufficient proof was offered of the offences charged against him. On the other hand, it is also said that the Uruguayan government is troubled at the Brazilian gunboats being ordered here, which it regards as an attempt at intimidation. This, however, it will have brought upon itself by its having allowed the conspirators to make Montevideo the headquarters of their plots against the constituted authorities of a friendly neighbor. It is also alleged that the gunboats are sent here because doubt is felt as to their fidelity, and therefore it is thought better to keep them at a distance from Rio Janeiro, where, it is reported, a very uneasy feeling is prevalent and the government is in evident alarm.—Montevideo Times, July 22.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES

July 24.—Senate.—Senator Caturba spoke on the political situation of the country. He said that he had been one of those who longed for the republic, expecting that it would be a guarantee for the rights and liberties of citizens. He continues, he said, to long for a republic, for what now exists is not a republic but a dictatorship. Senator Aristides Lobo in reply denied the existence of a dictatorship and deprecated comparisons between the former system of government and that which now exists. When such comparisons are made by republicans, what, he asked, is the conclusion that people naturally draw? That the monarchy is a better system of government than the republic. People complain, he added, of the preponderance of the military, but whose fault is it? Why, that of the agitators, who constantly threatening public tranquillity and order and even the institutions of the country. When the country is in this state, how is it possible, he asked, to do without the army? It is only by means of force that order can be preserved.—Chamber of Deputies.—Deputy Epitacio moved to inquire what steps had been taken by the government to check the abuses committed by federal officers in Santa Catharina. Deputy Jacques Onrique moved to inquire (1) what authority had ordered the investigation of the conduct of Admiral Wandenkolk by a military court of inquiry; (2) whether the Admiral, although a senator and a retired officer, was at the time of his arrest employed in any military commission; (3) what military crime had the Admiral committed to be thus tried by a military court. The committee on public works and colonization reported in favor of the bill for granting a subsidy of 500,000\$ annum for a line of steamers between the ports of Pará, Maranhão, Ceará, Pernambuco, Macacé, Lisbon, Barcelona, Marseilles and Genoa.

July 25.—Senate.—The navy bill was voted in 3rd discussion with amendments.—Chamber of Deputies.—Deputy Zambra offered a motion, signed by himself and Deputy Seabra, for the appointment of a committee three to call on the President of the republic and ask him to put an end to the anarchy and disorder caused in Santa Catharina by troops and government employes. The debate on this motion became so stormy that the president suspended the sitting. The motion, offered at the previous sitting by Deputy Jacques Onrique, to ask for information in regard to the arrest of Admiral Wandenkolk, was passed by a vote of 58 to 49. The bill on judicial costs was voted in 1st discussion, and the Matto Grosso railway bill in 2nd discussion. The committee on colonization reported a bill authorizing the government to contract with Vice-Admiral Arthur Jacagaty (Silveira da Motta) for introducing into the country 50,000 immigrants to be employed in maritime industries, such as fisheries, ship-building, oyster culture, etc. The same committee reported a bill for a subsidy of 1,200 per trip for a line of steamers between Aracajy, Paralyha, Natal, Pará, Lisbon, Antwerp, Liverpool and Hamburg.

July 26.—Senate.—Senator Rodrigues Alves in a speech on a railway bill said that the net revenue of the Central railway this year will probably not exceed 1,000,000\$.—Chamber of Deputies.—Deputy Lauro Muller answered the speech made at the previous sitting by Deputy Zambra. The governor of Santa Catharina, he said, has trampled on the rights of the people of the state and is now engaged in aiding the revolutionists of Rio Grande, whose object no one knows unless it be to restore the monarchy. The people of Santa Catharina, however, do not approve of the conduct of the state government and they are right in rising against it. Deputy Frederico Borges, in a speech on the currency bill, said that if it was not for the financial state of the country, he would be in favor of issuing bonds to the amount of 200,000,000\$.

July 27.—Senate.—Senator Christiano Ottoni spoke against the proposed railway grant to F. Dunker. Such grants, he asserted, should never be made save in view of previous surveys and only then to contractors who, in virtue of a call for tenders, offer the most advantageous terms.—Chamber of Deputies.—Deputy Seabra defended the motion offered by himself and Deputy Zambra in regard to affairs in Santa Catharina. All the current circumstances prove, he said, that the revolutionary movement in that state is instigated

by the general government, all of whose recent appointees are enemies of the state government. The depositions of municipal councils have all been in districts in which military officers of the general government are engaged in organizing the civil guard. In another speech, the same deputy opposed the approval of the decree of Dec. 17th and asked why the report of Ewerthon de Alencar, of banks of issue had not been published. Deputy Mayrink said that the Oeste de Minas railway loan was a failure and a disgrace to the nation. He asserted that only 30% of the amount required had been subscribed. He offered several amendments to the currency bill. One of these amendments authorizes the government to deliver to the Banco da Republica do Brazil the bank deposits in the Treasury for the purpose of being used, under the inspection of the Treasury, in exchange operations.

July 28.—Senate.—Senator Christiano Ottoni spoke against the bill for a railway between Rio de Janeiro and Entre Rio, which was defended by Senator Braz Carneiro. The latter said that by means of this route the trip which over the Central now takes five hours can be made in two hours and a half.—Chamber of Deputies.—Barão de Villa Vigosa introduced a bill on agricultural banks. Deputy Tosta introduced a bill signed by himself and others on the organization of the national guard. Deputies Mayrink and Rosa e Silva spoke on the currency bill. The latter insisted on the expediency of retaining in the Treasury the deposits made as a security for the notes issued by banks. He agrees with Deputy Mayrink in thinking that the Oeste de Minas railway was a failure.

July 29.—Senate.—Senator Almeida Barreto protested against the appointment of President Floriano Peixoto to the office of member of the supreme military court by a decree signed by the president of the Senate. He also protested against the appointment, which, he claims, is illegal, of two brothers, Visconde de Maracajy and Barão do Rio Apa, as members of that court.—Chamber of Deputies.—For want of a quorum there was no sitting of this chamber.

PROVINCIAL NOTES

—Last year in the city of Bahia there were 3,707 deaths. —Private advices received by the Journal on the 27th confirm the reports of federalist successes near Jaguarão.

The Journal do Commercio and Estado do Deserto, Santa Catharina, both state that the revolution in that state would be of no consequence were it not for the support of the national forces.

The telegrams from Santa Catharina during the past week have been decidedly amusing. One of them, which was received on the 27th, stated that the revolution against the state government, while the other half tell us of the insignificance and failure of the revolution.

The printing-office of the newspaper O Seara, at Jundiaby, São Paulo, was attacked and dismantled on the night of the 22nd ult., one of the leaders of the assault being a state deputy named Lucas Monteiro. It is not stated whether Col. Piragibe was there, or not.

The two houses of the Minas state legislature have authorized the calling of an extra session to resolve definitely upon the moving of the state capital. It is believed that the session will be called for November. The Mineros seem to be in a very great hurry to begin their moving!

Telegrams were received in Montevideo on the evening of the 20th stating that a fight had occurred near Jaguarão between Gumerindo Saravia and the national forces under Gen. Soares, resulting in the defeat and death of the latter. It was also reported that the national forces under Col. Elias had been surrounded.

By an executive decree of the 25th Governor Julio de Castilhos, of Rio Grande, appointed Dr. Carlos Barbosa Gonçalves as vice-governor of that state. According to the constitution of that state this appointment must be confirmed by a majority of the municipal councils. It is a curious way of obtaining a vice-governor, surely.

In the city of S. Paulo last year there were 3,050 arrests. The principal causes of arrest were the following: disorderly conduct, 1,425 arrests; vagrancy, 386; theft, 593; drunkenness, 359; drunkenness and disorderly conduct combined, 337; carrying prohibited weapons, 153; assault and battery, 277. There were 12 arrests for murder.

A Desterro telegram of the 27th says that Hericlio Luz, the Blumenau governor of Santa Catharina, is on his way to that city. It is said that he is accompanied by a force of men armed with the guns recently sent to Blumenau by the national military authorities in that state. Some long range engagements may therefore be expected at no distant day.

The captain of the Italia says that his steamer lay alongside of the quay at Rio Grande on the night of the 7th connected with the shore by a plank, that about 1 a.m. on the morning of the 8th a party of armed men under Col. Laurentino Pinto came on board and took possession, and that he was then compelled to order the engineers to start the fires under the boilers. The vessel left her moorings at half-past three, and went out across the barra to meet the Jupiter. During the blockade the Italia was struck by a shell, killing one man and wounding several others. Two of the wounded died the following day. The Jupiter left the barra at 8 a.m. on the 13th without advising the Italia (another illustration of Want of Courage), and the Italia left at 11 a.m. to escape capture. The arms and munitions on board were thrown into the sea before the steamer arrived at Maldonado. At the latter place the Uruguayan naval officer who took possession of the Italia allowed Pinto and companions to go free, by which means they escaped capture. Pinto and his companions had arrived in Rio Grande on the 6th and waited there two days without detection.

At a concert of the Club Internacional of São Paulo, Antonieta Rudge, a little girl of seven, is said to have astonished the audience with the wonderful skill with which she performs on the piano.

A telegram from Santa Catharina says that on the 29th inst. there was a fight at Blumenau between state forces and partisans of Dr. Hericlio Luz. According to the latter's chief of police the state troops were defeated with a loss of 3 killed and 20 wounded. On the following day the commander of the district, Col. Serra Martins, crushed his troops to parade the streets of the capital for the purpose of intimidating the state authorities. It was reported that the president's official residence would be attacked that night. Telegrams of yesterday state that this fear proved to be well founded. The governor's palace was fired upon at 2 a.m. on the 31st and four men were killed. The revolutionists were aided by the military forces, and though failing to dislodge the governor they broke into the state treasury and municipal hall and dominate the city.

What's the matter in Santos? Is the cryptococcus of Dr. Freire threatening another invasion? The Diario de Santos of Wednesday last says that the garrison there has been active and in readiness since Monday. At 8 p.m. on that day a force of 50 policemen went out to the barra, and at 9-30 a steam launch with Dr. Sá Lima, Major Jesus and Captain Candido went down the river to the same locality. A detachment of the 22nd battalion was also sent over to the pill-box fortress on the other side of the river. Thirty soldiers remained on the beach all night, while the steam launch went anxiously about. On Tuesday more soldiers went down the river, and the cruising continued. Tuesday night the major slept, but a guard was maintained. Why was this dusky? It has since transpired that these precautions were taken because of a private report that Gumerindo Saravia, Cassal and Cabela were coming to capture Santos. The steamer Alexandria was subsequently stopped and searched, an Italian steamer was almost scared out of the water by being fired upon from the pill-box fort, and every two-boats carries a police soldier. The scare is a real one, absurd as it may seem.

SANTOS ATHLETIC CLUB.

Cricket. "A to L" vs. "M to Z." This return-match was played on July 23rd, resulting in a win for the latter by 17 runs. "M to Z." H. Tross, b. Gillfillan..... 16 O. Wilmot, b. Fussell..... 1 A. Richards, b. Crewe..... 1 A. Skey, b. Gillfillan..... 21 A. Skey, run out..... 6 C. Young, c. and b. Gillfillan..... 6 A. Tweedie, b. Fussell..... 2 G. Wyatt, not out..... 14 A. Sell, smr., c. Carrington, b. Crewe..... 1 A. Sell, junr., c. Laurier, b. Born..... 8 G. Temple, b. Born..... 16 Extras..... 16 Total..... 85 "A to L." H. Born, b. Wilmot..... 18 P. Crewe, c. Robson, b. Richards..... 3 H. Fussell, b. Richards..... 3 F. H. Gepp, run out..... 19 J. Cross, c. and b. Wilmot..... 2 A. Haynes, hit wicket, b. Tross..... 2 J. Lockley, b. Richards..... 4 C. Gillfillan, b..... 1 F. Colbourne, c. Wilmot, b. Richards..... 1 W. Bolton, b. Richards..... 1 R. Carrington, stumped Skey, b. Tross..... 3 Laurier, c. Young, b. Richards..... 1 Kenney, not out..... G. Barboza, c. Richards, b. Tross..... 8 Extras..... 8 Total..... 68

ATHLETIC SPORTS.

The 4th meeting of the Club is announced for September 3rd, all entries to close on August 19th. The events are to be: 120 yards flat race, handicaps, members only; 100 yards flat race, open; 1/4 mile flat race, open; 1/2 mile flat race, handicap, members only; 1/2 mile, open; throwing the cricket ball, open; putting the weight, open; high jump, open; pole jump, open; hurdle race, 120 yards, open; married men's race, handicap, members only. A special prize is offered to the winner of the greatest number of points.

RAILROAD NOTES

The great Central railway, with its hundred and fifty thousand contos of invested capital, is to produce only 1,000,000\$ net revenue this year, is it not time for the government to go out of business and lease the road to someone who knows how to manage it? It is a burning discredit to a government to own so badly managed a road. The Central railway seems to be becoming rapidly militarized and demoralized. The new regulations now permit the ticket-office and gate to be opened only ten minutes before the departure of a train, and the passage to the platform is guarded by two files of about twenty soldiers, who overawe anyone who wishes to complain. Of course ten minutes are not enough, and the result is that scores of people are continually missing their trains. We understand that, in view of the obstacles to trade between the interior of S. Paulo and the port of Santos, it has been proposed to connect the Mogyana and Paulista roads with the Sapucahy, giving an outlet to their traffic through the port of Ubatuba. According to this plan the Paulista will be extended to S. Paulo and there connect with the Norte (the government line), which will connect it with the Sapucahy. The latter will connect with the Mogyana by means of its Penha branch. We have frequently advocated the development of these extensions to connect with the Ubatuba line, as it will give S. Paulo a new and more commodious port.

The governor of Minas Geraes sanctioned on the 25th ult. the railway act mentioned in these columns some weeks ago. It authorizes contracts for a railway line from Ouro Preto, or other point on the Central, to Pecanha and thence to Theophilus Ottoni, and another line from Santa Barbara, by way of Ponte Nova and Manhuas, to the boundary of Espírito Santo to connect with the line in that state passing through Alegre. The state offers 50 years' privilege, a zone of 60 kilometres and a guarantee of 6% for 30 years on the capital not exceeding 50,000\$ per kilometre. The governor is also authorized to assist the Sapucahy, Muzambinho, Bahia e Minas, and the Theophilus Ottoni to Estrema companies in the completion of their lines, by guarantees. The guaranteed capital of the Sapucahy main line is fixed at 18,736,502\$. 152, the company to surrender its concessions for branches to Lavras and Lamary and extension to Pouso Alegre. The Muzambinho guarantee is to cover only the line from Lavras to the S. Paulo boundary line. As to the Bahia e Minas line, the governor is authorized to disappropriate and build the road in case he fails to make a satisfactory contract.

HOSPITAL NOTES.

STRANGERS' HOSPITAL.

An adjourned annual meeting of the Strangers' Hospital Association will be held at the offices of Messrs. Phipps Bros. & Co. at 1.30 p.m. on Friday August 4th, to consider amendments to the By-Laws presented at the last meeting. A full attendance is requested. By order: A. J. LAMOUREUX, Hon. Secretary.

STRANGERS' HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION.

The regular annual meeting of the subscribers to the Strangers' Hospital was held at the offices of Messrs. Phipps Bros. & Co. on Friday, July 28th. The reports of the president of the Board of Directors, J. Mackenzie, Esq., of the resident physician, Dr. A. Stewart, of the treasurer, C. J. Gemmell, Esq., and of the building committee, were read and approved. As the Hospital has been open only since January 8th last, these reports are largely concerned with the preliminary work of organization, and will not at once be published in pamphlet form for the information of subscribers. The balance-sheet presented by the treasurer, however, is of such general interest that we reproduce it here in extenso:

Abstract of Treasurer's Accounts, 1st January, 1892, to 30th June, 1893. DEBIT. June 30th, 1893. To Donations received as per Cash Book to date..... 272,868\$000 Less amt. transferred to Indigents' Relief Fund..... 212 000 272,656\$090 To Subscriptions received as per Cash Book to date..... 12,474 000 " Loans: viz. London & River Plate Bank..... 5,000\$000 British Bk. of S. America..... 5,000 000 Phipps Bros. & Co. 2,000 000 John Moore & Co. 2,000 000 14,000 000 " Patients' Fees..... 6,755 250 " Indigents' Relief Fund..... 411 570 Rs. 306,296\$910 June 30th, 1893. To Balance brought down..... 12,409\$335 CREDIT. June 30th, 1893. By Expenditure, as per Cash Book and Vouchers, viz.: Property..... 89,982\$180 Materials..... 76,410 075 Workmen's Wages..... 69,907 430 Plans and Superintendence..... 8,200 000 Printing..... 4,885 910 Furnishing..... 15,008 400 Linen..... 3,144 950 Fire Insurance..... 588 860 Telephone..... 150 000 Stationery..... 620 400 Municipal Deposit..... 1,000 000 Nurses a/c (salaries and passages) 9,476 770 Steward and Servants' Wages..... 1,900 400 Groceries and Maintenance..... 12,072 960 Landreuss a/c..... 999 870 Drugs and Instruments..... 1,000 000 Gas Account and Taxes..... 651 600 Gardening a/c..... 1,151 500 Medical Attendance..... 1,000 000 Cash in London & Brazilian Bank..... 17,519\$770 Less due to treasurer 5,110 435 12,409 335 Rs. 306,296\$910

Rio de Janeiro, 30th June, 1893. C. J. GEMMELL, Hon. Treasurer. Audited and found correct, F. BROAD, D. ROBERTS, Auditors. At the conclusion of the reports, the association proceeded to the election of four directors, to serve three years, to fill the vacancies caused by the retirement of Messrs. Mackenzie, Cross, Taylor and Gotty, the election resulting in the selection of Messrs. J. Mackenzie (re-elected), D. Roberts, J. B. Kennedy and Wm. Trout. A series of amendments to the By-Laws, designed to widen the scope of the Hospital in order to secure a greater number of patients, was presented by Mr. Lamoureux. In view of the need of further consideration of these proposals, the meeting decided to adjourn for one week, the amendments to come up for approval on Friday, August 4th.

LOCAL NOTES

-Gen. Telles has been appointed commander of the 6th military district (Rio Grande do Sul).

-A letter posted here on May 8th and addressed to Jacarey reached its destination on June 20th.

-The committee appointed to examine the civil code framed by Dr. Coelho Rodrigues has reported against it.

-Religious services in English will be held in Petropolis on Sunday next at 4 p. m. at the German school-house.

-Dr. Cyrillo de Castro, brother to Deputy Miguel de Castro, committed suicide on the 24th inst. at Dr. Elias' private insane asylum.

-The S. Sebastian yellow fever hospital received last year 9,662 patients, of whom 4,249 died and 5,413 recovered.

-Although Gen. Telles has been for months in Rio Grande do Sul it is only now that he is relieved of the command of the police force in this city.

-The naval inquiry did not begin work on Thursday last because it was a little rough on the boys. Our "old salts" are not at all partial to a rough sea.

-Artistic is quite right in deprecating comparisons between the monarchy and the republic in this country. It causes an unfavorable impression of the latter.

-President Floriano Peixoto visited on Thursday the national printing-office and expressed himself very much pleased with it.

-A meeting of the subscribers to the bachelors' hall will be held at the Laranjeiras Club on Thursday the 3rd inst. at 8:30 p. m.

-The tree cutting at the Largo do Machado is apparently designed to give more room in front of the tram station for passing vehicles.

-The court of appeals having ordered a new trial of the ex-directors of the Geral, Dr. Leopoldo Leite and Comendador Trajano de Moraes, the latter surrendered himself last Friday at police headquarters, where they await the warrant for their arrest.

-At a meeting held the day before yesterday the party of which Congressman Glycerio is the leading organizer, adopted its platform.

-Instead of printing exclamation points over the high price of beef, why not our native contemporaries not going into the reason for it?

-The Montevideo Times thinks that two or three foreign nations should send their gunboats to Rio Grande and stop the barbarous war in progress there, insisting on the punishment of all persons guilty of piracy, brigandage, cruelty, etc.

-We are surprised to see that Sr. Augusto de Carvalho has been telling our local geographical society that the discovery of Brazil was not accidental, but was the result of premeditation.

-It is reported in Montevideo that the Brazilian government is suppressing all copies of newspapers containing unfavorable political allusions.

-The court of inquiry for investigating the conduct of Admiral Wandenkolk has declared itself incompetent to act in the case, which, in its opinion, belongs to the civil courts.

-According to the political philosophy of Aristides Lobo, Martins Junior, Laurio Muller, and others of the "red republican" stamp, the people are right in deposing an unpopular state government.

-Hurrah! On the night of the 25th one of the editors of the Pais was the Praga 11 de Julho by a soldier of the 1st cavalry, who demanded his money. Thereupon the editor opened upon him one of the regular Pais editorials on the uniform he wore, the dependence of the republic upon his patriotism and honor, upon the disgrace cast upon his position as a good clothes, by such criminal acts-but here the poor fellow broke down (the soldier, we mean) and asked for 200 reis in order to place the greatest distance in the shortest space of time between himself and the rest of the editorial. He also excused himself by saying that he thought the Pais editor was a soldier-who may have looked like one at that hour-but never dreamed that he was to meet such a Gating gun of words. It will now be known in military footpad circles that the Pais Gatings are sure fire and deadly.

RIO CRICKET CLUB.

[The following scores were received last week, but too late for insertion.-Eds. News.]

Rio "A" team vs. CLUB BRAZILIERO DE CRICKET. This match was played on the 16th ult., resulting in a victory for the Club Brasileiro by 18 runs.

Table with columns for batsmen and bowlers, including names like T. R. Morrissey, F. S. Youle, and H. Hardwick, with scores and runs.

Table for CLUB BRAZILIERO DE CRICKET, listing players like V. Lopes, E. Morrissey, and A. Amaral with their respective scores.

Rio "NIGGERS" vs. H. M. Ss. Sirius and Basilisk. Played on the 18th ult., resulting in a victory for the "Niggers" after a very close fight, by 5 runs.

Table for "NIGGERS" vs. H. M. Ss. Sirius and Basilisk, listing players like W. Morrissey, J. D. Needham, and E. Morrissey with scores.

Table for H. M. Ss. Sirius and Basilisk, listing players like Harrison Smith, C. Cox, and R. Morrissey with scores.

THE WORLD vs. BANKERS AND BROKERS. Played on the 23rd ult., resulting in a win for the World, who declared their innings closed by 4 wickets and 107 runs.

Table for THE WORLD vs. BANKERS AND BROKERS, listing players like H. L. Wheatley, A. N. Crompton, and W. Morrissey with scores.

Table for BANKERS AND BROKERS, listing players like H. T. Wainwright, F. Prior, and R. Morrissey with scores.

Table for BANKERS AND BROKERS, listing players like H. T. Wainwright, F. Prior, and R. Morrissey with scores.

ATHLETIC SPORTS.

The entry list will remain open until Thursday the 3rd inst. at 5 p.m. In addition to the 229 yards handicap and 350 yards steeplechase, the following events will be open to all comers:

- 1/2 mile flat race; 1 mile flat race; putting the shot (16 lbs.); high jump.

At Rua do Bispo No. 173, on July 29th, the wife of Dr. Charles Keyes, of a son, named Baldwin Longstreth.

BUSINESS NOTES

The governor of Minas Geraes has signed the bill, voted by the state legislature, making an appropriation for a custom-house building at Juiz de Fora.

The attention of our readers is called to the announcement in another column of Mr. E. W. Snyder, who is canvassing this city for an important religious work, entitled, "The Great Controversy."

We are informed that there is no longer a registry of arrivals at the S. Paulo railway wharf at Santos, owing perhaps to the obligatory preference given to vessels bringing supplies for railways, gas companies and public works.

In view of the losses and embarrassments caused to some small bootblacks the other day by the illegal destruction of their industrial appliances, would it not be right and proper to help them out of their difficulties by an issue of "bonus" as an "aid to industry?"

There is nothing mean about Deputy Frederico Borges. Were it possible, or the credit of the country sufficient, he would issue 200,000,000\$ in the form of aid of industry, instead of the 100,000,000\$ asked for.

Brazil now occupies first place in the list of countries receiving Uruguayan exports. The values represented were \$4,514,074 in 1892 and \$4,712,307 in 1891.

The new port regulations at Santos require the serious attention of the government, if additional discredit is to be avoided in connection with that port.

With reference to the statement of several shipmasters published in these columns on the 18th inst., in regard to the dispatch of their cargoes at Santos, we are informed that while the statements are true in certain cases, they are not true in others.

The revenue of the state of Mato Grosso is estimated at 617,640\$ and the expenditure authorized is 574,753\$.

The Journal is informed that the President will soon send a message to Congress asking for an increase of 30% in the salaries and wages paid in the marine arsenals throughout the country.

The subscription books for the new Figueiredo bank-the Banco Nacional Brasileiro-were distributed here closed on the 26th with a list of 700 subscribers who asked for 351,000 shares.

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COMMERCIAL

Rio de Janeiro, July 31st, 1893

Table showing Par value of the Brazilian milreis (1890), gold, 100.00, and other financial data.

Table showing Bank rate of exchange, official on London to-day, and other exchange rates.

EXCHANGE.

July 25. The market opened firm. The banks all posted 1 1/2% on London, and during the morning business was reported in bank sterling at 1 1/2% and in commercial at 1 1/2%.

July 26. Official rates were unchanged, viz: 1 1/2-1 1/2 on London, 2 1/2-2 1/2 on Paris, and 1 1/2-1 1/2 on New York at night.

July 27. No changes were made in the official rates at the banks, and the market opened rather undecided, with business reported in bank sterling at 1 1/2% and in commercial at 1 1/2%.

July 28. The market opened firm, with business reported in bank sterling at 1 1/2% and in commercial at 1 1/2%.

July 29. The market opened firm, with business reported in bank sterling at 1 1/2% and in commercial at 1 1/2%.

July 30. The market opened firm, with business reported in bank sterling at 1 1/2% and in commercial at 1 1/2%.

July 31. The market opened firm, with business reported in bank sterling at 1 1/2% and in commercial at 1 1/2%.

FINANCIAL NOTES

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SALES OF STOCKS AND SHARES.

Table showing sales of stocks and shares, including Apolice, 50,000, and other financial data.

Table showing sales of stocks and shares, including Commercial, 100, and other financial data.

Table showing sales of stocks and shares, including 75 Commercial, 100, and other financial data.

Table showing sales of stocks and shares, including 41 Jard. Bot., 147, and other financial data.

Table showing sales of stocks and shares, including 56 Apolice, 50,000, and other financial data.

Table showing sales of stocks and shares, including 100 Commercial, 100, and other financial data.

Table with multiple columns showing market prices for various goods like coffee, sugar, and flour. Includes sub-sections for 'July 26', 'July 27', 'July 28', and 'July 29'.

MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 31st July, 1893.

Exports.

Coffee.—There has been a fair movement in the market during the past week, and the sales reported amount to about 750,000 bags. Although receipts have fallen off slightly...

DAILY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS OF COFFEE AT RIO DE JANEIRO.

Table showing daily receipts and shipments of coffee at Rio de Janeiro, with columns for date, quantity, and origin.

Imports.

There has been a fair business doing in most articles during the week, although the steadily advancing exchange...

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SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

Table listing arrivals of foreign vessels, including ship names, origins, and arrival dates.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

Table listing departures of foreign vessels, including ship names, destinations, and departure dates.

CLEARED AND READY FOR SEA.

PORTLAND.—By ship Manx King; ballast. ST. THOMAS.—By ship Canada; do.

VESSELS AFLOAT & LOADING FOR RIO.

Table listing vessels afloat and loading for Rio, including ship names, destinations, and loading dates.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN STEAMERS.

Table listing arrivals of foreign steamers, including ship names, origins, and arrival dates.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN STEAMERS.

Table listing departures of foreign steamers, including ship names, destinations, and departure dates.

FOREIGN SAILING VESSELS IN THE PORT OF RIO DE JANEIRO, JULY 31st, 1893.

Table listing foreign sailing vessels in the port of Rio de Janeiro, including ship names, origins, and destinations.

STOCK AND SHARE LIST.

July 29th, 1893.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Table with columns: Present Amount, Interest payable, Rate %, Denomination, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists various government bonds like Apolices, Gold Loan, etc.

DEBENTURES.

Table with columns: Present Amount, Interest payable, Rate %, Companies, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists debentures from RAILWAYS, TRAMWAYS, SHIPPING, CENTRAL SUGAR FACTORIES, MILLS, and MISCELLANEOUS.

BANKS.

Table with columns: Capital, Capital paid up, Reserve fund, Name, Dividend paid, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists banks such as Agricola do Brazil, Auxilium, etc.

HYPOTHECARY NOTES.

Table with columns: Present Amount, Interest payable, Rate %, Banks, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists hypothecary notes from various banks.

SHIPPING.

Table with columns: Capital, Capital paid up, Reserve fund, Companies, Dividend paid, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists shipping companies like Agriola do Ribeiro Preto, etc.

INSURANCE.

Table with columns: Capital, Capital paid up, Reserve fund, Companies, Dividend paid, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists insurance companies like Allianz, Argos Fluminense, etc.

MILLS.

Table with columns: Capital, Capital paid up, Reserve fund, Companies, Dividend paid, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists mills like Alhambra, America Fabril, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Table with columns: Capital, Capital paid up, Reserve fund, Companies, Dividend paid, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists various miscellaneous companies like Alagoana, Cato Frio, etc.

Table with columns: Capital, Capital paid up, Reserve fund, Companies, Dividend paid, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists various miscellaneous companies like Agricola e Com. do Brazil, Agriola de Parapanama, etc.

Shipping.

THOMAS NORTON'S

OLD REGULAR LINE OF SAILING PACKETS BETWEEN THE

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL PORTS

Established in 1865

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Steamships.

LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL AND RIVER PLATE MAIL STEAMERS.

LAMPORT & HOLT LINE

INTENDED SAILINGS FROM RIO.

New York:

Maskelyne 6th Aug. 12th
Rose 13th
Mozart 15th
* Receives 1st and 3rd class passengers.
Calling at Victoria if sufficient inducement offers.

New Orleans.

Herschel 1st. Aug. Antwerp & London.

Dryden 2nd Aug. Valparaiso, Callao and other Ports.

Bellauna 6th Aug.

Intended sailings from Santos for New York:

Rosse 7th Aug.
Mozart 13th
Calling at Victoria if sufficient inducement offers.

For further information apply in Santos to

Messrs. F. S. Hampshire & Co., Agents.

In Rio For cargo apply to the Broker

Wm. R. McNiven,

87, Rua 1º de Março.

For passages, parcels, specie, etc., to the Agents—NORTON, MEGAW & Co.

58, Rua 15 de Março

ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

Under contracts with the British and Brazilian Governments for carrying the mails.

TABLE OF DEPARTURES.

Table with columns: Date, Steamer, 1893 Destination. Rows include Santos, Montevidéo and Buenos Aires; Southampton Antwerp calling Bahia, Maccó, Pernambuco, Lisbon and Vigo; Montevideo and Buenos Aires.

This Company will have steamers from and to England twice per month.

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G. C. Anderson,

Superintendent.

PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

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For freights apply to F. D. Machado,

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and for passages and other information to

Wilson Sons & Co., L'd., Agents,

No. 2, Praça das Marinhãs.

NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING Co., L'd.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

HOMEWARDS—RIO TO LONDON.

Due at Rio de Janeiro.

Ruapehu Aug. 25th

Rimutaka Sept. 22nd

These steamers are first-class in every respect and are celebrated for quick homeward passages and superior accommodations. Call at LEONARDE and PLYMOUTH; passengers may land at latter port.

For freights apply to F. D. Machado,

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and for passages and other information to

Wilson Sons & Co., L'd., Agents,

No. 2, Praça das Marinhãs.

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WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

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Lea & Perrins (cursive signature)

Ask for

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Cross & Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

SHAW, SAVILL & ALBION Co., LIMITED.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

BETWEEN

NEW ZEALAND AND LONDON.

HOMEWARDS—Due at Rio de Janeiro.

Coptic August 15th

Ionic Sept. 8th

Steamers superior in every respect and fitted with every convenience for the comfort of travellers. Call at LEONARDE and PLYMOUTH; passengers may land at latter port.

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NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

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Regular Lines of Steam Packets between

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Brazil
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China, Japan
Australia

Departures from Rio de Janeiro on the 5th and 23rd of each month to Bahia, Lisbon, Antwerp and Bremen.

Passengers and cargo for all parts of the different lines accepted.

Passage Rates: 1st-cl. 3rd-cl.
Rio—Antwerp, Bremen, 500 Marks, 140\$000
Vigo, 500 " 130\$000
Lisbon, 500 " 120\$000
For further information apply to

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HOWDEN LINE OF STEAMERS
GELLATLY LINE OF STEAMERS
HOULDER LINE OF STEAMERS

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Buenos Aires, Calle Cuyo No. 429, " " 905
Montevideo, Calle Zabalala No. 39, " " 253
Rosario, Calle Bajada No. 156, " " 54
Cable Address.—SAMSON.

THE MONTEVIDEO TIMES

DAILY MORNING PAPER

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Circulates in Montevideo and the Republic of Uruguay Buenos Aires and the Argentine Republic, Europe and the United States.

This paper is absolutely independent and is the only acknowledged representative organ of English interests in the Republic.

Its recent articles on financial topics have secured general attention on account of their accuracy and outspokenness.

FIRST CLASS ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

Advertisements and subscriptions received by post.

For terms, etc., apply to THE MANAGER,

Calle Treinta y Tres 61.—Montevideo.

RUBBER HAND STAMPS.

Metal-Bodied Rubber Type.

S. T. LONGSTRETH,

Office and works: 15, Travessa do Ovidor, 1st floor. N.B.—Special attention given to large stamps (trade-marks) and large type for marking coffee bags.

Business Signs Engraved

COMMERCIAL PRINTING

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No. 79 Rua Sete de Setembro

1st floor.

V. WENCESLAU GUIMARÃES & Co.

WINE MERCHANTS.

Importers of

Oporto, Douro and Lisbon wines of the best qualities bottles, or in casks, and under the private marks of the house.

Sole Agents for

BLANDY BROTHERS & Co.,

Exporter of Madeira Wines;

G. FRELIER & Co.,

Bordeaux, Exporter of Bordeaux Wines;

E. REMY MARTIN & Co.,

Exporter of Cognac

Dealers in

Burgundy, Rhine and Mosel wines, Sherries, Champagne Cognacs and Liqueurs of the best brands.

Rua da Alfandega, 83.

THE BRAZILIAN COAL Co. LIMITED.

Representatives of

CORY BROTHERS & Co., Ltd., London Idem Cardiff

A constant supply of fresh steam coal "Cory's Merthyr" always on hand. Prompt delivery at reasonable prices. Tugboats always ready for service.

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DEPOT:

Ilha dos Ferreiros

WILSON & CO.

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Importers, Exporters and General Commission Merchants.

AGENTS OF THE

Northern (Fire) Assurance Company, London. Telephone No. 193. P. O. Box. No. 167.

SUPERIOR HUNGARIAN WINES

Recommended brands: Villányi, Hungarian Claret,

Château Palugay, TOKAY WINE

is the best reconcentrated for convalescents from fever and climatic diseases; recommended by most of the medical authorities, especially for females and children.

Sole Importers: Rombauer & Co. 78, General Camara. Rio de Janeiro.

NOTICE.

The sale of a new book entitled "GREAT CONTROL" is being represented by the undersigned in Rio. It presents a graphic account of the conflicts of good and evil for 18 centuries from the destruction of Jerusalem, especially as they have a bearing on passing events of the present. It will be found of interest to old and young.

E. W. SNYDER.

Situation Wanted.

Required a position as foreign correspondent, secretary or otherwise, by a gentleman who knows perfectly English, French, German, Italian, Good knowledge of Spanish and some Portuguese. Excellent testimonials and references. Adr. G. L. c/o this paper.

Situation Wanted.

A young English lady seeks a situation as lady's companion, or governess to one or two young children. Address: F. S. C., Rua Onze de Agosto 4, Campinã, at.

TO LET.

Nicely furnished room in a house situated in a very healthy place, splendid garden, bath, gas, &c. Agues Ferres, Rua Indiana No. 15.

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STOWAGE, LIGHTERAGE, TUG-BOATS

Quickest dispatch given to Steamers and sailing vessels.

NECTANDRA AMARA

Marvellous discovery in the Brazilian Vegetation The application of a medicinal substance solely by itself, presents before the modern therapeutics all the advantages which can be expected with relation to the sick as well as to its own quality as a medicinal agent; and the once famous polypharmacy has finally been substituted by the application of simpler remedies.

The advantage of it is doubtless with the sick, because given solely, one knows easily when to refer to the improvements or to new symptoms, which perhaps may appear.

The wh. le difficulty, however, is to find out the agent which will fill in a complete and perfect way the conditions presented; the more we, therefore, simplify the therapeutics, the more probabilities we shall have of a good success.

We have all reasons to refer the aforesaid to the present case, because the question is of a simple remedy, that is, one which contains only the tincture of which is composed NECTANDRA AMARA.

The following analysis was expressly made by my colleague and friend Dr. Gustavo Peckolt for the International Formulary; he was assisted in this work by his worthy father the gl'ry of the pharmaceutical class of Brazil:

"NECTANDRA AMARA" is used safely and with efficiency in cases of atonic dyspepsia, diarrhæa and dysentery, be it acute or chronic, leucorrhœa, etc., etc., and furthermore all preparations of the Chemist Antero Leivas are recommended by different well-known physicians, so that there can not be any doubt about their efficacy. (From the Formulary Internacional of Dr. Pires de Almeida, an eminent Brazilian physician.)

Sea Sickness.

Every traveller should be provided in his sea voyages with a bottle of tincture of NECTANDRA AMARA to refer to against the terrible sufferings of this sickness, as soon as it appears. A teaspoonful (5 grammes) of this tincture, in a tablespoonful (20 grammes) of pure water, taken every two hours, will promptly and with efficacy relieve him against this evil and it is well to know that he, who is provided with this tincture, possesses a powerful remedy to cure any kind of stomach diseases or disarrangements of the bowels.

THE TINCTURE OF NECTANDRA AMARA of Antero Leivas is sold at all chemist shops in Brazil.

The depot of the manufacturer is in Rio de Janeiro at No. 72 Rua de S. Pedro.

NECTANDRA AMARA PILLS.

For all diseases of the stomach and disorders of the bowels there is no more powerful medicine than these health-giving pills which for 2800 per box or 12800 for 6 boxes and 28800 for 12 boxes, are specially in a registered packet by post to help the sick in any part of Brazil, or abroad, from wherever they may be ordered. Address Joaquim Buena de Miranda, rua de S. Pedro No 70, Rio de Janeiro.

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STRANGERS' HOSPITAL, 110, Rua da Passagem.

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NON-SUBSCRIBERS will be admitted on presentation of an Order of admission signed by any subscriber. The payment of a sum equivalent to a fortnight's treatment, or a guarantee for all expenses from some resident in good standing, will be required.

Applicants for admission should present themselves between 10 and 11 a.m., if possible, or should first see one of the visiting physicians (Drs. Rocha Faria, Bandeira, or Stewart) before going there, in order to secure prompt medical attendance.

Patients employing other physicians can go direct to the Hospital, but should carry with them the physician's instructions as to assignment—whether in the ordinary or fever wards, and whether in a general ward or private room.

Orders of admittance may be procured at this office.

The consulting offices of the regular visiting physicians are: DR. ROCHA FÁRIA..... No. 1 Rua 1º de Março DR. BANDEIRA..... No. 55 Rua dos Ourives DR. STEWART, At the Hospital and No. 19, 1º de Março.

The visiting hours are, for the present, 2 to 3 in the afternoon and 8 to 9 in the evening.

TYP. ALDINA, 79 Sete, de Setembro.