THE RIO NEWS.

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Vol. XVIII.

RIO DE JANEIRO, AUGUST 18TH, 1891.

NUMBER 33

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EDITORIAL AND PUBLICATION OFFICES:-

RIO DE JANEIRO, AUGUST 18th, 1891.

79, Rua Sete de Setembro.

Among the many visionary projects which have grown out of the Pan-American Congress, the most absurd, perhaps, is that of some western and southern gentlemen who propose to found a "Pan-American University" at some point on the Gulf coast, "where the language, habits, uses, customs and trade of the American republic may be learned, thereby promoting mutual interests and extending acquaintance of the commerce of the American people." The association formed for this scheme is incorporated in the city of Galveston. This alone is sufficient to disclose the impracticable character of the undertaking, for no well-informed South-American would ever think of sending a son to Texas to study the language, habits, customs and trade of the United States. Contiguity alone is of very little use in such matters, as the commercial history of the United States abundantly proves. Years ago New Orleans was a large importer of Brazilian coffee, and cargoes occasionally went to Galveston, Savannah and Charles of the United States abundantly proves. Years ago New Orleans was a large importer of Brazilian coffee, and cargoes occasionally went to Galveston, Savannah and Charleston. Now the three last-mentioned cities are never seen on our destination lists, and New Orleans only once in a while. The more distant and energetic city of New York has practically absorbed the whole trade. If the South-American youth really wants to familiarize himself with the commerce and industries of the United States he will have to go much farther north. But, aside from all this, who is going to send his son to a new institution in Texas to study the language, customs and trade of the United States? The South Americans are not fools, nor are they even ignorant enough to believe that such a scheme would be even desirable. If they desire, to send their sons abroad to be educated, they will prefer to select institutions of established reputation, and which will have as little to do with commercial and political propagandas as possible. No institution will ever succeed which undertakes to make political proselytes and customers of its pupils, nor will it deserve to succeed. A sound education does not only include the information obtained in text-books and the class-room, but it includes that kind of discipline which moulds and refines the character and tends to make the young man independent and self-reliant. And such an education, in our opinion, can never be obtained in an institution founded for a purely selfish purpose, and whose great object is to make proselytes of its pupils.

Before going into hysterics over the proposal to let the municipal abattoir to private parties, would it not be well to go coolly into the merits of the question and see what the results will be? Monopolies are certainly bad in principle, though they are not infrequently very beneficial in prac-tice. If it is the idea of creating a great monopoly which is so repugnant, then the monopoly which is so repugnant, then the present system is equally condemnable on the same grounds, and the only logical result is open competition. As between the two monopolies in question, that of a private firm and that of the municipality, there ought to be no hesitation whatever in choosing. The administration of the about it by the municipal green part of in choosing. The administration of the abattoir by the municipal government of this city has been slovenly, imperfect, costly and most scandalous. The people have derived the minimum of benefit from it, while the aldermen have been again and again implicated in corrupt schemes and impositions for their own private advantage. The charges against one of these councils for levying private taxes on the cattle merchants for certain men, is assuredly not forgotten! It has been the uniform testimony ever since the abattoir was located at Santa Cruz and placed under the control of the municipal council, that it has been badly ad-ministered and has been a hot-bed of ministered, and has been a hot-bed of jobbery and corruption. Every hot season has been marked by universal complaints of bad beef, strikes have been frequent because of the non-payment of wages to the laborers, and periodical scandals have been brought to light by the disputes between the cattle merchants and the aldermen. There has not been one single creditable feature has not been one single creditable feature in the whole business. If now we can gain a better administration of this imgain a better administration of this im-portant service by turning it over to one, two, or a dozen private individuals, what good reason is there for not doing it? If such a monopoly will give us a better and cheaper supply of beef, if it will give us cheaper supply of beer, it will give us improved means of transportation, and if it will put an end to the jobbery and scandals which have made the Santa Cruz abattoir a disgrace to the city, why not accept the offer at once? It is certainly infinitely better and more honorable for a private con-tractor to make money out of such a service than for an alderman! It may be pre-judicial perhaps to the interests of the parasites who are now living upon this service, and who are compelling us to pay 600 to 700 reis for beef in order that they may live luxuriously and display themselves before their victims, but we have still to learn that there are any vested rights accruing to such a class. Cheap and wholesome food is a prime necessity, and the best means of procuring it is the one to be commended.

THE news from Europe during the past week in regard to the failure of the wheat crop in Russia, the prohibition on further exportation of cereals from that country, and the agitation in Germany over the pros pects of a bread famine, ought to arouse some inquiry down here as to the probable effect of this state of things on the people of There is no doubting the proposi-Brizil. There is no adouting the proposi-tion that the great majority of the people in this country are living well up to the limit of their means. A great part of their food imported and is now exceptionally dear. is imported and is now exceptionary dear.

Even domestic products are held at abnormally high prices. The effect of the wheat crop failure in Russia and the total withdrawal of that product from the markets of the control of the product from the markets of the control of the product from the markets of the control of the product from the markets of the control of the world, will tend to largely increase the the world, will tend to largely increase the price of cereals in all other countries, and Brazil, being a large consumer, will have to suffer with the rest. If we are to have dearer bread and cheaper money at one and the same time, much suffering must surely follow, and this so soon after a political revfollow, and this so soon after a political revolution is naturally dangerous. In view of the possible effects of this impending rise in the price of bread, would it not be wise to begin now to prepare for it? Some of the burdens which now weigh upon the Brazilian people ought to be removed. The state has no urgent need to spend large sums of money on armies and navies; let that money be left with the people through a diminution in taxes. Every encouragea diminution in taxes. Every encouragement should be at once given to the culti-

vation of food products, and to that end the public lands should be thrown open to actual settlers on the most liberal scale. The small farmer who will raise beans, fruits, vegetables and poultry for market, should be assisted as a public benefactor, for the results of his labor must tend to give us better and cheaper food, which in its turn will give us a better and more contented race of people. It would be a wise measure to at once abolish the import duties on all food products, no matter where they come from nor what their character may be. Every inter-state tax and every municipal Every tax on the trade in food products and on their consumption, should also be abolished, for they are obstacles to the development of the country even in the best of times. Another measure of assistance would be a reduction in the costs of transportation which would serve to bring distant producers into the market. All these measures ought to encourage production as well as to reduce the costs of food products, and thus make the country at large less depen-dent upon foreign producers and, therefore, less subject to the calamitous influence of a wheat-crop failure in a country like Russia.

THE rejection of the Montevideo treaty for the settlement of the Missiones boundary question, which occurred on the 10th instant, was long since considered a foregone conclusion. The treaty was never
popular in Brazil. Fortunately there is no
danger of a rupture of friendly relations
with the Argentines on this account, for
neither country is in a good condition for
an armed struggle. The question now
arises as to what step will next be taken in
the negotiations. There is a general opinion
that the dispute will now be referred to the
President of the United States, as provided
for in the preceding treaty, but it is an open
question whether this can be done. In the
judgment of some, the celebration of the
Montevideo treaty not only superseded the
preceding treaty, but rendered it null and
void. instant, was long since considered a fore

Some weeks ago a news item was published in these columns to the effect that ar application had been presented to the government for lands on the part of 5,000 Australians who propose to settle in Brazil Australians who propose to settle maken to engage in sheep and cattle raising. Up to the present moment no answer whatever has been given to the application, although hints have been given that the reply would be unfavorable. In view of this probable be untavorable. In view of this probable action, it may not be inopportune to point out just what the minister of agriculture is doing. Owing to local and political causes the small landowners and laborers in various parts of Australia have become discontented and desire to leave the country.

The laws of the country specially favor the large landowners and they are therefore able to impose conditions on their poorer neigh-bors and on their laborers which the latter bors and on their laborets which their interests. They have therefore resolved to remove to some colony, or country, where the conditions are more favorable to the interests of small proprietors, and have the interests of small properties, accordingly formed an association, representing about 5,000 families, for that purpose. They are all steady, industrious people, experienced sheep and cattle raisers, people, experienced sneep and datter lasers, and are all, moreover, provided with money. A better class of immigrants could not possibly be found. And yet, an application for lands and the favors generally accorded to immigrants has been permitted to lie in the department of agriculture six weeks, or more, without an answer, and an intimation has been given that the application will be declined. Had it been the scheme of some speculator to bring out some thousands of worthless vagabonds picked up in the slums of Europeans cities, for the purpose of doing menial service on the estates of the land barons of S. Paulo, Minas and Rio, it is needless to say that the proand Kio, it is needless to say that the pro-posal would have been promptly accepted. But, in the opinion of the government, small proprietors and stock-raisers of Anglo-Saxon blood are not wanted, for their com-ing will fill no favored speculator's pocket and their labor will enrich none of the great landawners who have thus far enjoyed so landowners who have thus far enjoyed so disproportionate a share of the protection and privileges granted in this country. The Australian wants to own his own land and manage his own affairs, and in doing so he manage ms own anars, and in tonig so he will enrich and strengthen the country through the industries which he will found and maintain. He will be an independent, self-reliant and courageous citizen, jealous

of his own rights and interests, and impatient of paternal control. A better citizen it will be difficult to find, but for all that the minister apparently does not want him.

RIVER PLATE ITEMS

-In July 5000 persons arrived in Argentina and 9000 left.

-Gold was quoted at \$20.05 per sovereign in Buenos Aires yesterday.

-The customs receipts at Montevideo in July mounted to \$646,749.77.

-Another big defalcation has been discovered t Buenos Aires—this time in the direct tax depart-

—The English Bank of the River Plate in Montevideo is now redeeming the 10\$ notes of its currency issue.

—The British gunboat *Espeigle* has arrived at Montevideo with the 35 tons of silver said to be for the purchase of the *Aquila*.

—The radical section of the Union Civica has nominated Dr. Bernardo Irigoyen for the Argen-tine presidency, and D. Juan Gorro for the vicepresidency.

—A telegram of the 14th says that swarms of locusts have made their appearance in Argentina. Fancy their disappointment on learning that Juarez Celman had preceded them.

—The Argentine Senate has approved a project for the creation of a Banco del Nacion Argentina, and for the liquidation of the Banco Nacional. "A rose by any other name would smell as sweet."

The feeling in Buenos Aires against the Chilian government has become so bitter that serious results are feared. It is believed that the Chilian revolutionists will soon be recognized as belligerents.

—Our "republican" neighbors in Chili are evidently having a good time of it. The police have prohibited railway passengers from carrying anything whatever in their hands. Chili will soon be propriet water than the control of the co be enjoying pretty much the same kind of liberty that is to be found in Russia.

- The foreign commerce of Uruguay in 1890, as compared with the preceding year, was as follows: 1889 1890

 Importation.
 \$36,823,863
 \$32,364,627

 Exportation.
 \$25,954,107
 \$29,085,519

 Total.
 \$62,777,970
 \$61,450,146
 \$1,327,824

Total decrease in 1890, \$1,327,824 \\
-A strange thing has happened in Buenos Aires respecting the Cleary English operetta company. The B. A. Standard has refused to insert the announcements of the company, on the ground that the performances are imprope. Yet this paper, now so prudish, bestowed the most exaggerated praise on the company when here last year, and still continues to insert the announcements of French, Italian and variety companies, the performances of which are far from irreproachable.—

Montevideo Times, August 4th.

The Distinction that the flavource compilities.

Montevideo Times, August 4th.

-The Diario states that the finance committee of the Chamber of Deputies will recommend the issue of notes for \$50,000,000 m/n in order to establish the "Bank of the Argentine Nation." These notes are to be withdrawn and destroyed when the amount has been subscribed for shares by the public. The National Bank is to be liquidated, and its notes and those of some other banks are to be withdrawn. The moratoria of five years for the Provincial Bank is to be sanctioned. The committee will also recommend the sanction of the bill, rejected by both chambers, relating to the Bank of Cordoba.—B. A. Herald.

The select of the steamer danila to the Chilian.

The sale of the steamer Aquila to the Chilian government has been completed, the purchase money, £140,000, having been paid in drafts on London accepted by Messrs. Rothschild, to whom the 35 tons of silver, which it is stated are on hoard the British gunboat £55½/ck, belong. The fact that the silver is the property of Messrs. Rothschild explains why the gunboat took charge of it). The Aquila is of 1200 registered tons and can carry 2000 soldiers. She will receive at Montevideo four Krupp guns and six mitrailleuses, and will stay there until the Ernarrie arrives to escort her to Valparaiso. It is stated that the steamer cost Messrs. Lavarello only £60,000, so they have done a good stroke of business. The crew of the Aquila, having refused to serve under the Chilian government, were to be landed.—B.A. Heruld.

— The run on the London Bank of the Pince

the Chilian government, were to be landed.—B.A. Illevald.

— The run on the London Bank of the River Plate, which was initiated on Tuesday afternoon, continued yesterday with great violence, despite the notices in the morning papers showing that there were no grounds for alarm. The bank opened its doors half an hour before the usual time and was quickly besieged by persons desirous of converting notes or cashing cheques. The crowd was so great that after a time only persons with cheques were admitted, the note holders being despatched to the British, London and Brazilian, or Anglo-Argentine banks, all of which had kindly undertaken to assist in the conversion of notes and were consequently thronged with people. The neighborhood of the four banks, all in a stone's throw of each other, was crowded all day, many being drawn there by curiosity. Extra policemen were on daty in the banks and the neighborhood, but there was no attempt at disorder. We understand that the cheques were mostly those on minor current accounts and small deposits at sight. It is needless to say that every claim was met without lesitation, extra clerks being laid on to facilitate despatch. Towards the afternoon the run sensibly diminished in violence, and it was found possible to close the doors of the bank about hall past three, all present being attended to by four o'clock.

— Montevideo Times, Aug. 5th.

-A Buenos Aires telegram of the 15th says that the Argentine wheat crop is good this year. will be of incalculable benefit to that country.

will be of incalculable benefit to that country.

— Signs of the times of crisis may be noticed in the increased number of houses, shops and business the lowering of wages, reduction of hands and general economy are the order of the day. Even the butchers have been petitioning the municipality for a reduction of the taxes levied upon them. But though they obtain the concession they request, it does not at all follow that meat will become cheaper. On the contrary, while wages are being lowered the prices of articles of consumption in general are being raised. The vendors ascribe this to the increased custom house dues. In some instances this is doubtless correct but many articles have risen in price which have not been affected by the new duty tariffs, such articles can be purchased at varying prices at different shops, dear at some and cheap at others, by those who take the trouble to seek them out.— Uruguay News, August 9th.

—We received yesterday a letter enquiring the

-We received yesterday a letter enquiring the number of British residents in the city and suburbs. number of British residents in the city and suburbs. The municipal returns show the death-rate to be about 18 British in 1,000 deaths, from which it might be inferred that our community formed nearly 2 per cent of the total, that is about 10,000 souls. But as infants form about one-fourth or one-third of all deaths, and they are counted Argentines, it would be safer to take the marriagerate as a guide. The latest returns we have seen show that the marriages of British are 2½ per cent of the total. On this basis we should estimate the actual British population as follows:

Males. 7,200
Females 5,300
Total 12,500
This is exclusive of the children of British subjects

Total ... 12,500

This is exclusive of the children of British subjects born in the country, who probably number 18,000. Thus the number of persons in Buenos Aires and suburbs whom we would call British, including Anglo-Argentines, can hardly fall short of 30,000. The Irish population in the province is generally supposed to number 10,000, or including children about 20,000, or including children fo,000. To the above may be added 2.000 British subjects in the provinces, or 4,000 including children. In the whole republic say 26,000 born British subjects or 70,000 including children; the latter would be 2 per cent of the total population.—B. A. Standard.

—We have said more than once that the open

-We have said more than once that the open —we have said more than once that the open corruption in every branch of Argentine adminis-tration during the Celman régime was almost without historic parallel, and we have also insistration during the Celman régime was almost without historic parallel, and we have also insistently urged that until the notorious public thieves are prosecuted and punished, the whole nation stands implicated in their dishonesty, and neither merits nor is likely to receive confidence. In fact this imputation of public dishonesty, in which all seem struck by "the paralysis of complicity" extends throughout the River Plate and is becoming a bye-word among European nations. Until it is cleared away there is little hope of solid advancement. This scandalous misapplication of public money, in bringing about the present crisis, has affected many nationalities besides the Argentines, and however patient the latter may show themselves under robbery or however reluctant to punish the thieves, it is not likely that the English, French, Germans, Belgians and others will be so acquiescent. The foreign stake in Argentina is even greater than that of the Argentines themselves, and the conviction is daily gaining ground in all parts that the time has arrived when the foreigners must use their weight and influence to bring about a better state of administrative affairs and a higher standard of morality than the Argentines seem able to secure by themselves. Haj Europe is suffering through the 'Argentine crisis, and it is tume something was done. Montevideo Times, July 30. and it is time: Times, July 30.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES

August 8.—Senate.—Senator Pinheiro Guedes introduced a bill regulating the appointment and removal of public employés. Chamber of Deputies.

—Deputies Vinhaes and Badaró opposed the bill for organizing the federal district of Rio de Janeiro and Deputy Thomaz Delfino defended it. On motion of Deputy Aristides Lobo the Chamber resolved to meet on Monday in secret session for the purpose of discussing the boundary treaty with Augentina. Deputy José Bevilacqua moved to amend the bill for pensioning the ex-Emperor so as to reduce the amount of the pension from 120,000\$ to 50,000\$.

August 10.—Senate.—The bill from the Cham-

amend the bill to pensioning the ex-Emplero's of as to reduce the amount of the pension from 120,000\$ to 50,000\$.

AUGUST 10.—Stante.—The bill from the Chamber of Deputies for limiting the powers of governors of states was referred to the committee on legislation. Chamber of Deputies.—The boundary treaty with Argentina was rejected, in secret session, by 142 votes to 5.

AUGUST 11.—Senate.—The Senate passed a motion to inquire of the government whether the governor of Goyaz, in-view of the express declaration of 24 members of the state legislature that they had not resigned, continues to consider their seats vacant and whether, having discovered that he was mistaken, has annulled his illegal order for an election for filling their seats. Senator João Neivà offered a substitute bill on compulsory retirement of military officers. The bill regulating grants of public lands passed in 1st discussion.—Chamber of Deputies.—Deputy Epitacio Pessoa spoke amidst constant interruptions, in defence of Barão de Lucena. A bill was introduced for exempting from import duty common salt, bagging, tin plate, soldering material, wire and accessory articles for wire fences. The bill for granting a pension of 120,000\$ per annum to the ex-Emperor was passed, all amendments being rejected. Deputy Serzedello and others offered an amendment faces the pay of the vice president at 40,000\$ per annum.

AUGUST 12.—Smale,—Senator Amaro Caralcanti defended the administrative reorganisation bill on the ground of economy. Senator Campos Salles said that it is net pet possible to adopt a policy of article economy. The country is still in an experimental state, and before attempting to reduce expense to the lowest possible point is experimental state, and before attempting to reduce expense to the lowest possible point is expected and the contract with B. Dixon Armstrong for boring to a creation and the state of Ceará. The contractor, he says, has imported a great deal of machinery which is detained in the Ceará custom-house. A telegram was received from the president of the state legislature of Monto-Grosso communicating that the state has been definitely organized. Deput Science of the contractive of the state legislature of August 20 per state of the state legislature of Queirox, deputy elect from Bhia. Deputy Cantão opposed the bill prohibiting the use of titles and decorations. Deputy Moniz Freire defended the bill which, he says, is the natural sequence of Art. 25 2 of the constitution. August 21.—Senata.—The administrative reorganization bill was voted with amendments that alter considerably the original draft of the bill. The Senate rejected the substitute voted by the Chamber of Deputies for the Senate bill on incompatibility. Chamber of Deputies,—Deputy Vinhaes offered a motion signed by himself and other conde de Lepublian and Visconde de Carvalhées for supplying the market with beef. In defending the motion he said that the people are now suffering as they never suffered before. The price of articles for prime necessity has doubled. Fresh beef is selling at 780 and 800 rets per kilo. At Santa Cruz there are only goo head of cattle for cavalhées for supplying the market with beef. In defending the motion he said that the people was now suffering as they never suffered before. The price of articles of prime necessity has doubled. Fresh before the selling at 780 and 800 rets per kilo and the proper supplyin

PROVINCIAL NOTES

-Sporadic cases of small-pox have appeared in Taubaté, São Paulo.

-The defalcation of the Juiz de Fóra procurador has been found to be 5,281\$278.

-The price of fresh beef has risen to 700 reis per kilo in S. Paulo. So much for speculation!

—The cotton factory at Jundiahy, S. Paulo, which at present has 60 looms, is going to increase the number to 500.

--Police courts have been established in Vas-souras, Barra do Pirahy, Santa Maria Magdalena Rezende and Campos.

-A Rio Grande church was broken into oh the night of the 1st inst. and robbed of money, silver ware, vestments, etc.

—An exchange and commercial association was established in Campos on the 10th inst. The association has 116 members.

—In the S. Paulo legislature there was introduced on the 11th a bill for the reorganization of the judiciary in that state.

—A bill was introduced in the S. Paulo legis lature on the 13 h, appropriating 300,000\$ for sanitary improvements.

-It is reported in Rio Grande do Sul that enator Ramiro Barcellos is going to resign his seat in the Senate.

—The Italiaya, Saudade and Nossa Senhora da Gloria plantations, near Rezende, have been sold to the Companhia Centros Pastoris for 870,000\$.

There was frost in the western part of the state of S. Paulo on the 5th inst., but fortunately it does not appear to have caused much damage to crops.

—It is said that a large number of native laborers are emigrating from Babia to São Paulo, where the opportunities for employment are much better.

—The first trial of the electric light for public illumination purposes in Ouro Preto, Minas Geraes, took place on the 17th inst, and is reported to have been a great success.

—The first substitute of the police subdelegado of larger Manisa, state of Rio de Janeiro, invaded the office of the exercise of that place on the 17th and carried off books and papers.

—In the Pernambuco chamber of deputies resolution was offered on the 11th for congratulating the government on the rejection of the boundary treaty with Argentina.

—A bill has been introduced in the S. Paulo legislature for guaranteeing 6% interest on the capi-tal of a company for establishing a line of steamers between Santos and New York.

—In the Pernambuco legislature on the 11th a deputy moved that the government should be requested to furnish a copy of the reciprocity agreement with the United States.

—A telegram from Sergipe on Saturday announces that the printing office of the Corwas threatened and that violence was anticipat The state of affairs in Sergipe is far from hope!

—All is not harmony among Gov. Portella's henchmen. Dr. Laurindo Pitta wishes to organize a party to support the governor, but the Imprena, Portella's organ, objects, very truly remarking that the governor needs no party to support him.

—In the Bahia legislature on the 13th inst, a resolution was introduced for informing the federal congress that the state constitution prohibits the dismemberment of the territory of the state. This resolution was offered in view of the bill in congress in regard to the boundaries of Sergipe.

—According to a news paragraph a prominent São Paulo planter is about to begin the cultivation of alfola on a large scale, employing steam machinery and improved 'American methods. We have heard of 'making hay when the sun shines,' but making it by steam is certainly a new thing!

—The state officials up in Amazonas are desperately in need of immigrants. Eight hundred are wanted to work on the public road which is being opened to the Rio Branco district. The immigrant, however, will do well to keep away from the malarial swamps of Amazonas, and leave the Rio Branco road to the native laborer.

—A planter named Leifao, three leagues from Santo Amaro, Bahia, was brutally assassinated and mutilated on the 6th inst. and his house and crops were burned. Three daughters were carried off and his family had to fly for their lives. The police are unable to do anything, it is said, because of the armed bands of capangas which dominate the neighborhood.

of the armed bands of capangas which dominate the neighborhood.

—The following important telegram was sent on the 24th ult by the governor of Park to Bardo de Lucena: —"I have received to-day your telegrams, delayed, of the 21st, answering mine of the 1st and 12th, in regard to the collection of taxes in conformity with Art. 9 dt the constitution and delivery of national property. The decree of the 11th does not entirely settle the question, requiring, as it does, the voting of the budget, a matter belonging entirely to the internal economy of the state and having no bearing on the question of the latter's independent organization, which is completed by the promulgation of the constitution and election of governor. I call your enlightened attention to this delicate subject. Since the 6th inst. the state has been collecting the taxes to which Art. 9 of the constitution refers, and has been paying the expenses formerly paid by the federal government full power to reorganize the state. The budget, re-established by decree of Dec. 26, 1899, is in force for the present fiscal year. I beg that you will instruct the sub-treasury to execute decree of the 11th without dependence on the voting of a budget."

-The small-pox is decreasing in Ouro Preto and acreasing in Ceará.

—A bill for municipal organization has been voted by the senate of Minas Geraes.

-D. Maria de Lucena Barbosa, sister of Barão Lucena, died in Pernambuco on the 14th.

—The sum of 8,000\$ was spent in S. Paulo on the 14th with the reception of Barão do Alto Mearim.

... The chamber of deputies of the state of Rio de Janeiro rejected on the 13th a motion to congratu-late congress on the rejection of the boundary

late congress on the rejection of the boundary treaty.

—A Pará telegram of the 13th to the Dario do Commercio says that news has been received from Manáos that Brazilian territory has heen invaded by troops from Venezuela.

—An Ouro Preto correspondent of the Pharol says that the present legislature of Minas Geraes costs as much in one year as the former provincial assembly used to cost in 20 years.

—In the S. Paulo legislature on the 12th Senator Martim Francisco introduced a bill making an abatement of 50% in the tax on industries and professions for persons who have more than six children.

The governor of Sergipe is playing the dictator in good style. He has suppressed the normal school and has suppressed a lot of professorships in the "attenaeum," He has also removed a lot of primary teachers and has dismissed the police officials. The next news we hear will probably be to the effect that hall of the population of that state has been sent into exile.

Railroad Notes

—A telegram of the 13th from Juiz de Fora says that if the delay in the delivery of goods shipped on the Central railways continues a few days longer, many bakeries, sugar refineries and other mercanal establishments in that city will be obliged to close their doors.

—The president of Minas Geraes has formally accepted the proposal of the Empreza de Obras Publicas for the construction of a railway from Pitanguy to Patos. The 'capital of the road is to be 8.000,000\$, on which the state concedes an interest guarantee.

-Complaints of insufficient tram-cars Botanical Garden line still continue, but hi attention is paid to them. Neither the manag nor the directors, care whiether a man waits l an hour for a seat, or works his passage clinging to the foot-board.

The Yound of to-day says that the Banco Constructor do Brazil, by virtue of its contract with the Sorocabana railway company, has already made a reconnaissance for the projected line from S. João to Santos. It is expected that the regular surveys will soon be begun.

Coffee Notes

—A bill appropriating 70,000\$ for preventing the propagation of disease among coffee trees, has been introduced in the S. Paulo legislature.

—Two individuals have been arrested at Lille, France, for falsifying coflee, using chicory, sulphate of iron and flour paste for that purpose, Machinery is used in the manufacture and the result is a very fair imitation.

LOCAL NOTES

The war officials have ordered a large quantity of small arms and munitions from Europe.

-The *União Federal* says that congress is pleetly aware that the government is inclined dissolve it.

The minister of finance has ordered the printing of all state constitutions in one volume at the national printing-office.

—Deputy Aristides Lobo says that he has long foreseen that a restoration of the monarchy would be attempted and has vainly endeavored to warn the government against it.

—As the Club Militar is in opposition to the government, the friends of President Deodoro are establishing a new military association which they call the "Gremio Militar Brasileiro."

—There was a fight between soldiers and police-men in Rua Largo S. Joaquim on Sunday night in which several were wounded on both sides. The soldiers were the aggressors.

—The Diario do Commercio says that the income of Comte d'Eu is insufficient for the support of himself and family and that he receives pecuniary assistance from his father, Duc de Nemours.

The Companhia Predial Urbana Commercio Indu Industria has published a certificate from Mr. Morris M. Kohn approving its plan of improving the city. In our opinion, nothing more is needed.

—Capt. Orozimbo Moniz Barreto has obtained an exclusive privilege for 34 years for telephone service between this city and Nictheroy. The two cities are to be connected by a submarine cable.

—By what authority can a minister postpone the departure of a mail steamer. It looks very much as though the government has not yet learned how to respect the rights of private individuals.

—The British consul here, Mr. W. G. Abbott, is winning much praise for his translations from the poet Gonçalves Dias. Mr. Abbott has already published several of these translations in the *Jornal do Commercio*.

-The Banco Impulsor is exhibiting plans for a new central market.

-Yesterday's telegrams from Paris report an improvement in the ex-Emperor's health.

—Vice-President Floriano Peixoto is still ill at Barbacena, and the date of his return to this cap-ital can not be fixed.

- There were 23 deaths from small-pox in this city on the 16th. Will somebody try to stir up the so-called sanitary authorities?

—There were 13 deaths from small-pox on the 4th inst, and 18 on the 5th. The disease appears to be steadily increasing, but the board of health is still asleep.

—The meeting of the English Reading Clah called for Thursday evening next is postponed two weeks because of the absence and engagements of various members.

—It is reported that telegraphic service over the new cable to the United States will be inaugurated September 1st, providing the government gets the land lines ready.

—One of the shareholders of the Companhia Ar Comprimide charges that the minutes of var-ious meetings have been falsified, and the police authority has nominated an expert to examine the books.

—A paper in this city claims to be informed that the money required by the Emperor for meeting that the money required by the Emperor for meeting that the property of the property of the property of capitalist who, besides, intends to leave his fortune to the Emperor in his will,

— Law No. 2, voted by congress and signed by the President, makes an appropriation for the pay of the contacts and deputies and of the officers of the two houses and for the cost of reporting and pub-lishing the debates of congress.

—Agostinho de Queiroz has declared before the police authorities that the 5,000,000\$ bills emborsed by the Republica and Partz e Rio banks are simply imaginary and were merely mentioned in the contract in order that he might thereby organize his company.

—The minister of justice has decided that soldiers sentenced to imprisonment by civil courts must be confined in ordinary prisons and not in those of the army. This, he says, is the general rule, which may be exceptionally altered in extraordinary cases.

-Dr. Alvaro Tupper, commissioner of the — Dr. Alvaro Tupper, commissioner of the congressional party in Chili, arrived here on the 5th inst. It is stated that he comes for the purpose of endeavoring to obtain from the Brazilian government recognition of the congressional government as a belligerent.

—The cirtuous outery of the press and the public against the lease of the Santa Cruz abattoir to two capitalists of this city for ten years, has led these two gentlemen to within the proposal. We will continue to protect our leeches and parasites, and to eat dear and bad beef, for a while longer.

The minister of finance has instructed customs inspecture to dispatch all merchandise from the United States subject to exemptions under the reciprocity treaty on condition that the importer signs an agreement to furnish proofs of the origin of the goods within a reasonable time. On and after January 1st next consular invoices will be required.

The sensational attempt to negotiate three false bills of 5,000,000\$ each has turned out to be only a very common little swindle. An incorporator wanted to make a good impression on his dupes, so he worked these big bills into his papers—and then got into jail for it. No one but a tool would try to negotiate a bill for 5,000,000\$ in Rio de Janeiro.

The municipal council is again at its old game of worrying the boot-blacks on Largo de S. Francisco de Paula. The council is evidently determined that those boot-blacks shall not enjoy life in Brazil if it is possible to prevent it. When the council can find time, we would direct its attention to those Rua Direita boot-blacks, who now own the whole sidewalk.

—It is to be feared that the Jornal's proof-reader is sadly in need of rest. In an article on slivery in Morocco published this morning he makes the editor say, "It. Allen, secretars dis-Sociolade Balanica anti-securinta," etc. An "Anti-Slavery Botanical Society" is something novel in this small world of ours—even to the vivid imagi-nation of a proof-reader.

Treasury notes of 1\$ and 50\$, both of the 5th estamps, are worth during the present month only 980 reis and 49\$, the discount being 2%. On 200\$ notes of the same estamps the discount is 60% and consequently they are worth only 80\$. In September their value will be only 70\$ and in October only 60\$. The 1\$ and 50\$ notes will be worth in October only 90\$ oreis and 48\$.

—The ath police delegate on the 13th asked for warrants for the arrest of Alberto Pedroso, Antonio Pereira de Carvalho and Ferreira Junior, all involved in the question between the Banco Mercantil do Brazil and Banco Caucionador e Mercantil. Alberto Pedroso, published on the 14th an article stating that he had been deceived by Amelio Ferreira de Andrade, incorporator of the formet bank.

bank;

—The recent meddlesome action of the police in prohibiting a representation of Carlos Gomes' new opera Condor before having a general rehearsal, is excuting much comment in the press. The feeling seems to be gaining ground that it is quite time to put an end to police interference in such matters. The restrictions and petty oversight exercised by the Conservatorio (dramatic censors), the police and the fire department, all of whom manage to consume a very large number of "dead-head" tickets, has become extremely exatious and is now felt to be wholly unjustifiable. With all the liberty guaranteed to Brazilians by the constitution it ought not to be difficult to secure the abolition of these official impositions.

—The Companhia Abastecimento de Carnes Verdes protests against the grant of a monopoly to Visconde de Leopoldina and Visconde de Car-valhaes for supplying the city with meat.

—The Pais says that the activity of the go ernment in combatting small-pox is limited opening hospitals. If we are correctly informe even in this respect they are woefully deficient.

—We are waiting to hear Deputy Henrique Alves de Carvalho's voice lifted against the transfer of the Santa Cruz abattoir to private control. Henrique could do some very effective work in that direction.

The dispute over the production of Carlos Gomes' new opera *Condor* seems to have resulted in a decided antagonism to the piece among the actors. It has apparently been deferred to a more convenient time.

—Why couldn't Barão de Lucena be content to rest upon the laurels he won by annulling Gen. Glycerio's scandalous grants? What demon tempted him to go to work and make other grants just as scandalous?

—D. Marianna da Fonseca, wife of President
Deodoro, has presented to Gen. Quintino Bocayuva
the pen with which the President signed the appointment of the first ministers of the provisional
government.

—Mr. Alberto Pedroso, the president of one of our new banks and one of our important new capitalists, was arrested on the 14th for trying to make money by methods not authorized by law and established usage.

—The proposal accepted by the municipal council for supplying the city with fresh meal binds the contractors to import annually from 50,000 to 70,000 head of cattle and to sell the meal at the maximum price of 500 reis per kilo.

—A more hopeful feeling is apparently prevailing over in Nictheroy, as the *Imprensa* says, with all due reserve, that the officers of the police regiment there will soon be put on an equality with the Rio regiment as to pay.

—A tilbury driver, named José Bento Soares, was assassinated in an estalagem on Rua do General Pedro on Saturday night. There was a woman in the case but the author of the crime was not known to any of the residents of the place.

—Complaints are becoming very general as to the cost and quality of the gas furnished to con-sumers in this city. It may be difficult to avoid a high price at present rates of exchange, but the gas company can certainly do something to improve the quality of the gas...

—Deputy Vinhaes says that the lords of the ensithamento, to punish hum for his audacious speeth on the 13th, are "bearing" the shares of the Banco dos Operarios, of which he is president. Quoting his shares at 1\$000 (8\$000 paid-up) was certainly a very mean revenge!

—It is stated that the minister of war wishes a law depriving officers of the army and navy of the right to vote at elections and to be elected to any office except that of President and Vice-President of the republic. If such a law should be made, wouldn't we have another revolution?

—Mr. William Slater, Senior, of the Western and Brazilian Telegraph Company, left last week for Valparaise. We wish him a pleasant voyage and success in his undertaking, which, rumor says, refers to the purchase of an important line.—Unguay New, August 9th.

—It is said that the pier which the Melhora-mentos company has started to build out to the harbor entrance has already cost nearly 500,0008, and that more money is very urgently needed. This is a splendid opportunity for those who wish to throw their money into the sea.

—The Dario do Commercio of the 13th says that Barão de Lucean has resigned the office of governor of Pernambuco. The Barão should not have delayed this step one minute, for it is evident to any reasonable man that no one can be a cabinet minister and a governor of a state at the same time.

—Caetano Pinheiro da Fonseca and another are clearly entitled to "take the cake," They want the government to give them the right to disappropriate all the old houses and unoccupied lots in that part of the city between the Praça D. Pedro II and Pasmado hill, Botafogo. Caetano evidently wants the whole earth, but the minister of finance telt compelled to deny him the small part asked.

—If any man is deserving of universal symnathy, it is Christopher Columbus. Not only is Clicago (which he never heard of) going to celebrate the dooth anniversary of his little trip across the Atlantic a year behind time, but Carlos Gomes is going to write an opera in honor of the event! It is enough to make the whole continent wish that Christopher had never been born.

—Everything in this world has, they say, its compensation. People accuse congress of losing a good deal of time, but, as it is, decided that the members are to have 75\(^8\) a day, it must be confessed that, in compensation, they are making a good deal of money—such as it is. If time is money, then they must be making what they are accused of losing.

or iosing.

—The Senate, it seems, has been decisive enough in the account rendered for its services, although it was much too modest to specify a rate of pay in the bill recently adopted. It sent in a bill for 75\\$ a day for each senator, and now the executive has resolved, illegally of course, to pay this rate to both senators and deputies.

this rate to both senators and deputies.

—The resolution of the government to pay senators and deputies 75\\$ a day has been severely criticised. The government, however, contends that, as it was inadmissable for it to reduce the pay of the senators, the only alternative, in view of the constitutional provision for equalizing the pay of the members of the two houses, was to increase that of the deputies. Moreover, it adds, the money is not worth much and the cost of living is very heavy.

—And now it is the Quilombo railway company who wants the government to return the money expended to no purpose on revenue stamps! If a revenue stamp is to be returned every time it falls to secure a favorable issue, the public revenue will soon suffer a very serious decline.

—We felt sure of it! Deputy Vinhaes says that he "risked his life" on November 15th. It has always been believed that Minister Ladario and a poor dog in Rua Gonçalves Dias were the only two whose lives were threatened on that day, but we have always felt that this was unfair. Some republican must surely have risked his life!

BIRTH.

On the 29th July, at 22 Acol Road, Hampstead, the wife of Lovel J. Mullins, of a son.

FINANCIAL NOTES

—The minister of finance has ordered the in-spector of customs at this port to stop collecting export duties for account of the state of Rio de

—Telegrams of the 13th from Pernambuco and Maceió say that the merchants of those places are unable to obtain sufficient gold to pay import duties and are consequently obliged to leave their goods in the custom-house.

—The Lusitanian Sportive Co. (Companhia Sportiva Lusitana) was formally installed on the 13th. This sporting business is really getting too popular! It seems to us that a good many companies are too much inclined to be sportive at the Spo. 13th. 1 opular! present time,

—The Banco da Republica deposited 3,470,000\$ in the Caixa da Amortização on the 12th for the redemption of treasury notes, in compliance with an order from that department and in luffilment o provisions contained in its recent contract for at additional issue of currency.

	ceipts at the Rio	custom-house
Importation Port dues Exportation Sundries Stamps	1891. 5,540,349\$129 21,668 206 535,417 506 17,126 400 1,691 000	1890. 2,048,729\$177 24,768 154 649,041 159 108,448 240 2,420 000
Premium on gold sold:	6,116,252 \$ 241 1,860,064 565	2,833,406\$730
Depesits	7,976,316\$806	18.414 026
Restitutions	8,019,423 \$1 90 53,243 882	2,851,820\$756 65,602 592
Internal revenue	7,966,179\$308 1,015,614 957	2,786,218 \$ 164 760,338 910

receipts ... 1,015,614 957 760,338 910

—On the 8th inst. the budget of Amazonas was voted by the legislature of that state. The receipts are estimated at 2,769,8005. The tax of 3% for the Amazon Steam Navigation Co. and that of 15 reis per kilo of rubber for bonded warehouses, have been abolished. The Amazon Steam Navigation Co. receives, in lieu of the product of the tax, a fixed subsidy of 120,000\$ per annum. The present budget expires on the 31st of December, at which time it is expected that the state will have paid its floating debt, estimated on July 10th at 1,400,000\$.

COMMERCIAL

ieiro, August 17th, 1891.
s (1\$000), gold. 27 d. do in U. S
er £1 stg 54 75 cts.
zilian gold 1\$827 gold 8 890
ondon to-day 15 d
reis (gold) 1\$8∞
do (paper) 556 rs. gold
do, in U.S.
£1 stg 30.00 €
stg.) in Braz-
er) 3F333
16\$000

EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE.

August 11.—The Brasilianische Bank posted 153/4 on London, the Banco da Republica; 154/2 and all the other banks 151/5, and the market was steady during the,day, but rather easier at the close of business. The official rates at the banks were 153/6 -153/4 on London, 615—622 on Paris and 760—766 on Hamburg at 150 dis; 38400—3850 on New York at sight. The business reported was moderate in bank stelling at 151/6—153/4, with commercial quoted at 15 151/6—16. It was said some rather important transactions in commercial stelling were made for all September on reserved terms Sovereigns sold at 158/650—750 and closed with buyers at 158/750, sellers at 158/500 for the 31.4, and buyers at 158/200, sellers at 158/00 for the 31.4, Lugust 12.—Official rates were unchanged at the lambs, but

august 12.—Official rates were unchanged at the banks, but ungust 12.—Official rates were unchanged at the sanks, but the market was easy during the day and flat at the close. The business doing was only moderate, the rates quoted being 1536—15% for bank sterling, with commercial quoted at 1536—15%, but there were no bills at the highest figure, even for the end of the month at the close, when 1536 was saked, without takers however. Sovereigns sold at 15890, 168 too and 168 150, and closed with buyers at 168 200, sellers at 15\$500.

sellers at 15\$500.

August 13.—The market opened at 15½ on London, but the Banco Parie e Rio withdrew its table early in the day and the London and Brazilian Bank was drawing on London office at 15½, but restricted its drafts to market takers. There was another "squeeze" in the afternoon, and 15½ was reported for liquidations, both for bank and commercial steiling. The business done during the day was in bank sterling at 15½—15½ and commercial quoted at 15½—15½. Sovereigns closed with buyers at 15\$600, sellers at 15\$700 for cash; sellers at 16\$400 for the 31st.

August 14.—Some of the banks opened at 15% on London, but soon withdrew, and a moderate business was done at 15—the Banco do Brazil drawing at this rate on its London agency. The market was lifeless, for to-morrow is a holi-day, followed by a Sunday. In bank sterling the extremes were 15 for ready bills to 15% up to the end of the month, and commercial was quoted at 15%—15%. Sovereigns sold at 165,80—500, and closed with buyers at 16\$500, sellers at 16\$500, sellers at 16\$480

lugust 15.—Church holiday.

August 15.—Church holiday.

August 15.—The market was very quiet, but fairly steady.

The banks opened at 15, the Banco da Republica still posting 153/, and businese was reported at 153/ for the 20th and 153/ for the end of the month. Commercial sterling was quoted at 153/1-151/ according to date of delivery.

The official rates at the honks were 15-1-53/ on Loidon, 635-610 on Paris and 785-786 on Hamburg at 90 dts: 3840-38760 on New York at sight. Sovereigns closed with buyers at 165400, sellers at 16545/ for cash: buyers at 15\$800, sellers at 165400 for the 31st.

SALES OF STOCKS AND SHARES.

August 10. 1000 Sovereigns, s.o. 11st	roo Gold 4½s., '79: 1,250 1850 deb. Geral 50 500 22300 do 51 2000 do 15 Sept 55 35 , Cariota mill. 202 24 cons Obras Pub 47
· Be	inks.
so Commercio 260	100 Republica 161 500

100 100 750 30	do do	150 500 160	200 do 30th. 168 1000 do 31Dec 180
	Rail	ways and	! Tramways.
500	Estr. a Chopim Geral, 2005	to	1420 Via. Fer. Sa'hy, 140\$ 48
		Miscel	aneous.
	Evoneas		950 Melh. no Bráz. 50 500

200	Evone	as Hydr	27 16		950		Braz.	
400	Melh.	no Braz.	49	500	300			
050	do		50					

	August II.	
	700 Sovereigns 15 680 23250 deb. Geral	50 5 51
'	Banks.	
,	20 Brazil, 18 177 100 Un. Ib. Amer. 500 Republica 159 500 10 Ind. de Minas,	80 40

2900 do 160 100 do 160 5	20	do	45	
Railways	and Trams	vays.		
750 Est. a Chopim. 11 150 Soro'bana prol. 105 900 V.F. S'hy, 200\$ 99 2300 do 31 Oct 125		Bot. trar w subs., do subsids	. 210	
Mis	celianeous.			
60 Carioca mill 200	300 Me	elh. no Bra	z. 46	

,	50 Obras Hyd 300 Melh deS. Paulo 200 Suburbana	15 38 . 40	150 150 400	do do		47 48	500
	August 12.						
	3000 Sovereigns 1000 do 3000 do 38 Apolices, old 187 do 48	16 150 16 150 974 993	10300 1050 125	do do do	31st	50	500
		Ba	nks.				
١.				n 1.1		-6-	

50	o Pariz eRio	108					
1		Mas	cell	aneou	s.		
١	o Via. Fer. Sa'hy,			1150	Melh,	no Braz.	46
1"	200\$	100					

_	August 13.		
s.	11 Apolices, old 974 500\$ do 97 102 Gold, 65, '68 1360 1000\$ do 136 1600 deb. Geral 49	2000 deb. Geral 4550 do do 400 cons.Obras Pub. 350 do 34 do	50 46 47
		Banks.	
	26 Brazil 360 100 do 28 176 20 do 178	500 Operarios 500 do 250 Republica 1200 do	1 500

ı	50	Portugal e Braz	25	10	Rural	450
ļ			ways and	Tra	mways.	
	300	Est. a Chopim . Geral	10	144	Jard. Bot. tram. subsids	25
			Miscella	neou	s.	
	200 450	Braz. Territ Forjas e Est	21 17 20	850 1750 100	Melh. no Braz.	45 45 15

450 Forjas e Est . . 17 2000 do bo 15 Oct. 20 50 Melh deS. Paulo 36 August 14 2000 Sovereigns ... 16 480 17300 deb. Geral ... 51 4000 do 16 500 15 do ... 52

19 Apolices, old 1 do 48 364 Gold 6s, '68 5983 deb, Geral	993 1,360 50	200 263 60	"Ob.	r. Movel Publicas	36 46 45 48	500
11440 do						
,	Bar					
10 Classes Labor's 40 Commercio 100 Com Bolsa, SP 2250 Pariz e Rio	270 50	815	do Repub	ercio	260 159	500
2250 Falize Rio	Miscel					
200 Geral R.R 100 Cm. I. Botafoga 265 Inic. de Melh. 100 do 250 Melh. S. Paulo 200 do 1050 Obras Hydr	15 500 40 25 26 34 35 15	200 300 1200 200 1120 100	do do do		45 45 46	500 500 500

MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 17th August, 1891;

Exports.

Coffee.—The market was quiet up to Thursday last, when a weaker exchange, again brought exporters into the market for some 20,000 bags, and strengthened the ideas of holders considerably. As Saturlay was a church holiday, the business done on Thursday about covers the transactions for the week. On the 14th brokers quoted as we give below. Receipts are smaller than during the preceding week, and it is evident that through bad management, or want of rolling

stock, the railways are unable to handle the coffee as fast as it arrives at the stations along the lines. Moreover the coastwise service is very badly organized. Instead of at least one steamer, from the coffee ports in the state of Rio de Janeiro, per week, we have one about every fortnight, and so far both the receipts coastwise, and those known as barrai dentre (the service of the Leopoldina railway) show smaller figures than for the same time last year. It is the duty of the government to interfere in this matter, at least so far as the Central of Brazil railway is concerned, for the delay in forwarding the coffee prejudices the planters, prejudices exporters and may influence foreign markets, for consumers will fear that the Rio dealers are manipulating the supply; whereas the whole blame is to be cast on the companies that whereas the whole blame is to be cast on the companies tha monopolize the service.

43,840	bags fo	rthe United States
11,576	.,	Europe
5,760	••	Cape of Good Hope
336		Elsewhere

61,512 bags. Is cleared with coffee are:

The

	Europe:	bags.
Aug.	10 Antwerp Br str Clyde	1,100
-	London do	2,010
	11 Havre Fr str Entre Rios	1,595
	11 Mediterranean Ital str Duchessa di Genova	3,806
	14 Hamburg Ger str San Nicolas	4.470
	Elsewhere:	
Aug.	11 River Plate Fr str Congo	993
	12 Cape of Good Hope Nor bg Gyda	5,500
	15 . Port Natal ,, Mentor	4.000
Rec	ceipts for the past week were 80,283 bags,	against
85,06	8 bags for the preceding week and 89,714 bags	for the
	before. The receipts in Santos for the week	

about 33,000 bags.

Stocks were this morning estimated to be 234,071 bags in all hands.

Brokers report the market firm at the following quotations:

Γype.	p	r arroba.	Type.	per arroba.
No. 4		14\$900	No. 8	13\$500
5		14 700		. 13 100
6		14 500	10	12 700
7		14,000		

There was no change made in the pauta which remain

	Vessels loading and to load.	bags.
1	lew York Br str Phidias	
	do " Vandyck	
	do " Pharos	
	do , De Bay	
	do . " Pine Branch	٠.
	do Ger str Capua	
	do Amer str Mackinaw	
	do Vigilancia	
	Saltimore Br str Elvaston	٠
	do Amer bk Julia Rollins	
	New Orleans Br str Lassell	
	Antwerp Ger str Koeln	
	ondon and Antwerp Br str Trent	
	do do " Moselle	
	Hamburg Ger str Valparaiso	,
	Bordeaux Fr str Ortégal	
	Marseilles Fr str Provence	
	do Ital str Mentana	
	do , Giava	
	Cape Town Not bk Ariadne	
	do and Mossel Bay Nor bk Linnea	
	Port Elizabeth Nor lug Tabor	

DAILY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS OF

Nom Nom Nom 14,500 Nom Nom Nom 14,000 Nom Nom Nom 14,000 16 d 15 % 15 % 15 % 35 c 35 c 35 c 35 c	Receipts	Aug. 10 19,720 7,572 4,700 1,555 1,555 13,827 221,193	Aug. 11 6,866 8,289 1,850 715 	7,660 5,375 275 336 5,986 218,879	3,684 11,965 2,525 2,844 17,384 205,229	Aug. 14. 16.058 10,639 2,501 371 13,511 207,776	Aug. 15 18,131 	8 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Aug. 16 131 8,164
17.384 5.986 17.384 217,205 218,879 205,229 Nom Nom Nom Nom Nom Nom Nom 15.56 15.14 15.15 33.6 33.6 35.6 .35.6		9,720 7,572 4,700	6,866 8,289 1,850 715	7,660 5,375 275	3,684 11,965 2,525 2,844	16,058 · 10,639 · 2,501	18,131		1::1:5
Nom Nom Nom 14,500 Nom Nom Nom 14,000 15% 15% 15% 15% 15% 35 c 35 c 35 c 35 c 35 c 35 c	221	193	217,205	218,879	205,229	207,776	225,907		34,071
Nom Nom Nom 14,000 13% 15% 15% 15% 15% 35 c 35 c . 35 c 35 c		Nom	Nom	Nom	Nom	14.500	:		:
35 c 35 c . 35 c 35 c		Nom	Nom	Nom	Nom	14,000	:		. :
35 6 35 6 . 35 6 35 6		16 d	15%	15%	151/6	151/4	;		:
	_	35 €	35 c	35 €	. 35 C	35 €	; .		:

Imports.

Imports.

Receipts of flour have been very small, and stock shows a reduction: the market is firm at higher quotations all around. Three cargoes of Pitch pine and one of Swedish have arrived; two of the former were on order and the others have been sold at full quotations, the markets closing firm for all qualities of pine. Kerosene is steady at unchanged quotations, and Lard has advanced and is firm at the higher prices quoted. Rice is unchanged and the supply for the week is only a few hundred bags via Europe. A moderate quantity of Indian corn has arrived from the River Plate. Hay, Rosin, Turpentien and Cement are about unchanged. The supply of Codfish has been considerable, but a Canadian cargo, arrived during the week, has gone on to Sautos and prices here show no great changes.

no great changes.

Plour.— Receipts have been per Vigilancia, from the United States, 447 brls.

Sales and withdrawals for the week are about 6,000 brls. and stocks in first hands are estimated to be 16,000 brls. Brokers report the market firm and quote as follows, viz.:

Richmond 1st ... 20\$750—21\$000
do and ... 0 nominal .

Balimore 1st ... 21 750—22 000
do and ... 20 750—21 000
Westen 8 Interior ... nominal
River Plate ... nominal
River Plate ... 1050
Pitch Pine.—Receipts have been 497,019 feet per Gler
from Pensicola, 830,009 feet per Osmond O'Brien and
794,007 feet per Catherine, from Brunswick. The second
cargo was sold at 48\$000 per doz. and the others are on
order. The market is reported firm at 48\$000—50\$000
per doz. per doz.

White Pine.—There are still no receipts and the market

White Pine.—There are still no receipts and the market is nominally unchanged at 110–115 rs. per foot.

Spruce Pine.—Nothing to report.

Swedish Pine.—Receipts are 713 doz. per Nymphen from Westerwick, which were sold at about 488000 per doz. for red and 458000 per doz. for white deals.

Kerosene.—Receipts ail and the market is reported steady at 78800–88000 per case.

Lard.—Receipts are 350 kegs per Vigilancia. Brokes report the market firm at the following quotations, viz: George's lard, in lots, 430–450 rs. per lb. and other marks 430–430 rs.

420-430 TS.

Rice—The receipts for the week are 600 bags per steamers via Europe. Quotations are unchanged at 11\$000-11\$500

per bag.

Codfish.—Receipts have been 2,676 tubs, 100 cases per
Union from New Carlisle, which have been sent on to
Santos, 100 brls. coastwise and 1,835 cases Norwegian per
Valparatio and Paragragasti. We have not heard the price
at which the Canadian fish is held, and Norwegian is quote!
at \$6000—35000. Stocks are about 3,500 packages and the
demand continues fair.

Deen.—Cive milks is still quoted at 1,8500—3500 per bag.

Bran -City mills is still quoted at 3\$300-3\$600 per bag, and no foreign arrives.

and no foreign arrives.

Indian Corn.—Receipts are 3,637 bags per Clyde and Ortlean, from the River Plate. Brokers quote at 38000—18200 for this quality of corn, and the market is reported fine.

Hay.—Receipts have been 1,161 bales per Meteoro Brilleante. Quotations, for large lots, are 65—73 is per kilogramme.

Turpentine.—Brokers still quote at 930—950 is. per kilogramme. Receipts 60 cases.

gramme. Receipts 60 cases.

Rosin.—Quotations are unchanged at 9\$000—12\$00
cording to marks. Receipts nil.

Coal.—Receipts since our last report have been:

81.—Recepts since our last report have be 2,980 tons per Ecclefechan from Cardiff 689 , Afore do 1,067 , Winifred from Newcastle 401 , Tabor from Newport 2,017 , Rothiemay from Hull.

2,017 ,, Rothiemay from Hull.

All to dealers and companies.

Cement.—Receipts are 902 bils. French and 800 bils.

terman. No changes are made in quotations, viz.: British
\$500—10\$000.

\$500—10\$000.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS

AUGUST 10.

BRUNSWICK—Br bk Osmond O'Brien; 855 tons; Nickerson; 68 ds; pine to F. P. Mayrink.

New Cartts.—Br by Dimin; 193 tons; Breard; 55 ds; codfish to P. S. Nicolson & Co.

NEWCASTLE—Nor bk Winifred; 750 tons; Walden; 69 ds; coal to Walter, Hime & Co.

Fr ship Mentana; 1022 tons; André; 59 ds; in distress, bound for Antofogasta. HULL—Be bk Rothiemay; 1219 tons; Hayes; 62 ds; coal to Watson, Ritchie & Co.

AUG. 111 NewPort—Nor lug Tabos: 297 tons: Thorgensen; 62 ds; coal to Chapelaria Brazileira company.

AUG. 13.

Brunswick—Br bk Catherme; 798 tons; Kealey; 66 ds; pine to order.

AUG. 14.

BUENOS AIRES--Arg lug Meteoro Brillante; 160 tons;
Schiel; 2i ds; hay to Camuyrano & Co.

Some; 21 us; nay to Cammyrano & Co.
ROSANIO-NOTIS HISTORY; Jay toms; Andersen; 21 ds; wheat
to Rio Flour Mills company.
CARDIFF—Br ship Ecclefechan; 2031 toms; Dow; 49 ds; coal
to Central Brazil railway.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS

AUGUST 11. PARANAGUA' -- Nor ing Gnaa; 216 tons; Abrahamsen; same

Cargo.

AUG. 12.

San Francisco—Br ship Hadden Hall; 1438 tons; Dixon; same cargo.

last.

New York—Nor bk Inga; 1330 tons: Grou; do.

SANTOS—Br bg Robin; 150 tons; Le Ruiz; same cargo.

AUG. 13.

PORTLAND—Br ship Sierra Madrona; 1440 tons: Chard; ballast.

BARBADOS—Amer hg John McDermott; 546 tuns; Davis; do. SANTOS—Br bg Union; 193 tuns; Breard; same cargo.

AUG. 14.

JAMAICA--Aust bk Mathuealem, 533 tons; Bantidich; ballast
CHITTAGONG-Br bk Math Curry, 1256 tons; Liswell; do AUG. 15.

PORTLAND—Br bk Norna; 1060 tons; Johnston; ballast.
BARBADOS—Ger bk Lorenz Hansen; 402 tons; Memann; do.——Aust bk Nie Figlie; 771 tons; Paicurich; do. AUG. 16.

SAVANNAH—Nor bk *Torgmy*; 448 tons: Thorsen; ballast.
PRINACOLA—Nor bk *Alfhild*; 1234 tons; Marcussen; do.
IQUIQUE—Nor bk *Traensit*; 622 tons; Tallaksen; do.
PORT ELIZABETH—Nor bk *Gyda*; 306 tons; Garidsen; coffee

CLEARED AND READY FOR SEA

CLEARRD AND READY
PORT NATAL. Not bk Menders; caffee,
SAVANNAH—Nor bk Menders; ballast
TYBER — Nor bk Premier; do
BARRADOS — Ital bk Columbus; do
BARRADOS — Ital bk Columbus; do
do
ONT bk Superé; do
OCHITTAGONG—Br bk Bay of Fundy; do

-Amer str Keweenaw from Newport News for San Francisco, put in here on the 16th with damage to machinery.
-Fr ship Mentana from Newcastle tor Antologasta, put

in here on the 10th, with damage to spars and rigging, having been in collision with an unknown ship.

—The captain of Fr str OrtIgal reports speaking on the 11th in Lat. 28° S. Long. 49° W. Paris, Br ship Hindestam from Philadelphia for Iquique. All well.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.

The only charters that have transpired are: Nor bk
Arnadue, coffee to Cape Town, £350, Nor bk Linnea, do.
Cape Town and Mossel Bay, £450 and Nor lug Tabor, do.
to Port Elizabeth, £440.

Freights Steamer:

Frights Steamer: Steamer: New York 30 — 352 per bag Trieste... 354 per to New Orleans. 505 do Harre... 25 f. do London....354 operton Borleaus... 35 f. do Lorepool... 354 do Antwerp... 305 do Genoa... 30—40 f. do Antwerp... 305 do Genoa... 30—40 f. do Hamburg ... 355 do Sail: Channelf. o. Lisbon f. o. 378 6d—428 6d

VESSELS AFLOAT & LOADING FOR RIO.

:	VESSELS AFLOAT & L	OADING FO	R RIO.
	Alice	Hamburg	19 May
	Apoll	Cardiff	23 June
	Arica	Marseilles	ar July
	Alice Cooper	New York Westerwick	ı July
	Atlantic	Hamburg	9 June
	Austriana	Cardift	,,
	Austria	Greenock	8 July
	Albatros	Newport	14 July
•	Aurora	London	
	Aeronaut	Fernandina Pensacola	
	Athene	Marseilles	20 July
	Carbet Castle	Cardiff	
	Broderfolket	Pascagoula	
	Bombay	Rangoon	23 Apr
	Bellarmina	Brunswick Cardift	
	Charlie Baker	Cardiff	1 July
	Criemhilde	Hamburg	
	Dunquerque	Cardiff	23 June
ı	Degregori A	Swansea	9 July
ij	Drummuir	Cardiff Gothenburg	24 June
	Dundee	Cardiff	² July
	Diana	Cardiff	
	Eastern Light	Cardiff	.,
-	Eikenassund	Pensacola	3 June
	Egeria	West Hartlepo Marseilles	
	Emmanuel Ellen A. Read	Cardiff	••
	Erin's Isle	Newport	
	Freden	London	12 June
1	Fritz Smith	Stockholm	28 June
	Flora Freiberg	Cardiff Cardiff	23 June
	Gler	Pensacola	12 May
	Gladan	Cardiff ·	
,	Humboldt	Cardiff	
	Hannah Heye	Cardiff Arendal	25 May
	Henriqueta	Savannah	14 July
1	Ismaele	Marseilles	19 June
	India Johanne Marie	Leith	6 July
:	Larnica	Pensacola Cardiff	21 May
	Latimer	Cardiff	21 July
	Lina	Newcastle	'
	Liv	Frederikshald	11 July
1	Manitoba	Mobile Cardiff	23 May
ı	Macduff	Pensacola	
1	Marie C	Leghorn	tt July
	Maria Isabel	Figueira	9 June
-	Minna Helene	Antwerp Cardiff	27 June.
1	Maulesden	Dundee	13 July
	Maria Margaretha	West Hartlepor	ol 17 July
١	Nordbygd	Liverpool	22 June
1	Norcross	Marseilles	17 July
	Njerstein	Greenock Gefle	20 June 30 June
-	Norna	Rangoon	tr July
1	Oskar	Cardiff	
	Okonom	Cardiff	4 July
1	Otago	Philadelphia Marseilles	17 July
	Peruvian.	Rangoon	7 July
1	Prince Frederick	Huli	
1	Praesident Trotsch	Altona	21 July
S			7 (.3)

Ragnar,	Pensacola.	16 June
Rio Grande do Norte	London	4 Mar
Robert Mackensie	Rangoon	18 May
Rossignal,	Cardiff	ı July
roby	Cardiff '	15 July
R. A. C. Smith	St. Simon's	
onverain	Cardiff	
Serene	Baltimore	
Samarıtan	Cardiff	9 July
ierra Cordova	Rangoon	16 June
itepan	Glasgow	3 July
Paritta	Cothenburg	21 Apr
"oivo	Pensacola	18 July
Projan	Cardifi	
(ancover	Cardiff	
Pirginia	Philadelphia	27 June
asco da Gama	Oporto	7 July
'ats	Havre	13 July
'igeland	Cardiff	
Vild Rose	London	24 July
Caina	Marseilles	5 July
ippora	Marseilles	30 June

FOREIGN SAILING VESSELS IN THE PORT OF RIO DE JANEIRO, AUGUST 17th, 1891. S AP. WHERE

NAME	TONS	AR- RIVED	WHERE FROM	CONSIGNEE	DAT
A merican					Aug.
bg Alicebk Julia Rollins. sp Corabk Baltimore bk Amy	296 586 1416 695	June 9	Baltimore Baltimore Cardift Baltimore	V ^a W. Gnim. & C John Moore & C B. Rodrigues & C To order. Levering & C	
Argentine					
bk Leopoldina sp Margarida bg Seg. Açores lug Meteoro Bril.	1454 826 228 160	Nov. 3 Jan. 18 Aug. 7	Macáo Cape Verds I. Terceira Bs. Aires	P. Bernardes & R. To order To master. Camuyrano & C	
British					
lug Linnet sp Speke	928 2284 2354	Apr. 5 May 23 June 5	Cardiff Cardiff	Lloyd Braz. Cent. Braz. R.R. Lage Immãos Rio Flour Mills Cent. Braz. R.R. Gent Braz. R.R. Gent Braz. R.R. Geral Com. & I. To order Duviver & C. Minas & Kio R. R. Minas & Kio R. R. Minas & Kio R. R. Mess. Maritimes B. Rodrigues & C. Ind. Braz. Co. Loyd Braziller Watson, R. & C. B. Rodrigues & C. B. Rodrigues & C. Lloyd Braziller C. R. Co. Loyd Braziller C. Co. L. Stoly & C. C. H. Stoly & C. C. H. Stoly & C. H. Stoly & C. Mison Sons & C. Magalhäes & B. Mison Sons & C. Magalhäes & M. Wilson Sons & C. Magalhäes & M. Wilson Sons & C. Magalhäes & B. Magalhäes &	٠,
bg Alice Ada bk Bay of Fundy	1231	. 10	Rosario Cardiff	Rio Flour Mills Cent. Braz. R. R.	
sp Servia bk Paramatta	1309	11	Cardiff Brunswick.	Cent. Braz. R. R. Geral Com. & I.	
bk Chignecto lug Mary Ann	1032 235	15 15	Rosario Rosario	To order Duvivier & C	From
sp Afghanistan	2220	17	Cardiff	Minas & Rio R. R Lage Irmãos	dat Co
sp Gareloch	1176	July 2	Glasgow New York	B. Rodrigues & C	night
bk Piskataqua bk Shun Lee	599 650	3	Pensacola . Cardiff	Ind. Braz. Co. In distress	suppl by lo
sp N. B. Lewis bk Norua	1325	5	Phil'dphia Leith	Norton, M'w & C Watson, R. & C	A fra
sp Celeste Burrill sp Allegiance	1180	9	Cardiff Rangoon	B. Rodrigues & C L. J. O. Barbosa	upon the er
sp Principality' sp Karoo	2030	13	Cardiff	Lloyd Braz.	Re
bk Linwood	1233	21	Cardiff	Wilson Sons & C	3,374
bk N. B. Morris sp Cortez	700 2237	23 24	Phil'dphia. Cardift	Norton M'w & C Lloyd Brazileiro	date and 1
bk Clan Grant bk AliceN.Craig	1005 369	24 30	Rangoon Rangoon	Ferraz Sobr. & C H. Stoltz & C	Sto
sp Derbyshire bk Belmont	1415	Aug. 2	Cardiff	Fonseca & Silva Lloyd Brazileiro	shipn Th
bg Patrus	187	8	Gaspe	Magalhães & B.	'"
bk Rothiemay	1219	10	Hull	Watson, R. C	New
sp Ecclefechan	2031	14	Cardiff	Cent. Braz. R.R.	l
German				· distress	Have Antw ·Haml Rotte
bk Katinka	805	June 1	Marseilles .	Sancamento Co.	Triest
bk F.G. Hagem'r	1276	1ulv 2	New York.	Phipps Bros. & C	Rio ;
bk Gudrun bk Brema	1424 360	4	Rangoon Hamburg	Norton, M'w & C Ch. Hecksher & C	
bg J. M. Bunck bk Smidt	180 1073	16	Bs. Aires Newcastle.	Duvivier & C In distress	
bk L'nz Hansen.	397	Aug. 7	Rosario	Sancamento Co. Coud. Cruzeiro Phipps Bros. & C Correia Leite & C Norton, M'w & C Ch. Hecksher & C Duvivier & C In distress In distress, Kio Flour Mills	
Italian					From
bk Pietro T bk Adele C	287	July 2	Marseilles Cardin	To order	yu.
bk Paradiso bk Noé	683	Aug. 1	Marseilles. Marseilles	Geral Com. & I. To order B. Rodrigues & C Duvivier & C To order	'Sin- have
					year :
bk Superb bk Nadia	760 590	May 7.	Pascagoula Pensacola	Geral Com. & I. Ind. do Brazil C. Hecksher & C. Ind. do Braz. To order I. Stoliz & C. H. Stoliz & C. Braz. Cont Co. Braz. Cont Co. Braz. Cont Co. Evonesa Flom. Ind. do Braz. A Spann Ind. do Braz. To order Ferraz Sob. & C. To order J. C. Pacheco & C. Watson, R. & C. Messageries Marit Downwer & Mart Messageries Marit Downwer & C.	
lug Veloxbk Madura	534 950	17	Laurvig Pensacola	C. Hecksher & C Ind. do Braz.	Buene River
bk Linnea bk Seringa	382	July 1	Hamburg .	H. Stoliz & C	.Monto Rio G
bk Althild bk Guldreen	1254	2	Cardiff	Braz. Coal Co.	Kio G
bk Mentor bk St'mr Selmer.	524 607	2	London Hamburg .	Ind. do Braz. A. Spann	Hin
bk Remittent bk Waaland	532 585	2 5	Pensacola Rosario	Ind. do Braz. To order	for sa
bk Constance bk Iris	632 389	9	Macáo Mossoró	Ferraz Sob, & C To order	accept Tra
bk Florida	1264	11	Liverpool.	Watson, R. & C	impor
bk Gyda bk Rainbow bk Ariadne bk Mustang	305	15	Rosario Brunswick	Duvivier & C	the in sales I
bk Ariadne bk Mustang	418 374	24	Loudon Glasgow	Walter, Hime & C J. C. Pacheco & C	stg. p- ican,
bg Hermanos bk Dagny	314 448	29 30	S. Lorenzo Rosario	Duvivier & C Souza A. & C	quotat
lug Haabe	445	Aug. 1	Liverpool Itajahy	To order Queiroz, M. & C	stock few th
bk Kainbow bk Ariadne bk Mustang bg Hermanos bk Dagny lug Freidig lug Haabe lug Sylphide bk Parent bk Porro bk Gler	392 382	5	Mossoró Re Aires	J. C. Pacheoo & C. Messageries Marti Watson, R. & C. Messageries Marti Duvivier & C. To order Duvivier & C. Soutza A. & C. To order Courter & C. Soutza A. & C. To order Queiroz, M. & C. C. Hecksher & C. Vieira, M. & C. Duvivier & C. Ind. Brazil Lo. Walter, H. & C. Chapelaria Braz. Rio Flour Mills	thé ab
bk Gler. bk Winifred lug Tabor bk Hosten	649 750	9	Pensacola . Newcastle	Ind. Brazil Co. Walter, H. & C	Ho
lug Tabor bk Hosten	297 540	11	Newport Rosario	Chapelaria Braz. Rio Flour Mills	bales, found
Russian					free or
bk Melusine		Aug. 8	Marseilles	To order	Wit to rep
Portuguese bk Maria bg Victoria	528	July 7	Oporto	J. A. G. Santos To order.	Exp
og victoria	180	20	Oporto	10 order.	

lug Nov. União... lug José Estevão bk Sultana bg Maria Isabel

troo June 17 717 July 23 290 Aug. 9 West'wick. C. W. Gross & C

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN STEAMERS. DATE NAME WHERE FROM CONSIGNE

			CONSIGNED TO
10 10 10 10 10 11 11 11 12 12 13 14 14 14 14 15 15 15 16 16	Brésil Fr Veature Br Bathurst Arg Colombia Arg	Antwerp* 27d Liverpool* 21d Rosario* 19d Genoa* 19d New York* 29d Hamburg* 22d Talc'ano* 27 Santos 16h Havre* 27d Santos 1d High Seas Santos 18h Bremen* 6od Lyttleton 21d	H. Stoltz & C Wilson Sons & C Mess. Maritimes Wilson Sons & C Torpedo boat Montho Flum. A. Fiorita & C Wilson Sons & C Wilson Sons & C Wilson Sons & C Wilson Sons & C E. Johnston & C E. John

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN STEAMERS.

DATE	NAME	WHERE TO	CARGO
11	Clyde Br Brésil Fr Congo Fr	Southampton*	Sundries do
11	Aconcagua Br Da.di Genova Ital		do do do
13	Galicia Br Kepler Blø	Santos Valparaiso* Santos	do do do
14	V.de Mon deo Fr Entre Rios Fr Koeln Gr	do Havre* Santos	do do
15 16	S. Nicolas Gr Vigilancia Amer	Hamburg*	do do
16	Cittá de Nap. Itl Felbridge Br	River Plate* St. Vincent	do Same cargo

Calling at intermediate ports.

SANTOS.

Messrs . John Bradshaw & Co.'s Market Report, ted August 1st:

OFFRE. - Our market was paralyzed during the first fortt of last month, owing to the insufficiency of stocks and lies. Later on receipts increased somewhat and aided wer exchange some small transactions were put through. mk development of business, however, can only ensue the arrival of large receipts, which we expect towards nd of this month.

ceipts for July averaged 1,481 bags per diem, against bags in 1890 and 5,312 bags in 1889. From July 1st to they reach 45,915 bags, against 104,594 bags in 1890 164,682 bags in 1889.

ock is 35,000 bags, of which 2,826 bags are engaged for

ie shipments in July were :

Hada J.Ca. J.	
United States :	bags.
New York	
Europe:	25,977
Havre 7,020	
Antwerp 9,253	
·Hamburg 12,503	
Rotterdam 6,771	
Trieste 4,950	49,497
Rio and and	
Rio and coast	432
Total	66,906

RIO GRANDE DO SUL.

t Messrs. Thomsen & Co's. Market Report, dated

nce our last report killings of cattle in the River Plate also ceased, and the excess in the slaughter against last amounts to about 176,000 head.

Comparative statement of slaughter to date.

	1891	1890	1889
Buenos Aires	429,000	370,600	344,000
Rivers	832,600	802,850	715,000
.Montevideo	233,100	270,180	352,000
Rio Grande	455,000	380,000	365,000
· Total	1,949,700	1,823,550	1,776,000

IDES, -Of salted only a few small lots were still offered ade during the month, for which low prices had to be

pted.

amasactions in dry hides have likewise been of no great
retance, on account of the extremely small supplies from
atterior. Prices have undergone a slight decline, the last
having been effected for Hamburg at the party of 125/d
per kilo, cost, steamer freight and commission for Amerand 13/d/s (sg., per kilo, for heavy hides, at which
attors there is at present still a good demand. The
c in Pelotas is nil, and at Porto Alegre there are only a
housand hides for disposal for which higher prices than
above are being asked.

ossentials.—Has continued in good demand, notwith-ling the dull news from consuming countries and some which were oftered for sale during the month, still d buyers at 1,850 per kilo. equal to 2,4 fst. per kilo. on board with steamer-freight and commission. It in reference to other produce, there is nothing of interest port.

port of hides since January 1st:

	1	Sgr		1890
	salted	dry	salted	dry
Europe	375,177	137,420	360,044	234,160
United States		42,749		117,362
FreightsAre				

stopping during the month. We quote nominally: salted hides to the Channel for orders at 35s per ton; bone ash to the River Mersey at 20 – 22s 6d per ton.

STOCK AND SHARE LIST.

August 14th, 1891.

			GOVERNMEN	T BOND	S.			August 14th, 1891. BANKS.				, 1891.			
Present A mount	Interest payable	Rate %	Denomination	Nominal value	Last sale	Clos	ing quotations	Capitai	Capital paid up	Reserve rund	Name	Dividend paid	Nom,	Last sale	Closing quotations
381,521,700\$ 119,600 18,017,500	Jan. — July. do Apr. — Oct. Quarterly	4 6 41/4	Apolices, gold	200\$-1,000\$ 1,000\$ 1,000	993\$000 1,360 000 1,250 000	1,30	3\$000	10,000,000\$ 1,000,000	4,000,000\$ 476,000	99,378\$	RIO DE JANEIRO Agricola do Brazil	4\$000-July 91	80\$ 120	180\$000 60 000	
109,694,000	do	' '	DEBENT	500 - 1,000 HDEC				5,000,000 20,000,000 M10,000,000 100,000,000	5,000,000 400,000 M2,500,000 33,000,000	434,927 86,187 42,345,841	Brasilianische Brazil	20 000—Feb. 91 10 %—May 91 20 000—July 91	200 100 M250 200	250 000 50 000 360 000	
Present A mount	Interest payable	Rate	Companies	Nominal value	Last sale	Clos	ing quotations	10,000,000 50,000,000 10,000,000	33,000,000 2,000,000 9,921,200 1,923,260	49.558 35,701	Brazil - Norte America, gold.	8%p.a – July 91	100 80 40 80	178 000 28 000 64 000	175\$000-179 000 85 000 27 000
1,300,000\$	May-Nov.	8	RAILWAYS.	200\$	196\$	_ _		2,000,000 1,000,000 2,000,000	1,513,120 500,000 700,000	50,000 109,380	Brazileiro Classes Laboriosas Central. Cooperativo Commercial do Rio de Jan.	8%p.a—July 91	35 100 35	20 000 108 000	
1,500,000	do Jan — July Apr. — Oct.	636	Bragantina Campos and Carangola Geral do Brazil Juiz de Fóra and Piau	200	195 52 192		50\$000—50\$500	20,000,000 2,000,000 20,000,000	10,000,000 10,000,000 2,000,000 12,000,000	306,154 2,800,000	Commercial do Rio de Jando 2 series Commerciantes	12 000 - July 01	200 200 100 200	270 000 240 000 170 000 260 000	
£3,049,610	Jan July	634 56 5 7	Leopoldinado golddo	200 £50 £11 5 8.	165 490 71	16	50 000—165 000 505 000 75 000	1,000,000 80,000,000	1,600,000 200,000 80,000,000	50,000	do 2 series Commercio e Industria	2 400—July 91 6 000—July 91	40 100 200	60 000 100 000 140 000	261 000
209,900 1,125,000 1,600,000	Jan.—July Feb.—Aug	5 7	Maricá Sapucahy S. Isabel do Rio Preto do gold	100 £20 200 (50	184 192			10,000,000 2,000,000 1,000,000	4,000,000 800,000 1,000,000	4,492 500,000	Cosmopolita	4 000—July 91	80 80	140 000	=
£137,100 6,679,800 £177,450 650,000	Jan.—July Mar.—Sept Apr.—Oct Jan.—July	. 6	do gold	100 (50 200	88 "Io 550 140		86 60-90 90	25,0000+0 1,000,000 100,000,000 40,000,000	1,000,000 1,000,000 36,000,000 20,000,000	123,728 100,000 531,484 115,167	Credito Garantido Credito Mercantil Credito Movel	3 000—July 91 1506p.a—July 91 1207,p.a—July 91	80 200 80	138 000 138 000 104 000 120 000	-120 000
£787,500 426,553	Jan July	5 6	Cant. e Viação Fluminense Carris Urbanos	£20 500	160 490		=	1,000,000 20,000,000	1,000,000 2,500,000 1,895,800	100,000 650,466	Credito Movel			105 000 200 000 23 000	
783,100 240,000 250,000 278,000	Apr. — Oct. Jan. — July do	7 7 8 6!4	do Pernambuco S. Paulo and S. Amaro Villa Isabel	100 200 200 200	107 %		=	25,000,000 100,000,000	10,313,840 7,560,000 30,000,000	387,277 30,500	do comm. dep Credito Rural e Internac Credito Universal, gold Depositos e Descontos Federal do Brazil	120 sp. a — July 9 150/p a — July 9 120 sp. a — Jan. 9	200 60 60	190 000 60 000 20 000	62 000
1,377,300	May - Nov Jun Dec.		Villa Isabel SHIPPING Ferry Lloyd Brazileiro	100	100 %		97 000-202 000	5,000,000 2,500,000 1,000,000 10,000,000	5,000,000 675,000 493,010 5,000,000	2,000,000 21,373 15,794 126,717	Franco-Brazileiro	. 4 900 - July 9	100	350 000 84 000 55 000 76 000	
784,000 1,500,000	Apr. —Oct. Jan. — July Mar. — Sept	816	Central Sugar Factories Pureza Ouissamã	200 200	180			8,000,000 1,000,000	4,000,000 8,000,000 1,000,000	1,350,000	Impulsor. Industrial e Mercantil Intermediario Lavoura e Commercio	to ope-July o	80	122 000 190 000 222 000	
2,000,000	Feb -Aus		Rio Branco MILLS Alliança Biríbery	200 200 200	169			20,000,000 £1,500,000 40,000,000	10,030,000 (750,000 12,000,000	£450,000	Metropolitano do Brazil	. 8s - Apr. o	20	135 000	20 000
96,000 400,000 1,138,600 1,000,000	Jan.—July May—Nov Apr.—Oct May—Nov	. 7	Bom Fim. Brazil Industrial Carioca Confiança Industrial	200 200 200	204			2,000,000 5,000,000 1,000,000 5,000,000	2,000,000 2,000,000 984,110		Mutuo	123 p.a - July 9	1 200 1 50 20 2	225 000 20 000 1 00	0
564,000 600,000 £450,000,	Apr.—Oct	7 7	Industrial Mineira Petropolitana	200 200 £20	200 192			1,000,000 3,000,000	25,000,000 200,000 3,000,000	1,000,000	Pariz e Rio.	6 000-July 9	30	104 00 24 00 120 00	0 104 000—104 500
300,000 3,000,000 308,000 1,000,000	Apr.—Oct. do Jan.—July do	7	Progr. Industrial do Brazil Rink	200 200 200 200	190			5,000,000 200,000,000 1,000,000	2,000,000 190,000,000 997,000	1,295,301	Republica dos E. U.do Braz Rio de Janeiro	ul to ooo—July o	40 200 1 70	159 50 70 00	159 500 -160 000
350,000 226,900 £675,000	May-Nov Mar Sept Jan July	7 7	S. Lazaro S. Pedro de Alcantara União Industrial S. Sebastião	200 100	198	1		20,000,000 10,000,000 2,000,000 20,000,000	10,000,000 2,000,000 12,000,000	5,600,000	Rural e Hypothecario Sociedade Bancaria	. 12 000 - July 0	1 200	450 00 100 00 80 00	10
197,000	Jan July	7	S. Jeronymo [coal] MISCELLANEOUS.	100	95	- 1		10,000,000 10,000,000 20,000000	5,236,530 6,200,000 2,000,000	280,053	União de Credito União Ibero-Americano Viação do Brazil	. 15 000 - Apr. 0	200	220 00 80 00 54 00	10 80 ooo
200,000 3,000,000 26,001,400	Jan. — July Mar. — Sep Jan. — July	t. 8	Agricola do Ribeirão Preto. Architectonica. Banco de Viação do Brazil. Banco Credito Movel,consol	£20 100 100	185 86 52 36		36 000 — 37 000	10,000,000	1,833,200		PROVINCIAL	3 000—July 6	50 1 10	70\$00 20 00	-
1,000,000 £200,000 150,000	Apr.—Oct Feb.—Au	7 71/2 2. 8	Brazil Agricola Cantareira e Esgotos, gold	650				3,000,000	2,519,920 1,789,500 1,000,000 2,250,000	750,000	Lavoura, S. Paulo	. 1120 op.a - July	100	52 00	00
€ 562,500 498,800 1,600,200	Jan. — July do Mar. — Sep	t. 636	Constructora Empreza de Obras Publicas Docas D. Pedro II Ind. Lav. e Col. Macahé	£20 200 200	169			10,000,000 24,000,000 3,000,000	5,000,000 7,553,999 1,670,100	230,000	Minas Geraes	3 000 - July 6 000 - July 9 "p.a - July 12 0 - Jan.		123 00 80 00 155 00	00
£150,000 266,000 600,000	May—Nov do Jan.—July Apr.—Oct	8	Lavoura, Ind & Colon Melhoramentos U. de Nieth Nacional de Oleos Nova Industria	£20 200 200 100	18	500		2,000,000	1,000,00	0				300 00	000
90,000	Apr. – Oct	61/6	Serviços Maritimos SHIPP	200	200			HYPOTHECARY NOTES.							
Capitai	Capital paid up	Reserve fund		Dividend paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations	Present Amount 548,400	Interes payable June. – De	· °/,,	Brazil	Nominal value	Last		Closing quotations
1,200,000\$	960,000\$.:	Carioca Lloyd Brazileira, reg	120 op a - lan, or	200\$	210\$000 250 000		7, 526, 200	Jan.—Jul do Apr.—Oc	ly 6 5 :t. 6	do gold	£11 5 \$ 120\$	850 100\$0 920	00	85 ⁶ 0 112\$000
11,000,000	2,800,000 4,000,000	::	Brazileira, e Estradas de ferro	Jan. 91	200 40 160	180 000 48 000		7,700,800 8,000	May-No	w. 6	Rep. dos Estados Unidos do gold	100 100 100	879 80		
6,000,000	4,000,000 Nac. Navegação costerra 12,42°0,0,4 Jan.g1 40 55 000						7.096,800 União, S. Paulo 100 MILLS.								
Capital	Capital paul up	Reserv fund	Companies	Dividend paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations	Capital	Capital	Reserve	Companies	Dividend paid	Nomine value	l Last	Closing quotations
4,000,000\$ 3,000,000	200,000\$ 750,000	20,441		2\$000 - July 91 24 000 - July 91	20\$ 250	23\$000 374 000			paid up					1	
2,000,000 2,000,000 4,000,000	200,000 200,000 200,000	42,57 10,000 192,78	Bonança Confiança	500-July 91 1 000 Jan. 89 2 200 July 91	10 20 20	9 000 10 000 11 000	=	2,400,000.\$ 400,000 3,000,000	2,400,000 400,000 3,000,000	168,212≸ 63,278	Bom Fim	12 000-July 9	200	360\$0 220 0 220 0	∞ 200\$00
4,000,000 2,500,000 2,000,000 2,000,000	250,000 250,000 200,000 200,000	320,000 198,000 150,000	Garantia Geral	15 000—July 91 0 000—July 91 4 000—July 9: 1 500—July 91	125 100 20 20	225 000 140 000 50 000 18 000		1,000,000 1,000,000 2,400,000	300,000 1,000,000 600,000 419,160	562 169,053 240,000	Brazileira Carioca Confiança Industrial do 2 series	12 000—July 9: 1200p a—July 9:	200	200 0 200 0 200 0	00
8,000,000 1,000,000 5,000,000	400,000 100,000 750,000	360,000 4.75 120,56	Integridade	6 000 - July 91 1 000 - Jan. 90 3 000 - July 91	100 10 30	180 000 9 000 25 100 16 500		2,400,000 400,000 250,000	960,000 80,000 250,000	::	Corcovado Cruzeiro do Sul D. Isabel Industrial Mineira	3 :00-July 9	80 200	66 o	00
5,000,000 1,000,000 2,000,000	250,000 100,000 200,000	24, 26; 26, 27;	Prosperidade	2 000—July 90 5 000—July 91 750—July 91	20 20	16 500 40 000 10 000		100,000 200,000 400,000	600,000 155,640 400,000	9,c92 10,833	Industrial de Ouro Preto	la coo-inly o	200 140 200	290 0 45 0 220 0	000
		RA	AILWAYS AND	TRAMV	VAYS.			4,000,000 3,000,000 1,000,000 3,200,000	4,000,000 600,000 1,000,000 3,200,000	22,000 227,322 31,718	Petropolitana Progresso Ind. do Brazi! Rink S. Lazaro	. 14 000- July 5:	200	200 0 200 0 200 0 235 0	900
Capital	Capital .	Reserv	ye Companies	Dividend paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations	3,200,000 850,000 280,000	1,600,000 600,000 280,000	10.612	S. Pedro de Alcantara	-Aug. 0	100 200 200	220 C	000
5,000,000\$	1,000,000\$		Alagoana		40\$	25\$000		10,000,000	4,468,440			3 400—Jan. 9	200	140 0	900
500,000 2,000,000 50,000,000	100,000 200,000 12,000,000		Cabo Frio Cataguazes. Estr. e S. Franc. to Chopin Geral do Brazil.		40 20 40 60	10 000 15 500	10\$000— 11\$000				MISCELLA	ANEOUS			
60,000,000 290,000	290,000	8,51	Govaz to Matto Grosso	: ::::	200	57 000	15 000 - 20 000	Capital	Capital paid up	Reserve fund	Companies	Dividend paid	Nomina value	l Lasi sale	
3,000,000	1,980,000	=	Maricá Minas de S. Jeronymo do 2 series Muzambinho Nordoeste do Brazil.		100 20 60	157 000 26 000 120 000 60 000		400,000\$ 7,000,000 768,400	400,000\$ 7,000,000	20,000\$	Agre, Coloniz, de Vassouras Cant, e Viação Fluminense. Carruagens Fluminense	4\$000—July 90 10 000—Jan. 91	200\$ 200	198\$0	00
40,000,000 12,000,000 60,000,006	8,000,000 2,400,000 6,705,000	200,46	Norte de S. Paul		40 40 200 60	50 000 33 000 200 000		300,000 3,000,000 10,000,000	768,400 300,000 738,000 4,500,000	1,200	Commercio e Industria Commissões e Ensaq de Café Empreza de Obras Publicas.		200 200 60 200	218 00 200 0 59 0 192 0	00
8,000,000 30,000,000	2,700,000 11,073,750 1,600,000 6,000,000		Paraopeba	:	50 40 40	51 000	=	12,500,000	550,000 2,500,000 4,000,000	::	do 2 series Ensaccadora de Café Evoneas Fluminense	10 %-Jan. 91	140 40 40	87 00 34 00 27 00	000
10,000,000 6,000,000 38,000,000	6,000,000 10,000,000 1,200,000 12,000,000	::	Rio Doce	lut Jan. 9	1 200 40 200	86 000 38 000 350 000		24,000,000 40,000,000 2,000,000	12,000,000		Inic. de Melhoramentos Ind. e Colonisador do Brazil Ind.Lv. e Viação de Macahé	2 800—July 91 2 000—July 91	50 60 100	26 00 180 00	00 25 000 28 000
12,000,000	5,200,000 2,400,000 900,000	::	Sorocabana do prolongation. Theresopolis Tijuca	3 % - June 9	40	105 000 40 000	14 000 17 500	220,000 100,000,000 20,000,000	220,000 40,000,000 10,000,000 3,000,000	220,000	Industrial Flum. (Kiosques) Melhoramentos no Brazil do do Rio do de S. Paulo	—Jan. 91 6 000 — Jan. 91 Int. — Jan. 91	50 80 100 80	50 04 46 50 50 00	00 40 000 - 46 500
3,000,000 100,000,000	600,000	32,30	Tijuca União Valenciana Vassouras e Paty do Alfer Viação Ferrea Sapucahy do		40 140 200	38 000 48 000 100 000	99 000	15,000,000 1,200,000 25,000,000 1,000,000	3,000,000 1,200,000 5,000,000 600,000	::	Nacional de Oleos Nova Era Rural Pastoril Mineira	5 000 -Jan. 91 10%p.a -Jan. 91 6 000-Aug. 90	70 120	35 04 130 0 32 04 180 0	00
5,000,000\$	5,000,000\$ 9,700,000		Carioca	35000-Apr. 9	200\$	210\$000	185\$000	650,000 .2,000,000 8,000,000	470,000 400,000 2,400,000		Phosphato de Cal	12% p.a – Jan. 91 8 000 – Jan. 91	120 40 100	55 0 41 0 110 0	00 00100 000
9,700,000 5,800,000 9,000,000	800,000	84,18 556.82	6 Pernambuco	. 6 000 - Jan. 9	100	120 000 294 000		300,000	300,000	::	Torrens Brazileira	3 600—Jan. 91	80 200	80 0 250 0	00 — 61 000

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,, 26	Moselle	Southampton and calling Antwerp : Las Palmas, Lisbon and Vigo.	a

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