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Number 22

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All subscriptions should run with the calendar year, or eminate on June 30th and December 31st.

EDITORIAL AND PUBLICATION OFFICES:-79, Rua Sete de Setembro.

Rio de Janeiro, June 2nd, 1891.

THE decision of the minister of finance upon the protest against the proposed 2 per cent, dock tax upon imports, is certainly wrong. It is proposed to build an expensive, obstructive and wholly unnecessary system of docks in this bay under a concession to the Conde de Figueiredo, afterwards sold to the Obras Hydraulicas company, and to impose a 2 per cent, surtax on all imports for their particular advantage, whether landed at these docks, or not. As the enterprise is purely a private speculation, and not a necessary public work, the merchants were fully justified in their protest against this tax, and the minister is not justified in supporting the same on the ground that the projected works are a public improvement. Nothing is more certain than that these same works will be a serious obstruction to this harbor, as well as an unpopular means for imposing further burdens THE decision of the minister of finance popular means for imposing further burdens on commerce. It is absurd in the first place to build closed masonry docks in a deep-water bay where the tide exerts so slight an influence. Such docks are unnecessary, and the money expended on them will be wholly wasted. Skeleton piers running out from the shore would cost only a small fraction of the money and would meet all the requirements of commerce more economically and more advantageously than the projected docks. Under these circumstances, it can not be shown that the Figueiredo scheme is a necessary public improvement, nor that the government has a right to tax commerce for its support.

WE should like to call the attention of our Brazilian friends to one very serious fact—the continued existence here of epifact—the continued existence here of epi-de_tic yellow fever and the immense injury which it is causing to the name and com-merce of this port. It is bad enough to see the scores of good men carried away to the cemeteries because of the incompetence and neglect of those entrusted with the administration of this city, but it is still worse when we find that not only is the reputawhen we find that not only is the reputa-tion of the city suffering serious discredit, but also that the progress of the country is more or less restricted by the dread occa-sioned by these epidemics. We know of mercantile enterprises held back by the re-ports concerning this epidemic, and we know of decisions against settling here be-cruse of the terrible loss of life year after year from this one cause alone. In view of the fact that the continued reapperarance of the fact that the continued reappearance of yellow fever is largely due to the unsmittary condition of the city and the unhygienic customs of the people, the responsibility of course belongs to those who are entrusted with the administration of public actures in this capital. This year almost nothing has been done to improve the sanitary condi-tion of the city. The speculators have of tion of the city. The speculators have of course talked much about the removal of hills, the creation of new building areas by the filling in of the shore line, and the con-struction of hygienic houses, but the Gamhôa and Saude districts remain untouched. boa and Sauce unstricts teman untrouted, the badly paved and filthy back streets remain uncleaned, the pestilerous rain-water drains remain clogged with dirt and filth washed in from the pavements, and the enclosures of many a tenement house and private residence are permitted to exist under conditions which render them veritable breeding places of disease. Much of the unhealthfulness of Rio de Janeiro is due solely to the ignorance and uncleantiness of its population, and the remedy therefore lies in an intelligent correction of these conditions. Clean streets and sewers, clean and well ventilated dwellings, good food and ordinarily decent habits will do much toward securing this city against these periodical returns of yellow fever, while without them all the pretentious schemes so frequently brought forward will be whofly

WHILE we may not doubt the sincerity of Sr. Taunay in calling the recently published confession of faith of the aged ex-Emperor "one of the finest, most sincered and most respected documents of Brazilian history," we shall most assuredly dispute his good judgment not only on the document itself, but in giving it out for publication.

It is without doubt one of the most selfcondemnatory confessions ever published. We can not doubt the patriotism and good purposes of the Emperor, but the painful part of it is the self-evident fact that while he tried so much he accomplished almost nothing. He was a dilettante in statecraft as well as in science and letters, and his example had a terribly fatal effect on every example had a terribly latal effect on every one around him. Dilettanteism has been the bane of Brazilian political and intellec-tual life from the very beginning, and much of the blame for all this must rest on the shoulders of the man who dabbled in everything new and then failed utterly to engraft either the letter or spirit of any sound measure in the hearts of his people. The verdict of history will not be against his amiable and patriotic purposes nor against his benevolence of heart and simp-licity of character, but it will be against him as a ruler who failed to understand the conditions which surrounded him, and who failed to accomplish the destiny which fate had thrust upon him. While he was dreaming of free instruction, fine arts, universities, ing of free instruction, fine arts, universities, philosophy, religion, and all that, fully nine-tenths of his subjects grovelled in ignorance and poverty. He studied the economic questions of his day, and then permitted a handful of landowners to dominate his country, and control legislation for their own selfish uses. He dreamed of the abolition of slavery, while at the same time frowning upon it as an interference with vested rights. He desired to improve the condition and extend the political rights with vested rights. He desired to improve the condition and extend the political rights of his people, and yet left them at the mercy of some of the most unscrupulous politicians who ever manipulated an election or directed the course of legislation. It may be that there has been no improvement in this respect since the overthrow of the monarchy, but the truth still must be confessed that D. Pedro II did not improve his opportuni-ties to advance the best interests of his

country. In view of this fact and because of the sympathy which we feel for him, we heartily regret the publication of this document. It may have been written only for the perusal of a few old friends, and through an impulse which he could not resist; in such case it was heartless to give it so great a publicity.

WE trust it will not be forgotten in the United States in the heat and hurry of preparations for the "commercial invasion of South America," that after all only two things are really needed for the work—capital and commercial enterprise. It is a waste of time and effort to send scouting parties to spy out the land, for the route of commerce have long been known and every well informed merchant knows exactly what the elements of that commerce must be. It is not pillage that the merchant is after; it is simply an exchange of products. If he wants to know what those products are, let him consult any geography and find out how far his destination is from the out how far his destination is from the equator. In the case of Brazil he will no find the slightest difficulty in deciding that buffalo robes and warming pans may be left at home. Enough has certainly been written about Brazil to give him some idea of the wants and preferences of the people. Flourishing American houses were in existence here over fifty years ago, and others can just as readily be established now. There was a time, in the old days when commerce depended more on individual enterprise and less upon official pap, when a merchant made it his business to know personally all about the markets where he proposed to trade. He never dreamed of waiting for a roving commission composed of a lawyer and a journalist to prepare the way, nor for consular officials to tell him what to do. The two guides required for his enterprise were skill, or commercial training, and personal observation, and thes guides are just as necessary now as ever they were. It may be predicted that no successful trade will ever be built up by floating exhibitions, nor by commercial travellers. If American merchants will establish commercial houses in South America and give their personal attention to the development of trade, their chances of sucss are just as good as those of any other nationality. And there has not been a time within the past twenty-five years when American houses might not have been estab-lished just as easily as German or English houses. We have in this city a number of houses. We have in this city a number o important American manufacturers repre sented by foreign business houses, and we have a number of staple American products handled solely by foreign merchants. That American products are sold here at all is almost wholly due to Englishmen, Germans, Portuguese and Brazilians. This is some-thing for the "invaders" to think of before starting, and it it shall lead to the exportation of a few live American merchants our suggestions will not be in vain.

STRANGE INCONSISTENCIES.

To the Editor of The Rio News.

To the Editor of The Rio News.

Sir,—You have earned the sincere thanks of all humane and thoughtful persons by your recent articles on the above hospital, and for inserting in your issue of the 28th ait, the article from O Turz.

Anything more ghastly and barbarous than the state of things set forth in that article can hardly be imagined, and the central government, which has hitherto allowed these things to exist under its eyes, must surely at length feel that it is on its trial before the eivilized world for gross and shocking inhumanty.

eyes, must surely at length feel that it is on itstial before the civilized world for gross and shocking inhumanty.

But whilst you have been calling attention to these things the thoughts of the good people of Rio have apparently been running in quite other directions. They are ambitious, it would seem, to tread in the steps of their Argentine neighbors, and must needs follow their example, as in other things, so also in their amusements. Dd not Buenos Aires, just before the great crash and collapse, engage, regardless of expense, the most famous of European prima donnas? Then Rio must do the same, however fabulous may be the cost.

Sober-minder people must think that, with the notorious financial difficulties of the government, and with a disastrous connected reiss impending, the time is ill-chosen for such outrageously extravagant amusements; and certainly, if the vast sums to be spent on these entertainments were laid out in providing a remely for the barbarity now going on at the yellow lever hospital, the civilized world would form a higher opinion of the good sense and right feeling of the Brazilian government and people. But in this squandering of thousands and tens of thousands of pounds to hear a favorite singer, whish hundreds of poor yellow fever patients are being done to death through the most cruel neglect do we not see an instance of that strange inconsistency which seems characteristic of Brazil? A sweet unreasonableness, a lack of all sense of fitness and proportion, from time to time startles a stranger.

A lew 48 feet Lebeuge these the the time of the startles of the startles.

A few days ago one of the deputies of this state returned from Rio. I have not heard that the gen-

tleman has rendered any important service to his constituents or to his country, or that he has distinguished himself in any way whatever as a representative of the state, but from the reception given to him on his return, you would suppose him to have been the saviour of his country, or at least a successful general returning with the glory and spinls of many victories. Our principal streets were profusely decorated; we had fireworks, bands of music and speeches. A special train, gorgeous with flags, conveyed three bands of music to our crizen to his residence.

Well, all this is very fine, but whilst our good extrems that midulge their patriotic feelings regardless of cost, the authorites have not the means, or do not see the need, of providing decent roads about the city.

An American writer once said that "funerals are much cultivated at Pennambuco," and certainly the number of carriages that daily follow the dead is not a little remarkable. Yet the principal road leading to the public cemetery is such that you may sometimes see a hearse actually stuck fast in the must, and if the driver be not very careful to dodge the dangerous holes and pitfalls in his way, he must infallbly overturn his vehicle. It is no uncommon thing for carriages following the hearse to come to a stand in attempting to plow their way though the deep sand, the mouners being compelled to decend, and petrapas help the overtaxed horses. There is one part of this road that was formerly exclamined, but sixteen years ago it was already needing regars; but nothing as yet has been done to it, and now this part of the road is perhaps the most dangerous of all.

It was fortunate for our political hero that he did not arrive from the midst of an ordinary wet season, for had he done so it is prefly safe to assert that at least half of the sixty carriages forming the tramphal procession would have failed to reach the end of the most dangerous of all.

It was fortunate for our political hero that he did not arrive from the midst of an ordinary wet

Your obedient servant, A FRIENDLY STRANGER. Pernambuco, May 15, 1891.

From Bradstreet's, March 21, 1891.

THE COMMERCIAL INVASION OF SOUTH AMERICA.

THE COMMERCIAL INVASION OF SOUTH AMERICA.

The development of trade with Central and South American countries, particularly with Brazil, under the new treaty, is a frequent topic of discussion among manufacturers and commercial organizations. The methods involved in such commerce are known to be wholly different from those in use here in our domestic trade, or in our intercourse with European nations. The general knowledge of the character and wants of these new markets, which have been or are soon to be thrown open to our products, is very limited. But few of the consular reports give the necessary information. A thorough study of any of these markets has not been made by any agent of the government. A few private corporations have acquired, through correspondents, information sufficient to carry on successfully trade in their special lines. Manufacturers must gain through personal contact with southern dealers a knowledge of the extent of the demand there existing for their products, and the changes necessary to be made in their construction to adapt them to the different environments to which the southern consumer is subjected.

To afford the means for securing this acquaintance and for studying southern markets a fleet of three vessels, carrying American products of almost every description, and accompanied by the manufacturers or representatives of the same, is about to be sent on a cruise to the principal ports of Central and South America. The company in charge of the expedition was chartered March 13. The three vessels to be used are the steamer Colorado of 2,250 tons. The Son Marco will be filled with products of lighter weight and smaller buik. The vessels will have New York about June 1 and the cruise will conver about five including a faraces in Venezuela, Carthagena in Colombia and Vera Cruz in Mexico. Warchouses have been retted from New York americans in Venezuela, Carthagena in Colombia and Vera Cruz in Mexico. Warchouses have been retted from New York and other heavier products. It is hoped tha

tial that each should produce what the other lacks. Thus we raise breadstuffs which are not grown on the borders of the Carribean sea, in the valley of the Amazon, nor in Ecuador, Colombia or Peur, and manufacture goods required in all parts of South America. Articles which we require are produced there. Here, therefore, are the factors necessary for a prosperous trade."

Comparing the character and amounts of the exports from these countries with their imports, it would seem that there is much tuth in the general statement that they bay all they consume and sell all they produce. Whatever may be the immediate outcome of this traveling exposition of our manufacturers, the ultimate result cannot but be beneficial to the trade between the South American countries and this. countries and this

RIO PORT IMPROVEMENTS

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The following answer from the minister of finance to the merchants of Rio, who protested against the levying of a surfax of 2 per cent. advancement on the whole importation of this port for the benefit of the Ola is Hydraulicas company, was published on the 30th ult.

"The question raised by the petitioners has no plausible foundation in view of Art. 7 of the Law of October 15th, 1856, which established a general tax for the improvement of the ports of the republic, and in virtue of which this tax was conceded to the "Empreza de Melhoramentos" of the port of this Federal Capital.

"No limitation is contained in the said law as regards the obligation of payment of this onus to which are subjected vessels entering this same port, the improvements of which are advantageous to all.

"I, therefore, refuse the application of the petitioners."

Provincial Notes

— In Araras, S. Paulo, a house was robbed by burglars of 5,200\$ a few days since.

— In Rio Claro, S. Paulo, a merchant was re-cently robbed by burglars of over 4,000\$.

-- The election of a deputy to succeed minister João Barbalho has been postponed to Aug. 18th.

- The committee on the constitution in the Rio Janeiro legislature made its report on the 27th

— At S. Benedicto, in the manicipal district of Campos, there died on the 15th ult. a woman said to be 120 years old.

— At the station of Luz, S. Paulo, on the 27th ult. a planter was robbed of 4,000\$ in money and of a note for 30,000\$.

Some excitement has been caused in Sergipo by the dismissal of the provisional governor on the eve of the gubernatorial election.

— In Juiz de Fóra two persons have asked the municipal council for an exclusive privilege for manufacturing matches in that city.

The state constitution of Plauly was promulgated on the 28th ult., and Dr. Gabriel Luiz Ferreira was elected governor of the state.

— The cruisers Liberdade and Primeiro de Março and the iron-clad Bahia, which were sent to Santos during the strike, left that port on the 26th ult.

The legislature of Santa Catharina has resolved to memorialize the general government against the reciprocity agreement with the United States.

— In consequence of the increase in duties and their collection in gold, the Porto Alegre press has raised the price of government advertisements. Good !

A telegram from Pará, dated the 29th ulti-says that the police of that city has succeeded preventing a strike of the street-car conductors and drivers.

The municipal council of Jundiahy, S. Paulo, contracted for the illumination of the city with etric light, and also for a water supply and for verage works.

— Up to the 21st ult, 309,091 head of cattle had been received at the Tablada at Pelotas against 260,007 up to the same date in 1890. The prices varied from 26\$ to 40\$ a head.

— It has been reported in Espirito Santo that Gov. Aguirre is to be dismissed on account his letter calling President Deodoro a grandissima besta. And very properly so, too!

— In Guarany, Minas Geraes, a mulatto woman named Rozaria threw her one year old child into a river. The child was found clinging to some bushes at the water's edge and was saved.

In Alagoas the candidates for the office of governor are Senator Pedro Paulino (brother of President Deodoro), Dr. Gabino Besouro (an opposition deputy] and Dr. Tiburcio de Araujo.

— There were 142 deaths in Fortaleza, Ceará, in the month of April, which is a very large number for so small a town. Why is it not possible to improve the sanitary condition of these towns?

- If the effect of Dr. Koch's lymphis to increase one's appetite, as the experiment in Campinas seems to prove, we certainly cannot recommend it to the public with provisions at their present price.

It is stated that in the recent election in S. Paulo the hightest vote of the government candidates was 27,889, that of the Campos-Salles-Glycerio candidates 9,693, and that of the Catholic candidates 1,552.

candidates 1,552.

Abbé Chelmicki has visited 17 colonies in the state of Paraná and it is stated that he is very much pleased with what he has seen. The governor took good care to provide the abbé with the right kind of an attendant.

kind of an attendant.

— The electors of Mococa have addressed letter to Dr. Jesuino Cardoso promising to vote fo him in the election for deputy. If Mococa make mistakes sometimes, it is not for want of effort the keep on the winning side.

- -Small-pox has made its appearance in several provincial towns.
- -The formal opening of the Paraná constituent assembly occurred on the 30th ult.
- -The steamer Horrox received at Victoria 4,-900 bags of coffee valued at 250,680\$000.
- -The preparatory sessions of the Espirito Santo constituent assembly were opened on the 1st mst.
- —There was a fight in Santos on the 29th ult, between parties of Italians and Portuguese, several being injured on both sides.
- -There is a lack of water in S. Paulo, and much complaint against the Companhia Cantareira. The latter has demonstrated, however, that the supply at the Cantareira sources is much below the normal quantity.
- —The S. Paulo constituent assembly began its preparatory sessions on the 1st inst. A proposal was made to elect the governor before adopting the constitution, which would be a very strange proceeding, at best.
- —The unquenchable tribune, Martins Junior, left Pernambuco for this capital on the 31st ult. In Alagôas the constituent assembly received him with exceptional honors and gave him an opportunity to make a speech.
- The S. Paulo police is going to rent a room for the purpose of establishing a permanent exhibition of the photographs of pick-pockets, burglars and murderess. It ought to compete with Mme. Tusseaud's chamber of horrors.
- It is stated that Gen. Cesario Alvim has declined the directorship of a bank on the ground that he is a candidate for the presidency of Minas Geraes. He entertains no doubts, however, as to his fitness for a bank presidency!
- In the jail of Cachoeira, Bahia, a prisoner accused of robbery, borrowed a suit of clothes from a fellow prisoner in order that he might present a respectable appearance before the jury. He was acquitted and then forgot to return the borrowed clothes.
- —The preparatory sessions of the São Paulo constituent assembly were onened yesterday. The name of Dr. Americo Braziliense, provisional governor and recently appointed minister of finance, is almost the only one mentioned for the governorship.
- The Paulista theatrical company is going to erect a large building for plays, concerts and circures. The ground has already been bought and the work on the building will shortly begin. We trust that wire fencing will be used as sparingly as possible in the enterprise.
- Dr. Koch's lymph has been injected into three persons in Campinas. It is stated that the appetite of one of the patients has greatly increase, ed, but this must be a mistake, as we have always understood that the effect of the lymph is to cure and not to promote consumption.
- and not to promote consumption.

 There was a stormy scene in the Sergipe legislature on the 26th. The president wished to promulgate the constitution before it was engrossed and to proceed at once to the gubernatorial election. Against this some of the members protested, and the sitting closed in the midst of uproar.
- —One of the first steps taken by a candidate for the governorship of Sergipe was to visit the quartel and compliment the officers and soldiers on their discipline. There may be no Irish vote to conciliate in Brazil, but the military element seems to be playing that rôle with conspicious success.
- On the 30th ult, a powder factory exploded at Pará killing 5 men certainly and it is suspected there are more victims. About a ton-and-a-half of powder was in the factory. These explosions seem to be becoming very frequent at Pará, for, if we are not mistaken, this is the third within a few months.
- A telegram of the 29th ult. from Alagóas, says that the election of Gen. Deodoro's brother, Pedro Paulino, to the office of governor of that state is considered certain and that the present governor is working to have himself elected lieutenant-governor. He has informed the legislature of what it is expected to do.
- —A collision occurred at the mouth of the Pará river on the 9th ult. between the Portuguese bark Fortuna and the British steamer Ambross. The former was bound from Manáos to London with a cargo of castanhas and suffered damages to an estimated amount of 5,000\$. The steamer sustained damages estimated at 8,000\$.
- The state of affairs in Formiga, Minas Geraes, is by no means pleasant. According to a local paper, the municipal judge has written to the minister of justice informing him that the district judge, Deputy Pires Ferreira, the police delegate, Barão de Pitumby, and other important persons are disorderly, seditious and murderous.
- The cadets sent from Porto Alegre to S. Gabriel, on reaching the station of Umbū, found that no conveyance had been provided for them and proceeded to make the rest of the journey on foot. The people of S. Gabriel, hearing of this, sent horses and carts to meet them, and the cadets entered the city in the midst of acclamations.
- —The governor of S. Paulo has increased the pay of the eaployés of the secretary's department, of the treasury, of the public instruction bureau, of the insane asylum and of the penitentiary, and now the employés of the immigration bureau wish their pay increased also. But, who is to increase the pay of the taxpayer so as to enable him to meet all these extra expenses?
- Some of the members of the Rio de Janeiro legislature are circulating subscription papers to pay for a painting representing the opening of that body. They are wasting their time and money. The manner in which they were elected and the haste with which they chose Portella as governor and approved all of his acts without examination, will render them famous without the assistance of an historical painting.

- —The Santos police have discovered a part of the goods stolen from the Lloyd Brazileiro warehouse in that city on the 22nd ult., in the house of an Italian peddler named Pietri. A cartman named Boa Morte was arrested, who confessed that he carried the stolen goods for Pietri. The indications are that they are both equally guilty of the crime.
- are that they are both equally guilty of the crime.

 A telegram from Sergipe, dated the 29th ult.,
 says that the acting governor of that state has
 declared the legislature adjourned to the 10th inst.
 The members of the legislature met at the hall of
 the municipal council and passed a motion declaring the adjournment illegal. The acting governor
 has posted troops at the legislative building to
 prevent the legislature from meeting.

 It is object is
 said to be to gain time for maturing his plans to
 cause himself to be elected governor. This is
 what Brazilian republicans call the free organization
 of the states.

RAILROAD NOTES

- -It is reported that the government has decided to permit the establishment of a new street-car line in this city.
- The municipal council of Rio Claro, S. Paulo, has approved the drawings of the trainway between that city and Limeira.
- —A train was derailed on the 29th ult, on the Oeste railway, near Casa Branca, and several passengers and railway employés were injured.
- The minister of justice has instructed the president of the civil and criminal court to inquire whether the Macahé railway was transferred without payment of tax on the transfer.
- A later telegram from Pernambuco states that the accident on the Limoeiro railway on the 26th ult, was a derailment and not a collision as first reported. There were no deaths as was at first reported, but two passengers and two employes were wounded. The damage caused by the accident is estimated at 20,000\$\mathbb{x}\$.
- At the meeting of the shareholders of the Viação Ferrea Sapacahy company on the 25th ult. a proposition was approved to change two shares with 708 pand for one 200\$ share, on which 50\$ per share will be called; to give one share for every four of these new shares upon which 20\$ will be credited and to make a call of 20\$ per share on the capital of the Sapacahy, Montes Claros, Victoria and Sul Paulista companies, against which will be credited what is due these companies by the Viação Ferrea.
- Ferrea. The freight on a case of kerosene from Paranaguá to Curityba on the Parana railway is 28500, besides the state tax which is $10^{\circ}/_{0}$ or 2850 rés, making a total of 38505. On the Graciosa furn-pike between the same two points the freight varies from 600 rs. to 18000. The freight on a case of matches is 118500 by the railway and 38000 by the turnpike, and on 15 kilos of from 495 reis by the former and from 200 to 250 by the latter. It would be interesting to know just why this read was built.
- —A very singular occurrence took place at Cruzeiro on the night of the 27th ult. A clerk and litter in the employ of the Minas and Rio company succeeded in deceiving the watchman at the locomotive sheds and obtained possession of a locomotive. The watchman suspected something wrong and gave the alarm, but before the police could be procured, the two men got up steam and started the locomotive up the line. Their steam gave out at the end of the first kilometre, however, where they were overtaken and placed under arrest. Whether they were drunk, or crazy, is not stated, but it is quite certain that no man in the full possession of his faculties would care to steal a railway locomotive.

RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

- —The Argentine government is preparing measure for the termination of the port works.
- —The irrepressible Roca now appears as a can didate for the Argentine vice-presidency on the ticket with General Mitre.
- —The situation in Argentina seems to be becoming critical again. A telegram of the 31st ult. says that the troops are held in readiness.
- —The British minister at Montevideo gave a dinner to the British merchants and others in that city on the 30th ult., in honor of the Queen's birthday.
- —A "run" on the private banks is in progress in Buenos Aires. There was a general panic yesterday, and the banks and Congress were guarded by the police.
- —The U. S. transport Tallapoosa and corvette Essex left Montevideo for Buenos Aires on the 19th ult. The British gunboat Beagle left on the same day for Buenos Aires and the Rio Uruguay.
- —Saturday's gold quotations in Buenos Aires reached \$21.60 per pound sterling, or \$423 currency for \$100 gold. The situation was considered alarming, and precautions were taken to protect the banks and the bolsa.
- —The North American capitalists have sent a representative to this country to purchase large tracts of land for them. This is a lucky more for Argentina, as it means both an inflow of capital and civilization, two rather important items at the present time.—Argentine News.
- The Buenos Aires Provincial Bank has adopted the expedient of issuing viséed cheques against deposits, which will be received by that and the mortgage bank in payment of debts. The *Herald* says this will be a new issue of paper money to the amount of \$150,000,000.
- —Failing to obtain the desired \$100,000,000 internal loan, the Argentine government ordered the subscription closed, suspended further calls on the subscriptions received and then authorized the issue of bonds for the money paid in. No question appears to have been raised as to the propriety of keeping this money.

- —According to our Montevideo exchanges the American and English naval officers there have been for some time very usefully employed in giving ministrel entertainments for the amusement of the people and the benefit of local charities. It may seem a little incongruous for a naval officer to devote so much attention to the buffooneries of life, but it its perhaps as good as anything else to kill time.
- —General Donovan, the excellent governor of the Chaco, has recently returned from a tour over his widely-extended domain. Governor Donovan purposes trying the experiment of founding Indian colonies at which the festive aborigine will be treated like a white man, and encouraged to show what he can do in showing forward the slow-going car of civilization. General Donovan deserves every encouragement in this humanitarian endearour and we hope it may be given him by the public powers.—Argentine News.
- public powers.—Argentine News.

 —The proposed new Banco da Republica, of Buenos Aires, which is to take the place of the Banco Nacional, is to have a capital of \$30,000,000 currency and \$20,000,000 specie. It is to be self-governing (by the shareholders) except in regard to the chairman of the board of directors, who will be chosen by the government. Two "sydies" will be chosen, one by the government and the other by the shareholders. The bank is not to exercise its right of issue until the present currency is all called in. Until then the treasury will issue all the notes required. This experiment with a gold and paper capital will be watched with interest.

LOCAL NOTES

- —An epidemic of crime and scandals is raging in this city and S. Paulo at the present time.
- -The new minister of justice is expected to arrive from Bahia to-day. He is very much
- —It is said that the government is making an effort to hasten the settlement of the debt owing this country by Uruguay.
- —On the 29th ult, a clerk who had gone to the Caixa da Amortisação for exchanging old currency for new, had his pocket picked of 570\$.
- —The government has authorized the municipal council to make a contract with Engineer Nuno Alvares and others for building a new market.
- Now that receipts of coffee are increasing and prices declining the comporant café-man puts up the price of his beverage from 60 rs. to 100 rs. per
- cup.

 —The Botanical Garden traumway company has contributed 1,000\$ to the statue of the late Gen. Benjamin Constant, which is to be erected in front of the military school.
- —On the 28th ult. Dr. Ferro Cardoso gave a public exhibition of his mechanical evaporator for making salt. He estimates that with this machine he can make salt at a cost of 70 reis a bushel.
- —The Italian government has commissioned Prof. Vincenzo Grossi to visit Brazil for the purpose of making a special study of commerce and innigration. Prof. Grossi embarked for this port at Genoa on the 31st ult.
- —Deputy Homero Baptista says that it is not true that Gen. Glycerio clandesinely sold lands in the S. Gabriel stock farm. What he did was to authorize, at the request of that deputy, the establishment of a colony on those lands.
- On the 30th ult, rumors were afloat as to the health of President Fonseca, but they proved to be much exaggerated, and the President is now so far recovered, from what is reported to have been an asthmatic attack, as to have left his bed.
- Our sympathies are extended to Sr. Candido de Oliveira, secretary for war in the Ouro-Preto government. The unfortunate man has no sooner returned from his exile, than he has been elected president of a company—the Villa Alfredo Montanha,
- tanha,

 "The total number of deaths in this city during
 the past week was 399, of which 87 from yellow
 fever, 7 typhoid fever, 10 pernicious fever, 12
 small-pox, 2 beri-beri, and 30 consumption. Of
 the total, 128 were classed as midigenter and buried
 at public expense.
- —Perhaps someone interested will let us know how a shareholder in any of the numerous companies organized here feels when he examines the morning papers and finds a new *chamada* made upon his purse. Blasphemy will hardly serve such a case.
- —It is worthy of attention that the valuations of free goods from the United States are now made at the highest possible figure so as to make the 5% expedience yield as much as possible. It can hardly be considered an act of good faith to make these valuations much higher than the actual market price of the goods.
- —It is a good sign to see that so many companies are threatening to confiscate the shares upon which impecunious holders can no longer pay the calls. The directors will make a fat living out of these confiscated shares, but they will have to find some one to pay cash for them first; and in the meantime where are the salaries to come from?
- —The Portuguese government has enabled Sr. Sebastiao Pinho with the title of Conde de S. Sebastiao de Pinho. As the new earl is a Portuguese subject he has every right to accept a title at his royal master's hands. What we are unable to understand is that a citizen of the Brazilian republic is willing to accept a title from these same royal hands.
- —It is usually considered that one of the purposes of fusing two or more companies in one enterprise is to reduce expenses of administration, Here in Rio we know better than that; for when the Lloyd Brazileira was taken over by the Obras Publicas the directors of the former, we hear, were all retained as managers of the "navigation branch" of the Obras Publicas.

- -The sending off of Capt. Collatino Góes to Goyaz is another incident in the military question.
- -The Correio do Povo of the 28th ult. contradicts the reports of the mutinous state of the police brigade.
- —A lighter loaded with cargo from the English steamer *Tonic*, was sunk by that steamer as it was leaving this port on the 26th ult.
- —In consequence of the reports circulated in regard to the mutinous state of the police brigade, the government has ordered an investigation.
- —The Diario Official of the 28th ult. contains the report of the employé appointed to inspect the Bahia custom-house. This employé reports many irregularities.
- —It is stated that Visconde de Ouro Preto and Councillor Lafayette will have professorships in the free law school that it is proposed to establish in this city.
- —The sale of gold on government account is now confined to the custom-house, and there are complaints of the dilatory manner in which this service is performed.
- —Col. Antonio Cesar Moreira has returned to this city and has been ordered to present a written statement of the part he took in the revolutionary movement in Amazonas.
- —On the 27th ult, there was a collision of two tram cars of the Carris Urbanos at the corner of Ruas Lavradio and Riachuelo. A leg of one of the passengers was broken.
- -President Deodoro attended a drill of the firemen some days ago and escaped unburt. A contemporary suggests that hereafter he shall be present when the troops are drilled in the manual
- —The government has approved the drawings of the projected telephone line between S. Paulo and Santos. Just what the government has got to do with a S. Paulo telephone line is not explained.
- —The Formal do Commercio of the 27th ult, publishes a telegram from New York stating that a new line of sackets between the United States and Brazil has been established.
- —The 27th ult, was the birthday of Baráo de Lucena, who received many calls and letters of congratulation. Among the callers was the President of the republic. The Baráo gave a dimer to bis friends.
- —The government has deported the Italian Almicar Donat, accused of propagating socialistic doctrines and inciting working-men to revolt. Almicar will probably doubt the statement hereafter that Brazil is a free republic.
- —The committee appointed to examine the new penal code of the navy reports that this code, as published, contains some clerical errors that it is necessary to correct, but that in general the objections made to it are unfounded.
- —Dr. Honorio Ribeiro has been permitted to transfer to the Banco Viação do Brazil his contract with the government for settling immigrants. We trust the pro-pective immigrant has yielded Dr. Honorio a good profit.
- —After order has been restored to the finances of the country, which Gen. Ruy left in the atmost confusion, the next thing on the docket, says the *Tempo*, is to change the present electoral law, which, as that paper truly observes, is a blot on the legislation of the republic.
- "Decree No. 337, of the 23rd ult., authorizes the expropriation of land at Nova Ciutra on Santa Thereza hill for building an observatory in place of the one on Morro do Castello. Would it not be good policy to wait for a congressional appropriation?
- —A very peculiar species of binlevard was inaugurated on the 28th ult. It is to be known as "Bandeira Jr.," and already possesses a pottery, or brick-factory, a tin-smiths' shop and a sweetmeats and pickle factory; none of which seem to us proper features for a binlevard.
- —It is said that there is a man in this city who makes a business of buying old matrasses on the island of Sapucaia, where the garbage of the city is sent to be burned, and of selling the straw to upholsterers. The board of health ought to make this man's acquaintance, and without any ceremony.
- mony.

 —Demetrio Urpia and others have requested the government to give them an exclusive privilege for 20 years for manufacturing Singer sewing machines and to prohibit during this time the importation of foreign sewing machines. The government has declined to grant this modest request.
- —At 1 o'clock p.m. on the 29th ult., two shots were fired into the residence of Dr. Salles Guerra, situated at No. 32, Rua do Marquez de Abrantes. One of these shots took effect in the frame of a mirror, and the other wounded a servant girl who was cleaning the glass. The police is trying to learn who fired the shots.
- —A Lisbon telegram of the 29th ult. states that the capitalist Sebastiao Pinho has received the title of count from the Fortuguese government. Since titles have been abolished here, that government has the field to itself and seems disposed to make the most of it. The Portuguese revenue from Brazilian vanity ought to be considerable.
- —The custom-house officials secured a quantity of contraband jewellery and precious stones on the 28th which are valued at about 23,000\$. It was attempted to smuggle the articles in the lining of a case containing a silver tea-service which was received by the steamer Magadema and consigned to the firm of Levy Irmãos & Co.
- —On the 28th ult, the Diario Official published a report from a special Treasury agent sent to examine the Bahia custom-house, in which the most serious charges are made against the employés. So serious are these charges that it seems impossible for the minister of finance to do anylang but dismiss the whole of the staff at the Bahia custom-house.

- There will be no meeting of the English Reading Club to-morrow evening.

- A telegram from Pernambuco on the 1st announces the arrival there of Cleary's English opera company. The opening performance will be on Thursday, when "The Mikado" will be given. We hear that all the tickets were taken up at once.

- We hear that Mr. Ernest Nicolini, British consul at Balia, gave a dinner to the British resi-dents of that city on the 24th in honor of the Queen's birthbday. The dinner was given at the Hotel des Etrangers, which was very tastfally decorated for the occasion. There were twenty guests present and the dinner passed off very pleasantly and successfully.

-It is reported that the Minas state government has cordially received Capt. Alex. Rodgers, representative of the Colombian exposition, and has appointed Prof. Gorceix to represent that state in the work of preparing an exhibit. It is to be hoped that the Minas people will make a specia effort to send forward a complete mineral exhibit which could not fail to attract general attention.

-On the 31st ult. the government considered i necessary to contradict an absurd rumor that it had necessary to contradict an absurd rumor that it not applied to the Uruguayan government for aid against disturbances in Rio Grande do Sul. There is more probability of the Orientales requiring assistance from Brazil, than vice-versal—and we may add, we wish they did, for it would give the Brazilian army something to occupy its attention.

-What are the authorities going to do about the curb-stone brokers? In spite of the prohibition they are again assembling in Rua da Alfandega blocking traffic and causing serious inconvenience to the business houses of that locality. If the want to live on such speculations, they can eash afford to rent a saloon for the purpose, and the afford to rent a saloon for the purpose, and the police should see that they do it. They have neight to stop up a public thoroughtare.

-Among the passengers leaving for Europe on —Among the passengers leaving for Europe on the Petasi, on the 31st ult, was Dr. Antonio Coelho Rodrigues, who has made a contract with the government for drafting a codige circl within a period of three years. Perhaps we are very dell in this matter, but why does Dr. Antonio find it necessary to go to Europe to do this work? We know how many technical and official reports are prepared there, but surely a civil code can hardly be drawn up in the same way!

-We desire to again call public attention to the brutalities hourly practised in this city by cartmen, brutamies nourly pactised in this city by cartinen, tram drivers, and others. It is a common thing to overload carts, and then when the animals become exhausted, or are unable to move the load, they are beaten and whipped in the most brutal manner. A lew evenings since a transdriver on the Botanead Gardens line also amused hiasself by beating a mule with an iron hook. These offences ought to be punished executive. be punished severely.

-President Deodoro's health has recently been very bad, and for some days he has been confined to his bed. On the night of the 29th ult, he was to his bed. On the night of the 20th ult, he was seized with a violent attack of asthma, and on the morning of the 20th ult, reports of his death were circulated in the city. No definite news wareceived until a late hour, when it was amounced that he was much better. On the 31st he was able to get up. A curious feature in the case was the absence of any public bulletins, or trustworthy information as to his condition. Surely the President of the republic is of enough consequence to warrant bulletins as to his condition when ill!

-The publication of the incidents connected with the seduction of a poor girl by a military officer named Espirito Santo, who sought to conofficer named Espirito Santo, who sought to con-ceal his crime and responsibility by himing a fel-low to marry the girl, has led the police to give publicity to several other cases of seduction which were being kept quiet because of the social standing of the criminals. The frequency of these crimes in this city can not be disputed, and it is time that the police authorities put a stop to the shameful protection of the men who are responsible for them. If the press would take the cases up, as the Fornal has recently done, there would probably be less crime and less official protection. protection.

- We deeply regret to hear, just as we are going to press, of the death of the Rev. Charles Winter from yellow fever at Carson's Hotel in this city. to press, of the death of the Kev. Charles Wniter from yellow fever at Carson's Hotel in this city. The deceased arrived in Rio only a month ago as a substitute for Mr. Mosley, chaplan of the English church, who returned home for a six months' vacation. Unhappily the epidemic was still in progress and Mr. Winter was called upon to minister to the sick and dying, and to perform the last sad rites for the dead almost daily. He was not in good health himself, and the constant labor and exposure which he was called upon to undergo made him an easy victum to the fever. Mr. Winter was living at Candido's in Latangeiras when taken ill, but was turned out of the house because of an unwillingness to have a fever patient there. We can not condemn this bratal treatment of fever patients too severely. It has occurred in other hotels also and has been the cause, we fear, of more than one death. In this connection we can not praise too highly the action of Mr. W. D. Catson, who received the sick man and gave up his own room to him. Such acts of generosity and humanity, we regret to say, are infrequent enough to make Mr. Carson's action deserving of the fullest recognition.

MARRIAGE.

GALLOP—DUFFIELD— On April 29th at St. Mary's Church, Wimbledon, by the Rev. E. J. Gallop, brother of the bridegroom, REGINALD GEORGE GALLOP, of Lawington House, Wimbledon, youngest son of the late John Gallop, Esq. to HELEN MARION, second daughter of E. Ross Duffield, Esq., of Durrington House, Wimbledon.

FINANCIAL NOTES

In Manáos the custom house receipts in the month of April were 265,980\$669, an increase of 163,921\$\$4\$ over those of April, 1890.

The Sociedade Anonyma Boulevard Duarte Rodrigues was installed in S. Paulo on the 25th uit. The capital of the company is 4,000,000\$.

ant. The capital of the company is 4,000,000\$.—A telegram from Pernambaco on the 30th amounces the floating of the following companies: Cabotagem, 2,000,000\$. Tecidos, 800,000\$. Panificação, 2,000,000\$. Tecidos, 800,000\$. Tenificação, 2,000,000\$. The the 27th ult. the Companhia Melhoramentos de Pernambaco remitted to Pernambaco by the steamer Trent the sum of 600,000\$. The company has bought the Pinto central sugar mill in that state.

company has bought the Pinto central sugar mill in that state.

—Public opinion is exercised as to why Visconde de Leopoldina conferred recently with the minister of forcing affairs instead of with the minister of agriculture. The forcing office has nothing to do with the Central of Brazil railway.

—The Fornal & Commercia of the 30th ult., estimates at 402,097\$608 the increase since the revolution in the amount of the pensions paul by the government. This calculation includes 152,859\$129, formerly paid out of the private purse of the Emperor and now paid by the treasury.

—When the Rio and S, Paulo markets are almost persuaded that company organizing is about finished. Persuambace has awakened to the fact that it requires companies also and has gone into the business. We trust the people there have made the necessary financial preparations on the spot.

—A spinning and weaving mill, a "constructive" company were organized on the 26th ulto. We think this shows clearly that Brazil may no longer be considered an "essentially agricultural" contrary, although some of the inhabitants may be pasteral in their pursuits.

—A the meeting of the shareholders of the

the meeting of the shareholders of the ermanente insurance company held on the At the meeting of the shareholders of the Nova Permanette insurance company held on the goth ulto, it was decided to accept a proposal from the Brazil Federal company for a fusion. Insurance has become far from profitable there, and it would be advisable if other companies followed the exam-ple of the Nova Permanente.

ple of the Nova Permanente.

—The government has refused to grant the petition of insporting merchants, asking to be exempted from the payment of the tax of 2% in benefit of the Companhia de Obras Hydranlicas. It bases its decision on the ground that this is a general tax established by law for the improvement of posts and that the law makes no exception in favor of the improvements.

—We have noticed announcements of the following companies during the past week:

the general resolved to allow the B. E. U. to have that pleasure, and then went to work to increase the deficit as fast he could, so that the bank might have something worth doing. For some time, however, we had heard nothing more of the matter, which we thought had been abandoned and forgotten. But now we are told that a committee net on the 29th ult, and took into consideration a proposal in regard to this subject, appointing a sub-committee composed of Gen. Candido Costa, Deputy Returnba and Barão de Oliveira Castro to lay it before the President of the republic.

CLEARY OPERA COMPANY.

Mr. Clearly begs to amounce to the public that his company will give a series of eight representations to commence on lune 18th at the S. Patho de Manutarn Theatre.

The operas presented will be: The Mikado,

The Mikado,
Evannie,
Pronfore,
Postes of Pensance,
Devolky,
Pepta,
Billee Taylor,
Patience, etc.
All these operas will be presented with all original
effects, costumes and scenery.
An important feature of the entertainments will
be a corps of 8 danienses, who have been much
applanded in London and New York theatres.
Further particulars may be obtained at Messrs.
Crashley & Co's, No. 67, Rua do Ouvidor.

COMMERCIAL

Rio de Janeiro, June 1st, 1891. Brazilian milreis (1\$000), gold. 27 d. do do do in U. S coin at \$4 86,65 per £1 stg ... 54 75 cts \$1.00 (U. S. coin) Brazilian gold ... 1\$827 of £1 stg in Brazilian gold ... 8 890 Bank rate of exchange, official, on London to-day 165% d Present value of the Brazilian mil reis (gold)... 18604 do do do (paper). 615 rs. gold do do do in U. S coin at \$4 80 per L: stg..... 33.25 c Value of \$1 00 0\$4 80 per \$2 808 35007

ilian currency (paper). 35007

Value of \$\mathcal{L}\$1 sterling , 14\$436 EXCHANGE.

May

May 26.—The official rates at the banks were advanced to 40% on London, \$86—\$87 on Paris and 724—726 on Hamburg at 276; §2652—\$87 on New York at sight. The market was firm, with basiness reported in bank sterling at 1656, in reposed paper 16 516 and in commercial at 1656—106 (A the close 17 was spoken of for commercial paper to fyir delivery. Sovereigns sold at 14\$40, closing with sellers at this price, buyers at 14\$40,

with sellers at this price, buyers at 14\$40.

May 22.—The Loodon and Brazilian and the Sul Americano banks advanced the sterling rate to 163\$\foathed{4}\$; the others were still at 163\$\foathed{4}\$. The market was very steady, but there was not much movement. Bank sterling was reported at 164\$\infty\$—165\$\foathed{4}\$; direct, and at 16916—165\$\infty\$ for repassed paper. Commercial sterling was quoted at 16\$\infty\$-6 tript. Sovereigns closed with buyers at 14\$\infty\$50, sellers at 14\$\infty\$80 for cash; buyes at 14\$\infty\$50, sellers at 14\$\infty\$80 for cash; buyes at 14\$\infty\$50, sellers at 14\$\infty\$80 for cash; buyes at 14\$\infty\$50 one trifting business was often bank sterling at 165\$\infty\$6.—16\$\infty\$100, and no ommercial at 16\$\infty\$6.

May 25.—Official tripts, were nuchonced, viz. 646\$\infty\$6.

in bank sterling at 1636—16716, and in commercial at 1635.

May 29—Official rates were unchanged, viz; 1635—1635 on Loudon, 531—357 on Paris and 741—750 of Hamburg, at 90 dtg, 3fo85—158 on New York at sight, but the market was very much higher and firm. The business reported was fair load's sterling direct at 1635—1635, repassed paper at 163; and commercial at 1035—1635, repassed paper at 163; and closed with buyers at this price, sellers at 1435—16 for cash, sellers at 1435—16 for commercial sterling was reported in bank sterling direct at 1636—1635, the greater part of the businesses going at 16 (1416, and 1628–1635), the greater part of the businesses going at 16 (1416, and 1628–1635), the greater part of the businesses going at 16 (1416, and 1628–1635), the greater part of the businesses going at 16 (1416, and 1628–1635), the greater part of the businesses going at 16 (1416, and 1628–1635), the greater part of the businesses going at 16 (1416, and 1628–1635), the greater leaves upon at 18 (1635), sellers at 14 (1416), the greater leaves are again advanced by the London and the london at 1625 and 2620 and 2

ereigns closed with bityers at 14\$165, sellers at 14\$190. June 1 — The rates were again advanced by the London and Brazilian Bank and Konco Sul Americano to 16\$4 on London. The official rates were 16\$5—16\$4 on London. The official rates were 16\$5—16\$5 on London, 5\$500—1\$8 on New York at sight and business was reported as bugb as 17\$4 in blank sterling, with commercial quoted a 17 12\$4. The market was strong at the close. Sowereigns Cased with buyers at 14\$505 of the 30\$6 for the 30th.

SALES OF STOCKS AND SHARES

May 25 Apolices, old

6 Apolices, old 9 21 do 9 75 do 9 1 Gold 6s, 68 12 25 o deb. Geral 750 do 9	88 1 93 98 00 50 50 50 500	35 Leop'd 200\$ 150 £11.5. 50 Sorocabana 500 cons. Banco C. Movel.	50 750 54 160 165 65 88
	Bank	rs.	
33 Brazil	50)5	30 Republica 100 do	190
Railto	ive and	Tramways.	
350 Geral	*	400 V.F.Sap'hy 40 \$	35
	Miscellar	wow.	
300 Melh. no Braz 750 do	38 11		too
May 26.			
2000 Sovereigns	14.440 1	250 deb. Geral	50

2000 Sovereigns 14 440	1250 deb. Geral	50
1 Apolices, old 994	400 .,	50
; do 993	8 ×1 ,,	51
65 do 481000	8 × ,, Leop'd 200\$	165
: deb B.Viação 52	8 ., Soroçabana.	87
190 U.I.S. Sebast 215	300 ,,	88
	ıks.	
; Brnzil 388	125 Dep. e Desc	350
100 do 390	3050 Pariz e Rio	128
150 do 25 195	800 do	128
2-0 Commercio 28. 62	116 Republica	187
900 C. Movel, 28 . 50	100 do	188
1200 do 52	1500 V. do Brazil	57
1:0 do 55		31
Railtoays and		
3000 Est. a Chopim. 20 Soo Geral	3300 Geral	34
Soo Geral 33	1200 do 8 June	36
2825 do 33 500	80 Jar. Bot. tram	230
Miscell		
1010 Melh no Brazil oo	too Inic de Melh	42
1050 Melh. no Brazil 99 850 do 99 500	toon da	43
850 do 99 500	100 Territ e Const	45
goo Obras Hydr 30	500 Territ e Const	46
900 001113 119 111 30	100 40	40
May 27.		
18 Apolices, old 992	5470 deb. Geral	50
	700 ,,	51
52, 0 \$ do 100	300 " Sorocabana.	87
40,000\$ Gold 414 79 119.7	125 cons, Cr. Movel	45
	ıks	-, 5
68 Brazil 392	2950 Pariz e Rio	
550 do 25 195	200 do bo to June	130
	and Daniellian	

Raile	vays and	t Tra	тачаў	s.
Geral do		200	Geral	•••••
	Miscel	laneou	5.	

20	Fid'lde ins'ce	210		100	Melh.	no Braz	96	
100	S. Laz.mill, 100\$	90		150	do		96	59
100	Brazil Territ	27		650	do		97	
110	Form. Cap'ema	105		200	do		97	50
50	Inic. de Melh	44	500	850	do		98	
2050	do	4.5		100	do		98	56
1000	Obras Hyd	28		100	Nova	Era	3:	
5.00	do	20					_	

May 29 Sovereigns 14 540 53 Apolices, old. 990 deb. Geral 50 500 1,800\$ do 990 do 51 16 do 48 192 do 30 June 55 3,600\$ Apolices Rio de Janeiro, 6% roo

Banks

300 Est. e Chopim . 20 200 V.F.Sap'hy 70\$ 41

May 30.

2000 deb. Geral ... 50 500 400 do ... 50 750 680 do ... 51 441 h. n. Predial. . . 83 150 deb.Lloyd Braz 208 Banks. 200 Sul Americano. 103 100 União de Cr.. 240 100 do 28 ... 65 50 U. Ib. Amer ... 96 650 do 100 d Trams

too Est. e Chopim. 650 Geral.... 25 Sorocabana ... 300 100 V.F.Sap'hy 70\$ 41

| Mucellaneous | Naticellaneous | Natice

BANCO BRAZIL E NORTE AMERICA

BALANCE SHEET, APRIL 30TH, 1891.

Accets.

Shareholders: calls to be realized	40,071,800,5000
Directors' guarantee	60,000 000
Bills discounted	468,607 206
Guaranteed accounts current	6,019,871 350
Over drafts	28,672 180
Shares of banks and companies	14,615,039 775
Guarantees.	153,000 000
Securities pledged.	6,738,545 000
Furniture, etc	8,400 235
Bank premises.	278,250 000
Sundries; balances of various accounts	5,313,976 560
Cash: balance in current funds	622,460 137
	74.428,772\$533
Liabilities.	
Control	

40,757 29

Capital ...
Reserve fund ...
Reserve fund ...
Shares pledged ...
Accounts current general ...
Accounts current general ...
Read maturity ...
Ramo Emissor do Norte ...
Gnarantees ...
Securities deposited in guarantee ...
Securities deposited in guarantee ...
Dividend No . 1.
Dividend No . 1. 60,000 000 4,631,589 512 4,489,599 301 1,753,525 000 288,389 670 153,000 000 6,738,545 000 4,276,258 960 571,250 000 11,425 000

74,428,772\$533 F. & O. E. Rio de Janeiro, 23rd May, 1891. Theodoreto Carlos de Faria Souto, Vice-president. Carlos Vicira Lima, Accountant.

MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 1st June, 1891.

Exports.

Coffee —The sales for the week, including some 3,000 bags for coastwise shipment, are estimated to have been 15,000 to 12,000 to 12,000

ealers.
Shipments since our last report have been:
17,685 bags for the United States
1,356 . Europe
. . . . Cape of Good Hope
949 , Elsewhere

949 ., 10,600 bags.

For the same time the daily foreign clearances at the custom

13,318 bags for the United States Europe Cape of Good Hope Elsewhere 958 ,, 15,977 bags.
The vessels cleared with coffee are: United States:

Europe :

8,577

 Elsewhere:
 2,000

 Cape of Good Hope
 751

The market i	is	very	flat	and	average	quotations, on New
York types, are	:				m	Ann annaha

Type.		r arroba.	Type.	per arroba.						
No.	4	15\$300	No. 8		14\$300					
		 15 100	9		14 100					
		 14 900	10		13 900					
	7	 14 600								

7 14 600
The fanta remains unchanged at 931 rs. per kilogramme.
Receipts for the past week were 24,570 bags, against
19,160 bags for the preceding week and 12,671 bags for the
week before.

Stocks were this morning estimated to be 45,940 hags, in

nands.	baes.
Vessels loading and to load.	oags.
New York Br str l'andyck	
do Amer str Vigilancia	
Havre Fr str Paranaguá	
Hamburg Ger str Campinas	
London and Antwerp Br str Moselle	
do do Blg str Leibustz	
Antwerp Ger str Baltimore	
Bordeaux Fr str Portugal	
Trieste Aust str Zichy	
Marseilles Fr str Bourgogne	
Genoa Ital str Gio Batta Lavarello	
do " Umberto I	

DAILY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS OF COFFEE AT RIO DE JANEIRO.

Steamer freight, 500 primage.	,	-	do No. 7	N. Y per @	Average price No. 6.	Stock	Clearances	Total Shipments bags	,, Elsewhere	,, Cape	,, Europe ,,	Shipments U. States	Receipts bags	ia .
	35 C	161/4 d	1,4800	15\$100		40,562	4,101	2,798	:	;	:	2,798	2,300	May 25
2.847	35 €	165%	14,800	15,100		36,488	700	7,291	:	:	517	6,774	3,217	May 26
3,677	35 ¢	16 mlie	14,800	15,100		37,595	5.372	1,693	9,	:	:	1,000	2,800	Мау 27
:	:	165%	;	;		37,352	;	3.527		:	:	3,481	3,284	May 28
1,821	35 €	163/4	14,600	14,900		39 557	4,449	1,713	+5	:	839	729	3,915	May 29
1,902	35 €	17	14,600	14,900	3	41,924	1,355	2,000		:	:	2,003	5,035	May 28 May 29 May 30 May 31
:	:	;	* :	;		45.940	:		:	:		;	4,016	Мау 31
83,118	:	:	:			:	50,830	26 227	0 362	S 1	2 000	0,070	71,662	Totals since 1st May
2,912,558	:	:		:				2 303,407	2 2 2 2 3 4	162.084	62.800	268,770	2,148,052	Totals since 1st July

The markets generally continue to show a fair movement Flour has been quiet, but quotations for foreign show no change, white city mills is rather dearer. A considerable quantity of White pine has arrived and has about supplied the market for the moment; for this quality the market is lower and reported flat, other descriptions of pine are unchanged and steady. Kerosene has advanced and is firm. Lard also is firm but quotations are unchanged. Receipts of Codfish have been moderate and a small quantity of Canadian barrels and half-larrels has come in coast wise; the demand continues fair and the market is still firm. A cargo of Rangoon rice has arrived: the market is higher and firm. The consumption of Rice and Codfish is reported to have increased very considerably, owing to the indux of immigrants from the South of Europe. There have been no receipts of Indian considerably, owing to the initial or infinite many on the South of Europe. There have been no receipts of Indian Corn, which is wanted and River Plate is again quoted higher. Receipts of Hay continue fair, but quotations for lots are about unchanged, as mest of our supply is imported direct by dealers who have contracts to meet. Other articles show no changes of importance.

Flour.—Receipts since our last are 5,000 brls. American per *Progreso*. Sales and withdrawals for the same time are about 7,000 brls. and stocks in first hands are about 19,000 brls.

E	Brokers report the market quiet and	qu	ote as follows:	
	Trieste		nominal	
	Richmond 1st	20	\$750 —21\$000	
	do 2nd		nominal	
			750-22 000	
	do 2nd	21		
	Western & Interior		nominal	
	River Plate			
	City Mills	21	250-23 000	

Spruce Pine .- Nothing to report.

Swedish Pine.—Nothing new.

Kerosene.—Receipts nil and prices are higher at 7\$300—7\$500 per case. The market is firm.

Lard. — The *Progresso* brought 1,303 packages. The market is still firm, but quotations are unchanged, viz. George's lard, in lots, 430—440 rs. and other marks. 420—430

George's lard, in lots, 430—440 is and other marks 420—430 is per lb.

Codfish.—Reccipts have been 900 cases Norwegian per Petropolit and Destervo and 400 bris, too half-bris. Canadian coaptwise. The demand is fair and the market firm. Stocks are estimated at about 1,500 packages and dealers quote at retail; cases 33000, barrels 335000.

Rice.—Reccipts 90,769 bags per Abouker Bay from Rangon. Quotations are advanced to 125500 - 135000 per hag, and the market is reported firm.

Bran.—City mills is quoted at 3500—38700 per bag.
Indian Corn.—We are still without receipts of foreign which is wanted, and brokers quote kiver Plate corn at 7500—75500 per bag. market strong.

Hay.—Receipts are 13,753 bales per Weland and Curleu from Rosario. Quotations are unchanged at 80—87 is, per from Rosario. Quotations are unchanged at 80—87 is, per

Quotations are unchanged at 80-87 rs. per from Rosario. Qui kilogramme, in lots.

iron rosatio. Anatomis are unchanged at 80—87 fs. per kilogramme, in lots.

Turpentine.—Receipts are 120 cases and the market is unchanged at 320—850 rs. per kilogramme.

Rosin.—Receipts have been about 40 bris. Brokers continue to quote at 98000—128000 per bil according to marks.

Conl.—Receipts since our last report have been:

Cardiff—4,370 tons per Speke, 1,881 tons per Marie, 1,861 tons per Maryaretha, 1,650 tons per Mari Hindric, 2,460 tons per Maryaretha and 2,550 per Norwood; all to dealers and companies. The Karl Hindric proceeded on to Santos.

Cement.—Receipts are 90 bils. British per Magdalma, Brokers quote: British \$8600—95000 per bil, German 7\$500—7\$800 and French 9\$000—9300.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

MAY 75. CARDIFF—Br ship Charles; 1,456 tons; Nickerson; 49 ds; coal to Wilson Sons & Co. San Nicolas—Ital by Enrichetta; 296 tons; Licety; 30 ds; in distr

MAY 26 -Nor ship Norwood; 1,587 tons; Lowold; 56 ds; oal to Lage Irmãos. RSEILLES—Aust bk *Mie Figlia;* 771 tons; Pascovich;

05 ds; smidries to Duvivier & Co. M: V: 27. New York — North & Zokann Hanson; 495 tons; Osuldsen; 50 ds; pine to Geral de Commercio e Industria company MA: V: 28.

OSARIO - Ger bk Wieland; too tons; Nolandt; 49 ds; hay to

Camuyrano & Co $\frac{MAY}{29}$ Rangoon Br lik Aboukir Bay; 1,117 tons; Isaacks; 60 ds; rice to Ferrar Solarinho & Co. Rosano -Br lik Carlew; 807 tons; Smith; 20 ds; hay to

order

M.4 Y 30.

CARDIFF—Nor bk Inga; 1,329 tons; Grou, 70 ds; coal to
Central Brazil railway.

CASCOW—Get bk Pax; 1,356 tons; Giescke; 48 ds; coal to
Watson, Ritchie & Co.

RANGOON—Ir bk Larraine; 828 tons; Johnson; 86 ds; rice
to Hermann Stolte & Co.

M.4 Y 31.

CARDIFF—Fix Be Bellona; 1,123 tons; Jones; 49 ds; coal to
Royal Mail.

MASSERLASS—Nor bk Righorn; 589 tons; Kindsen; 60 ds;
sundries to order.

sundries to order.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

MA1' 25.

BARBADOS—Br bk Kentigern; 777 tons; Dexter; ballast.

— Br ship Lizzie Burrill; 1,185 tons; Telfer; do.
MAYNIAM—Por bk Claudina; 391 tons; Correiz; sundries

MAY 27. New York - Nor ship Doris; 1,260 tons; Alfmundsen; ballast BARBADOS—Ger ship Hermann; 1,739 tons; Peters; do BARBADOS—Ger ship Hermann; 1,739 tons; Peters; do Go. TRISIDAD—Amer lng Frances; da tons; Thompson; do VALPARARIO—Dr lis Merchi; 663 tons; Massey; same cargo-San Francisco—Amer ship Emily Reed; 1,508 tons; do Go. Tribanos do Go. Tribano

S Francisco do Sul.—Port by S. Manoel; 255 tons; Vieira; do.
MAY 28.
BARBADOS—Br by Argyil; 309 tons; Virgie; ballast.
MAY 29.
BARBADOS—Nor bk P. A. Munch; 418 tons; Risoe; ballast.
SANTOS—Swed ship Karl Hindric; 1,666 tons; Bjokerodt;

er lug Benjamin C. Cromwell; 585 tons; Lit-

CLEARED AND READY FOR SEA.

YARMOUTH-Br bk Palermo; BARBADOS-Br bk Edward D. Jewett;	ballast.
BARBADOS - Br bk Edward D. Jewett;	do.
Nor bk Subra;	do.
-Br bk Laura Emily;	do.
IQUIQUE-Br ship Carpathian;	do.
IQUIQUE—Br ship Carpathian; Mossoro'—Nor bk Graziella;	do.

-Ital bg Enrichetta, from San Nicolas, put in here on the

—Ital by Eurichetta, from San Nicolas, put in here on the 25th ulto. with rudder damaged.

—Amer ship Emily Read, from New York tor San Francisco, and Br bk Herela, from London for Valparaiso, proceeded on their woyages on the 27th ulto.

The master of Nor ship Norwood reports speaking on April 16th ship Centurion in Lat. 32° N. Long. 18° W. From Cardiff for Anger, and on May 16th in Lat. 12° S. Long. 35° W. Nor bk H. P. T. S. from Swansen for Bahia.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.

—The charters reported for the week are: Ger lug Carl August, matte, S. Francisco do Sul, or Paranaguá and River Plate, and Nor bk Justo, to load sugar at Bahia for the United States, p. t.

Freights	Ste	amer:	
lew York lew Orleans ondon iverpool intwerp lamburg	35c per bag 45c do 35s per ton 35s do 30s do 30s do	Trieste	35s per t 35 f. do 35 f. do 30 f. do 30—40 f. do
Juited States, do	South	} 155-	-228 6d
hannelf.o.		375	5d-42s 6d

isbon f. o.		
VESSELS AFLOAT & LO	DADING FOR	RIO
lice	Baltimore	27 Apr
ncaios	Cardiff	
ctiv	Marseilles	
lbatross	Cardiff	11 Apr
nglesea	Newport	15 Apr
lfhild	Cardift	
Idele C	Cardiff	25 Apr
nne Elizabeth	Frederickstadt	6 Apr
pollo	Hamburg	
riadne.	London	
lay of Fundy	Cardiff	24 Apr
roderfolket	Pascagoula	
rema	Hamburg	19 Mar
Pertie Biglow	Newport	7 Apr
Sombay	Rangoon	23 Apr
arl	Swansea	23 Apr
Cawdor	Cardiff	
eleste Burrill	Cardiff	
Twm Donkin,	Swansea	24 Apr
Catherine	Brunswick	
21. 6. 4	Danasan	18 Apr

Clan Grant Rangoe Cora Cardiff Disponent Sunder Sunderland Newport Dundale..... Eastern Light Hange 2 Jar Pensacola ardiff

Eastern Light
Elena
Endora
Elikenassund
Elikenassund
Fred, B. Taytor
F. G. Hagemeyer
Florida
Fredgig
Gler F. G. Hagemeyer New York
Florida Liverpool
Florida Liverpool
Gler Pensacola
Greystoke Castle Swansea
Gudregn Sunderland
Gudrun Rangoon 22 Apr 17 Ma

Ap

Gadran
Gadrong
Gadrong
Sydney
Herseles
Cardiff
Helios
Donatheim
Helios
Londen
Humbedit
Cardiff
Ida
Cardiff
Cardiff 9 A

27 Ap 6 Ma 4 Ap

Sheldon; do.

Paramaguá – Dutch bk Regnera; 150 tons; Aarents; sundries.

S. Francisco do Sul – Port bg S. Maneel; 255 tons;

same cargo.

MA V 30.

BARBADOS—Nor bk Jotun; 548 tons; Christiansen; ballast. —Nor ble Sendemander; 449 tons; Einarsen; do.
Dalhousis: Nor ble Vikar; 844 tons; Magnussen; do.
Halifax—Nor ble Attila; 1.107 tons; Tonnessen; do.
Paranaguá—Nor bg Finnvid; 430 tons; Sorensen; do.

ARANAGUA – Nor ng Ammena; 430 tons; Sorensen; do,

MAY 31.

BARBADOS – Nor bk Homewood; 1,145 tons; Christe
ballast.

-Br lug Nora Wiggins; 491 tons; McKennon; do.

DATE	NAME .	WHERK PROM	CONSIGNED TO
May 25	Magdalena Br	South pton* 17d	Royal Mail
25	Desterro Gr Bourgogne Fr Ionic Br	Hamburg* 22d Marseilles* 24d Wellington 2115d	E. Johnston & C Karl Valais & C
25	Humboldt Br V.de Mon'deo Fr	Santos 26h	Norton, M'w &C F. Mazon
26	Trent Br Bellanoch Br	do 15½h Liverpool* 23d	Royal Mail Norton, M'w & C
27	Maori Br Mt. Thabor Br	Wellington 27d Ignique 50d	Wilson Sons & C
28	Congo Fr Alliança Amer	River Plate 4d Santos 18h	Mess. Maritimes Wilson Sons & C
	Tijuca Gr V.de Bs. Aires Fr	do 17h do 22h	E. Johnston & C F. Mazon

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN STEAMERS

DATE	NAME	WHERETO	CARGO
May 21	Provence Fr	Marseilles*	Sundries
	Médoc Fr	Bordeaux*	do
	Lonic Br	London	do
26	Laplace Br	Liverpool*	do
	Baltimore Gr	Santos	do
	Petropolis Gr	do	do
	Paranaguá Fr	do	do
	Trent Br	Southampton*	do
27	Humboldt Br	New York	Coffee
27	Magdalena Br	River Plate	Same cargo
	Duchess Br	Pernambuco	Sundries
	Maori Br	London	do
28	Congo Fr	Bordeaux*	do
28	V.de Mon'deo Fr	Havre*	do
28	Mt. Thabor Br	St. Vincent	Same cargo
28	Salto Ortl	River Plate	Sundries
	Bourgogne Fr	do*	do
28	Arran Br	Caravellas*	do
20	V.de Bs. Aires Fr	Havre'	do
20		River Plate	do
30	Tijuca Gr	Hamburg*	do
30	Allianca Amer	New York*	do
30	Trene Br	Pernambuco*	do
31		Liverpool*	do
31		Santos	do

* Cailing at intermediate ports

FOREIGN SAILING VESSELS IN THE PORT

24 Apr	FOREIGN SA	ILI: DE	NG VI	E S	SELS I	N THE PORT E 18t, 18g1.
 19 Mar 7 Apr	NAME	TONS	AR- RIVED	1	WHERE FROM	CONSIGNER
23 Apr				1		
23 Apr	sp Undannted bk Adelaide sp City of Mon'il	1693	May 4	C	ardift	Lage Irmãos
	bk Adelaide	371	4	B	altimore.	John Moore & C
24 Apr	sp Standard	1463	16	ŝ	. Frans'co	Lage Irmãos John Moore & C Geral Com. & I. Rio Flour Mills
18 Apr	Argentine		Non a	١,	Incán	D Danner I. C D
18 Apr	sp Margarida	1454 826	Jan. 18	Č	Iacáo ape Verds brunswick Bs. Aires	To order
ri Apr	bk John Black	445	Apr. 2	I	Brunswick Bs. Aires	Geral Com. & L Gianelli & C
	Argentine bk Leopoldina sp Margarida bk John Black schr C. Gianelli bk Abbotsford schr Leopoldi	1177	May 9	S	wansea Bs. Aires	P. Bernardes & R. To order Geral Com. & I. Gianelli & C Watson, R & C Gianelli & C
2 Jan	Sciii Ecopoido:			ľ	is, Alles	Chanen & C
2 Jan	Austrian bk Mie Figlia	771	May 26	5 1	Tarseilles	Duvivier & C
	Austrian bk Mie Figlia Belgian bk Theod Engels	507	May 8			Geral Com. & I
	Mr Laura Emily	268	Mar : 6	5	James Vanda	E M D
•	bk Stadacona bk Nevado bk Fairmount	674	21	1	Jrunswick	To order
	bk Fairmount	1098	2.7		Brunswick 'ensacola. New York Mobile Pensacola.	F. M. Brandon To order Geral de C. & In. Ind. Braz. Co. F. P. Passos Geral Com. & I. Geral Com. & I. Ind. do Brazil
4 May	bk Ancroid sp Everest bk Palermo bk E. D. Jewett	1680	Apr. 2	1 1	Pensacola	Geral Com. & L
22 Apr	bk Palermo	799	Apr. i			Geral Com & L
17 Mar	bk Swansea	746				Geral Com. & I.
	sp Co. of Yr'mth	215	1.5	50	ardiff	Mess. Maritimes
17 Feb	Ing Lainer sp Co. of Vrinth bk Alumbagh bg Aersnaut sp Ryerson sp Nettic Murphy bk M. & E Cox sp Frank Carvill bk V. L. Staffor lug M. Thompsor bk Bateshire bk Abana sp Cappathian bk Effendi bk Wm, Wilcox bk Jane bk Carvill bk Jane	100	17	7 1	Cardiff Cardiff Cardiff Rosario	Jud. do Brazil Geral Com. & I. Lloyd Braz. Mess. Maritimes Norton, M. & C. To order
2 Apr	sp Ryerson	142	20	0	ardift	Lage Irmãos
24 Apr	bk M. & E. Cox	118.	28	8	Rosario	Wilson Sons & C
то Арг	sp Frank Carvill	1405	May a	4 (ardiff	Wilson Sons & C Braz. Coal Co.
25 Mar	lug M. Thompson	55.		5 1	Phil'lphia Caroiff ardiff	Norton, M'w & C
7 Apr	bk Abana	126	8	8	ardiff	Cent. Braz. R.R.
	sp Carpathian bk Effendi	144	1	8 1	Rangoon Swansea Pensacola	B. Rodrigues & C
26 Mar	bk Wm, Wilcox	88	2 1	o l	Pensacola Glasgow	To order Lage Irmãos Cent Braz, R. R Wilson Sons & C Wilson Sons & C Braz, Coal Co. Norton, M'w & C Norton, M'w & C B. Rodrigues & C Ent. Braz, R. R Norton, M'w & C B. Rodrigues & C Ind. do Brazil In distress Norton, M'w & C Camuryrano & C Camuryrano & C Camuryrano & C Rio Foon Mills
	bk Co. of Anglese:	1 6	7 1	611	Rangnon	Norton, M'w & C
23 Apr 24 Apr	lug Tyree	127	6 1	8 1	Rosario Rosario	Rio Flour Mills
	lug Sentinel	48	4 2			Souza A. & C Cent. Braz. R.R
20 Apr	sp Charles	145	2	5	Cardiff Cardiff Cardiff Rosario	Caminyrano & C Rio Fiour Mills Souza A. & C Cent. Braz. R.R Wilson Sons & C Alto Parahyba
9 Apr	bk Abouk, Bay.	111	7 2			Ferraz Sob, & C H. Stoltz & C
	bk Lorraine bk Belloua	112	8 3	1	Rangoon Cardiff	H. Stoltz & C Royal Mail
27 Apr	Danish,		May			
	lik Buteshure, sp Carpathian sp Carpathian sp Carpathian sp Carpathian sp Carpathian lik Land lik Kichard sp Perseverance sp Resseverance sp Re	29	1	4	S. Sebastião	C. Hecksher & C Queiroz, M. & C
6 May	bk Richard French sp Perseverance bk Bienfaiteur . German	251	May	4	Cardiff Oporto	Cent. Braz. R.R. Macedo Jr. & C
			1	- 1		Macedo Jr. & C
4 Apr	bk Anna lug Carl August bk Hein. Bauer	. 110	o Apr.	5	Liverpool Antwerp,	Alliança Mill E. Pecher & C Watson, R, & C John Moore & C Gas Co. Lloyd Braz. Cent. Braz. R R Camnyrano & C Watson, R & C
4 /4 /4	bk Hein. Bauer bk Semmy Coh	57	1 May	5	Antwerp Newcastle Newcastle Laverpool.	Watson, R. & C John Moore & C
	bk BerthaDrah'ı	1 43	9 1	10	Liverpool.	Gas Co.
- 11	on Magazaratha			14	Newcastle Liverpool. Cardiff Cardiff Rosario	Cent. Braz. R.R
23 Mar 30 Apr	bk Wieland	135	6 3	28	Rosario . Glasgow .	Watson, R. & C
30 1111	bk Marie. sp Margaretha. isk Wieland. bk Pax Hallan bk Ve.da.Grand bk Celestina. bk Celestina. bk Columbus. bg Enrichetta. Nørvægjar. bg Amie. bk Flora.	2 8.	Ann	1	Marseilles	To order
t May	bk N. El. Madi	e 97	5 1	17	Marseilles.	To order To order To order Geral Com. & L s In distress
4 Apr 17 Apr	bk Columbus	123	May i	17	Marseilles.	Geral Com. & L
22 Apr	bg Enrichetta. Norweglan bg Amie bk Flora bk Subra sp Mathilda sp Elizabeth bg Louise bk Valborg, sp Germanie	29	7 2		SanNicola	s In distress
2 May	bg Amie bk Flora bk Subra	23	2 Feb. 2	25	London Boulogne. Ilha do Sal	Laporte & C Berla & C L Marinho Prado&C Royal Mail
25 Apr	bk Subra	. 50	2	10	Boulogne. Ilha do Sal Cardifl	Marinho Prado&C
••	sp Elizabeth	120	1 1	14	Newport .	Lage Irmãos
	bg Louise	9:	5	17	Cardiff	B. Rodrigues & C
			6	20	Cardiff	To order Wilson Sons & C
2 May 4 Mar	bk Graziella bk Eliezer	. 113		28	Glasgow	C. Pacheco &C
4 Mar	bk Heidrum	. 00	5 May	28	Rosario	Marinhol PradoxC Royal Mail Lage Irnaos B Rodrigues & C B. Rodrigues & C To order Wilson Sons & C J C. Pacheco & C In distress Soura A. & C Geral Com. & I C. Hecksher & C Ind. Braz. Co. To order
	bk Præsident . bk Venskabet	79	18	4	Pensacola.	. Geral Com. & I . C. Hecksher & C
	bk Præsident bk Venskabet lug Fingal bk Mizpah	. 3:	36	5	Fernandin	a Ind. Braz. Co.
27 Apr	bk Superb	- 40 - 70	50	4 4 4 5 6 7 8	Pascagoul	Geral Com. & I.
21 Apr	lug Fingal bk Mizpah bk Superb bk Courant bk Gemma bk Hieronymus bk Sagitta lug Haab bk Maria bk Naja bk Daggry	4	35	8 8	Cardiff	. To order Geral Com. & I. . Ceut. Braz. R.R. k C. Hecksher & C
	bk Hieronymus	4	25	8 8 8	Hamburg	Ind. Braz. Co.
15 Feb	lug Haab	- 5:	53	8	Rosario	k C. Hecksher & C. Ind. Braz. Co. Karl Valais & C. Rio Flour Mills. Braz. Coal Co. J. C. Pacheco & C. To order Ind. do Brazil To order Correia Leite & C. Camuyrano & C.
ı May	bk Maria bk Naia	6	3	10	Cardiff	Braz. Coal Co.
8 Apr	bk Naja bk Daggry ok Nadia bk Sterling bg Frey bk Inga	. 8	76	10	Pensacola	To order
13 Apr	bk Sterling	7	57 46	14	Rosario	. To order
	bg Frey	. 2.	16	14	P. Alegre,	Correia Leite & C

Toivo Pensacola Traensit Marseilles Unanima Brunswick Vanse Sunderland

Rangoon Pensacola

Sunderland

A 5	PIVALS OF	FOREIGN ST	- EAMEDS	bg Freybk lnga	403	16	Bs. Aires	Correia Leite & C Camuyrano & C
•••			Dime No.	bk Vigeland	482	16	Campana	L. d'Azevedo &C
-		į.		sp Prince Regent lug Velox		17	Caroni	Norton, M'w & C C. Hecksher & C
ĸ	NAME	WHERK FROM	CONSIGNED TO	bk Lindola	534 364	17	Pagaria	Moinho Flum.
		1	l	sp Norwood	1587	26	Cardiff	Lage Irmãos
				bk Joh'n Hansen	595	20	New Vork	Geral Com. & I.
25	Magdalena Br	South'pton* 17d	Royal Mail	bk Inga	1329	20	Cardiff	Cent. Braz. R.R
		Hamburg* 22d	E. Johnston & C	bk Ringhorn	580	30	Marseilles	To order
	Bourgogne Fr	Marseilles* 24d	Karl Valais & C	Oriental	309	3.		10 0100
			Wilson Sons & C	bk Fran, Vidal.	400	Apr. 12	Rosario	To order
		Santos 26h	Norton, M'w &C	Portuguese	,			
	V.de Mon'deo Fr	do 21h	F. Mazon	bk Margarida	368	Apr. 5	Oporto	To order
	Trent Br	do 15½h	Royal Mail	bk Isabel	1143	May 5	Oporto	Macedo Jr. & C
		Liverpool* 23d	Norton, M'w & C	bk Humildade	294	- 8	Oporto	Costa Simões &
	Maori Br	Wellington 27d	Wilson Sons & C	Kussian		1		1
	Mt. Thabor Br	Ignique 5od	do	sp Vanadis				To order
	Congo Fr	River Plate 4d	Mess. Maritimes	bk Julia	1076	May 9	Cardiff	Lloyd Braz.
	Alliança Amer Tijuca Gr	Santos 18h	Wilson Sons & C	Spanish				
	V.de Bs. Aires Fr	do 17h do 22h	E. Johnston & C F. Mazon	bk Sebastiana	658	May 16	Cadiz	In distress
29	Potosi Br	Valparaiso* 16d	Wilson Sons & C	Swedish bk Olivia			a va	m to
30	Leibnitz Blg	River Plate 4d	Norton, M'w &C	Li. Dates		Apr. 14	Cardiff	Control Com a 1
31	rationite Dig	istret Trate 40	Troiton, M W &C	bk Peter	575	29	Gotne burg	Geral Com. e I.
		'		l :	1	'		i

STOCK AND SHARE LIST.

May 30th, 1891.

		GOVERNMENT BONDS.							BANKS.							
Company Comp		Interest payable		Denomination	Nominal value	Last sa	le Clo	esing quotations		Capital paid up		Name				Closing quotations
Description Company	31,632,500	Apr. — Oct. Quarterly		Gold Loan 1868	1,000\$ 1,000 1,000	1,298 00	00 1,	77.77.77.77	5,000,000	298,300 5,000,000	30,000	Agricola do Brazil Alliança do Brazil Auxiliar	2 400 - Jan. 91	60 200	60 000 250 000	
Second Company Compa				DEBENT	URES.				M 10,000,000 100,000,000	M2,500,000 33,000,000 33,000,000		Brasilianische Brazil do 2 series	10 %-May or	M250 200	392 000	389\$-00
Mary No.		Interest payable	Rate °Io	Companies		Last sa	de Cle	osing quotations	50,000,000 10,000,000	9,921,200 1,386,180		Brazil-Norte America, gold.	100 ap. a-lan. or	40 80	45 999	··· - 45 000 ··· - 90 000
Company Comp	1,500,000 1,133,200 15,167,000 £3,049,610 200,1900 £1,175,000 1,600,000 £137,100 6,670,800	Jan — July Apr.—Oct. do Jan.—July do Jan.—July Feb.—Aug. Jan.—July Mar.—Sent.	61/4 61/4 5—6 5 7	Bragantina. Campos and Carangola Geral do Brazal Juiz de Fóra and Píau Leopoldina do gold do Maricá Sapucahy	200 200 200 200 £50 £11 5 8. 100 £20 200 £50 100	195 51 192 165 499 65 84 "/,, 176 192 440 875/2 "/ ₀		64 000	1,000,000 2,000,000 20,000,000 20,000,000	500,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 12,000,000 12,000,000 1,600,000 80,000 80,000 600,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	50,000 100,000 2,540,502 264,000 2,400,000 1,254,516 250,000 23,226	Central, Costudio Commercial do Rio de Jan. do 2 series Commerciantes Commerciantes Commercia o series do do commercia e Industria Cosmopolita Cosmopo	4 000-Jan. 91 11 000 -Jan. 91 12 000-Jan. 91 12 000-Jan. 91 12 000-Jan. 91 2 400-Jan. 91 4 000-Jan. 91 6 000-Jan. 91	140 35 200 160 100 200 40 100 200 80 80 100 80 200 80	108 000 305 000 240 000 170 000 268 000 62 000 100 000 183 000 140 000 80 000 138 000 104 000	372 000—305 000 —103 000 61 000—62 000 182 000—185 000
1377,300 1377,300	426,553 783,100 240,000 250,000	do do Apr Oct.	5 6 7 7	Cant. e Viação Fluminense Carris Urbanos	500 100 200	107 %	,		25,000,000 100,000	1,000,000 2,500,000 1,895,800 10,313,840 7,560,000 30,000,000	100,000 393,517 40,000 284,243	do 2 series	120 op.a — Jan. 91 120 op.a — Jan. 91 4 000 — Jan. 91 2 000 — Jan. 91 120 op.a — Jan. 91	100 200 60 180 60	105 000 200 000 23 000 170 000 60 000 41 000	
April 1997 April 200 Apr	78,000 1,377,300 12,000,000 784,000 1,500,000	May — Nov Jun. — Dec. Apr. — Oct. Jan. — July	8 7 814	SHIPPING Ferry Lloyd Brazileiro. CENTRALSUGAR FACTORIES PUIEZA OUISSAMÄ	200 200 200 200	100 °1, 208 180	3	207 000-210 000	2,500,000 1,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 5,000,000 1,000,000 20,000,000 £1,230,000	675,000 493,010 5,000,000 4,000,000 8,000,000 1,000,000 10,000,000 £625,000 2,000,000	21,373 9,807 28,758 1,150,000 110,000 449,763 £400,000	Depositos e Descontes Federal do Brazil Fluminense. Franco-Brazileiro Impulsor Industrial e Mercantil Intermediario Lavoura e Commercio London & Brazilian, Luted. Mercantil dos Varegistas	14 000 — Jan. 91 15 0p.a — Jan. 91 2 000 — Jan. 91 10 000 — Jan. 91 6 000 — Jan. 91 8 — Apr. 90 10 000 — Jan. 91	60 100 80 200 200 100 £10 200	84 000 55 000 77 500 122 000 200 000 230 000 160 000	195 000-200 000 155 000-170 000 210 000-215 000
100,000 100,	96,000 400,000 1,138,600 1,000,000 564,000 600,000 300,000 308,000 1,000,000 350,000 226,900	Jan. — July May — Nov Apr. — Oct May — Nov Apr. — Oct do Jan. — July Apr. — Oct. Jan. — July do May — Nov Mar. — Sept	8 7 7 7 7 7 6 6 7 7 6 7 7	Alliança Butthery Bom Firm. Brazil Industrial Carioca Confiança Industrial Industrial Mineira Petropolitana Páo Grande Rink S, Christovão S, Pedro de Alcantara, União Industrial S. Schasilia	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	20.	4 0 2 2 0 0 3		1,000,000 5,000,000 50,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 5,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 20,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,00	984,110 25,000,000 3,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 920,980 4,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	300,000 20,489 4,402,244 256,410 361,031 280,053	Aumo Operarios Pariz e Rio Povo Popular Regional do Brazil Regional do Brazil Rio e La Undo Brazil Rio e La Undo Grossa Rural e Hypothecario Sociedade Bancaria Sul Americano União Bero-Americano União Bero-Americano Viação do Brazil	6 000 - Jan. 91 2 500 - July 90 12 000 - Jan. 91 6 000 - Jan. 91 15 000 - Apr. 91 15 000 - Apr. 10	20 8 100 30 100 40 188 70 40 200 200 120 200 100	5 000 127 500 24 000 120 000 188 000 70 000 140 000 103 000 240 000 100 000	125 000—128 500—125 000 187 500—190 000—450 000 103 000—106 000—240 000 99 000—100 000
Ceptal France F	200,000 3,000,000 50,000,000 150,000 \$502,500 493,800 1,600,200 266,000 600,000	Mar. — Sept Jan. — July Apr. — Oct. Feb. — Aug Jan. — July do Mar. — Sept May — Nov do Jan. — July	8 7 6 7 6 8 5 6 6 1 4 7 6 8	S. Jeronymo [coal]. MISCRILLANIOUS. Architectonica. Banco de Viação do Brazil. Banco Credito Mevel, consol. Cantareira e Esgotos, gold. Constructora Empreza de Obras Publicas. Docas D. Pedro II. Ind. Lav. e Col. Macahé. Lavoura, Ind. & Colon. Melhoramentos U. de Nich. Nacional de Oleos. Nova Industria.	100 100 50 50 200 200 200 200 200 200	88 55 4 18 19 	5 5 500		3,400,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 25,400,000 24,000,000 3,400,000 2,000,040	1,827,200 2,519,920 1,789,500 1,000,000 2,250,000 5,000,000 7,530,500 1,570,100 1,000,000	180,000 750,000 150,000 557,000 70,895 20,249 539,309	Credito Real S. Paulo do 2 series do comm. dep Lavoura, S. Paulo. Mercantil, Santos. do 2 series. S. Paulo e Rio. Unito S. Paulo Minas Geraes. Territorial, do do 2 series.	6 % - Jan. 91 6 % - Jan. 91 5 000 - July 9 10 000 - Jan. 91 2 500 - Jan. 91 6 000 - Jan. 91 6 000 - Jan. 91 12 % - Jan. 91 12 % - Jan. 91 12 % - Jan. 91 15 000 - Jan. 9 3 000 - Jan. 9	100 200 50 100 60 70 150 200 40	23 500 60 000 130 000 230 000 50 000 123 000 60 000 80 000 138 000	60\$000
Captial Capt	300,000	1 Apr. – Oct.	1 0/2			20	V 1		Present	Interest						
Capital Part Part	Capitai	Capitai paid up	Reserve fund	Companies	Dividend paid			Closing quotations	Amount	June Dec	0/	Brazil	value		ale C	Closing quotations
Capital Capital Capital Reserver Companies Dividend Nominal Last Cleaning quotations Capital Paid up Family Capital Paid up Family Capital Paid up Family Family Capital Paid up Family Family	673,400	673,400		Lloyd Brazileira, reg	120 ₀ p.a — Jan. 91 120 ₀ p.a — Jan. 91 7 000 — July 89 — Jan. 91 12:42 ⁰ 6p.a Jan.91	200\$ 200 200 40 40	240 000 125 000 48 000	220\$000—240\$000	7,578,300 7,790,800 8,000	Apr.—Oct	. 5 C	do gold	\$11 5 5 120\$ 100 100 100	93% 93%		95 % 82 %
Capital Fail Fail						,			MILLS.							
1,000,000 20,000	Capitai		fund	l'	paid			Closing quotations	Capital			Companies	Dividend paid	Nomina :	Last	Closing quotations
Capital Capi	3,000,000 2,000,000 4,000,000 4,000,000 4,000,000 2,500,000 2,000,000 4,000,000 4,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000	750,000 200,000 200,000 520,000 250,000 200,000 400,000 100,000 750,000 250,000 100,000	294.707 31.502 10,000 192.781 216,757 198,008 150,000 27.280 40,000 196,000 201,000	Argos Flummense Atalaia Ibanança Confiança Fidelidade Garantia Geral Indemizadora Integridade Leaddade Nova Permanente Prosperidade Prosperidade Unità Com do Varegistas	25 000 -] an, 91 1 750 -] an, 91 1 000] an, 89 2 000 -] an, 91 14 000 -] an, 91 14 000 -] an, 91 10 000 -] an, 91 1 000 -] an, 91 1 000 -] an, 90 2 000 -] uly 90 2 000 -] uly 90 2 000 -] uly 90 5 000 -] an, 91	250 10 20 20 125 100 20 100 100 10 20 30 20	374 000 9 0:00 10 000 11 000 210 000 140 000 18 000 18 000 9 000 16 000 25 000 16 500 40 000		100,000 (1000,000 3 m) 100 1,000,000 2,400,000 250,000 400,000 250,000 200,000 200,000 400,000	2,400,000\$ 400,000 300,000 300,000 1,000,000 600,000 419,160 480,000 80,000 600,000 155,640 375,000	63,275 562 72,904 240,000	Bom Fin Brazil Industrial Brazileria Carnoca Confiança Industrial. do z series Corcovado Cruzeiro do Sul D Isabel. Industrial Mineira Industrial Mineira Industrial de Ouro Preto.	12\$000—July 90 \$ 000—July 90 \$ 000—Aug. 90 12 000—Jan. 91 15 000—Jan. 91 4 500—Jan. 91	200\$ 200 200 200 200 200 200 140 80 80 200 200 140 200 200	360\$000 220 000 210 000 206 000 300 000 120 000 66 000 220 000 45 000 220 000 220 000	20\$000 210 000 100\$000-110 000
500,000 500,000			RA	ILWAYS AND				I	1,000,000 1,000,000 3,200,000	1,000,000 3,20 1,000	227,322	Progresso Ind. do Brazil Rink S. Lazaro	4 725—Jan. 91 14 000—July 88	200	235 000	=
20,000,000 20,000,000 12,000,000 12,000,000 12,000,000 12,000,000 12,000,000 12,000,000 10,	Capital	Capital paid up	Reserve fund	Companies	- faid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations	850,000 280,000	600,000 280,0 0	26.445 1,302	S. Pedro de Alcantara União Industrial União Industrial S. Sebastião	—Aug. 90 6 000—Jan. 91 3 400—Jan. 91	200	222 000	
2005,000 2005,000	2,000,000 60,000,000 00,000,000	200,000 12,000,000 60,000,000		Catagnazes. Estr. e S. Franc. to Chopin Geral do Brazil		20 40 60	20 000	18\$000 21\$003 31 500 32 009				MISCELLA	NEOUS.		-	
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