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RIO DE JANEIRO, FEBRUARY 3rd, 1891.

The latest news from Chili report various reverses for the revolutionary forces, the government troops reoccupying Coquimbo, Serena and Pisagua. A repulse at Caldera is also reported. As these reports are from Santiago, via Buenos Aires, they can not be relied upon implicitly. The Chilian ironclad Almirante Condell left Montevideo for the west coast on the 29th, having been supplied with provisions and coal, it is said, by a commission of Chilians favorable to the revolution. The Condell may therefore be expected to join the rest of the fleet in the effort to overthrow Balmaceda. If recent telegrams be true, to the effect that both parties are shooting their prisoners, the struggle will soon reach a stage where no compromise will be possible. THE latest news from Chili report various

WE have now reached the last stages in the adoption of the constitution, and long before this paper reaches our more distant readers Brazil will have a fundamental law, a President will be elected, and the dicta-torship will nominally be at an end. The real adjustment of established ideas and real adjustment of established floats and institutions to the new form of government has not yet been established, nor do we anticipate that it will be established for some years to come under the administration which the army seems determined to force upon the country. At this time Brazil needs less a government of blind force, than of patient, sympathic influence. An administration which yields prompt obedience to the laws, which is free from all taint of jobbery and the protection of favorites, and which is capable of instructing and leading the people in the new road chosen, is now the one great necessity for the country, but such an administration can never be expected from the military officer who has thus far exercised so arbitrary and unwise an authority since the revolution.

Continued from January 13th.

THE PAST YEAR.

Among the other acts of the provisional government which have profoundly influenced the course of events since the revolution, are those relating to civil marriage, criminal law, colonization, land registration, and the extension of the paternal system of government adopted by the monarchy in the grant of exclusive privileges and guarantees. The effects of these measures have not always been the same, but adopted during a period of transition they have all exercised an influence more or less disturbing.

The initial measure of the civil marriage

The initial measure of the civil marriage reform was taken on January 24th by the issue of a decree providing that the civil ceremony should be obligatory after May 24th, and imposing various restrictions and formalities in the execution of the new law.

The pagesity of providing for civil marriage formatities in the execution of the new law. The necessity of providing for civil marriage had long been recognized, but it must be confessed that the measure really adopted promises to be as great an obstacle to marriage in the future as the priest has been in the past. The ceremony was made unnecessarily complicated, burdensome restrictions were improved a new close 5 officials for the past. tions were imposed, a new class of officials for this special service was created, tedious for-malities and obstructive fees were established, malities and obstructive fees were established, and the real spirit of the reform was lost in the mania for official prerogative and display. The opposition aroused among those attached to the forms and prerogatives of the church finally led to a decree making it obligatory to have the civil ceremony performed first, and it was subsequently sought to engraft this peculiar restriction on the constitution itself. The representatives, however, have very properly declined to concur in this, and the question of precedence will probably be left to individual choice.

Early in the year the provisional government commissioned one of the jurists of this capital to prepare a new criminal code. The work was prepared accordingly, and

The work was prepared accordingly, and was presented to the minister of justice in October, by whom it was revised and then promulgated by a decree of November 14th. It introduces a number of important changes into the judiciary system of the country and It introduces a number of important changes into the judiciary system of the country, and also imposes many changes in criminal procedure which should have been adopted only upon careful study by a number of the ablest lawyers of Brazil. One of its first results was to incite a strike among the cart and tran drivers of the city, who were unjustly and harshly held responsible for the accidents occurring in the streets. This justly and harshly held responsible for the accidents occurring in the streets. This strike occurred on December 1st, and lasted two or three days, and led eventually to such a correction of the "code" as to remove some very unjust restrictions on work-ingmen in general.

In the matter of immigration the provis In the matter of immigration the provisional government has simply amplified some of the worst features of the old practices. By a decree of June 28th the mistaken idea of granting subsidies for immigrants under the name of "assisted passages," was given a new impetus, and the propaganda has since been carried on actively in Europe. The system invariably leads to a sordid speculation, the contractors aiming ganda has since been carried on actively in Europe. The system invariably leads to a sordid speculation, the contractors aiming merely to secure numbers, without the slightest reference to their fitness. In this connection, it should be said, that the decree of compulsory citizenship, which required a registry of non-acceptance before May 31st, was finally changed to permit registry at the consulates and police offices, and the time was then extended to December 31st. Before the close of the year,

however, the question dropped wholly out of sight.

One of the most important acts of the One of the most important acts of the year—and one of the least excusable—was that of the creation of a Torrens' law by a decree of the minister of finance on May 31st. Without any proper system of land surveys, of land registry, or of land distribution, and without effective and clearly-understood legislation upon the settlement of estates and for the trial of civil coarse; it of estates and for the trial of civil cases, i was sought to create an elaborate system of land registration and hypothecation in the country. Soon after the promulgation of the decree, a more inexplicable step was taken in the grant of privileges to certain individuals to carry the law into execution as a private enterprise. In one case, at least, the privilege so granted has been sold to a company for a considerable sum, thus encumbering a public service at the very outset with a burden which it should never promises to be hampered by the numerous grants of public lands since made to colonization and other companies, and by a reserinserted in the constitution that public lands shall be the property of the states in which they are situated. One of the bad results of these acts has been a rapid rise in the prices of lands, which in some states, especially S. Paulo, are much in excess of their real value.

In addition to the organization of land In eddition to the organization of land and colonization companies, the peculiar turn given by the acts of the minister of finance, aided perhaps by the releasing of large sums of morey by the conversion of the internal loans to a lower rate of interest, gave rise to the organization of an extraordinary number of companies in almost every line of inclustry. Some of these organizations have unquestionably a good future before them under good management and in fore them under good management and in prosperous times, but the great majority are prosperous tines, but the great majority are mere bubble schemes, created solely for speculative purposes, and for which there is no possible future in Brazil as yet. The development of speculation at this time has been of great prejudice to the organization of the new republic, for it has made the speculator and adventurer the masters of the situation, corrupting the administration and demoralizing the populace. Under the influence of ideas brought to the surface by these adventurers, the volume of currency has been enormously increased, and in con sequence exchange has been depressed so low as to largely increase the cost of imlow as to largely increase the cost of imported goods, which form the greater part of what is consumed in the country. A corresponding rise in the values of property, of rents, in crest, wages, etc., has led to a large increase in the prices of domestic products, which has also tended to aggravate the situation. A moderate estimate places the increased cost of living in this city at fully 30 per cent.

The definite steps for the organization of the new government began with the presentation of the special commission's project for the new constitution to the provisional government in May. After a minute revision by the cabinet, which involved a considerable number of important changes from the original project, the constitution were the original project, the constitution was published by a decree of June 22nd, and the parts relating to elections and qualifications were pronounced operative at once The elections for representatives to the Constituent Assembly were held on September 15th, and resulted in the general election of the tickets favored by the government. In most of the states the opposition abstained from voting, while the Catholic Particle (Which were 15th and 15 party, of which so much was feared, polled a very small number of votes. In accordance with the programme adopted, the Constituent Assembly met in this city, at the reconstructed palace of S. Christovao, the reconstructed palace of S. Christovao, on November 15th, and at once proceeded to the task of organization. The message of the provisional government attracted but little attention, as it gave no information on the actual state of public affairs, and was accompanied by no department reports. This formal assumption of irresponsible dictatorial power, although strictly in harmony with the situation, led at once to controversies which have much delayed action, and accompanied by no department reports. This formal assumption of irresponsible dictatorial power, although strictly in harmony with the situation, led at once to controversies which have much delayed action, and has led to the creation of a very active and influential opposition. The selection of so able and conservative a man as Senator Prudente de Moraes, of São Paulo, as president of the assembly, has done much to keep these controversies within bounds, but the reckless disregard of the rights and feelings of these popular representatives by the provisional government has kept affairs in

a very strained situation. At the outset a commission was nominated to examine and report upon the constitutional project presented by the government. A few changes sented by the government. A rew changes of minor importance were suggested, and one or two radically opposed to the wishes of the cabinet. In the discussions which followed, and which were not ended at the followed, and which were not ended at the cabinets. close of the year, a great many amendments to the project of the government were offered, and many were ultimately adopted, thus changing it in many important respects. Most noteworthy among these was the adop-tion of direct popular election for the presidency, and the rejection of the provisional legalizing all the acts of the provisional government.

In the states the statu quo has been maintained throughout the year. No efforts were made toward the organization of state governments, the governors, or representatives of the provisional government, continuing to exercise an absolute and irresponsible authority. In most of these states the policy authority. In most of these states the policy of granting privileges and exclusive favors has been exercised, while in some of them the practice has developed into a gross abuse, as in the state of Rio de Janeiro, where the obligations incurred on guarantees of interest are agreal times in excess of tees of interest are several times in excess of the revenue of the state treasury. In many states constitutions have been drawn up under instructions of the governor and then proclaimed by decree after the method followed by the general government. In very few places, however, has there been mani fested the slightest desire to assume local responsibilities and organize local government. The thoughts and purposes of th ment. The thoughts and purposes of the people, even of the great majority of their leaders, still follow the lines and grooves marked out by the monarchy, and whatever may be the name of the political system which they may create, it is more than probable that the spirit and methods of the old government will be maintained.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES

January 26.—After some remarks from Deputy Amphilophio, Deputy Garcia Pires made an attack on the rettring ministers whom he accuses of having abandoned their posts. He was answered by Deputy Serzedello who defended the ministers. They are, he says, entirely different from the ministers composing the present cabinet, and Gen. Deodoro, he thinks, must have seen with regret the withdrawal of his revolutionary companions.

ters composing the present cabinet, and Gen. Deodoro, he thinks, must have seen with regret the withdrawal of his revolutionary companions.

January 27.—Deputies João de Siqueira and Aristides Lobo discussed subjects sugested by the change of ministry, the latter contending that, since all the members of the government owed their positions to the same origin, the behavior of the majority should have remained in office, and the dissenting member should have withdrawing in consequence of differing in opinion from one of their number. The majority should have remained in office, and the dissenting member should have withdrawing in consequence of differing in opinion from one of their number. The majority should have remained in office, and the dissenting member should have withdrawn. Deputy José Avelino requested the president to call up the motion relating to the removal of congress from the present building. Speeches were made by Deputies Oiticica, Correa Rabello, Carlos Garcia, Costa Machado and Pedro Americo.

January 28.—Deputy Oiticica, obtaining the floor on a point of order, attempted to explain his plan for the division of revenue, but was not allowed to proceed. Deputy Alexandre Stockler declared that for two reasons he would not attempt to delend his amendments to the constitution. In the first place, being merely a concentration of republican principles, those amendments required no defengers would guide it, much better than anything he could say, in understanding and appreciating the amendments. Deputy Valladao spoke in regard to the part taken by the police force in the revolutionary movement on the 15th of November, 1889. That force, he says, had the honor of being the first body of troops to present arms to Gen. Deodoro on that day. Congress unanimously the government to keep the name of Gen. Benjamin Constant in the military alumanack so that morally the vacancy in the army, caused by his death, shall be left unfilled. Sentaor Gil Goulart spoke against the abolition of fotterics, abolition of exis

January 30.—After some remarks from Deputy Thomaz Delfino, Deputy Thomaz Flores took the floor and made a speech in defence of Gen. Deodoro On motion of Senator Almeida Barreto the debate on the constitution was closed. Congress ther the constitution was closed. Congress the ourned to Monday in order to give time for the sification of the amendments.

PROVINCIAL NOTES

-In Amparo, São Paulo, 200 buildings were rected last year.

—A soap and candle factory is to be established Serro, Minas Geraes.

-Mococa again comes to the front. A man age

—In Juiz de Fora, which has 1,897 voters, only oo votes were cast at the recent election.

—Our Rio Grande exchanges report that Pelota is still suffering from an epidemic of small-pox.

—In S. Sepé, Rio Grande do Sul, a man who, in esisting arrest, killed a police official, was lynched by the people. —It is stated that in a few days Juiz de Fóra wil again be lighted with electric light, as the repairs are nearly completed.

—The course of studies at the Culto á Sciencia college in Campinas is divided into three parts— Things, Facts and Theory.

—A plantation near Mococa, S. Paulo has been sold for 710,000\$. Mococa is evidently determined to keep itself before the public.

—It is proposed to convey the Eiflel Tower to S. aulo and put it up at the Continental Exhibition. the cost is estimated at 2,000,000\$.

—The Campinas, S. Paulo, coachmen threaten o strike on account of the wretched condition of he streets of that city. We applaud the Jarvies.

—The Commercial and Horticultural company of Paulo proposes to manufacture fire-works. An plosion should be apprehended by the shareexplosio holders.

—The jury of Campinas, S. Paulo, placed on record its serrow at the death of Benjamin Constant. Very proper indeed, but no one doubted the jury's grief.

—A credit of 9,000\$ has been opened in Rio Grande do Sul for the acquisition of apparatus for a meteorological observatory and instruments for the public works officials.

—A local journal says there was a ball at Cata-guazes, Rio de Janeiro, on the 24th ult. when the guests danced until 4 a. m. Cataguazes must be a much cooler place than the federal capital, we infer, for the very idea of a ball was dreadful here on that

—As Gen, Portella, viceroy of Rio de Janeiro, has no public lands at his disposition, he does as well as he can by granting rights of condemnation to holders of monopoles. A soap, candle and safety match manufacturer has obtained these rights.

—That benevolent old gentleman, the Lord of Paranapiacaba, not content with enriching the capital of the republic with numerous companies, has gone to the capital of Rio de Janeiro and established a bakery and maccaroni factory there, with Lord Capital C capital 500,000\$.

—O Brazil, on the 28th ulto., extracts from a Minas Geraes journal a curious item. The intendencia municipal of Diamantina has ordered that every immigrant leaving the municipality shall be fined 200\$! The fool-killer is badly needed in Diamantina, if this report is true.

—The sub-treasury in Rio Grande do Sul is bankrupt. It is not even able to restore deposits to persons who have made tenders for contracts. In the custom-house the laborers have struck, and refuse to go to work until they have received their arrears of wages. And yet Kio is overflowing with currency!

—The electoral boards in Minas Geraes are said to be counting a much larger yet themses general.

—The electoral boards in Minas Geraes are sautobe counting a much larger vote than was cast at the recent state election. At Uberaha, for instance, only 145 voters went to the polls in the two precincts, and yet in one of these precincts the board counted 137 votes.

The detachment of soldiers stationed in the town of Bento Gonçalves, Rio Grande do Sul, has been guilty of very disorderly conduct. These soldiers recently made an attack on the immigrants' quarters in that town, killing the daughter of a colonist, a girl 19 years of age.

On the 27th all, the Jornal do Commercio says the municipal chiefs of Nietheroy, the capital of Czar Portella's dominions of Rio de Janeiro, are examining shopkeepers' weights and measures, for the first time since 1874. It appears that 700 grammes passes for one kilogramme in Portella's kingdom.

—On the 26th ult. a colored woman of Åmparo, S. Paulo, saved a man who had thrown himself into the river at that town with the intention of committing sucided. It is said that this is not the first heroic act of Justina, as she is called, and it is very properly suggested that she be granted a humanitarian medal.

—A young Italian, named Nicola Cecce, at-tempted to assassinate druggist Bourroul on the 26th ult., in S. Paulo with the evident purpose of robbery. Bourroul was dangerously cut on the head with a hatchet, but is still alive, thanks to the skill of his physicians. The assassin was captured in his attempt to escape.

captured in his attempt to escape.

—In Santos on the 26th ult there was a fight between citizens and a corporal and four privates belonging to the garrison. The soldiers were worsted, and, the corporal and one private being wounded, the rest ran away. A force being sent to arrest the figitives, they resisted, and another was wounded. The wounded were sent to the hospital, and the other two soldiers lodged in jail.

-In Pará a woman was brutally beaten by her on for having refused him 18.

—It is stated that in a few days water will be furnished to 1,700 houses in Campinas.

-On the 31st ult. a two-year-old child was run over and killed by a street car in S. Paulo.

-The population of the town of Mogymirim, S. Paulo, is according to the recent census 3,664.

-Civil marriage is at present impossible in San-os, as there are no justices of marriage in that

—In a fight between soldiers and civilians in oary, Amazonas, two of the latter were killed and tree wounded.

—Manáos exported last year 3,553,935 kilos of rubber, of which 1,444,042 kilos were shipped to the United States.

—According to the recent census, Juiz de Fora has 14,779 inhabitants. The *Pharot* thinks the real number of inhabitants is much larger.

—It is reported in Pará that the minister of agri-culture has been offered 450,000\$ for the govern-ment plantations on the island of Marajó.

-São Paulo is rapidly becoming a city of super-lative possibilities bounded by wire fencing. The new "villa" suburbs are nearly all composed of

—The Treasury has granted the governor of Rio de Janeiro a credit for 1,000\$, to be expended in protective measures against small-pox which has appeared at Petropolis.

-Two men have been arrested in Pará accused of cheating an Italian out of 4,000\$. It is stated that the same men obtained 26,000\$ from three Arabs, to whom they promised a large sum of counterfeit

money.

—The União Liberal, of Bagé, Rio Grande do Sul, says that on the night of the 16th inst. several persons were arrested by a body of soldiers of the 5th regiment, who robbed them of 500\$ in money, besides other valuables.

—By decree No. 259, of Jan. 8th, the governor Pará granted to Manoel Ferreira Vasques the ri of expropriation for the establishment of a stower, and a guarantee of 6 per cent. interest the capital he may invest therein.

—On the 27th ult. the minister of marine de-clines to permit the minister of agriculture to ap-point a colonel—probably of the national guard— fiscal of subscidized navigation companies in Piauhy, A naval officer only is suitable to the position.

A flavar ometer only is suitable to the position.

—The Diario do Brazil, on the 30th ult., states that a fixed in Nietheroy threw two poison balls into a garden for the benefit of a couple of dogs, and might have poisoned a child who lives in the house. Is there no punishment for poisoning dogs that are kept within their owner's grounds?

that are kept within their owner's grounds?

—And what will the states do when we are under a constitutional government? For then the minister of the interior will not be able to grant a credit for cuing an epidemic of numps when a governor wants to please his subjects.

Catharina has just received 5,000\$ from the treasury to 'doctor' small-pox patients.

ary to "doctor" small-pox patients.

—In Rio Grande do Sul the commanders of the 2nd and 5th cavalry, Cols. F. M. Pinheiro de Bittencourt and J. C. P. de Bittencourt, and Capts. Alfredo and Felippe Corrêa da Camara, sons of Visconde de Pelotas, received on the 15th ult. a telegram from the war office ordering them to set out for Rio de Janeiro within 48 hours.

—A private letter received here says that the soldiers at Alegrete, Rio Grande do Sul, recently astonished the population by giving uvar to the Emperor and the monarchy. They had been out on some parade, and when returning their officers left them in charge of the petty officers, whereupon they improved the opportunity to express their feelings in this manner.

—A place called Dores do Campo Formoso (Pains of the Beautiful Prairie) takes the prize as a Christian community. A recently acquitted criminal of attempted homicide gets drunk, knifes people, and threatens others with death, and the good people of this place never thought of hanging the blackguard! They all went home, shut their doors, and called upon the saints to protect them.

doors, and called upon the saints to protect them.

—The Diario da Manhā says that on the 23rd ult, much sensation was caused in Santos by the order calling immediately to Rio the detachment stationed there belonging to the 22nd infantry. Some persons conjectured that the brigadier-generals were about to make another revolution; others believed that the army had divided into two parties, which were struggling for supremacy, and others finally, asserted that the Emperor had arrived. The municipal council, adds the Diario, took the precaution of hoisting the imperial flag on the town hall.

—A telegram from Senator Paes de Carvalho, published in the *Provincia do Parii* of the 10th ult., states that a committee appointed by the Pará and Amazonas congressional delegations called on the minister of finance (Gen. Ruy Barbosa) and asked him to comply with the demands of the custom-house employes in the two states, to make the necessary improvements in the custom-house buildings, and to alter the tariff in conformity with the interests of the said states. The minister displayed much interest in the subject, and promised a satisfactory answer.

factory answer.

A fatal explosion occurred in the hold of the British Str. Chichester at Santos on the morning of the 30th ult., resulting in the death of the 2nd engineer and in grave injuries to three firemen, and slight injuries to two others. The accident was caused by the thoughtlessness of the engineer, who in opening a tank of rum to enable the consignees to obtain a sample, struck a match to light the interior. An explosion immediately followed, with the results noted. The three firemen were so gravely burned that they will be horribly disfigured should they recover. The flames were promptly subdued, and the steamer suffered no further loss.

—It surely must be a mistake on the part of the Gaseta de Noticias. On the 24th our colleague publishes a decree granting a man a monopoly to rebuild, heantify and insprese the city of Nichtery, capital of the state of Rio de Janeiro. This lucky individual will pay no house taxes for to years; will have power to condemn property for new buildings, and the governor of the state obliges himself to use his best offices to secure from the general government free entry for material imported! In return for this scandalous job the man will pay 5,000\$ (!) in cash and 2 per cent, per annum on the net revenue to a charitable institution. The voters of Rio de Janeiro should call Gov. Portella to order without a moment's delay!

Notes RAILROAD

- -No check has as yet been placed upon the destruction of the Tijuca road.
- —The definite surveys of the Sapucahy railway line from Botafogo to Angra dos Reis were ap proved on the 31st ulto.
- —Campinas merchants complain of the delay in the delivery of goods shipped from Rio and Santos. It frequently takes twelve days to obtain goods from the latter place and twenty-five days from the former.
- —The Jardim Botanico tramway of this city is laying a branch line around through Ruas Pedreira da Gloria and Pedreira da Candelaria. The intention is to enable every citizen to step out of his door into a tram-car.
- —On the 23rd ult. the laborers at the Santos warehouses of the English railway went back to work. The company consented to raise their wages from 38 to 48 per day and the salaries of the janitors to 1008 per month. The laborers returned to their work with shouts of "Hurrah for the laboring classes."
- —A Sr. Carneiro Leão applied to the Treasury for the registry (matricula) of a railway concession granted him by the governor of Sergipe. The minister of finance replied that it was unnecessary. Whether this means that the governor of Sergipe has a right to grant exemption from import duties, as he has done in the present case, or the contrary, is not very clear.
- —On the 1st inst. the prospectus of the "Viaçăr Ferrea Sapucahy" company was published. The new enterprise will have a capital of 100,000,000 and is apparently formed to absorb the loss forming the present Sapucahy railway company and such others as the Geral company does not acquire It would appear that the whole railway system of Brazil will be secured by these two companies.

LOCAL NOTES

- -The number of persons who assembled to wit large this year.
- —For 10\$ per month and 3 per cent commissior on the amount collected, the Companhia Interme diaria will agree to "dun" your debtors for you.
- —A telegram from Vienna on the 29th ult. an nounces the appointment of Sr. Hengelmuller as the representative of Austria-Hungary at this court
- —On the 27th ult. the Brazilian plenipotentiary at the Vatican presented his credentials. What in the world is a Brazilian minister to do at the Vatican?
- —A trade-mark has been granted to a citizen for trunks, cases of various descriptions, barrels, roof-ing, tiles, horse-shoes and bottles, made of com-pressed paper.
- —We should like parliamentary government to e established long enough to learn what the new inisters have to say in regard to the attack on the 71buna office.
- —An American exchange declares that the bacillus of lock-jaw has been discovered. What we would like to see is the discovery of a remedy for pure 'fjaw,' not lock-jaw.
- —The incorporator of the Confeitaria company, which is as yet in nubibus, guarantees his subscribers a bonus of 50\$ per share. Why not have made it 250\$ for each 200\$ share?
- —A telegram from Berlin on the 29th ult, an-nounces that the German minister of interior will soon present a project of law regulating the Bra-zilian emigration agencies in that city.
- —Now that we know who had the honor of first presenting arms to Gen. Deodoro on Nov. 15, 1889, we are anxious to learn to whom appertains the glory of inventing the idea of making generals by acclamation.
- —During the 2nd half of the year 1890 the central station of the government telegraph forwarded 56,656 dispatches, of which 7,267 were official and and 49,388 private. The receipts of the station were 23,488\$381.
- —The S. Sebastião procession referred to in our last issue went of with great *éclat* on the 27th ult. The dynamite rockets were lovely and made the nervous editor's life a misery. These bomb-shells will kill some good Catholic yet.
- —The Diario de Noticias on the 26th ult. says is proposed to bring the Eiffel tower from Pari and mount it at the S. Paulo exhibition. The Banco da Bolas will no doubt organize a company cepital 100,000,000\$, for the purpose.
- —This is a real hard one for our foreign reader A place in S. Paulo is known as "Itaquaquecett ba." Whether it is inhabited by people with dot blejointed jaws, we do not know, but nothing els will serve in the frequent pronunciation of the work
- On the 24th ult. the engine-drivers of the Central of Brazil line gave the inspector of locomotives a diamond ring. Thereupon the inspector of locomotives gave the drivers champagne. The value of the ring is not furnished, nor is the number of bottles of champagne.

- -Will some one tell us what has become nose patriotic subscriptions for paying off ational debt?
- -We wonder how Gen. Deodoro likes this "fad" of calling the late Benjamin Constant the "patriarch of the republic."
- -It is astonishing how many people die in Ric of "infirmidade cruel," and yet the disease is no classified in the burial reports.
- -A Buenos Aires telegram this morning say that the Chilian revolutionists have captured steamer carrying arms and supplies to Balmaceda's forces.
- -Gen. Ruy Barbosa appears to have abandoned Congress, for his card in the press says he is to be found in his law offices from 12 to 3 p. m. Bravol his card in the press says he is to be
- -We regret to say that we have as yet received no answer to our inquiry about the missing funds raised by subscription some years ago to erect monuments to Caxias and Osorio.
- -The vigor with which the Oporto revolution was put down the other day shows that Portugal, the mother-country, can still show her enterprising offspring how to manage affairs.
- -A journal called the Rio de Janeiro, published in Nictheroy, suspended publication yesterday be cause of attacks on the life of the editor, of which he says the police is cognizant.
- -The minister of agriculture has declined to grant various favors to two citizens who propose to introduce salmon and trout in the waters of Rio de Inneiro, S. Paulo and Minas Geraes.
- -Our colleague of the Correio do Povo mentions that a company has been formed in New York that proposes to buy Alaska, a territory of the United States. We doubt it; unless Sr. Mayrink is in the
- -On the 26th ult. the minister of marine in formed a mother that her son would be discharged from the navy upon payment of the expenses in-curred, and if she produced another son who is a deserter from the service.
- -Only on the 24th of January did the minister —Only on the extent of jaintary dust the minister of the interior find time to order the payment for December of the stenographers employed in handing down to posterity the speeches at the Constitution. The boys commenced to think they would never see the currency.
- -The latest piece of sentiment is a petition — The latest piece of sentiment is a periodic of have the name of Gen. Benjamin Constant retained on the army list so that no one may have a chance to fill his place. It would appear to require a great many precautions to secure a hero's name from oblivion in Brazil.
- -It is worthy of record that a telegran sent to São Paulo from this city on Friday last at 4 p. m., but did not reach the addressee until 8 a. m the next day. This is not half so good an indica-tion of the progress we are making as the rapidity with which the prices of bubble stocks go up!
- -The general, chief of police, has recalled to his civilian subordinates the rule that the noble nis cryllian subordantes the rule that the holds soldier and bioso fireman are not to be confined with the "vulgar herd" in the lock-up when ar-rested, but sent (in a carriage?) to their respective barracks. There is nothing like a uniform after all; it beats the lion's skin!
- -It is now said that congress and the museum —It is now said that congress and the museum will exchange quarters and that the elect will occupy the old buildings so long tenanted by stuffed birds and animals, mummies, pottery and other curios. The subservience of this congress might lead many to suggest the stuffing of the elect and their deposit in the museum just as it is.
- -A very significant motion was adopted yesterday by congress to the effect that congress expects that the government will not rest until the authors of the attack on the *Tribuna* are discovered and punished with all the severity of the law. A military officer, Col. Jacques Ouriques, opposed the motion, but it was adopted by a vote of 84 to 64. As the government is trying to protect the criminals, this motion is significant.
- -We have the satisfaction of advising our reader that Dr. Wilhelm Naegli, of this city, has received that Dr. Wilhelm Naegli, of this city, has received a small phial of Dr. Koch's now famous remedy for consumption, for the use of which he will receive a small number of patients. It is not yet determined how far the the remedy can be used in advanced stages of the disease, but for those in the incipient stages it is considered that the injections may be used with the most hopeful results. Dr. Naegli has obtained the lymph through the good offices of a friend in Berlin, and advises us that he has no intention to make a speculation of it as others most unprofessionally have done.
- -On the morning of the 29th a couple of boys got into a quarrel and one of them struck the other on the head, causing a slight wound. The injured boy complained to the police, who thereupon instituted a search for the other. Later in the day the poor old mother of the fugitive appeared at the house where her boy lived to inquire after him, and to get some clothes. Learning who she was, the police arrested her and had her clapped into jail for the night, where she had to sleep as best she could in a filthy room with drunken women. For a poor, old woman, respectable and honest, this is an outrage which ought to lead to the prompt and severe punishment of those responsible. In other countries "also imprisonment" entitles the victim to damages, and the least that can be done is to give this poor old woman the benefit of such a reparation. got into a quarrel and one of them struck the othe

- —The chief of the strategical commission of Pa-raná on the 21st ult, asked through the minister of war that the department of agriculture should let him have 100,000\$ on account of the appropriation or public lands end colonization. What has strat-gy to do with lands and colonists?
- —A friend of the late Gen. Benjamin Constant, writing in a daily paper, attribute—the general's ideath to the profound grief ond mortification that took possession of him on discovering that the republic he had so much contributed to establish, failed to correspond to the ideal he had—cherished.
- —One local colleague says the new minister of finance addressed his soothing telegram to Messrs. Rothschild as follows: "Mr. Rothschild"; another says it was addressed "Mrs. Rothschild," and the Jornal do Commercio says a cruel Englishman said that it should have been addressed "Mr. Rothschild, Esq."
- —On the 10th the minister of war recalled half dozen officers and surgeons who have been joying vacations in Europe at the tayapeers' e pense. It is useless, perhaps, to suggest that the strong way to cure these abuses is to stop sendirecommissions abroad. It is rare that anything us
- —The police brigade of the capital of the repub-has a curious way of insuring punctuality upon creditors. It appoints a day and hour for pay-contractors and fines tardy applicants 5 per it. of their accounts. It is a new system and ould secure that punctuality on the part of cred-rs which is, we regret to say, far from satisfac-
- -On the 20th the minister of the interior appro —On the 20th the minister of the interior approved a postura of the municipal provisional government abolishing market gardens and grass fields within the city limits, except in the Gavéa and Engenho Novo parishes. As the "provisionals" are also cutting down trees and destroying the S. Francisco de Paula garden, it is to be inferred that they object to everything green.
- —The December immigrant arrivals numbered 19,398, of which 16,015 landed at this port and 3,383 at Santos. Of these, 6,089 were Russians, 5,161 Portuguese, 5,053 Italians, 1,421 Spaniards, 692 Austrians, 442 Germans, and the remainder of diverse nationalities. The third-class departures from the country in the same month numbered 766. The total arrivals for the year is stated to have been 113,053.
- —In the matter of Sr. Sebastião Pinho's reported profits on last years speculations, which some obliging reporter was permitted to put at 27,000 contes, it has occurred to us that Sr. Pinho's profits on the Bahia lottery were not taken into consideration. When a man can postpone a lottery drawing for months, with a very large sum belonging to the same left in his possession, he ought to be able to make something!
- —Through some carelessness a trunk was left in charge of a porter at the D. Pedro II station, the owner leaving without receiving and dispatching it. The porter thereupon turned it over to the police who at once proceeded to see what it contained. To their great surprise it was found to be full of revolvers and cartridges. Of course there was great consternation for a time, but we presume it will be found in time to belong to some harmless dealer.
- -A fire broke out in the switch-room of the tel-—A fire broke out in the switch-room of the telephone company of this city on the morning of the 29th uit. and, before it was brought under control, completely destroyed all the wire connections and switch-boards of the place, there being 19 of the latter in use. It is supposed that the fire originated through leaving a gas light too near some wires, which being covered with parafine ignited very easily. The loss will be a serious one to the service, as it can not be resumed until the arrival of new material from the United States.
- new material from the United States.

 —With the frankness to be expected from him, Admiral Wandenkolk, late minister of marine, thus refers to the Brazilian navy: "With the exception of the ironclask *Stachnelo* and *Aquadahan*, good war vessels, provided with all improvements, armed with excellent artillery, protected by iron and steel plates, and moved by engines that furnish them with no small speed, and of the cruiser *Alminata Tamanadari*, launched this year (1850) and the completion of which will be accomplished during the coming year, we possess no other ships with the requisites of numerous exigencies of modern naval warfare, nor even for the protection of our river frontiers and the instruction of our navy." The Admiral thinks from 14,000,000\$ to 15,000,000\$ will be necessary to renew the "floating material" of the navy. ooo\$ will be necessary to renew terial" of the navy.
- —A moderate estimate of the cost of that in-spectorate of Sr. Gen. Glycerio's to relieve the de-partment of agriculture from bother, may be esti-mated, per annum, about as follows:
- Inspector-general
 4 inspectors of districts
 4 assistant do

We purposely omit the military attaché.

—A copy of the Tribuna, dated January toth, appeared on the streets for sale on Sunday. It contains a statement from Sr. Antonio de Medeiros in regard to the attack on that paper November 29th by a party of military officers and soldiers, in which he publishes the letter sent to Gen. Deodoro advising him of the intended attack and the interview in which protection was promised. He also states that the attack was led by Col. Piragibe, the brother-in law of Gen. Deodoro. He disclaims personal animosity against the chief of the provisional government, but says he has neither the high standing nor capacity to direct the destinies of Brazil.

MARRIED.

TRIPP—LOWNDES.—On the 17th ult., at Christ Church, Rio de Janeiro, by the Rev. H. Mosley, M. A., HERBERT ARTIUR, youngest son of the late James Tripp, of London, to Flora, fifth daughter of the late Henry Bandinel Lowndes, of Rio de Janeiro.

BIRTHS.

On the 8th of December, at Beckville, Beck-enham, Kent, the wife of William Hall Moxey, accountant of the São Paulo railway, of a son.

In this city, on December 26th, 1890, the wife of Pierre Avegno, of a son. Pará, New Orleans, Liverpool and Manchester papers please copy.

FINANCIAL NOTES

- -The monthly dues of the members of the free Bourse in S. Paulo have been raised from 5\$ to 10\$
- -The Companhia de Flôres Artificiaes opened its subscription books in S. Paulo on the 27th ult. Its capital is to be 200,000\$.
- -On the 24th ult. the capital of the Payao, Bricola e Borges company, in S. Paulo, was all subscribed in less than two hours.
- -On the 24th ult, the Companhia Aguas Mineraes de Stupokoff was formally installed in S. Paulo. The capital of this company is 2,150,000\$.
- -The Companhia Caixotaria do Commercio is nnounced in S. Paulo. It is to manufacture cases for shipping goods. Its capital is to be 100,000\$.
- —A local paper says that the Conde de Figuei-redo will make an offer for the purchase of the London and Brazilian Bank on his arrival in
- Europe. Caucões were opened in St. Paulo on the 28th ult. The capital is 2,000,000\$, and may be increased to 10,000,000\$.
- -The ex-minister of the navy, in the report he prepared shortly before resigning, asks for cial appropriation of from 14,000,000\$ to 15,000,-000\$ for building new war vessels.
- -A special partnership, capital 200,000\$, of which Sr. Mayrink, the special partner, contributes 197,000\$, has been registered here to deal in dairy produce at Carmo do Rio Claro, Minas Geraes.
- -In noticing the departure of Conde de Figueiredo by the Equateur on the 28th ult. the Gazeta de Noticias says Sr. de Figueiredo will establish in London the "National Brazilian Bank, Limited."
- -The Companhia de Melhoramentos Urbanos e Ruraes de S. Paulo is announced in S. Paulo. This company is to have a capital of 10,000,000\$ and will engage in all sorts of transactions in real es-
- -At their wits' ends to know what novelty can St. Paulo now propose to establish a joint-stock school enterprise, including kindergartens. Capital 1,000,000\$.
- -The Banco do Brazil denies the soft impeachment as to making a loan to Uruguay. We could hardly believe that this institution would make such a blunder, and we are glad to have our impression confirmed.
- -An anonymous writer in the Fornal, on the 28th ult., states that the funds required by the Construcções Hydraulicas company will be nished by two syndicates—one in Paris, the in Montreal, Canada.
- -In Juiz de Fora all the shares of the Banco de Credito Popular have been taken. The capital of this bank is at present 500,000\$, and may be increased to 1,000,000\$. The first installment of 30% must be paid by Feb. 10.
- -The governor of Rio de Janeiro has granted a privilege to Ioão Soares Pinto, with sundry favors, for the creation of a 2,000,000\$ stearine candle fac-tory in that state. The concession also covers the manufacture of friction matches.
- -We presume that the "Melhoramentos do Ceará" company, capital 10,000,000\$, is formed with the patriotic intention of relieving the Treas ury of the only too frequent calls for assistance from that often drouth-stricken state.
- -On the 27th ulto. Sr. Sebastião Pinho gave re calcitrant subscribers for shares in the Pecanha and Araxá railway 24 hours to pay their instalments and sign the statutes, under the penalty of no longer being considered subscribers. Perhaps the penalty was not very alarming.
- -The Banco da Republica called on the 27th alto, upon the shareholders of the late Banco Nacional to pay up 50\$ per share, and granted them the option of completing their payments up to 150\$ per share, upon realizing which fully paid 200\$ shares will be delivered to them.
- -The very first effect of turning the Gazeta de —The very trst effect of turning the Gazta de Noticeas into a joint-stock company has been disastrous. The Gazela company states that gold duties have put up prices of commodities; but is not the industria nacional protected and enabled to advance prices also? The Gazela company need not lay all the blame on the duties; a very much larger proportion belongs to that darling scheme of our colleague himself, who demanded 3% in paper against 1% in gold, and has now secured it!

-On the 2nd there was no Bolsa, it being a church holiday and the Exchange closed in con-

-If the paid up capital of the Banco da Republica is to be 150,000,000\$, instead of 200,000,000\$, does the right to issue 600,000,000\$ in notes still

-On the 28th ult, it was announced that the Maison Moderne company (restaurant) had raised a 7 per cent, gold loan for £33,750 at 92%. Visconde de Leopoldina was the lender.

-The Evoneas company has been granted permission to import material free of duty; but the minister of finance excepts from the permission such goods as are manufactured here and also merchandise for trade.

-The total receipts at the custom house in Ric during January were 5,656,130\$449, against 5,504,123\$558 for the same month in 1890. At the received the receipts were 1,523,194\$534 and 560,702\$830, respectively.

-At the meeting of the shareholders of the Serviço Maritimo (lighter) company held on the 22nd ult, the directors were authorized to accept a proposal to purchase the assets of the company at the rate of 270\$ per 200\$ share.

-On the 29th ult, the Industrial do Ouro Preto shareholders decided to increase the capital to 600,000\$. The holder of each original share is entitled to two of the new ones, upon which a bonus is credited of 80\$ per share.

—At a meeting of the shareholders of the "Commercio de Matte" company held on the 31st ult. it was resolved to change the name of the enterprise to the "Banco Industrial e Constructor do Paraná," and to increase the capital to 20,000,000\$.

-The Banco da Bolsa is so far very much in advance of its competitors, "leads them by more than a length." The bank, with 60\$ per share paid up, divides among its shareholders a dividend and bonus for the last quarter of 1890 of 20\$ per

—At a meeting of the shareholders of the Banco Portugal-Brazil, held on the 30th ult., it was de-cided to increase the capital to 10,000,000\$\\$. No money appears to be necessary; the present shares will be divided into as many new ones as are requisite.

-On the 1st the Gazeta de Noticias says it is —On the 1st the Gazeta de Noticias says it is proposed to establish a foreign bank here to re-place the English Bank, under the name of the "Anglo-Brazilian Bank, Limited." The names of the incorporators are given, but the capital of the new institution is not mentioned, except to state that it will be in gold.

On the 30th it was announced that the purchase of the English Bank of Rio de Janeiro, Limited, by the Banco de Credito Universal had been completed. The sale includes all the foreign bank's branches—and we presume also the various staffs. We are informed that the formal transfer will occur at the end of June. It is also said that the new corporation will take the name of "Banco Anglo-Brazileiro."

-At the organization meeting of the Banco Rio e Matto Grosso on the 29th ult. it was declared that the concessions obtained by the bank represented 10,000,000\$ profit on the sale of lands, etc. besides 6 per cent. interest for 20 years on a capital of 15,000,000\$ for railways to connect the various colonies with the outer world. What the happy original holders of this concession will receive, or have received, did not transpire.

The following are some of the new companies that heve appeared during the past week, either by prospectus, or rumor:

Banco de Credito Nacional Banco de Credito Mixto Banco Report Viação Ferrea Sapucahy Nordeste do Brazil R. R.	5,000,000\$ 1,000,000 5,000,000	١
Banco Report		ı
Viação Ferrea Sapucahy	5,000,000	
Viação Ferrea Sapucahy		ı
	100,000,000	ı
Nordeste do Brazil K. K	40,000,000	ı
Rio Doce e Cuieté R. R	12,000,000	ı
Predial Urbano Commercio e In-		١
dustria	10,000,000	١
Promotora de Melhoramentos Sul		ı
Bahiana Agricola Industrial	10,000,000	١
Melhoramentos do Ceará	10,000,000	١
Fluminense de Nucleos Agricolas.	10,000,000	١
Colonial e Agricola do Norte de		l
S. Paulo	10,000,000	1
Industrial de Ferro e Ferragens	5,000,000	l
Locadora Immigratoria	5,000,000	I
Agricola do Alto Muriahé	2,000,000	١
Correio do Povo	2,000,000	١
Gazeta de Noticias	2,000,000	١
Industrial de Tintas Sardinha	2,000,000	١
Estabelecimento Modelo	1,500,000	١
Eden Theatre	1,000,000	١
Sul Paulista Navegação e Mineração	1,000,000	1
Construcções e Melhoramentos	1,000,000	1
Progresso Maritimo	1,000,000	١
Pensionaria Brazileira	1,000,000	1
Moagem de Cereaes	500,000	1
Tylbureira Fluminense	500,000	١
Nictheroyense Manufactora de Pão		١
e Massas	500,000	۱
Beneficiadora de Farinhas	500,000	۱
Fabril Marfim Vegetal	400,000	1
A Bolsa (journal)	300,000	1
Expeditora de Mercadorias	300,000	1
Importadora de Vinhos Portuguezes	300,000	1

telegram from Messrs. Rothschild in which the confidence of the Brazilian government is recipro-cated for by a promise to sustain the credit of the republic.

-The subscription books of the Companhia Santista de Construção e Materiaes were opened and closed in Santos on the 28th ult. This company is to build, buy and sell houses and import, manufacture, buy and sell vehicles and building materials. Its capital is to be 2,000,000\$.

-In S. Paulo the subscription books of the Antarctica Paulista company were opened on the 26th ult. The capital is 3,000,000\$\%, and the company is to buy and augment the Antarctica brewery and ice factory, build Swiss cottages, open a beer garden, establish a distillery, and manufacture lard, sausages, hams, etc.

-The shares of the Commercio e Horticultura company in S. Paulo have been taken privately. The capital is 1,200,000\$, divided into shares of 200\$ each. This company will purchase and operate thee seed stores and a horticultural establishment in that city. The first installment on account of the shares was to be paid by the 28th ult.

--An item in the stipendiary columns of the Ga zeta de Noticias of the 29th ult. states that the zeta de Noticias of the 29th ult, states that the judge of the first commercial district had granted an injunction against the Luz Incandescente Wels bach company making a second call for capital and ordering the presentation of the books. The plain-tiff claims that the organization meeting of the company was irregular.

-The absurdity of those gold cheques for pay —The absurdity of those gold cheques for pay-ing duties is becoming daily more apparent. The Banco dos Estados Unidos will only issue cheques for round amounts, so that an importer who has to pay odd milreis and fractions, is obliged to buy a sovereign or half-sovereign and take his change in those rules just as before. This is what Sr. Barbo sa considered improving business methods.

-On the 27th ulto, the directors of the Banco Nacional announced that after the 31st the business stational announced that auter the gist the mismess at all its offices, correspondents, etc., would be for account of the Banco da Republica dos Estados Unidos. A dividend of 208600 is declared to have been furnished by the final liquidation of the bank, which will be credited shareholders on the books of the Banco da Republica against the first call for castifal.

-According to the Fornal do Commercio of the 29th ult. the estimates for 1891 and the expenditures in 1890 of the departments of war and marine have been obtained by it. The figures, as compared with 1889, are as follows: War:

1890 expenditure	23,181,129\$849	
1889 voted	13.517.108 904	
Excess	9,664,020\$945	
1801 estimated	14,056,299\$000	
1889 do	11,306,727 000	

Excess 2,749,572\$000
According to the table furnished by Sr. Barbosa on Dec. 16, and which we published in our issue of Jan. 6, the expenditure of the war department in 1859 was 19,093,673\$310 and of the navy department 12,196,210\$622.

COMMERCIAL.

Fig de Yanging Kahmann and Alas

Kio de faneiro, reordary	2nd, 1891.
Par value of the Brazilian milreis (1\$000), gold.	27 d.
do do do do in U. S.	
coin at \$4.86,65 per £1 stg	54 75 cts
do \$1.00 (U. S. coin) Brazilian gold	1\$827
do of £1 stg. in Brazilian gold	8 890
- CALLEGE CO.	
Bank rate of exchange, official, on London to-day	19½ d
Present value of the Brazilian mil reis (gold)	1\$384

Bank rate of ex	change,official	on London to-day,	19½ d
Present value	of the Brazilia	n mil reis (gold)	. 1\$384
do	do	do (paper).	. 723 rs. gol
do	do	do in U. S	
	coin at \$4 8o	per Lt stg	• 39.00 €
Value of \$1.0	o (\$4.80 per ,	(r. stg.) in Braz	
	ilian currency	(paper),	· 27564
Value of Cos	terling		124208

EXCHANGE.

January 27.—The market was higher and steady. All the banks opened at 18½ on London, but in the afternoon the Banco Nacional advanced to 18½. Official rates were 18½ – 18½ on London, 59.5–59. Official rates were 18½ – 18½ on London, 59.5–59. On Pairs and 6.8–63 to on Hamburg at 90 dg: 28½-90—28½-20 on New York at sight There was not much doing with bank stelling reported at 19 direct in the afternoon, and reposed paper and commercially generally the stelling of the stelling reported at 12½-00, and closed with sellers at this price, buyers at 12½-00, and closed with sellers at this price, buyers at 12½-00, and closed with sellers at this price, buyers at 12½-00, sellers at 12½-00 s.o. Feb. 28th.

January 28.—The market was strong from the opening. The banks were at 19 on London, which rate was shortly advanced to 19½ and again, in the afternoon, to 19½ at the elose it was reported money had found bank paper at 17½ and 19½ was the rate for business during the day. Commercial stelling was reported at the extremes of 13½—20. Rumor had it that the advance in rates was caused by the appearance of an unexpectedly large amount of commercial exceptions of the control of

for cash; sellers at 124,00 for February.

January 29.—The Branco Nacional and the Sul Americano
power of the Branco Nacional and the Sul Americano
power of the Branco Nacional and Brazilian, Commental, January 29.

Branco Harden Resistant Brazilian and Brazilian, Compower of the Brazilian and Brazilian and Brazilian, 29.

Branco Harden Resistant Superior 1945. Bank francs
129—139, techsmarks 592—600 and dellars 346.6—345.00

The market was quiet, but fairly steady during the day with
bank sterling reported up to 20, and commercial quoted at
2054—2054, but at the close, it was considered rather easier.

There was no Bolsa, owing to the death of a broker.

January 30.—Official rates were unchanged, with the Banco
Nacional drawing on London at 20. The market was constable at the banks. Commercial sterling was quoted at 20.

—2054, but the day was a quiet one. Sovereigns closed
with buyers 21 128260, sellers at 128400, for cash.

January 31.—There were no changes in official rates at the banks, but the market was flat and shortly after midday 19 fg on London was not obtainable at all the banks, and at the close 19 fg, was the rate for business. Bank sterling was the case for the state of th

SALES OF STOCKS AND SHARES

January 20.	
18 Apolices, old 965	63 hyp notes.
87,000\$ do 48 965	Cr. Rl. Br. 600 100
81,000 do o65 soo	112 deb. Geral 70
45 Gold 6s, '68 125	200 do 71
Bas	uks.
D	
300 Brazil 28 170	100 Lavoura e Com. 186
1000 do 171	500 do 10 Feb 200
50 Bolsa 250	4050 Nacional 164
50 do 255	606 do 165
80 Constructor 265	700 do 166
4000 do Feb., 285	100 do 167
3000 Cr.M'el Feb.pr. 108	1500 do 31st., 165
9000 do do 110	1000 do bo. 318t., 184
2000 do do 112	500 do bo. 28 Feb. 184
1000 do do 115	
900.3 do 2 Feb. pr. 110	
1000 Estados Unidos 254	800 Port. Braz 35
	100 Sul Americano. 126
5250 do 255	450 do 28 Feb . 144
55 Emp. do Com. 25	50 União de Cred. 253
50 Franco Br 100\$	1000 dowd 31 Mar. 270
bo 28 Feb r16	500 do 15 Apr 272
1.00	2300 Un.Iber.Am.pr 65
Rail	toays.
2325 Sapucahy 148	250 Geral 56
200 do 149	250 00141 50
200 (0) 149	tooo Quilombo 82
550 do 150	

	Miscell	aneous.
1006 Jar. Bot. tram. 2 100 do	260 56 56 500 63 64	8200 S. Jeronymo mines, 28, 28 Feb. 10 Paranapanema. 41 30 do 41 500 25 Nac. de Const. 230 100 M'assú e Carat. 43 500 Obras Hyd. pr. 10
January 27.		
January 27.	,	500 Obras Hyd. pr. 10

000 Sovereigns . . . 12 800 785 deb. Geral. . . 70 to Apolices, old 940 500 do 70 500 46 do 4s . . . 965 150 do 71 Banks. 800 Nacional 700 do 300 do 200 Auxiliar 250 1352 do to Feb. 250 250 Brazil, 28 170 50 Commercial ... 270

	Constructor		1000	do	Feb	180	
	do		200	do	do	181	
	do		730	Sul A	mericano	130	
	Cred. Movel, pr		700	do	Feb	140	
	do		100	Un. II	oAmer	90	
	do		0040	do	pr	70	
	do		1000	do	·	70	500
	do Feb. pr.		3050	do		71	-
	Cred. Universal		1000	do			500
	do 27 Feb.		1900	do		72	
	Lavoura e Com.		2000	do		72	500
	do		800	do		73	-
	do bo. 20 Feb.		1000	Merc.	Santos	5.5	
100	Un. de Cred. 28	80	36				

3800 Sapucahy 150 500 do 28 Feb. . 170 150 Sapucahy 149 500 do bo. 28 Feb. 168 200 Lloyd Braz. 200
200 Lloyd Braz. 200
200 Luic de Melh. 56
150 do ... 55 500
950 do ... 57
600 do Feb. 64
1000 do do 65
200 do do 60
200 do do 60
200 do do 60
200 d

January 28. 340 Sovereigns 12 360 206 deb. Geral 69 200 do 12 380 600 do 70 19 Apolices, 48 965 1000 do 7 Feb. 72 500

13 Brazil	321	50	Italia-Braz	31 50	,
101 do	323	100	Nacional	103	
70 Constructor		2510	do	164	
1350 do	260	2500	do Feb	133	
100 Cred. Movel, pr.		3500	do do	184	
200 Emp. do Com.	25	100	Rural e Int	96	
150 do pr		200	Un. 1b. Am. 28		
250 Lavoura e Com.			pr	71	
25 Feb	205	1700	do	73	
	Rail	ways.			
500 Geral		205	Sapucahy	150	
525 do	54	2000	do	151	
500 do	35	2000	do bo. 28 Feb	170	
100 Leopoldina	104				
	Miscal	Lauran			

10	Lloyd Braz Jar. Bot, tram	260	432 S. Jer. mines, 28 42 100 do 45
2235	Inic. de Melh .	57	2100 O. Hyd Feb. pr. 21
	do	58	4000 do do 25 1700 Chap. Braz. pr. 150
	do Feb.		250 Loc.e Imm.,40\$ 43
500	do 28 Feb. Evoneas	66	50 do 45
	do		50 do 46 160 Metr. Paul.pr. 110
	lanuary 30		

38 Apolices, old. 940 300 deb. Geral ... 76
200 hyp. notes, 100 , Sorocabana 96
Mutuos insce. 50

			Danks.		
24	Brazil	324		Merc. dos Vars.	220
111	do	325	500	Nacional	164
432	do 28	170	300	do	165
67	do	171	80	do	166
1000	Br. N. Amer.pr	17	500	do	168
615	do	. 18	1000	do 28 Feb	105
1500	do	19	1500	Popular	110
	Constructor		37	Rural	400
	Cred. Movel, pr.		200	Sul Americano.	125
500	do	97	650	' do	126
500	do Feb. pr	115	1000	U.deCred.Mar.	275
9000	do 28 Feb.pr.	118	300	Un. IbAmer.	
	do do			Feb. pr	85
	Cred. Universal		300	do bo. 15 Feb pr.	85
	Estados Unidos		1500	do ho. 28 Feb. pr	88
400	Franco Braz	104	3100	do do	go
150	do	105	200		gr.
240	do	106	2500	do 28 Feb. pr	88
200	Industrial	708	2500	do Mar. pr.	95
1000	Lav e Com. Feb.	212	3000	do bo. 31 Mar.	95
Suo	Mutuo, 8\$	18	2750		
		- 1	Railways.		
	Carol			Constanting	0

		Rail	ways.			
500	Geral	53 500	300	Sapuc	ahy	178
750	do	54	1000	do 28	Feb. wd.	240
450	do	55	500	do 25	Feb. wd.	240
100	Sapucahy	171	1000	do 3t	Mar	195
		Miscel	aneou	s.		
300	Lloyd Braz	250	1100	Obras	Hyd. pr.	15
50	Melh. no Brazil	470	300	do		16
90	Inic. de Melh	61	1050			17

January 31.				
8 Apolices, old	942	200	deb. Geral	60
1350 deb. Geral	68	289	do	70
	Ban	iks.		
850 Brazil, 25	170	50	Franco Braz	106
50 Br. N. Amer. pr	21	200	Lavoura e Com.	186
20 Commercio	255	200	do	191
330 Constructor	260	30	Merc,dos Vrgs.	220
2000 Cr. Movel, pr.	102	200	Nacional	172
2000 do 28 Feb	122	600	do	175
200 Cred. Universal	104	2000	do Feb	
4200 do	110	ECO		195
too Estados Unidos	260	800	Un. Ib Am. pr.	30
	Miscell		On. roAm. pr.	95
200 Geral R.R				
200 Gerai K. K.	55	100	Obr. Hyd. pr	18
200 Inic. de Melh.	64	200	do Feb. pr.	23
2250 do	65	320	Un. Ind.	
500 do	66		dos Est. pr.	150
1930 do 15 Feb	70	500	Ypiranga T. e	
56 Pedra Plast	58		Const.pr	25
		100	do	26

MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 2nd February, 1891.

Exports.

Coffee.—The past week has been very quiet. For reasons that are not made public the banks advanced exchange rates and so traveled the banks and solven described the solvent and solvent as we can early the solvent and solvent as we can early the solvent and solvent as the solvent and solvent and solvent as the solvent and solvent and

nents sin	ce our la	st report have been:
31,263	bags for	the United States
29,084	**	Europe
	**	Cape of Good Hope
2,263	**	Elsewhere
62.610	hare	

There	were no foreign clearances at the custom house	during
the week	i.	uuinig
The v	essels cleared with coffee are:	
Uni	ted States:	bags.
Jan. 24	New York Amer str Vigilancia	0-0
28		
31	Baltimore Amer lug Glad Tidings	9,753
Ew		
Jan. 24		F 400
24	Havre I'r sir Ville de Pernambuco	7,250
26	Longon Br str / hames	
	Antwerp do	4,453
26	Flamburg Ger str Fafagonia	5,019
27	Marsenies Fr Str Poiton	5,915
28	Genoa Hal str Washington	1,600
30	raimouth Lo. Nor by Zaritza	2,500
31	London Br str Tainui	
Tthe	market is reported to be flat, and brokers our	3,055
	ter 10 kilos. her arraha	

		per arroba.
Washed	nominal	nominal
Superior	do	do
Good 1st	. do	do
Regular 1st	8\$580 8\$78c	12\$650-12\$900
Ordinary 1st	7 830- 8 440	11 500-12 100
Good and	7 490- 8 170	11 000-12 000
Ordinary 2nd.	6 670- 7 900	9 800-11 600
The higher q	notations are e	vidently much above th
ket		,

ket.
The custom house valuation (panta) for the current week is 750 rs. per kilo or 18 rs. lower than last week.
Receipts for the past week were \$9,000 bags, against \$3,467 bags for the preceding week and \$41,500 bags for the week before.
Stocks were this morning estimated to be 133,077 bags.
Vertical loading and the load of the part of the

New York of the state of the st

DAILY COFFEE REPORTS

regardi	ng po	sitio		nd	quoi	atio		of t		Coffe	n to e n	New	York
* Receipts for 2 days.	do do	Good 2nd, per to kilos	expenses and freight by steamer	Prices: Regular 1st, per 10 kilos	Steamer freight, U. States	Exchange, commercial stg	Market	do Europe,	Shipments for U. States bags	do Santos	Receipts yesterday, .,	Stock this morning, bags	
	:	;	:	;	:	:	firm	14,000	4,000	9,000	11,000	129,000	Jan. 27
	17% €	8\$150	17 15 16 0	87450	356 & 500	19 1/4 d	firm	6,000	7,000	10,000	10,000	124,000	Jan. 28
	18 1/16	8,150	185%	8,450	35€ & 5%	20	weak	4,000	6,000	9,000	7,000	120,000	Jan. 29
	1815	8,150	19 1/16	8,450	35€ & 5%	201/2	weak	3,000	6,000	8,000	11,000	122,000	Jan. 30
	17 9116	7,850	18 3116	8,150	350 & 500	201/8	steady	:	3,000	8,000	10,000	130,000	Jan. 31

WEEKLY SUMMARY.	at 1860 (30)
ya ya	nuary 31st
ts for United States during the week. for Europe, etc. do do	
learances for the United States	
es for Europe and elsewhereby steamer	30,000 ,,

Steamers tolding for Onned States		4
Stock at Santos this morning, 1st and 2nd hands Sales for United States during week	8,000	
Steamer shipments for United States [1]	9,000	,,
Market quiet: Good Average	97,000	»
Steamers loading for United States		2

Receipts at Santos bags	Steamer freight, 5% primage.	Exchange on London	do No. 7 "	N. Y per @	Average price No. 6.	Stock	Clearances	Total Shipments bags	Elsewhere	Cape	Europe	Shipments U. States. "	Receipts bags	
8,764	35 0	19 d	11\$700	12\$000		129,061		18,472	:	:	14,305	4,167	11,049	Jan. 26
10,522	35 0	191/8	11,700	12,000		123,773	1	14,564	1,227	•	6,212	7,125	9.276	Jan. 27
8,593	35 6	20	Nom.	Nom.		120,531		10,158	1,036	1	3,567	5,555	6,916	Jan. 28
8,614	35 C	203%	Nom.	Nom.		122,131		9,394	:	÷	3,500	5,894	10,994	Jan. 29 Jan. 30
8,163	35 °C	201/8	11,000	11,300		129,911	•	2,845		:	:	2,845	10,625	Jan. 30
10,382	35 C	19%	11,000	11,300		127,474	•	7,177	:	1	1,500	5,677	4.740	Jan. 41
255,467	:	:	•	•			317,943	225,995	12,175	3,000	82,878	127,942	187,606	Jan. 41 since 1st Jan.
2,243,461	:	:	:	•		:	:	1,612,206	111,987	51,100	446,583	1,002,536	1,576,596	since 1st July
:	:	:	:	:		133,077	:	:	:	:	;	:	5,603	Feb. 1

DESTINATION	1890-91	1889-90	1888-89
United States	Bags.	Bags.	Bags.
New York	811 338	724 750	1,125 368
Baltimore	82 494	89 970	213 632
Richmond	1 550	1 000	1 500
New Orleans	98 200	99 174	152 160
Galveston	13 040	16 267	
Gaiveston	13 040	10 207	37 344
Total	1,006 631	931 161	1,530 013
EUROPR	100		
Channel f. o	2 500	3 500	
Havre	40 563	44 202	65 8g8
Antwerp	17 559	27 574	78 960
North of Europe & Baltic	158 050	61 820	251 472
England	46 066	96 935	142 846
Bordeaux	1 617	750	5 980
Lisbon t. o	/	3 858	3 900
Gibraltar f.o			1 1 1 1 1
Portugal		40	
Mediterranean	14		
Mediterranean	184 445	134 122	313 208
Total	450 814	372 891	858 364
ELSEWHERE			
Canada			220
Cape of Good Hope	51 100	52 037	69 055
Australia			233
River Plate & West Coast	33 230	38 115	28 837
Rio and coast	33 - 3-	3	
Total	84 330	90 152	98 345
United States	1,006 631	931 161	1,530 013
Europe	450 814	372 801	858 364
Elsewhere	84 330	90 152	98 345
	04 330	90 152	90 315
Totals	:,541 775	1,304 204	2,486 722

Total foreign clearances of Coffee from Rio for January:

DESTINATION	1891	1890	1889
UNITED STATES.	Bags.	Bags.	Bags.
New York	114 183	112 101	157 696
Baltimore	8 000	18 919	39 120
Richmond	800	1 000	1 500
New Orleans		18 540	18 444
Galveston		5 135	7 175
Total	122 983	155 704	223 935
EUROPE.	7 7		
Channel t. o	2 500	3 500	
Havre	13 750	10 949	2 894
Antwerp	4 586	4 8 1 8	788
North of Europe & Baltic	23 279	16 099	10 866
England	12 659	43 804	29 546
Bordeaux	150	750	1 368
Lisbon f. o	1		
Gibraltar 1.o			
Portugal	1	20	
Mediterranean	23 360	14 316	34 779
Total	80 284	94 256	80 241
E1.5EWHERE			
Canada	3 000	10 150	11 600
Australia	3 000	10 150	11 090
River Plate & West Coast	3 011	2 727	1 984
Rio and coast	3 011	/2/	1 904
Total	6 011	12 877	13 674
United States	122 983	155 704	223 935
Europe	80 284	94 256	80 241
Elsewhere	6 011	12 877	13 674
Totals	209 278	262 837	317 850

Imports.

Flour has been very quiet during the week and the market closes dull, with some grades of foreign, and the city mills to the close of the control of the con

Plour.—Receipts nil, and sales and withdrawals so small hat brokers still estimate stocks in first hands at 13,500 bris. American 1,500 pr. Trieste 15,000 bris.

Trieste	18\$500 - 18\$750
Richmond 1st	18 500 — 18 750 nominal
Baltimore 1st	
do 2nd	
Western & Interior	
River Plate	
City Mills	17 500 19 000
eccipts in January were:	
15,600 brls. Ame	rican

Trieste New Zealand

50 , New Zealand

"Yoop bits.

Against 10,015 bits. in January, 1890.

Pitch Pine.—Receipts are 321,865 feet per Plutary's from
Pensacola, which were sold p. 1. The market is reported
firm, and we may quote at 4,68000—47,8000 per doz. Receipts
in January were 2,104,904 feet, against 1,80,4414 feet in January, 1890.

White Pine.—Receipts are 939,925 feet per Religion from
New York, all on order. Brokers quote at 115—120 rs. per
foot, and report the market steady. Last month receipts were
1,082,861 feet, against 1,96,968 feet in January last year.

Swedish Pine.—Receipts in January were 8,930 doz.,
against 273 doz. in the same month last year. There are no
receipts since our last report, and quotations are nominal.

Spruce Pine.—Last month receipts were 143,945 feet,
against all in January, 1890. There is nothing new in the
market.

against nil in January, 159c. There is nothing new in the market.

Kerosene.—Receipts have been 11,000 cases per Thames and 10,000 cases per Beldford. Quotations are a little lower, viz: 7800—8500 per case, but the market is steady. Receipts last mouth were 38,900 cases, against 15,300 cases in the same month last year.

Lard.—Receipts are 500 keps per Thames and 1,000 cases for Redford. The market is very much higher, and strong at the advance. Quotations are: George's lard, in lots, 550—560 s. per lb., and other marks 526—550 rs. Our receipts in January were 16,000 packages, against 10,004 packages in the same month, 189c.

Rice.—The only receipts are a few hundred bags via Europe, and dealers have advanced their prices to 114800—1850, per lb., and are firm. Last month receipts were 5,875 bags, against 40,981 bags in January last year.

Codfish.—Receipts are 2,022 cases Norwegian per Ollinds and 710 cases per Valpharia. Stocks are estimated to be about 7,000—8,000 packages, and the demand continues satisfactory, with the market reported firm. Retail quotations are: Canada tube sel6000—85000, and Norwegian cases 25000—and 6,007 cases. Norwegian, loogth packages Canadian of, 2008 cases. Norwegian, loogth packages, against 10,121 packages in January 1885 per 10,121 packa

There are no receipts of foreign, against receipts of 8,776 lags in January, 1802.

Indian Corn.—The MacBain brought 5,420 bags from Zarate, and receipts by steamers are 7,056 bags. The market and receipts by steamers are 7,056 bags. The market per 19,000 bags are 19,000 bags. The market per 19,000 bags from Europe and 8,123 bales by steamers from the River Plates is quoted at 75—80 rs. per kilogramme, with the market from 11 January our receipts were 18,639 bales, of which 360 bales from 19,000 bags from 19,00

Coal.—Receipts nil for the week. In January our receipt were 34,763 tons, all British, against 33,359 tons in January 1800.

1890. Cement.—Receipts are 1,609 brls. Belgian per Mariaten, 500 birtisk per Phentit, and 50 brls. Gernam. The make 1,500 brls. September 1,500 brls. Gernam. The make 1,500 brls. Gernam. The make 1,500 brls. Gernam. The make 1,500 brls. Gernam. The Mariate 1,500 brls. Gernam. And 2,500 brls. Gernam. and 2,500 brls. Gernam. and 2,500 brls. British, or in all 1,309 brls. Against 8,503 brls. for the same month last year.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

JANUARY 26.

ZARATE—Br bk The MacBain; 285 tons; Aigns; 33 ds:
Indian corn to order Mossoro'-Nor bg Rio; 150 tons; Berg; 37 ds; salt to order.

Mossoko — Nor og *Rio;* 150 tons; Berg; 37 ds; salt to order.

MACAO — Br bk *Robert Hine*; 303 tons; Cann; 21 ds; salt to Max. Nothmann & Co.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS

JANUARY 27.

WILMINGTON—Swedlug Pepila; 247 tons; Johanssen; ballast. St. Tioonas—Amer bk Alice; 479 tons; Kain; do. BARBADOS—Ger bk Prasident Trotsche; 504 tons; Herder; do.

do. Dan bk Njoge; 270 tons; Kofold; do. CARDIFF – Br ship Larmaca; 1,408 tons; Smith; do. PACIFIC – Fr ship France; 3,624 tons; Voisin: do. S. Francisco do Sul – Nor bg Vals; 210 tons; Helmes; do. JAN. 28.

JAN. 26.

BARBADOS—Br lug Hornet; 407 tons; McDonald; ballast.

—Br schr Mignonette; 139 tons; Fortin; do.

—Swed bk Aurora; 567 tons; Norden; do.

PERNAMBUCO—Nor bk Gustav Adolf; 738 tons; Jaeger; do.

Adol: 79. SAVANNAH—Port bk Audacia; 563 tons; Soares; ballast, Granne Salina—Ner bg J. Williams; 330 tons; Halvorsen; do.

BARBADOS-Br bg Zephyr; 150 tons; Ellis; do.

AN. 30.

SAVANAH—Swed bk Christina; 530 tons; Ellis Go.

JAN. 30.

SAVANAH—Swed bk Christina; 530 tons; Jansen; ballast.

CALCUTA—Br ship Thomas Hillyard; 1,450 tons; Richards; do.

YAN. 31.

FALMOUTH F.O.—Br lug Snowdrop; 152 tons; Butel; 6,143 salted hides. salted hides.

St. John, N. B. — Nor bk Miriam; 1,co8 tons; Falck; ballast.

MACRIO'-Swed bk Azel; 338 tons; Johansen; do.

PARAMAGUA-Br bk Tony; 303 tons; Johansen; do.

FEBRUARY 1.

BALTHORR—Amer lug Glad Tidings; 626 tons; Collier; coffee.

FALMOUTH F. O.—Nor bg Zaritza; 167 tons; Olsen; do. ITAJAHV—Port bg Veritas; 185 tons; Mattos; sundries.

CLEARED AND READY FOR SEA

TYBER—Nor bk *Martin Luther*; ballast, MOBILE—Nor bk *America; do. BARBADOS—Swed bk *Ballast do. do. RARGOO:—Ur ship *Amight of the *Thistle; same cargo. Ngw CALBONIA—Br ship *Past of Brander; ballast.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.

ne only charter reported is Dan bk *Richard*, matte, Pan tá and River Plate, p.t. nagud and River Plate, p.t.

Fergalts
New York
New Orleans of the Company of the

Channelf.o. 375 6d-425 6d

Lisbon f. o. 378 64—428 64						
VESSELS AFLOAT & L	OADING FO	R RIO.				
Alert	Marseilles Hamburg	8 Dec				
i merica	Oporto	13 Dec 13 Dec				
	Liverpool London	Iau 2				
Augustin Cobbe	Rosario	Jan 2				
A mie A mie Augustin Cobbe Broeder trouw Bianca	Cardiff Newcastle	3 Jan				
Birma	Cardiff	3 3 411				
Birma Bore Cenbalu	London Swansea	22 Dec				
	Memel	4 Dec				
Constance Constancia Carviola Concordia Croydon Crown Prince	Liverpool Cardiff	::				
Carniola	Glasgow Oscarshamn	6 Jan 10 Dec				
Croydon	Swanzas	30 Dec				
Caristina	Cardiff Cardiff	12 Jan 25 Nov				
Cariativa Cuba. Dagny. D. Podro II. D' s' slagnan Dorane. Everest Everest Edito. D' gwott. Ellersile. Fanny. Farmount. Finneld	Cardifi Pensacola Baltimore					
D. Pedro II	Baltimore	15 Dec				
D'Artagnan	Marseilles Marseilles	11 Dec 15 Dec				
Everest	Pensacola	15 1500				
Edw. D. Jewett	Pensacola Cardiff	30 Oct				
Fanny	Liverpool New York					
Finnvid Fingal	Antwerp	12 Nov				
Fingal	Fernandina Newcastle	8 Dec				
Flora Garibaldi Gustav & Oscar	Cardiff Cardiff	0 1000				
Glenora	Wilmington	••				
Henry	Sunderland	18 Dec				
Henry. Hermann Invermark.	Cardiff Glasgow	ı Jan 6 Jan				
Yamas Drummand	Frederickstadt San Francisco	6 Jan				
tris James Drummond James L. Pendergast	Pensacola	:-				
	Pensacola Brunswick	::				
John Black. J. D. Everett y. W. Scammell. Kentigern	Cardift St. Nazaire					
Kentigern	Braniswick	31 Dec				
Lennie	Liverpool New York	••				
Kentigern Lenne Lanra & Emily Mathilds Marthadra Marthadray Minden Martha Gray Minden Mary I. Baker Mora Nordajernen Nevado Nevado Nadia	Liverpool New York Cardiff Liverpool	::				
Martha Gray		17 Dec 13 Nov				
Minden	Cardiff Pensacola					
Mora	Cardiff	::				
Nordstjernen	Cardiff Pensacola	• ••				
Nadia Orient Palermo	Pensacola					
Palermo	Barrow Pensacola					
Peter	Gothenburg Condig	••				
Prince Eugene Prasident Revolving Light Reverside Rath	Cardiff Cardiff	::				
Præsident	Pensacola New York					
Riverside	Bermuda	26 Dec				
	Stockholm Cardiff	24 Oct				
Sardinian	Grimsby Brunswick	13 Jan				
Sardinian. Stadacona Sovereign	Rosario					
Southern Belle	Ship Island Swansea	23 Dec				
Savansea	Brunswick	• • •				
Union Vaaren	Cardiff Cardiff	::				
Vanduara	Liverpool Cardiff					
	Cette Cardiff	22 Dec 23 Dec				
Vancouver Venturosa	Cardiff Oporto	23 Dec 23 Dec				
Vikar Wasa						
Wasa. Vanveen. W. H. Corsar	Wisby Rosario	24 Dec				
W. H. Corsar	Cardiff					

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN STEAMERS.

DAT	NAME	WHEREFROM	CONSIGNED TO
Jan.	26 Cittá di Roma Itl	Rosario* 10d	A. Fiorita & C
	26 Arran Br	Caravellas*	Bahia & M.R.R.
	26 Finance Amer	Santos 20h	Wilson Sous & C
	27 Dryden Br	Liverpool* 27d	Norton, M'w &C
	28 Leibnitz Blg	River Plate 4d	do do
	28 Equateur Fr	do 3½d	Mess. Maritimes
	28 Washington Ital	do 4d	G. N. Vincenzi&F
	28 Liguria Br	Liverpool* 21d	Wilson Sons & C
	29 Parahyba Fr	Hayre* 22d	F. Mazon
	30 Olinda Gr	Hamburg* 24d	E. Johnston & C
	30 Valparaiso Gr	do * 25d	do
	o Cittá di Genovalti	Genoa* 18d	A. Fiorita & C
	31 Kingsland Br	Glasgow* 36d	Walter, H. & C
	Tainui Br	Wellington 22d	Wilson Sons & C
	1 Hilda Br	Bs. Aires 8d	
Feb.	1 Olbers Blg	Liverpool* 22d	Norton, M'w &C
	1 Garrick Br	do* 25d	do
	ı Campana Fr	Havre* 28d	F. Mazon
	1 Provence Fr	Genoa* 21d	Karl Valais & C
	ı Italia Ital	Rio Grande sd	Norte-Sul Co.
	1 Cavour Br	Porto Alegre* 7d	Lage Irmãos
	Orion Aust	Santos 231/2h	J. Bradshaw & C

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN STEAMERS.

DATE	NAMK	WHERETO	CARGO
	Béarn Fr	Marseilles*	Sundries
26	V. de Pern'co Fr	Havre*	do
27	Patagonia Gr	Hamburg*	do
	Thames Br	Southampton*	do
	Vigilancia Amer	New York*	do
	Lissabon Gr	Santos	do
	Dunholme Br	do	do
28	Equateur Fr	Bordeaux*	do
28	Liguria Br	Valparaiso*	do
	Leibnitz Blg	Antwerp*	do
	Finance Amer	New York*	do
- 9	Est.del Este Ornl	Montevideo	Ballast
30	Washington Ital	Genoa*	Sundries
30	Cittá di Genovalti		do
30	Chantrey Br	Santos	do
	Tainui Br	London	do
Feb. 1	Pascal Br	Santos	do
1	Thames Br	do	do
1	Valparaiso Gr	do	do

* Calling at intermediate ports.

FOREIGN SAILING VESSELS IN THE PORT OF RIO DE JANEIRO, FEBRUARY 1st, 1891.

NAME	TONS	AR- RIVED	WHERE FROM	CONSIGNER
American bk E. W. Stetsor bk J. A. Stamler bg Alice bk Serene sp Fawn sp Eureka lug White Wing: lug lohn Swan.	1106	Dec. 1	New York	Watson, R. & C Berla & C Levering & C Levering & C Berla & C Rio Flour Mills Okell, Wilson & To order John Moore &
bk J. A. Stamle	955	Jan. 4	Pensacola.	Berla & C
bk Screne	502	16	Baltimore.	Levering & C
sp Eureka	1996	16	S.Francisco	Berla & C Rio Flour Mills
lug White Wings	502 1115 1996 624 685	18	Baltimore. Rosario	Okell, Wilson &
lug White Wings lug John Swan lug St. Lucie	083	22	New York	John Moore &
bk Belarmina bk Leopoldina sp Margarida	888 1454 826	Sept. 7 Nov. 3 Jan. 18	Macáo Macáo Cape Verd	Norton & C P. Bernardes & F To order
British sp K, of Thistle.	1427	Sept.11	Shields	To order In distress Obras Publicas To order Silva, Lowndes & Clare Irmãos Lace Irmãos Lace Irmãos Lace Irmãos Cent. Braz, R. R. F. P. Passos Cent. Braz, R. R. Lage Irmãos Lage Irmãos Cent. Braz, R. R. Mess. Maritimes Ind. Braz, R. Rodrigues & C. A. Reed Lloyd Braz, K. Souza A. & C. M. Nothmann & C. M. Nothmann & C. L. C. Pacheco & R. Souza A. & C. M. Nothmann & C. L. C. M. C. M. Nothmann & C. L. C. M. C. M. Nothmann & C. L. C. M. C. M. R. C. L. C. M. C. M. R. C. M. Nothmann & C. L. C. M. C. M. C. M. R. C. M. Nothmann & C. L. C. M. C. M. R. C. M. R. C. M. Nothmann & C. L. C. M. C. M. C. M. R. C. M.
sp P. of Brande	167	Nov.25 Dec. 1	Glasgow	Obras Publicas
lug Fort. Repetto	723	6	Liverpool.	Silva, Lowndes&
sp Servia	1309	26	Liverpool.	Gas Co.
sp Polynesian	1129	28	Cardiff	Cent. Braz. R. R
bk Birnam Wood	1263	30	Cardiff	Cent. Braz. R. B
sp F. E. Sca'mel	1749	Jan. 5	Cardiff	Cent. Braz. R. R.
bk Tuskar bk Edmonton	1555	10	Cardiff	Wilson Sons & o Mess. Maritimes
bk Kate Burrill	688	12	Pensacola.	Ind. Braz.
sch Bess & Stella	99	13	Bs. Aires	C. A. Reed
bg Dawn	185	7	Pernamb'o.	Karl Valais & C
bk Coronel	387	20	Swansea	J. C. Pacheco &
bk Bedford bk The MacBain	285	24	New York. Zarate	Phipps Bros. & C
bk Robert Hine.	303	27	Macáo	M. Nothmann &
Danish, bg Dana bk Aurorita	180	Nov.20	Bs. Aires	L. Camuyrano
bg Dana bk Aurorita bk Imperieuse bk Richard	570	Jan. 15	Antwerp	L. Camuyrano E. Pecher & C C. Hecksher & C Duvivier & C
bk Richard	290	22	Bs. Aires	Duvivier & C
sp Emmanuel		Dec. 27	Cardiff	Lloyd Braz.
bk Fernand Heuri bk St. Andresse. bk Valentine	597 6/1	Dec. 1	Bordeaux Marseilles	Duvivier & C Berla & C Wilson Sons & C
German	1			
sp Aldebaran, sp Libussa bk Am'da & Eliz. bk Freya	1836	Dec. 23	Fiume Hamburg. Hamburg.	Rio Flour Mills
bk Am'da & Eliz. bk Freya	315 659	15	Hamburg.	To order
bk Elise Both	399	17	Cardiff Westerw'k.	
bk Baltimore bk N. Catharina.	466 314	Nov. 3 Dec. 30	Marseilles	Duvivier & C
Norwegian	270	Nov. 18	Paysandá	A venier, D. & C In distress Indust. Brazil Cent. Braz. R. R. Cent. Braz. R. R. Cent. Braz. R. R. Cent. Braz. R. R. B. Rodrigues & C Go-op. Carvão Braz. Cond. Co Go. Carvão Braz. Cond. Co C. W. Gross & C C. W. Gross & C C. W. Gross & C Braz. Cond. Co Braz. Cond. Co Braz. Cond. Co C. W. Gross & C D. Grego Braz. Lloyd Braz. Lloyd Braz. Lloyd Braz. Lloyd Braz. Lloyd Braz. Brazil Ind. A. J. M. Percira C. W. Gross & C D order C. W. Gross & C D order
sp America	1357	Dec. 1	Glasgow	Indust. Brazil
bk Haab	871	20	Quebec	Berla & C
sp Soerimner	1366	30	Cardiff	Cent. Braz. R.R.
sp Kom.Sv.Foyn	904	31	Cardiff	B. Rodrigues &C Co-op, Carvão
bk Ariel	984	Jan. 2	Cardiff	Braz. Coal Co.
bk Allida	556	5	Greenock	B. Rodrigues & C
bg Sommersol	336	61	Westerw'k.	C. W. Gross & C
k Pr. Arthur	955	6	Cardiff	Norton, M'w & C
ok Orontes	699	9	Grangem'h Cardiff	Brazil Ind. Lage Irmãos
nig Patmos. bg Sommersol. bk Dora bk Por Arthur bk Regina. bk Orontes. bk Pr. Charlie bk Hindoo bk Success bk Orvar Odd bk Fred. Stang. bt Fred. Stang.	541	15	Cardiff	Lloyd Braz. P. Bernardes & C
ok Success ok Orvar Odd	343	16	Hamburg.	H. Stoltz & C
ok Fama	396	16	Pernam'co.	Jorge Dias & I.
Helene	703	22	Pensacola .	Brazil Ind.
k Plutarch	443	24	Pensacola.	C. W. Gross & C
Portuguese	150	26	Mossoró	To order
ng S. Manoel ng Nova União.	233 406 601	Dec. 2	Mossoró	A. M. Marinhas
ok Julius ok Sereia	404	26	Oporto	Macedo Jr. & C
Portuguese Portuguese gg S. Mauoel ug Nova União ok Julius ok Sereia og Fanny ok Ceres	148	Jan. 16	Villa Nova.	A. M. Marinhas J. A. G. Santos Macedo Jr. & C Veiga Pinto & C To master In distress
p Europa	1018	lan. 7	Cardiff	Brazil Ind
Swedish k Sidney	6=8	Dec of	Geffe	C. W. Corre & co
k Augusta	425	28	Gothenb'rg	Berla & C
ug Imes	251	30 30	Rosario	União Mercant. A. P. dos Santos
p Accrington	1831	an. 1 (ardiff	Berla & C Lage Irmãos
k Stella	416	15	Vester'wk.	C. W Gross & C Berla & C União Mercant. A. P. dos Santos Berla & C Lace Irmãos C. Hecksher & C B. Rodrigues & C C. W. Gross & C C. Hecksher & C
p Condoren				
Swedish sk Sidney. sk Augusta sk Augusta sk Beda ng Inres sk Gefion p Accrington sk Stella p Condoren sk Chili sk Express	712	16	Gefle	C. W. Gross & C

From Messrs. Vaughan, McNair & Co's Market Report, dated January 20th:

dated Yanuary 2014:

SUGAR.—The market has shown some animation, and about 12,000 bags good browns, chiefly from Estancia to arrive, have been sold at 953 rs—1801 per 10 kilos. Stocks, however, are very small and entries limited, preventing larger business.

CUCOA.—There has been an active demand, and everything on the spot, about 5,000 bags, has been sold at 4838—4850 per 10 kilos, equal to about 487 9d—501 1d per cwt. Several seles to arrive have also been made. With the decline in exchange prices have risen, and owners now ask 48664 per 10 kilos.

COPURE.—Continued in 1900 demand calls in 1901.

change prices have risen, and owners now ask 4\$664 per 10 kilos.

COPPER.—Continued in good demand, and prices have further advanced on all grades, but chiefly on Chapadas, which are easily enquired after. About 14,000 hags have changed hands since our last at the following quotations, viz.: Chapada and superior Muritiba 6\$806—7\$489. Nazareth superior 6\$672—6\$928, do. first 6\$356—6\$600, do. regular 6\$312, per 10 kilos. Entries are falling off, and stock in first hands is estimated at about 7,000 bags.

HIDBS.—Without alteration. Shipments continue on account of dealers, and quotations are entirely nominal.

PIASSAVA.—Market quiet, but dealers are asking higher prices to balance the decline in eachange. About 300 tons have changed hands at \$\$400—6\$000 per 15 kilos. Ground 4\$400—4\$800 fr fair. Stock about 400 tons.

ROSEWODD.—942 logs have been sold at \$\$100 per 15 kilos. Tonacco.—Continues unaffered. The purchases made by exporters in the interior are now arriving on a larger scale.

Prights.—Nor bk Atomit and British lug Carb have been chartered to load sugar here for a United States port, the former at 1326 and the latter at 182.

STOCK AND SHARE LIST.

January 31st. 1890

Shipping.

THOMAS NORTON'S

OLD REGULAR LINE OF SAILING PACKETS

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL PORTS

Established in 1865

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Thomas Norton

104 Wall St., New-York.

Steamships.

ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY

Under contracts with the British and Brazilian Governments for carrying the mails.

TABLE OF DEPARTURES,

. 80.

Dat	e	Steamer	Destination
Feb.	3	Clyde	Montevideo and Buenos Ayres.
,,	5	Tagus	Montevideo and Buenos Ayres. Las Palmas, Lisbon, Vigo, Southampton, Rotterdam and London.
			Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Vigo, South- ampton and Answerp.

This Company's steamers leave Southampton every alternat Thursday, and Rio de Janeiro, homeward, every alternat Tuesday,

trance on freight shipped on these steamers can be

For freight, passages and other information apply to

Rua de S. Pedro No. 1, Sobrado

G. C. Anderson,

Superintendent

NITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP Co.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE CARRYING THE U. S. AND BRAZILIAN MAILS

100 - 100 - 1 00 -		
SAILINGS FOR NEW YO	RK:	
SEGURANÇA	7	Mar.
ADVANCE	21	,,
TITOUT A MOTA		A

ALLIANÇA,

Captain GRIFFITHS will sail 22nd February at 10 a. m. fe

NEW YORK

calling at

Bahia, Pernambuco, Pará, Barbados, AND ST. THOMAS.

Passage Rates

			cabin	steer	age .
To	Liver	rpool	\$220	(pold
,,	New	York	\$145	\$75	,,
	,,	& back	\$278		1)

For passages and information apply to

Wilson, Sons & Co., Limited; Agents

No. 2 Praça das Marinhas.

W. C. Peck,

No. 1 A, Rua de S. Pedro.

IVERPOOL, BRAZIL AND RIVER PLATE MAIL STEAMERS.

BRAZILIAN GOVERNMENT. INTENDED SAILINGS FROM RIO

To New York:

For Other Ports:

Pascal for New Orleans 8 to 10 Feb

Mails are closed as announced by the Post Office For cargo apply to the Broker

Wm. R. McNiven.

89, Rua 1º de Marco

For passages, parcels, specie, etc., to the

Agents: - NORTON, MEGAW & Co. 82 Rua 1º de Março.

NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING Co., L'd.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

HOMEWARDS-RIO to LONDON. Due at Rio de Janeiro.

Kaikoura...... Feb. 13th
Tongariro...... Mar. 13th

These steamers are first-class in every respect and are celebrated for quick homeward passages and superior ac-commodations. Calle at TRINKHIPH and PLYMOUTH; pas-sengers may land at latter port.

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SHAW, SAVILL & ALBION Co.,

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

BETWEEN NEW ZEALAND and LONDON.

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and for passages and other information to

Wilson, Sons & Co. L'd., Agents,

No. 2, Praça das Marinhas.

PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. DEPARTURES for LIVERPOOL.

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These popular steamers are fitted with the electric light and all modern conveniences. Insurance policies may be taken out at the agency on merchandise, baggage and values.

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Capital. . . 40,000,000 Marks.

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Bremen — United States

Brazil

, River Plate
, China, Japan
, Australia

Departures from Kio de Janeiro on the 8th of each month to Bahia, Lisbon, Antwerp and Bremer

sengers and cargo for all ports of the different line

HERM. STOLTZ & Co., Agents.

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