THE RIO NEWS.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, JULY 14TH, 1890

NUMBER 28

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Traveller's Directory

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Total Income, 1889	6.331.035
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Paid Policyholders	,, 2,467,262
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nd advertisement accounts will be received by GEORGE H. PITELPS, Esq. 154 Nassau Street, New York. Messes. Street & Co.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, JULY 14th, 1890.

The movement to found a hospital in this city which shall be free from church control and liberal in its administration and control and liberal in its administration and purposes, is one which should appeal strongly to the sympathy and support of the public. Although the city is well provided with public and private hospitals, and notwithstanding the wealth and prestige of the Misericordia, there is still a most pressing need for an institution of a radically different character. We shall do no injustice to the character. We shall do no injustice to the Misericordia hospital in saying that it falls far short of the needs of this port. Munificently endowed by private bequests and public benefits, possessing an edifice which is the admiration of every visitor, and directed by a sisterhood of nurses whose devotion and skill are beyond all question, the Misericordia has been able to accomplish infinite good in this frequently afflicted city. But, in spite of all this, it falls far short of the needs of this port. It is administered by a brotherhood connected with an intolerant and oppressive church, its nurses are erant and oppressive church, its nurses are members of a sisterhood of the same church whose devotion to the holy cause of charity is everywhere accompanied by an equal de-votion to the selfish interests of that same church, and its endowments and revenues are largely from the legacies of men who are targety from the fegacies of men who gave in charity wholly from religious motives. This great hospital, therefore, is logically and naturally a Catholic institution, and is devoted to the work of that church fully as much as to the cause of sufchurch fully as much as to the cause of suf-fering humanity. And it is perfectly proper that this should be so. Brazil is almost en-tirely Catholic, and the institution is largely the outgrowth of charitable bequests in that church. We say largely, because it would not be true to credit that church with the whole of its patrimony and revenue where so much of its huilding funds was griend fear. much of its building funds was raised from donations obtained through the vanity of donations obtained through the vainty of men who were encouraged to purchase titles by such means, and where so considerable an amount of its revenue is obtained from taxes levied upon foreign shipping. When it is considered that fully three-fourths of the ships visiting this port belong to Protestant nations and that their contributions go to the support of an institution, however excellent, belonging to an inimical and intolerant faith, it must be admitted that there is a fault in the arrangement which requires a remedy. Beyond this great institution, there are a number of private hospitals, some belonging to old church brotherhoods who limit their charities to their own memberships, one in particular founded and maintained by the Portuguese colony for the care of contributors and others of that nationality, and several others of a purely private and commercial character. The private and commercial character. The work done and good accomplished by all of these are beyond criticism, but still, admitting everything claimed for them, there will remains an unsatisfied need. What still remains an unsatisfied need. What this city requires is a public hospital wholly free from the control of the Catholic church. this city requires is a public hospital wholly free from the control of the Catholic church. It may be Protestant in name and character, or it may be perfectly non-sectarian. We should prefer the latter. It should be under the control of skilled physicians and nurses; it should enjoy the right of dividing the hospital taxes on shipping with the Misericordia; it should work in the fullest accord with all the foreign beneficent societies who so frequently have the care of impoverished

and unfortunate strangers on their hands; and it should undertake and maintain a thorough school of nurses. The last-named and it should undertake and maintain a thorough school of nurses. The last-named feature is one that every foreign commercial house in Rio de Janeiro will fully appreciate and will, we are certain, contribute most liberally for its support. No one can tell how agonizing has been the demand by husiness firms for experienced nurses to care for their sick in times of epidemic. Nothing that money could procure was wanting, but money unhappily can not buy experience at a moment's notice. We are confident that experienced hospital physicians could be found, that a first class hospital could be maintained, and that a training school for nurses could be founded, if the foreign residents of this city will make the effort. We are glad to say that the first steps have been taken, that a considerable sum has been secured, and that it is now proposed to enlarge the scheme to meet a part, at least, of the requirements which we have enumerated. Is it not possible to carry the project further and realize all?

Ir it be true that the Banco dos Estados Unidos is to run several industrial and com-Unidos is to run several industrial and com-mercial concerns here, such as the "Gut-tenberg" paper mill and the "Impressora" printing establishment, under the privileges, and exemptions conceded in its privilege, then it is quite time for a general and vig-orous protest. If this scandalous job is carried into execution, then let us have our iron collars fastened on and the chain placed at once in Sr. Mayrink's benevolent hand. If this man can start factories and bring in machinery and material free of duty, then If this man can start factories and bring in machinery and material free of duty, then there is no possible competition; and if he can open a printing-office here and run it with type, machinery, ink and paper imported free of duty, then all the small offices in this city must close their doors. While we are compelled to pay the exorbitant duties levied on paper—from 80 to 90 per cent, on the paper used for this journal—it will be an infamous discrimination to permit a purely speculative concern to make use of such a privilege as that conceded to Cr. Mayrink's bank. If it is even attempted to carry so great an injustice into execution, it will compel the withdrawal of capital and to carry so great an injustice into execution, it will compel the withdrawal of capital and skill from every single industry likely to attract the capital of this man and his rainous concession, for it leaves him with the power, if recognized, to ruin every industry he touches. The man who carries a bank note printing-office in his pocket, runs the national treasury and has a free pass at the custom-house, is one who will not only break down all competition and ruin every competitor, but will eventually end by ruincompetitor, but will eventually end by ruining the country and then himself!

ing the country and then himself!

Our colleagues of the native press will render an invaluable service to the country, if they will take special pains to correct the erroneous impression generally entertained as to the adoption of the new constitution. The decree of May 22nd simply orders the publication of that instrument and declares its electoral and representative provisions effective for the forthcoming elections and organization of the first national congress. The constitution is, therefore, nothing more than a project which has received the approval of the provisional government. It may be discussed, amended, or rejected, at the pleasure of the people and their elected representatives. To get a clear idea of the project, which is for the most part worthy of adoption, it ought to be fully discussed by every paper in the country, so that the people may know just what the supreme law of the land is to be. It was originally designed that this interval should be employed by a popular discussion of the instrument in the press, and if the people are to be free and self-governing it is their duty to improve the opportunity. In view of the fact that there are several mistaken provisions in the project, which reflect upon its liberality and promise to cause much future trouble, these points ought to be placed before the people in the clearest light so that they may decide for themselves whether they shall be amended, or not.

In view of the limited space at our dis-

general principles of republican representative government are so well known among tive government are so well known among our readers that we may reasonably presume upon their thorough appreciation of the system under organization and the measures proposed to accomplish the end in view. The Brazilian people unquestionably do not understand the system and need all available information, but this is a matter over which we can exercise no control. There are certain provisions in the project, however, which experience has demonstrated however, which experience has demonstrated to be mistaken, and others which a dispasto be mistaken, and others which a dispas-sionate critic must pronounce inconsistent, reactionary and perilous. These we shall undertake to briefly discuss, hoping thereby to arouse an interest in the subject in the Brazilian press and among our Brazilian readers. It will not be contested that a republican by birth, education and senti-ment a citizen of the greatest and most sucment, a citizen of the greatest and most suc-cessful republican federation ever established, may have some qualifications for such a rôle and a certain fund of actual experience and practical knowledge to draw upon, and we may be permitted, therefore, to enter-tain the belief that our criticisms will not be wholly lost. We have never concealed be wholly lost. We have never concealed our belief that the people of Brazil are not yet prepared for a republic, and are wholly without the experience and qualifications required to insure success in such an experiment at self-government. The die has required to insure success in such an experiment at self-government. The die has been cast, however, and the experiment must be tried. In the interests of the principles of self-government, as well as in those of the Brazilian people whose peace and prosperity is concerned, it is our heartfelt wish that the undertaking shall succeed. And to insure that, every man must work to clear away the obstacles and avoid the stifells in the path over which the country. pitfalls in the path over which the country must travel, rather than to waste precious time in reciprocal compliments and empty displays.

Among the provisions of the projected constitution the very first to claim attention constitution the very first to claim attention are those which define the qualifications and privileges of citizenship. No better test can be found than these of the liberality of the new government and of the sincerity of its motives, and no better guide for those who are seeking a new home for themselves and their children. A new country, seeking immigrants, must necessarily receive people of every class, condition and belief. If this country is to be a republic in which is established the true principles of liberty and self-government, then there should be no discrimination and no distinction between its citizens on account of such class, condi tion and belief. There may be recognized distinctions in a republic springing from individual conditions, and it may be necessary to establish certain discriminations, such as limiting suffrage to those who can read and write, but these should never be made permanent for any class, and no individual should be restricted in his efforts either to improve his own condition or to influence the administration of public affairs. Al men should stand on an equal footing and without prejudice before the law. If this general principle is correct, then the dispo-sitions of Arts. 25 and 70 in respect to cler-gymen and religious associations are clearly inconsistent and unjust. The project very properly guarantees religious freedom in its broadest sense, and it declines to recognize any right, authority or privilege of any church as different or superior to those enchurch as different or superior to those enjoyed by the general body of citizens. In a word, the state declines to recognize religious privileges, or to discriminate between citizens on account of their religious beliefs, which is perfectly right and just. How, then, can the state consistently impose so great a disability as disfranchisement upon men who have signed the elevent or leave. men who have joined the clergy, or have entered religious brotherhoods? Such a disability carries with it a very grave reflec-tion upon the men who are, or should be, associated with all the highest and best interests of life. In reality, it is a discredit terests of life. In reality, it is a discredit which can not fail to prevent many from entering a profession whose objects are, or should be, the moral and intellectual culture of the people. We do not forget how far the church has frequently departed from these objects, nor how grievously it has abused its opportunities and power, but this has nothing whatever to do with the probhas nothing whatever to do with the prob-lem in question. The men who sought to overthrow the church in France one hundred years ago, and whose ideas and pur-poses seem to be now dominant here in poses seem to be now dominant here in Brazil, abused their powers just as savagely and shamelessly as ever was done by the

most fanatical churchmen. Whether Cath olic, Protestant, or Positivist, the course o events in this country is likely to be swayed by selfish and material interests, rather than ose of moral and rational influences. Unthose of moral and rational influences. On-der the stimulus of open and equal compe-tition with other faiths, nothing is more certain than that the old church will greatly improve in character and vigor. As the certain than that the old church will greatly improve in character and vigor. As the clergy comprises so many of the few educated men in this country, it is nothing less than political suicide for the government to debar them from the exercise of political rights. Still further, in a country where over 90 per cent. of the population is Cathover go per tent. of the population is catholic and nine out of every ten illiterate, the church is a power not to be thoughtlessly thrust aside. The new government will have difficulties enough to encounter without going out of its way, as it has done, to antagonize the strongest and best organized power in the country. And it is not only foolhardy, but it is unnecessary, inconsistent, illiberal, anti-republican and unjust.

PERHAPS nothing can be found which more clearly illustrates the depth and quality of Brazilian republicanism than the adoption of this day, July 14th, as a national holiday to commemorate the "liberty and independence of American nations." It is a blun-It is a blunder which ought to make every well-informed Brazilian hide his face with shame. The French people may well be proud of an event which broke the ignominious des-potism which had so long oppressed and impoverished them, and the people of other European nations may feel more or less gratitude for a revolution out of which have sprung so many concessions of popular rights. But, in God's name, what had it American nations? The revolt of the American colonies took place nearly fifteen years ican colonies took place nearly indeed year and their famous declaration of indepen-dence just thirteen years before the fall of the Bastille. More than that, they had finished their eight years' war before symptoms of the impending storm were apparent in Paris. The influence of Frank-lin, long resident in France as the diplomatic representative of the American people, made representatives in a American people, and of Lafayette, the friend and companion of Washington through a great part of the American war of independence, had much to do with the course of events in France and was very largely instrumental in the development of republican ideas in that country. All this, however, is ignored by the Positivists of the Brazilian revolution, for whom the modern world was created when a frail woman was enthroned at the Notre Dame as the "goddess of reason." While we may heartily and cordially congratulate we may hearthy and cordially congratulate Frenchmen on this anniversary of so great an event in their history, we certainly can not compliment the provisional government on so futile an attempt to distort and misinterpret one of the greatest and best known chapters of the world's history.

From the Journal do Commercio, July 8th BRAZIL AND FRANCE.

The recognition on the part of the French re public of the government which was organized among us on November 15th has been a subject of discussion for the daily press during these days Whatever may be the foundation of that which in

public of the government which was organized among us on November 15th has been a subject of discussion for the daily press during these days. Whatever may be the foundation of that which infers that this recognition was not an act of pure and simple international deference, but the result of recipiocal concessions, the matter is of such gravity in its possible consequences and so painful in itself it is impossible that public attention will not turn towards it.

We have neither intinacy nor affinity with the provisional government, but, delicated to the permanent interests of Brazilian society, we find ourselves obliged, in the cause of these interests, to have recourse by this means to the only power existent, in order that it may have heard an authorized voice, so far as this is possible, to destroy rumors, if such the the information which is current in relation to the subject which to-day occupies us. We thus follow the line which, from the earliest days, we have marked out for our procedure; respectful before the authority which, in the name of liberty, compromised itself to preserve order and maintain social peace, we awaited in tranquility the judgment of the nation, with minds disposed to confession of having erred when, in the continuation of conditions different from the present, we foresaw a grandiose future for the fatherland. Neither exclability nor interest, however, influencing us, save those licit and noble, we have never raised our voice to accuse without loyalty, to censure without acrimony, to awaken hatred or provoke dissensions, in stirring up the evil elements from which civil wars result. On the contrary, at times advising, at others forewarning, always indicating the best path in accordance with what our own studies and foreign experience teaches us, we have carefully endeavored to hold ourselves to our mission.

And it is still with this intention that we to-day appear to show the propriety of having clearly and

And it is still with this intention that we to-day

We know very well that the government may consider itself with the right to refuse explanations, nor to listen to reclamations from public opinion, for there are not wanting those who understand that governments, such as the present one, have only rights without obligations. This doctrine has disciples, but we are not of their number, and we would rejoice were the members of the government also not.

omy rights without obligations. This doctrine has disciples, but we are not of their number, and we would rejoice were the members of the government also not.

It is sufficient that up to the present the Brazilian nation does not know the conditions upon which were signed the Montevideo treaty which, in the words of our neighbors the Argentines, put a definite term to the long-standing question of the Missiones territory; there should not be raised, under the shadow of news from French journals and more or less faithful deductions, new doubts as to our frontiers on the north. We understand that silence may be advised with advantage under some cases of this description; but it is also necessary not to overlook another great inconvenience, which is that in the two cases to which we refer the prolonged silence results in leaving us in complete ignorance as to the limits up to which extend Brazilian territory to the south and to the north. Upon the popular mind there are still engraved the lines marking upon the South American continent the limits of the powerful empire created and seated, by Portuguese worth, in the New World; in the richest of archives are piled valuable documents upon which science has founded our rights, at times contested, but never annulled; and certainly all these treasures constituting a national patrimony were not lightly east into the rapid waters of the Plate and of the Seine.

We do not, nor can we believe that, for love of American fraternity, or to obtain Freuch recognition, we could have abandoned rights, that we could have suffered humilations, or even that we could have made concessions incompatible with that equality which we must maintain towards all friendly nations.

No, this has not occurred, for had such been the case our patriotism would energetically protest against it, which patriotism must be and is the same sentiment animating the members of the provisional government, for all of them are Brazilians.

iscontentment and uncertainties when one author zed word may dispel them.

From the Diarro Official, July oth

From the District Official, July sub.

The suppositions hazarded by some French journals in regard to the recognition of the provisional government are absolutely destitute of foundation. This act was not preceded by arrangements or conditions of any nature whatever, and still less were there made, or promised, any concessions. The provisional government holds in the highest appreciation the friendship of all foreign powers; of its sentiments towards these it gave solemn testimony in the manifestor published immediately after the revolution of November 15th.

Conscious, however, of its right and of what it

after the revolution of November 15th.

Conscious, however, of its right and of what it owes to the nation, as the representative of its sovereignty and the guardian of its dignity, it has understood and continues to understand that, to obtain the recognition of the republic, it should not show haste nor anxiety, and so much the less make concessions which may, however lightly, oftend the national dignity to obtain this.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

To the Editor of THE RIO NEWS:

To the Editor of THE RIO NEWS:

Dear Sir,—On behalf of the Buenos Aires cricketers who have recently visited Brazil for purpose of contending with the Rio de Janeiro and São Paulo elevens ac cricket, I hereby desire to express our deep sense of gratitude for the cordial welcome that we received on our arrival, and for the continuous kindness and attention that were accorded us on all sides throughout the whole time of our visit.

visit. We can not but feel that meetings of this character must ever tend to cement the good feeling which should exist among Englishmen in whatever part of the world they may be found.

In connection therewith we would especially desire to couple the names of Messrs. Cox and Youle, the captain and secretary of the Rio Cricket Club, and that of Mr. Peter Miller, captain of the Sao Paulo team, whose carnest endeavours to make our sojourn as enjoyable as possible, will ever be inseparably associated with the pleasure of our visit.

isit.

Trusting that you will be able to find a place for its expression of our feelings in the next issue of this exp your well known paper,

I remain, Dear Sir, Yours very truly, HENRY M. MILLS, Captain B. A. team.

RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

-Gold 305 at Buenos Aires on the 12th

-A type foundry is about to be establish

-Gen. Roca is talked of as President Celman accessor-just to keep the spoils in the family.

-A severe financial crisis has appeared in Uru nay, where specie payments have been practically

—The Argentine Chamber has authorized the issue of \$100,000,000 in Banco Nacional notes, guaranteed by mortgages.

—The Argentine government has granted \$10, 00 to Minister Mereno to furnish his official resi dence in Rio de Janeiro.

—The June customs receipts at Montevideo amounted to \$665,863. The total for other Uruguayan ports is estimated at \$35,000.

—A half interest in the Rosario Reporter has been sold to Mr. C. P. Mellor, who assumed the editorial management of that enterprising little paper on the 1st inst. The Reporter has an excellent field and deserves every success.

—The eftorts to establish harbor missions for English-speaking sailors in Buenos Aires and Ro-sario, Argentina, are proving very successful.

Ten Chinese laundrymen are daily expected at Buenos Aires from New York, who propose to open a laundry in that city. The announcement leads us to believe that the Argentines are beginning to be thankful for even the smallest favors.

The most peculiar financial measure we ever heard of was that of the Uruguayan congress in declaring a holiday in order to postpone the falling due of obligations, and give time for the patres to jaw over the matter of the suspension of specie payments.

—The immigration arrivals at Buenos Aires are steadily dropping off, the total for May being 11, 923 against 19,069 in January. The total for the five months is 74,099, while the departures in the same period were 28,954, leaving a balance of 45,145 to the credit of immigration.

—Finding themselves unable to meet the interest on their debt, the municipal authorities of Buenos Aires have asked the national government for a further loan of \$300,000. It is said that the lottery will soon be resorted to as a means of supplying the city treasury with lunds.

—The explorer Olaff Stora writes that the upper part of the Pilcomayo river is unnavigable by steamers and that to ascend the river it is abso lutely necessary to use canoes not drawing more than a foot of water. He will, therefore, return to Assuncion and give up the rifles and other things which were loaned him for the exploration.

which were loaned him for the exploration.

—Another monstrous case of maladministration of justice has occurred. Sentence has just been passed on freegoria Castillo accused of vagrancy, and the offence is declared purged with the time of imprisonment suffered, which in this case amounts to thirteen months. And a murderer gels some three or four years. Better be a murderer than a begger, according to this. If it requires thirteen months to try a case of vagrancy, no wonder it takes five years to settle a murder. —Rivo Plate Times, Montevideo, July 6th.

—The best news of the day comes from the Boca.

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Times, Montevideo, July 0th.

—The best news of the day comes from the Boca, already hall the entrance channel is dredged 22 feet, so that soon the Madero port, built at such immense expense to the nation, will be fully available for sea-going vessels and steamers of the largest draught. Of the 73 kilometres about 8 have been already done. It is also said on good authority that the canalization of the Riachuelo is about to be undertaken by Mr. Edward Hopkin's powerful American dredge, at once the most perfect and cheapest system known to marine engineers.—

Buenos Aires Standard.

Provincial Notes

—On the 9th the Jornal do Commercio states that a captain in the navy will be appointed governor of Maranhão.

—It is reported by a telegram from Pernambuco that the governor of that state wants permission to that the governor of th deport José Marianno.

—The people of Santa Catharina are continuing their protests against the Paraná toll-gates on the frontier between the two states.

—At Congonhas do Campo, Minas Geraes man 110 years old has registered as a voter for first time. Bravo, Mathusalem!

—It appears that two officers and a body of soldiers have been lost in the Amazon forests. The supposition is they have been eaten.

—The Santos intendencia appears to have backed down completely on the new taxes. What a pity we can not make a similar strike here in Rio!

—A drunken American tried to commit suicide at Santos on the 9th, but was taken out just in time to permit him to realize what a fool he had made of himself.

—The minister of war has permitted an army ensign to accept the command of the "republican guard" of the state of Piauhy. The republican guard appears to serve as local police. -On the 7th inst. the first stake for the Ther opolis improvements scheme was driven by Gov-ernor Portella of Rio de Janeiro in the presence of many people and amidst great enthusiasm.

-A telegram dated Bahia on the 11th states that —A telegram dated Bania on the IIIn states that a rumor was current there of the arrest of a priest at an interior town for "religiously" marrying a couple before the civil formalities had been met.

—On the 9th a policeman of the Rio de Janeiro state force, who had deserted and been captured, preferred death to further service, and jumped from the ferry boat. His body will be found, sooner or

—Taubaté, S. Paulo, levies an export tax of 1\$ upon every hog leaving the municipality and every sucking pig, turkey, sheep, goat, etc., pays 100 rs. The people of Taubaté mean to keep their pork, or die.

—On the 11th very distressing telegrams were published here from Bahia describing the drouth in the interior of the state. At a place called Bom Conselho it is said 200 persons had died from

—A telegram published here from Ceará on the 10th states that the Catholic party had been organized in that state. The bishop of the diocese presided at the organization meeting and the governor of the state with the chief of police signed the act.

—A reaction seems to have appeared in São Paulo in favor of Dr. Justino, the law professor who declined to join a parade to receive a party of Rio students. The government is inclined to back him up, the law faculty is on his side and now his old students among the alumni are finding something to say for him. The intemperate action of the undergraduates and their friends and the absurdity of the whole situation, appears to be at last making an impression.

Recent Pernambuco journals tell a horrible story of a man, wanted by the police for some misdemeanor, deliberately throwing himself under a railway train and being crushed into a lifeless

—Inspired, we fear, by the pernicious example of the federal capital, the people of Juiz de Fóra propose to establish a hotel there to cost 300,000\$. Upon completion we suppose the whole population will move into it.

—Governor Portella being a candidate for the Chamber of Deputies, it is reported that Sr. Americo Braziliense, who did good service on the constitution committee, will take charge of the state of Rio de Janeiro.

—The editor of O Brazil says that Theres-opolis is to be the future capital of the state of Rio de Janeiro. No more graceful compliment could be paid the memory of the estimable lady, whose death all residents in Brazil regret.

-- Various merchants at Taubaté, S. Paulo, have petitioned the municipal authorities to levy taxes upon the capital of business houses, contending against the injustice of a shop with 4,000\$ capital, paying the same tax as an establishment with 80,000\$ employed. Sounds like socialism.

—A telegram from Curityla, Paraná, dated on the 8th and signed by Gen. Ewbank, commander of the garvison, states that the officers of the army there had organized their ticket for the approach-ing elections. A rear admiral and two colonels form the choice of the officers on duty in Paraná.

—The governor of Rio de Janeiro has transferred his census to August 1st, because some of the committees have reported that the weather is so had that they will be "blamed" if they are going around in the mnd distributing lists. Of course we take some liberties with the language, but the sense is maintained.

sense is maintained.

On the 30th ull, the contract for the establishment of "Burgos Agricolas" in the states of Rio Grande do Sul and Santa Catharina was signed by Gen. Glycerio and Sr. Fanor Cumpildo. The introduction of 10,000 families of immigrants, natives and foreigners, within 12 years, is provided for, to be divided into 10 burgos. A banking establishment with 2,000,000% capital is a feature of the scheme. The grantee will receive 250% for each family of toreigners, 200% for each family of toreigners, 200% for each family of attives and 250% for each house butth, and will receive 30,000 hectares of public land for each burgo at the price of 18933 per hectare. An interest guarantee of 6 per cent. on a maximum of 15,000% per kilometre is also granted for the construction of "economical" railways to serve the burgor and connect them with the nearest railways.

RAILROAD Notes

—A decree dated on the 5th alters the route of the Assembléa branch of the Alagoas Central railway and reduces the guaranteed capital to 1,860,000\$.

—A decree dated on June 28th and published only on the 11th inst. allows the original grantee to transfer his concession for the railway from Itú to Iguape to the "Sul Paulista" company.

—An application of the Sapucahy railway to extend its line from Lavras to Cuyahá, Matto Grosso, was on the 7th inst. referred by the minister of agriculture to the commission studying internal communication.

—The traffic receipts of the Leopoldina company in June were 357,398\$800, of which 90,084\$800 from passengers, and 250,341\$500 from goods. For the first half of the current year the traffic receipts amount to 2,218,544\$700.

—At the meeting of the shareholders of the Juiz de Fora and Piáu railway on the 12th the directors were authorized to turn over the road to the Leopoldina company in accordance with its pro-posal to pay 200\$ per share in cash.

posat to pay 2000 per state in casar.

—On the 7th inst, the public works section of the department of agriculture called for tenders for constructing the extension of the Minas and Rio railway to navigable waters on the Rio Verde for the Campanha branch and for that to the Lambergrainers. bary springs.

—The minister of agriculture on the 1st referred to the committee in charge of internal communications, the application for a privilege for a railway from Victoria, Espirto Santo, to Pessanha, Minas Gernes. The applicant would also like a guarantee of 6 per cent. on 30,0000 per kilometre.

—An estimate, apparently official, published in the Durio Official on the 12th showing that the Central of Brazil railway should leave a balance for the tax-payers of 1,397,000\$ in January last. As we are already well on in July and these is no contradiction we suppose the prediction has been verified.

—At the meeting of the shareholders of the Congonhas do Campo railway held in this city on the 3rd, it was decided to change the name to the "Paraopeha" railway company and to increase the capital by 7,900,000\$. The concession and contract for the company were estimated to be worth 800,000\$.

506,0009.

From the report of the directors of the Juiz de Fora and Pian railway up to December 31st last it appears that the total revenue of the company for 1889 was 135,7248734, of which 126,0000 was paid by the state of Minas for guaranteed interest, traffic only contributing 3,2128717, but the year was a very bad one owing to the failure of crops. From the balance sheet we may extract the following items:

LOCAL NOTES

—Why is there never any news of the commis-sion in charge of internal communication, save when money is needed?

-The Brazilian commission carrying Paraguay an medals to Argentine paladins, is appointed to leave Rio, d. v., on the 17th.

—An error of the late government in establishing a colony on private property results in Rear Admiral José Marques Guinaráes receiving some 26,000\$.

-The Diario do Commercio is requested to notice that vaccine is being imported here from England. It should have been brought from Portugal.

—According to one of Rio's literary characters, the works of Mr. Zola should be made text books on morals in prinary schools. And the madhouse is said to be full!

—We are still expecting to see Gen. Bocayuva ask Gen. Constant to allow the other legations here to send mail matter gratis, as was allowed the Argentine representative.

The minister of interior has suggested that the Ceará immigrants domiciled in Pará, and who recently cost the Treasury 37.707\$021, be sent to the proposed colonies in Guiana.

—On the 9th inst, the police surgeons were called upon to examine a man who had been struck by a milk can! The damages could not have been great for milk is not very strong in Rio.

—On the 10th the Yornal do Commercio says the solice station at Juiz de Fora, Minas Geraes, will cover 1,700 square miles! Dr. Pederneiras had ust come back from visiting Theresopolis.

— "Almost the last words of the Admiral (Admiral Walker) before leaving Rio were: "1 hope soon to be able to write from New York, which I desire to capture," "—Gazeta de Noticias, July 9th.

—On the 8th inst, the charge made against Sr. Schreiner by an immate of one of the pauper asylums on Ilha do Governador of excessive chastisement, was dismissed by the judge of the 3rd criminal control of the 3rd criminal cont

—The Jornal do Commercio says the fl Brazil just knocks the bottom out of Italy's but does not mention maize and beaus. Flow valuable feature in Brazil's future, but it near as filling as cangica and feijonda.

—On the 10th the Diario de Noticias is terribly indignant because a portrait of the Emperor is hung up at the ferry station at Paqueta. We wonder the Diario does not refuse to receive the currency that bears the good old gentleman's likeness.

—On the 10th O Pais says the Brazilian government will send one or more men-of-war to reciprocate the compliment of the United States government in sending Admiral Walker's little squadror here. We suppose an interpreter will not be necessity.

—We are quite willing to except the company proposed by our colleague, O Brazil, from our sweeping charge that most of those now forming are bubbles. An "ovation" company, as proposed, would meet a real want; but is not a "mutual admiration" society equally necessary?

On the 9th the Novidades returns to the charge and very properly considers that as so prompt an official denial was given the accusation of an arrangement with France, it is quite time to set at rest any doubts as to the secret treaty between Brazil and the River Plate republics.

—Prince Obá II, the African prince who has been a feature in Rio—and not a pleasant one—for many years, died without medical attendance on the 8th inst. The man served in the Brazilian army during the Paraguayan war and was made an ensign of volunteers. The Diario do Commercio can now find a good reason why Obá should not be the next president.

—A decree dated on the 5th grants jurisdiction to justices of the peace (juizes de paz) in questions not exceeding 300\$ in value. We do not know the taxed value of breaking a man's face, so remain in doubt as to whether assault and battery is to be settled by a justice, or continue to be a question for twelve "good men and true."

—To-day, the 14th, Gen. Bocayuva offers a ban-quet at the foreign office to the representatives of the United States of North American to which are invited representatives of all other American na-tions and also that of France, which last contribu-ted to secure the independence of the North Amer-ican republic, in honor of which fact the banquet is

—Gen. Bocayuva is evidently a badly used man. First he was most unjustly accused of allowing the Argentines to get the better of him, and now he has to solemnly declare that France received no guid poo quo in the matter of recognizing the Brazilian republic. The moral mother and intellectual father of Brazil now has the floor as regards the unjustifiable canards published in the French

—A decree dated on June 28th grants free entry at the custom-houses for machinery and implements for 10 years to two men who propose to establish flour mills and farms for experimental wheat-growing in the state of Minas Geraes, besides allowing these favored citizens free carriage for two years over the railway for the wheat they produce. Affonso Cebo has still something to learn from his republican successor.

—"The worthy minister of the United States, giving a report to his government upon the departure of Admiral Walker, commander of the American squadron, which left our port on Saturday last, declared that the courtesies, as well official as social, shown here had been unprecedented, which fully justified the Admiral in hoisting the Brazilian flag upon his departure and saluting it with a royal salute of 21 guns." Powioidades, July 7th. Our colleague is to be congratulated upon its reporters.

-The Jardim Botanico is to be closed to pic-nics

-Why not organize: a grand political party in Brazil and call it The Trimmers.

-A "short" speculator in coffee stole a bag meet his engagements on the 10th inst. and the lice spoilt the deal.

—On the 11th there were various complaints the local press about the postoffice service. us hope profit will result.

The minister of agriculture has imposed a fine of 26,000\$ on the gas company for violation of certain provisions of its contract.

-A telegram dated Buenos Aires on the 7th ates that the Argentine parliamentary committee states that the Argentine parliamentary commit had reported favorably on the Missiones treaty.

—We are anxiously awaiting the organization of the company—under the auspices of the formal do Commercio—for the planting, preparation and marketing of a product called rame.

—Among the objects presented to the 14th July fetths was a "little box with a bank." We hope no unkind allusion was intended, little man and his banks has been so much commented on.

—According to a communication from the min-ister of war to the adjutant-general of the army, cadets who have left the service and desire to re-turn must prove their nobility. Viva a Republica!

—Two young gentlemen suffering from advanced studies in mathematics, aggravated by the events of November 15th, have been obliged to go to For-mosa, Goyaz! That Überaba correspondent of the Jornal is inimitable.

-According to the Correio do Povo of the 11th the new reform of the diplomatic corps is completed. There will be three classes of envoys with salaries of 30,000\\$, 25,000\\$ and 20,000\\$ per annum. The class of ministers resident is abolished.

"The coopers of Rio appear inclined to strike for higher wages. The numerous exotic factories in Brazil had better "put their beards to soak," for if their operatives show any inclination to im-prove their position, industria nacional will be in-abod ways.

—On the 12th the Pinz says Carlos Gomes is one of the few Brazilians who has contributed to intellectually illustrate the name of the country abroad; but why hide the fact that the man is a musical character? The compliment is certainly Lob boxchal. left-handed.

—The local news of the Dixtie Official on the 11th consisted of the departure of mails, weather reports (four days old) and the list of interments on the 6th and 7th inst. The Dixtie does not ap-prove of offering its readers a great variety of exciting news.

—On the 11th it was announced that Sr. May-rink would come to the city to-day, if the weather be fair, entirely recovered from his late indisposi-tion. We are glad to hear it. Sr. Mayrink is too important a personage to remain in retirement for an indefinite period.

—It is to be noted that Major Hermes da Fon seca is to be promoted to a lieutenant-coloneley but just for what reason we cannot say. It promises to be a very cold day when some member of the general-in-chief's family does not receive som mark of appreciation.

Our city fathers have levied a tax of 20\$ on every theatrical representation. Notwithstanding Arthur Azevelo's indignation, we are inclined to think the tax a good one. It is much better to levy taxes on the vices, follies and luxuries of men, than on the food and clothing of the masses.

—We do not like to invade the province of the man who has charge of ladies' gowns on the Rua do Ouvidor, but venture to suggest that deep mourning and jockey caps are not compatible. We recently saw a number of unfortunate children dressed in this manner, and the sight was not pleasant.

—A quarrel has arisen between the superintendent left in charge of the Emperor's property at Petropolis and Dr. Silva Costa, the lawyer representing the imperial family before the courts. It is a pily these controversies can not be arranged without rushing into print. There is enough to regret in all this distressing business without the scandal of personal quarrels.

or personal quarrets.

—Our readers among the 'older residents of Rio will be interested to learn of the marriage of Dr. Robert H. Gunning and Lady Hughes in London on June toth. The bride, before her first macriage, was a visitor at Dr. Gunning's Palmeiras residence some twenty years ago. On the 18th ult. the happy couple gave a dinner at their Kensington residence to Ouro Preto and young Affonso Celso, who, we trust, took occasion to express the good wishes and congratulations of the bridegroom's many old friends in Brazil.

—The meeting called for this evening at the

many old triends in Brazii.

—The meeting called for this evening at the Methodist church, Largo do Cattete, in the interests of the projected new hospital, has been postponed for to-morrow evening (Tuesday) at the same place and hour. It was found that too many of the English-speaking residents would be out of the city, or otherwise enjoying the holiday, hence the postponement. As the purpose is to place the project of a new Protestant, or non-secturian hospital fairly before the foreign residents of Rio, and to make an appeal to them for support, it is desirable that there should be a full attendance.

desirable that there should be a full attendance.

—A party of some eighty São Paulo students, accompanied by a few reporters and a number of friends, arrived here by special train on Saturday at 11 a. m. They come to return the visit of their colleagues of the Rio schools and to add something more to the scheme of creating a general students' organization. They are welcome, of course, but we would much rather see them engaged in athletic contests, than in pretentious combinations, manifestations and intrigues. The cares and controversies of life come quickly enough, and it is infinitely better for the student to put them off just as long as possible. ossible

—On the 11th it was reported that the arms of the Brazilian republic are to be changed, and a form suggestive of nationality adopted. The pres-ent coins and stamps are certainly more suggestive of star-gazing and Mr. Comte.

—There appears to be evident an attempt to induce the municipal authorities to change the terminus of the Jardim Botanico tramway from the corner of Ru ado Ouvidor to the Largo da Carioca. The idea is not a bad one, but what will the loafers do for a place to meet, convenient to the Ouvidor bars?

-On the 5th inst, the Correio do Povo denounced a rumored arrangement between the —On the 5th inst, the Corrio do Povo denounced a runored arrangement between the provisional government and France in which Minister Bocayuva surrendered certain Brazilian claims on the Guiana frontier in consideration of French recognition of the Brazilian republic. Others of our colleagues subsequently took the matter up, and even the Jornal do Commercio ventured upon an apologetic criticism, all condemning the runored convention. On the 9th, however, the Diario Official published a formal and official denial of the runor, thus setting the sensitive rainds of our patriotic colleagues once more at rest.

patriotic colleagues once more at rest.

—We deeply regret to note the death of Dr. William J. Fairbairin, one of the oldest and best known members of our English colony here in Rio, which occurred in England on the toth ints. He had been much broken in health for the last year or two and left for London only a few weeks since for medical treatment. Our first news of him was most tavonable, and the advice of his death gave a painful surprise to those who had begun to feel certain of his early return. Dr. Fairbairn had been for many years one of Rio's most successful and esteemed medical men, and his death will be painful news to a multitude of friends and old patients.

—Through an operation in the part icone was the contraction of the part of the part

tal news to a multitude of friends and old patients.

—Through an oversight in our last issue we failed to call attention to a feature of the delay in distributing the *Ferral's mails on the 4th inst. which caused so much complaint among business men and in the newspapers of the following day. Although the *Ibora arrived early in the morning the receipt of her mails was posted only at 11:30, and the distribution was not all completed that day. We are advised by a gentleman who is accustomed to go to the Drag at an early hour, that these mails were dumped at the back door of the postoffice at about 8:30 and that only *tze men appeared to be engaged in hoisting the bags to the receiving department. They were not much more than half through at to *Oclock. The meficiency of the postoffice employes is becoming more and more marked every day. In soone respects, the distribution of mails is worse than 20 years ago.

Financial Notes

A carriage manufacturing company is talked of in São Paulo.

—By the Royal Mail str. Elbe, £177,000 in gold were received here.

—The "Artes Graphicas" company was duly installed on the 12th.

-The "Industrial de Dynamite" was formally installed on the 7th inst.

—On the 7th the "Torrens Brazileira" company was formally established.

-The "Cortume Nacional" company (tannery) was formally installed on the 9th inst.

—The "Engenho Central de Paraty" company was formally installed on the 12th inst.

—The "Banco Alliança do Brazil," capital 1,0000,00\$, was formally installed on the 10th.

—The "Banco Luso-Brazileiro" has been brought out under the auspices of the Banco dos Estados Unidos; capital 10,000,000\$.

—On the toth a rumor was current that the navy department had been granted a new credit of 4,000,000\$ for building men-of-war.

—A company, capital 1,000,000\$, under the style of "Industrial de Café" company, is in process of organization to do business in coffee.

The Banco União de S. Paulo wants a rail-way, but the minister of agriculture on the 9th said the application had not a sufficiency of stamps.

—Srs. Vinhaes and Faria propose to establish a journal to fight for the rights of the operatives. The capital asked for is 600,000\$ in shares of 20\$.

—On the 11th a 7 per cent debenture loan at 96 per cent, for 250,000\$ of the "Malha Franco-Braz-lleiro" company—a knitting mill—was promptly taken,

—The "Norte de S. Paulo" railway company was announced as organized on the 11th. The capital, 12,000,000\$, was covered by private sub-scriptions.

—On the 7th inst, the Carris Urbanos transway company lodged a protest with the municipal m-tendencia against the proposed tax of one-half per cent, on dividends.

—The purchase of the island of Mocangué, with the dry-dock, etc., was formally ratified on the 10th. The Lloyd Brazileiro pay Messrs. Wilson 1,200,-000\$ for the property.

—On the 10th Gen. Barbosa is reported to have been in conference with various bank directors. Probably his object was to convey information, rather than to receive it.

—A printing company is being organized in São Paulo under the title "Impressora Paulista," with a capital of 500,000\$\$. It proposes to undertake all branches of the business.

-The Banco Nacional has declared a dividend of — The Banco Practional has declared a invitation of 48 gold per share, or at the rate of 10.72 per cent., credited 500,000\$ to reserve lund and carried 530,-694\$910 to the new account.

—The Empreza de Obras Publicas pays a dividend at the rate of 15 per cent, per annum and a bonus of 125500 and 1\$875 on the shares of the 1st and 2nd series respectively.

—A joint-stock company, capital 5,000,000\$, is mentioned by one of the local journals, the purpose of which is to supply Rio with meat. Milk and bread companies are already provided.

The "Roupas Feitas e Costuras" company, capital 200,000\$, proposes to do the sewing for ready-made clothing dealers, thus relieving them of the bother of giving out work to sewing men and

women.

The directors of the co-operative beer company are to receive 400\$ per month; and the manager an additional 2,400\$ per habor. Does brewing in Rio leave profits sufficient to meet this call upon the co-operatives?

—A Rio Grande do Sul journal says: "After one day of 91,000\$ and a month of 621,000\$ of re-cepts, the custom-house on the 1st inst. received 72\$." Not at all surprising with 20 per cent. gold due on the date cited.

-The Mint is at work on new "shinplasters" for the Treasury of diverse values and new designs. If they are up to the postage stamp in workmanship, they will probably be passed on more quickly than the B. E. U. notes.

The B. E. U. notes.

"The governor of Rio Grande do Sul has granted an interest guarantee of 6 per cent. to the grantee of the canal from Laguna to Porto Alegre upon the capital expended on the section in his state, not to exceed a maximum of 2,000,000\$.

—A joint stock hospital, the "Casa de Saude de Dr. Erras," is mentioned, but the capital is not reported. The treatment of lunatics will form one of the sources of revenue and there should be no lack of customers from the Rua da Alfandega.

To avoid any possible misunderstanding a sale of 2,000 Banco Constructor shares on the 9th is thus described; "with dividend of past quarter for the buyer, buyer's option up to August 31st, premium 37\$000," which certainly is explicit.

—On the 10th two steam laundry companies we placed before the public. One bears an English name, "The Rio de Janeiro Steam Laundry Company," capital 300,000\$; the other is the "Lavanderias Fluminense" with a capital of 1,000,000\$.

—The "Melhoramentos da Cidade do Rio de Janeiro" company, capital 16,000,000\$, was brought out on the 12th. It is formed to work the concession for levelling Santo Antonio hill and fill-ing up the bay between the Passelo Publico and the Gloria.

Runors are certainly taking importance that give to the Banco dos Estados Unidos, Banco Nacional and Banco do Brazil increased rights for issuing "promises ta pay." The most modest estimate we have heard was that 50,000,000\$ would be issued by each bank.

The Banco Constructor declares a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent, per annum for the past quarter, and credits each share with 20\$. This bonus is on account of the 4pt unpaid to complete one-half the capital of the bank, which it appears intended to call up.

On the 5th the Greek, de. Moticies, appropries

enneed to cant up.

—On the 5th the Gazeta de Noticius announces that a Crédit Foncier bank will be started here, capital 10,000,000\$. The objects appear to do everything that a bank can do, including the issue of cedular with interest payable pretty much anywhere in the world.

—The Banco União de S. Paulo has been authorized to receive 2,000,000\$ in notes against its deposit of the same amount in four per cent, bonds of the 1889 bon; and now the fau is transferred to Rio! Every shopkeeper here will scrutinize a note to be sure he is not accepting a B. U. S. P.

—A company, capital 600,000\$, under the name of "Fabrica de Papel Guttenberg," is in process of organization. A novel feature is that the company commences operations with a debeuture debt of 400,000\$ which is taken by the Banco dos Estados Unidos, under whose privilege of exemption from duties all the material for the new company will be introduced.

—At the meeting of the shareholders of the "Empreza Industrial Melhoramentos no Brazil" company, held on the 10th, it was decided to increase the capital to 5,000,000\$ and also the number of directors by one. A bonus of 20\$ per share was declared on the old shares, the holders of which are to have preference in subscribing for the increased capital.

COMMERCIAL

EXCHANGE.

nily 7.—Official rates at the banks were 23 on London, 414

—415 on Paris and 512—514 on Hamburg at 50 dts. 52 k8

—525 too on New York at sight. The market was quiet and steady with business reported in bank sterling direct at 23½—23½ and 42 32½—32 dts. 40 dts.

and for the 20th, sellers at 10\$400 for the 20th,
19th \$8.—Official rates were nochanged and the market
very unsettled, with rates quoted at wide differences. He
sterling was reported at 23, 25th, 23th, and 23th, closin
23th, at which business from second hands was also re
24th, at which business from second hands was also red. Commercial sterling was noninally quoted at 2
but something was done under this rate. Sovereigns clusted
with buyers at 10\$350, sellers at 10\$400 for cash; buyer
10\$4,000, sellers at 10\$400 for the 20th.

100400, sellers at 103600 for the 20th.

July 9.—There were still no changes in the official rates at the banks, but the market was flat and at the close bills were not to be readily had above the official rate, 23 on London. The business done was small at 2374—2376 had sterling direct, with commercial quoted at 2374—2376. So becreasing a state of 250, and closed with buyers at 251, 252, and 250, and 250,

July 10,—Official rates were unchanged and the market was firmer. Business was reported in bank sterling direct at 33-33 316 and at 231,—233 from second hands, with commercial quoted at the extremes of 23\(^2\)-13 716. The lower rates were rulling early in the day. Soverigns closed with buyers at 10\(^2\)500, sellers at 10\(^2\)400, sellers at 10\(^2\)400.

with buyers at 10\$390, sollers at 10\$400 for cash; buyers at 10\$400, sellers at 10\$600 for the 30th.

July 11.—The market continues firm with official rates still unchanged. The business reported was in bank sterling direct at 23 126—23 146 from second hands. Commercial Benting was quoted at the extremes of 29 716 —25 146. Soverelings closed with buyers at 10\$300 for the 500 for the 500

LONDON AND BRAZILIAN BANK, LIMITED. BALANCE SHEET, 30TH JUNE, 1890.

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Rio de Janeiro, 7th July, 1890. For London and Brazilian Bank W. 7. Crummack, actg. W. 7. W. Honey, actg. A	Manager.	

BANCO NACIONAL DO BRAZIL

BALANCE SHEET, 30TH JUNE, 1890.

Assets.		
Capital, un-called	63,011,300\$	000
Bills discounted		140
Current accounts		590
Public funds	5.891,495	890
do deposited abroad	3.019,845	620
Shares and debentures	2,035,214	440
Sundry branches	2,506,311	340
Sundry agencies	2,675,541	110
Values deposited	29,103,172	770
Directors' guarantee	460,000	000
Sundry accounts	5,247,615	880
Bills receivable	2,428,881	310
Gold Londs, 4% redemption fund	7,775,000	000
Issue department	15,051,000	000
National Treasury	722,534	900
Gold deposit in Treasury, new issue guarantee	8,000,000	000
Cash-in notes of the bank 8,901,500\$000		
do do government, etc 9,640,446 090		
do gold 2,062,746 980		
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İ	do gold	20,604.693	970
		192,502,105	6060
	Liabilities.		
	Capital, subscribed	90,000,000	food
í	Reserve fund	500,000	000
ı	Profits in suspense	530,604	010
i	Notes delivered by Caixa de Amortização	13,051,000	0.0
i	do issued	9,367,000	000
	do new issue	4,473,900	000
	Deposits, without interest	45,250	530
	do in account current and with notice.	19,797,565	
	do fixed maturity	2,678,337	870
	do notes to bearer	464,074	930
	National Treasury, general account	4,571,067	390
	do loan do	2,101,091	920
	Sundry guarantees, etc	29,101,172	770
	Sundry branches	8,167,727	940
	Sundry agencies.	172,817	
	Bills payable		
	Dividend No. 1, 4\$ gold per share	1,800,000	000
	Sundry accounts	3,625,330	730
			2.4.

E. & O. E. Rio de Janeiro, 8th July, 1890. For the Banco Nacional do Brazil. Conde de Figueiredo, President. Elkin Hime Jr., for Accountant.

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Lloyd a do o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	Braz 28 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128	77 - 77 - 88 - 87 - 77 - 77 - 88 - 87 - 97 - 9	Predial blices Ban 1 3 3 3 500 0 0 5 500 0 0 5 500 0 0 0 0 0	60 55 5 3000 200 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	Sapicaly. do Sept. Soracabana do prolen S. Jeronym mines S. Jeronym mines Lavourae Coi- Lavourae Coi- do Sapicaly 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 8	reg —	
Lloyd a do o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	Braz 28 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128	77 - 77 - 88 - 87 - 77 - 77 - 88 - 87 - 97 - 9	Predial blices Ban 1 3 3 3 500 0 0 5 500 0 0 5 500 0 0 0 0 0	60 55 5 3000 200 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	Sapicaly, do Sept. Sorocabana do prolony \$. S. Jeronym mines do	82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 8	reg —
	Apolices do Agricola Brand, 2 do	Apolices Agricola Brazil, as Agricola Constructor Agricola A		Sovereigns Government Apolices 975 Apricola 977 Banke		Sovereine Sove	

MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 14th July, 1890 Exports.

Coffee.—The market does not yet appear to have opened and the week has been a quiet one. On the 10th one of the brokers quoted the market down 200 rs. per arroba from the former quotations given by him, that is, New York No. 7 from 105/000 to 105/000 to 105/000, but the official quotations remain unchanged. To-day we are all husy "taking the Bastille" and our tables and particulars of the market only cover five days. The market has been steady, as receipts increase so slowly, but tates and particulars of the market may be market has been steady, as receipts increase so slowly, but exchange has also declined very little and prices in Rio are uniquestionably very high. The general opinion seems to be that our supply will now begin to increase smartly, if the weather will assist, and it is possible that in the present week the market may open.

that our supper, weather will assist, and it is p. the market may open.

Shipments since our last report have been:
2,009 base, for the United States
8,070 Karope
Cape of Good Hope Elsewhere 19,410 bags. For the same time the daily foreign clearances at the notes have been:

19,226 bags for the United States

12,715 ... Europe

12,715 ... tipe Good Hope

332 ... Elsewhere 32,318 bags.
The vessels cleared with coffee are:
United States: July 13 New York Br str Strabo...... abt. 5,000

Europe :

			pe	, 10	hila	s.	no c	*	r 41			C.H.
din din Rec	and a urda ks in	st st for abou	7 7 7 6 the f	830 210 210 000 ive i	- 7 - 7 days	906 420 080 unde were	er rece	are Sati	abo urda	ii \$6 ii 4 io 9 io 4 ioun rail i	oo oo oo ted to	8\$165 iominal 8 coo 7 865 7 650 7 315 6 540 33,726 autwise
N	ew '				Ame	r si	tr A	llia	иçа. 		. 6,	000
	do altim	,			Br :	str .	Hor	rox.				-
N	ew (Orles			Blg	str :	Tych	to B	ore. rahe	٠	. 4,	100
	ondo Iamb		d A	ntw	Ger				ta ideo .			
Н	lavre Iarse				Fr s	tr P	ara	hyba			. 2,	500
										-		500
4	DAI	LY CO	R E FF L	CE EE	AT	S A RIO	NE OD	SE E J	IIPI AN	HEI EIR	VTS 10.	OF.
Steamer freight -0 primage	Exchange on London	do No 7	Average price No 6, N V. per	Stock	Clearances	Total Shipments	,, Elsewhere	Cape	,, Europe.	Shipments U. States	Receipts	
			9	=	z	bags	:	:	:	=	bags	
25 C	23.56	Nom.	Nom.	185.262	1,832	1,268	8,	;	1,208	:	10,305	July 7
25 C	231/2	Nom	Nom	191,833	2,772	1,64:	959	;	682	;	8,212	July 8
25 C	23 %	Nom.	N. H	191,513	6,998	4.208	2,008	:	:	2,200	3,868	July 9
25 C	233%	10\$400	10\$800	192,579	3,920	2,839	204	:	2,155	480	3,905	July 10 July 11
25 C	231/2	10,400	10,800	190,541	13,760	9,454	174	:	4,931	4.319	7,416	July 11
					55,216	45,455	4,677		16,096	24,682	73,023	since 1st July

DAILY COFFEE REPORTS.

Rio Associação Commercial daily cablegram to New York garding position and quotations of the Coffee market.

91116	:	1876	3 61	ŀ	do do	
7,300	:	7,300	7:5300	:	Good and, per :o kilos	
20%	:	201/8	201/4 6	:	expenses and freight by steamer	
7,850	;	7,850	7\$850	:	Prices: Regular 1st, per 10 kilos	
25 6 8 5%	;	25 c & 500	25 6 8 500 25 6 8 500	:	Steamer freight, U. States	
23%	:	233%	231/2 d	:	Exchange, commercial stg	
steady	steady	steady	quiet	quiet	Market	
5,000	2,000	:	;	1,000	do Europe,	
5,000	;	2,000	;	:	Shipments for U. States bags	
2,000	4,000	2,000	4,000	4,000	do Santos. ,,	
7,000	4,000	4,000	9,000	10,000	Receipts yesterday, .,	
190,000	193,000	192,000	192,000	185,000	Stock this morning, bags	
July 12	July 11	July 10	July 9	July 8	-	

WEEKLY SUMMARY.

Sating clearances for the United States. Steamer clearances do [1]. Clearances for Europe and elsewhere. Freights by steamer. Steamers loading for United States. Stockat SANTOS this morning, set and and hands sales for United States during work.	9,000 ,, 18,000 ,, 12,000 ,, 25 c & 500
do Europe do. Steamer shipments for United States [-] Shipments for Europe Market quiet: Good Average Market quiet: Good Average Steamers loading for United States.	2,000 ,,
Shipments for United States during the week, do for Europe, etc. do do Sailing clearances for the United States. Steamet clearances (-1). Clearances for Europe and elsewhere. Freights by steamer. Steamet States. Steamet States. Steamer Ioading for United States.	18,000 ,,
Stock at Sawros this morning, 1st and 2nd hands Sales for United States do Europe Shipments to United States & Europe Bardon & Europe Steamers Joading for United States.	3,000 ,, 7,000 ,, 7,500

Imports.

Everything appears to have been quiet, during the past week. Receipts of Flour have been small; fand consist of 2,183 brla, of River Plate; the market is quiet. Receipts of pine are a lot of White which has been sold. Pitch pine remains steady at unchanged quotations, and White is quoted higher. Kerosene also shows an advance, but Lard remains unchanged: the market has, however, improved in tone For the first six months of this year we received the equivalent of 36,330 kegs of domestic lard. Rice is still flat, but quotations are nominally unchanged. Codfish is unchanged and there continues to be very little demand for Canada fish.

Flour .- Receipts have been :

Pernambuco, fi	om the River Plate:		l.
2,000	bags	2,000 brls.	ľ
La Plata,	do:		١.
220	bags	183 .,	١

2,183 brls

Sales and withdrawals are only about 2,000 brls. and stocks in first hands are estimated to be:

10,600 brls. American
2,200 ,, River Plate

12,800 bris.

Brokers report the market quiet and reduce quotation slightly, viz:

my, 1121	
Trieste	17\$000-17\$250
Richmond 1st	
do 2nd	14 75015 000
Baltimore 1st	
do 2nd	. 15 00015 500
Western & Interior	
Chili	
River Plate	
City Mills	. 14 500-16 000
	and the same

Pitch Pine.—Receipts nil. Quotations are u 40\$000-41\$000 per doz. and the market is firm:

white Pine.—Receipts are 105,427 feet per Ned White from New York, which has been sold at 110 rs. per foot. may quote to-day at 110-115 rs, and the market firm.

Spruce Pine.—Nothing new.
Swedish Pine.—Nothing to report

Kerosene.—Receipts have been 12,400 cases per Neit White, Alliança and Ceylon from New York and 300 cases per Frances from Baltimore. Brokers quote Devoc's oil to-day at 7\$300-7\$500 per case and the market firm.

at 7\$200—7\$500 per case and the market firm.

Lard.—Receipts are 1,610 kegs per Good News from Baltimore and 650 kegs per steamers. The market is still reported flat and quotations are: P. T. George & Co., 340—350 ss. per lb, Armour and Lion brand 320—330 rs.

Rosin.—Receipts have been 250 bits. Quotations are unchanged at 6\$500—9\$500 per brl. as to marks.

Turpentine.—Receipts are 360 cases per steamers. We nay quote at 530—540 rs. per kilogramme.

Coal.—Receipts since our last report have been:

1,810 tons per Austria, from Cardiff 270 , $Marion\ Lightbody$, from Glasgow all to dealers and companies.

all to dealers and companies.

Indian Corn.—Receipts have been 3,7:8 bags per Pernambuce, 4,941 per La Plata and 1,517 per Europa, from
the River Plate and 2,000 bags constwise. The market has
improved in tone under the more moderate supply and is
reported steady at 4\$600—4\$800 per bag.

Hay .- Receipts nil and brokers now quote at 50-55 rs. per kilogramme; market flat.

per kilogramme; market llat.

Bran.—River Plate is still nominally quoted at 1\$200—
1\$300 per bag, and mone has arrived. City mills bran is quoted at 1\$100—1\$200.

Cement.—Receipts since our last have been 1,500 bris. German and 300 British. Quotations are unchanged at 7\$000—7\$500 for British, 6\$200—6\$600 for German and 7\$000— 7\$500 for French per brl.

78500 for French per brl.

Rice.—Receipts nil. Rangoon is still quoted at 8\$200—
8\$400 per bag, but the market continues flat.

Codfish. — Receipts 480 cases Norwegian per Paraguassii. Stocks are now estimated at 10,000 packages. The demand is light and almost entirely runs on Norwegian fish, the deliveries of Camadian being very small. Quotations at retail are: Canadian tuls, 0d. 1;\$5000—25000, do. new, 18\$000—24\$000, Norwegian cases 21\$000—22\$000.

BAHIA.

From Messrs. Vaughan, McNair & Co's Market Report, dated July 1st.

dated Yuly 1st.

Suca.R.—Advices from consuming countries being unfavourable and dealers continuing firm, no transactions for export have taken place. At few small lists have been sold for home bugs per steamer to New York has been made for account of dealers. Stock 30,000 bugs.

COCO.A.—The advance in exchange has caused a quiet market, and little has been done; holders refusing to meet buyers, who are now offering only \$4.93 per to kilos. \$670 is asked. Stock about 3,000 bugs.

COPPER.—Quiet but firm. About 1,600 bugs new Valença and Nazareth have been sold at 6\$468 per 10 kilos. \$670 is asked. Stock about 2,000 bugs.

COPPER.—Quiet but firm. About 1,600 bugs new Valença and Nazareth have been sold at 6\$468 per 10 kilos. Story and \$740 per to kilos. Story and \$740 per to kilos. Bugs and \$740 per to ki

ROSEWOOD.—A sale of about 50 tons is reported at 1\$100-1\$200 per 15 kilos.

13/200 per 15 kilos.

Toracco.—About 178 bales Alageinlas finos have been sald but prices do not transpire.

Rumer.—Is in good demand and prices are firm with an upward tendency. About 140 arrobas have changed hands at 33% or per arroba.

RIO GRANDE DO SUL.

From Messes. Thomsen & Co's Market Report, dated June 30th.

J'une solh.

Killings of cattle have definitely ceased in this state and we estimate the total slaughter during the late campaign at along some of the cattle of the campaign at along solid sol

than 8,000 hides of all descriptions.

HORESTON—Has been in small supply during the month
and the few ion offering found ready buyers at equal to 246
sig, per kilo, f. 0. b. with steamer freight and commission.

Fattecutrs.—Are again lower, consequent on liberal arrival
of vessels and last chatters were closed at 30 per ton, saited
hides to Channel f.o. and 187 per ton, bone ash to the River
Mersey.

1889 dry salted 77,955 280,820 114,000 --

SANTOS.

From Messrs. John Bradshaw & Co's. Market Report, dated July 1st.

dated Yuly 1st.

Copper, —During the past month very little business has been transacted in our collec market, owing to the retrogressive movement of prices in the consuming centres, while the contraction of the contractio

months.

The verified stock to-day is about 50,000 bags in all hands, of which 4,000 bags are engaged for shipment. It is principally composed of low old and very damp new coffee.

Receipts averaged 1,161 bags per diem, acainst 6,072 bags in 1889, and 1,871,518 bags, against 2,017,183 bags in 1889, and 1,200,42 bags in 1889.

The shipments in June were:

New York		•	14,84
Europe:			
Havre			
Antwerp			
Hamburg		. 16,039	
London			
Trieste	· · · · · · · · · ·	. 7,231	33,04
Rio and Coast			4
		Total	47.93
The exports for the years end	ing June	30th were:	
	1890	188g	1858

The exports for the years en	ars ending June 30th were:		
	1890	1889	1888
	bags	bags	bags
United States	520,545	520.437	428,072
Chan. & U. Kingdom	59,184	68,624	29,962
Hamburg	507,025	645,810	341,748
Havre	379,3co	622,419	231,270
Antwerp	290,055	346,455	136,872
Lisbon			5,005
Holland	104,462	78,981	750
Mediterranean	200,501	246,944	95,547
Elsewhere	*****	15,527	37,274
Rin & Coast	1,257	012	2.440

Totals..... 2,062,329 2,546,109 1,309,938

Total foreign clearances of Coffee from Santos for the crop-years:

ı	DESTINATION	1889-90	1888-8g	1887-88
1	UNITED STATES	Bags.	Bags.	b
ı	New York	500 021		Bags,
ı			506 919	423 o78
1	Baltimore	9 028	10 506	4 745
ı	Hampton Roads f. o			
ł	Sandy Hook f.o			
ı	Richmond			
1	Charleston			
ı	Savannah			
ı	Mobile			'
ı	New Orleans	1 731	4 012	249
ı	Galveston	712		
ı	Port Eads f. o			
١	·			
ı	Total	520 492	521 437	428 072
1	EUROPE			
ı	Channel f. o		8 000	
1	Channell O	5 000		19 848
ı	Havre	391 623	623 419	231 270
ı	Antwerp	275 258	347 146	136 872
1	North of Europe & Baltic	610 986	735 660	353 748
1	England		63 204	10 114
1	Bordeaux	2 000	200	
1	Lisbon 1. o			5 000
1	Gibraltar f.o			
1	Portugal			5
ı	Mediterranean	201 003	246 989	121 569
١	Total	1,540 107	2,024 618	878 426
ı	ELSKWHERK			
1	Canada			
١	Cape of Good Hope		l ::	
ı	Australia			
ı	Australia	1		
1	Rio and coast	1 324	913	3 440
1	Rio and Coasc	1 324	913	3 440
1	Total	1 324	913	3 440
	United States	520 401	521 437	428 072
	Europe			
	Elsewhere	1,540 107		
	Eisewiiete	1 324	913	3 440
	Totals	2,061 923	2.546 968	1,309 938
П	10.00			

Totals				
Total foreign clearances of Coffee from Santos for six months				
DESTINATION	1890	1889	1888	
UNITED STATES. New York	Bags. 126 878	Bags. 347 603 8 380	Bags. 278 355 4 745	
Hampton Roads f.o Sandy Hook f.o	::			
Richmond			-:	
Savannah.	-:-	::	::	
New Orleans	250 712	4 012	249	
Port Eads f. o	712	·.:		
Total	127 840	360 004	283 349	
EUROPK. Channel I. 0		4 000		
Havre	160 620 116 266	324 327	105 538	
North of Europe & Baltic	281 057	154 242 418 10	85 o36 195 302	
England	30 513 1 000	56 687	1 000	
Lisbon I. o	::		•:	
Portugal	79 948	122 751	48 536	
Total	669 404	1,080 167	435 517	
Еляниния Сапада,				
Cape of Good Hope	-:-	:-		
River Plate & West Coast		::	::	
Rio and coast	176	421	999	
Total	176	421	999	
United States	127 840 669 404	1,080 167	435 517	
Elsewhere	176	421	999	
Totals	797 420	1,440 592	719 865	

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

TULY 7.

GLASHOW-Br ship Marion Lightbody; 2,127 tons; Gardiner; 46 ds; sundries to Andrew Muit & Co.

HABBURG-Br be Pride of Wales; 287 tons; Griffiths; 66 ds; sundries to Hermann Stoltz & Co. YULY 8.

MONTEUIDEO- Nor bk Sigrid; 253 tons; Svensen; 31 ds; jerked beef to Frias Hermanos & Co.

jerked beet to Fras Terreanos & Co.

TULV 1.

**CARDIFF—Br bk **Austria*; 1,195 tons; Dakin; 62 ds; coal to order. OPORTO-Port lug *Yosé Estevão*; 270 tons; Bordo; 45 ds; sundries to Veiga Pinto & Co.

annances to verga Pinto & Co.

JULLY 12.

CARDIFF*—Nor bl. **Emblem;** 1,151 tons: Andressen; 59 ds; coal to Central Brazil railway.

— Br ship **Cylon;** 943 tons; Mosher; 55 ds; coal to H. C.

**Deans & Co.

Denns & Co.

Briship Teligine; 1,414 tons; McLarren; 54 ds; coal to Wilson Sons & Co.

—Briship Switzer, 1,231 tons; Francis; 51 ds; coal to Brazilian Coal company.

—Brigh Indias Chef; 339 tons; Evans; 60 ds; coal to F Barres Tavetra & Co.

NewCASTLE—Not lug Ideal; 223 tons; Gende; 63 ds; coment to order.

ROURN-Fr bk Suzanne Boulet; 640 tons; Bodiquet; 50 ds; sundries to order.

JULY 13 BRUNSWICK -Br bk Palermo; 900 tons; Walker; 88 ds: pine to order.

NEWCASTLE—Nor bk Johanne Marie; 619 tons; Pedersen; 72 ds; coal to order.

Burnos Aires—Nor bg Rw; 170 tons; Berg; 14 ds; wheat to order.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS

2 ULY 7. SYDNEY, Cape Breton. -- Nor ship Hercules; 1,934 tons; Stahl-mann; ballast.

mann; ballast.
VALIPARISO—Nor bk Prince Henry; 1,274 tons; Morke; do.
YULIY's.
MOBILE—Russ bk Julia; 1,076 tons; Ekland; ballast.
Bunjamin Kivet—Nor bk Salatiga; 1,095 tons; Bull; do.

THE STATE OF THE STATE OF SHARING, 1,095 tons: Bull; do. TULY 9.

St. John, N. B. – Br ship Ressignel; 1,469 tons: Robbins ballast.

CARDIFF—Nor ship Kommander Svend Foyn; 2,422 t Neilsen; ballast. MOULMEIN - Nor bk Avanti; 1,274 tons; Petersen; do.

TULY 12.

New York—Ital bk La Pietā; 525 tons; Ambrosanio; ballas Paranagua'—Ger bg Adler; 250 tons; Steinken; do.

VICTORIA—Br bg Mary E. Bliss: 188 tons; Strapat; ballast PARANAGUA'—Dan bk Richard; 293 tons; Jacobsen. do.

-Ital str Europa, sailed hence on the 12th for the Mediterranean, returned on the 13th, with machinery damaged.

CLEARED AND READY FOR SEA. PHILADELPHIA-Port bk Venturosa; ballast.

MOBILE -- Nor bk Halgerda; PENSACOLA-Nor bk Chrysolite; BARBADOS-Br bk Blue Bird;

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.	
Freights-steamer:	
New York 250	per bag
New Orleans 400	do
London 25s-30s	per ton
Liverpool	do
Antwerp 255	do
Hamburg 205	do
Havre 30	fcs do
Bordeaux 25	do
Marseilles 25	do
Trieste 305	do
Genoa 25	fcs do
sail:	
United States, North	,
Channel f. o. 378 6d-428	6d
Lisbon I. O.	

Areola Grangemouth
Annie M. Lave. Cardift
Adele C Sunderland
Alice Baltimore
Adda J. Bonner Baltimore
Activ Masseilles
Ancroid Newcastle
Avonta Newcostle
Avonta Cardiff
Asia Cardiff
Asia Cardiff
Asia Cardiff
Liverpool
Bondon Hamburg
Candido VESSELS AFLOAT & LOADING FOR RIO. 13 May 22 May 29 May 15 June

Bonden	riamourg	2 June
Candido	Marseilles	29 Apr
Caribon	Mobile	14 Apr
Conductor	Newport News	
Charles Loring	Richmond	
China	Newcastle	22 May
Colorado	New York	7 June
Corby	Cardift	
Dunkerque	Cardiff	
E. T. G	Cardiff	20 May
Fanny L. Cann	Bruswick	a May
Filta	Marseilles	17 Mar
Gasparo	Marseilles	28 Apr
Glad Tidings	Baltimore	
Hugh Cann	Liverpool	
Haddon Hall	Rangoon	7 Apr
Humildade	Oporto	15 June
Ino	Liverpool	.,
y alapa	London	
Margaret	Runcorn	13 May
Maria Carolina	Oporto	
Nordstjernen	Marseilles	g June
Mae/gyron	Leith	28 May
Nikaria	Cardiff	7 June
	_	, ,

 Nellic Troop
 Rangoon

 Orient
 Barrow

 Osberga
 Liverpool

 Paladii
 Hamburg

 Passepartout
 Shields

24 May 3 May 7 May

Pracis	Grangemouth	9 June
Pegasus	Cardiff	
Prince Victor	Cardiff	
Pontecorvo	Mobile	28 Mar
Reigate	Swansea	19 May
Salazie	Rouen	7 June
Sjomanden	Barry	7 June
Snow Queen	Pensacola	
Sir Robert Fernie	Cardift	13 June
Steinvora	Cardiff	
Senator	Cardiff	11 June
St. Vincent	Cardiff	21 May
Sylphide	Glasgow	16 Apr
Veritas	Cardift	

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN STEAMERS.

	1	CONSIGNED TO
ança Amer	New York* 27d	Wilson Sons & C
lon Nor	do* 3od	Berla & C
ton Br	Liverpool 27d	Norton, M'w &C
mboldt Br	do* 21d	do
e Br	South pton' 19d	Royal Mail
le Ceará Fr	Santos 20h	F. Mazon
ateur Fr	Bordeaux* 19d	Mess. Maritimes
Plata Fr	River Plate 3d	do
Watt Br	London* 27d	Walter, Hime&C
ley Br	do+ 26d	Norton, M'w &C
nambuco Gr	Rosario* 17d	E. Johnston & C
to Alegre Gr	Santos 16h	do
be Br	do 21h	Norton, M'w &C
neta Br	Porto Alegre*	J.H. Bellamy &C
ua Gr	New York* 32d	E Johnston & C
icia Br	Valparaiso* 18d	Wilson Sons & C
opa Ital	River Plate* 9d	A. Fiorita & C
agnassú Gr	Hamburg' 23d	E. Johnston & C
or. King Br	Wellington 33d	Wilson Sons & C
rox Br	Rosano' 13d	Norton, M'w &C
ming Br	Porto Alegre* 9d	do
t. Prince Br		To order
ombia Arg		G. Gudgeon & C
ança Amer	Santos 17h	Wilson Sons & C
	i. Prince Br ombia Arg : ança Amer	. Prince Br Rosario* 10d ombia Arg Campanha* 12d

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN STEAMERS

DATE NAME		WHERE TO	CARGO	
10 10 10 10 11 11 11 12 12 13	Aorangi Br Graf Bismark Gr V de Mon'deo Fr Montevideo Gr Miliança Amer V de Ceará Fr Cabral Br La Plata Fr Equateur Fr Elbe Br Blackheath Br Pernambuco Gr Galicia Br Europa Hal Porto Alegre Gr Dolton Br Stralon Br Stralon Br Cavour Br Cavour Br	London Bremen' Santos do do Havre' Porto Alegre' Bordeaux' River Plate do' Sta. Lucia Hamburg Liverpool' Gentoa' Hamburg London' New York Porto Alegre'	Sundries do	

· Calling at intermediate ports.

NAME	TONNAGE	ENTERED	WHERE	CONSIGNET
American bk F. P. Litchfield	1012	May 22	Brunswick	Berla & C
sp Florence bk Baltimore lug Frances	1605 695 644	Jun . 22 July 1	S.Francisco Baltimore, Baltimore.	Rio Flour Mills Phipps Bros. & Okell, Wilson &
bk Edm. Phinney bg Ned White lug Good News	640 523 676	5	New York New York Baltimore,	Taves, Allen & (To order Okell, Wilson &
Argentine bk Abbotsford bk Zelmira bk Cleopatra	1177 866 485	31	Pensacola . Brunswick . Bs. Aires	Berla & C W. Guimarães & Frias Herm, & C
British sp Puritan sp Glencona		May 8	Glasgow Glasgow Greenock	To order Wilson Sons &
sp Strathgryfe sp Scott Glens sp Marion Bal'yne sp Tuskar bg Mississippi bk Mabel	2061 1621 1555 228 718	29 31 Jun 10 11	Glasgow Glasgow Cardiff Baltimore, Swansea,	Watson, R. & C Watson, R. & C A. Muir & C Cent. Braz. R.I Levering & C Wilson Sons &
sp Marion Inglis sp Karoo sp Grandee bk Yarrow bk Blue Bird	1548 20% 1578 1318	17 18 22	Glasgow Cardiff Newport Rangoon Rosario,	A. Muir & C Wilson Sons & Cent. Braz. R.F Norton, M'w & G. Rosino
sp Allerton bk Algoa Bay sp Crusader sp Afghanistan	2028 1111 1064 2221	24 25 25 25	Cardiff Rangoon Cardiff Cardiff	Royal Mail To order Norton, M'w & Norton, M'w &
bk Recovery sp Mar. Lt'body bk Pride of W's bk Austria	287 1195	July 7	Norfolk Glasgow Hamburg Cardiff Cardiff	A. Muir & C H. Stoltz & C Mess. Maritime
sp Ceylonsp Tobiquesp Sultanhug Ind. Chief	943 1414 1323 339	12	Cardiff Cardiff	Wilson Sons &

French bk Pres. Mabire sp Perseverance bk Etoile du Nore sp Emil Postel... bk Suz. Boulet... 665 May 31 St. Nazaire To order
2388 Jun 10 Reuen ... Avenier, D. & C
1089 21 Boulogne... Avenier, D. & C
1640 July 12 Rouen ... To order Dutch bk Oldampt II.. 395 Jun. 2 Hamburg. H. Stoltz & C Italian bk Cuomo Primo bg 11 Cam'oglio 443 May 27 Marseilles.. Karl Valais & C 315 Jun. 6 Marseilles.. Berla & C Narweyinn bk Prince Regent bk Skaregrom. sp Hallgerda. bk Chrysolite bk Prof. Nord'old bg Efraim. bk Dominion. bk Sigrid bk Emblem. lug Ideal bk Joh. Marie. bg Rio.

Portuguese
bk Açores Unidos
bk Izabel...
bg Victoria
bk Ligeira
bk Venturosa
bk Africa
bk Claudina.
lug José Estevão 51) Apr. 7 Mac60 ... Gil C. de Almeida 1171 May 27 (Poptro ... Macedo Jr. & C. 186 27) Aracajú ... Macedo Jr. & C. 294 29 (Poptro ... Macedo Jr. & C. 295 (Po

STOCK AND SHARE LIST.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.						July 12th, 1890.									
Present Interest Rate Namina						BANKS.									
A mount	JanJuly	90 5	Denomination Apolices	value 200\$-1,000\$	Last sal		8\$000— 980\$000	Capitai	Capital paid up	Reserve fund	Name	Dividend paid	Nom. vaine	Last saie	Closing quotations
18,017,500 18,017,500 31,632,500 109,694,000	Apr. — Oct. Quarterly do	41/4	do	1,000\$ 1,000 1,000 500—1,000	1,150 000	t,14	0 000-1,170 000	10,000,000	7,000,000	13,874	RIO DE JANEIRO	of one Tube			
DEBENTURES,						M10,000,000	500,000 800,000 M2,500,000 33,000,000	45,252	Auxiliar	6 000—July	90 100	73\$000 150 000 90 000	73\$000— 75\$000 —170 000 84 000— 86 000		
Present Amount	Interest payable	Rate	Companies	Nominal value	Last sa	ie Ci	osing quotations	3,000,000	13,400,000 900,000 400,000		do 2 series Classes Laboriosas Colonial do Brazil	3 0-0-Julý	20	300 000 83 000	=
1,300,000\$	May-Nov.		RAILWAYS. Bragantina.	200\$	195			12,000,000 20,000,000 1,000,000	4,996,000 875,000	10,918	Commerciantes	5 000—July	90 200	83 000 270 000 129 500 102 000	270 000-275 000
1,500,000 1,133,200 15,167,000 £3,049,610	Jan — July Apr. — Oct. do	61/6 61/4 56	Campos and Carangola Juiz de Fóra and Piau Leopoldina do gold	200 200 200 £50	189 192 192		190\$200194\$000	20,000,000 80,000,000 1,000,000	12,000,000 1,60-,000 16,767,020 019,920	2,704,000 17,306 83,461	do 2 series Constructor do Brazil	10 000 - July 2 000 - July 2 00 - July 2 00 - July	90 203 90 40 90 60	239 000 72 000 100 000 120 000	
209,900 360,800	Jan. – July Apr. – Oct. Jan. – July	5 7 7 5	Maricá	L11 5 s. 100 100 L20	95 84 "/6 93 "/6			1,000,000 20,000,600	1,000,000 2,500,000 234,060 1,130 180	179,598	Credito Publico Credito Real do Brazil do 2 series	5 % - Jan		212 000	
1,600,000 £ 137,100 6,679,800	Jan.—July Feb.—Aug. Jan.—July Mar.—Sept. Apr.—Oct	7 6 6	Sapucahy S. Isabel do Rio Preto, do gold Sorocabana do gold União Valenciana	200 450 100	192 440 89½ "/		88 ' 0-90 %	2,000,000 £1,000,000 100,000,000	2,000,000 (5-0,000 44,570,620	:50,000 £175,000	English, Limited Estados Unidos do Brazil	15 000—July 6	90 40 90 200 90 £10	45 000 365 000	110 500-111 000
£177.150 650,000 £787,500	JanJuly.	5	Cant. e Viação Fluminense	£50 200 £10	140	1		1,000,000 20,000,000	5,000,000 537,200 706,020 6,000,000	4,232	Industrial e Mercantil do 2 series Intermediario Lavoura e Commercio	. 9 000—July 1 900—July . 8 000—July	90 200 90 50 90 140	205 000 148 000	
431,553 797,500 656,250 240,000	do do Feb.—Aug. Apr.—Oct.	6 7	Carris Urbanos	500 100 £20	107 '0			7,1,230,000 2,000,000 90,000,000	£625,000 2,000,000 426,986,100	33,000	London & Brazilian, Lmte Mercantil dos Varegistas Nacional do Brazil (gold).	8s-Apr. 6 to 600-July 6	0 £10 0 200 0 60	220 000 91 500 125 000	91 500— 92 000
259,000 278,000	Jan. — July do	61/6	Pernambuco S. Paulo and S. Amaro Villa Isabel SHIPPING	200	198			3,000,000 1,000,000 10,000,000 2,000,000	3,0:00,000 500,000 19,0:00,000 2,000,000	60,000 1,187 3,296,235 196,353	Rio de Janeiro Rural e Hypothecario	12 000—July	00 100 00 50 00 200 200	350 000 186 000	330 000
1,377,300 12,000,000 784,000	May - Nov. Jun Dec. Apr Oct.	8 7 814	Lloyd Brazileiro	100 200 200	100 %	1		20,000,000 10,000,000	3,999,000 1,998,820	91,321	Sul-Americano	. 2 400 Inly	90 40 90 60	45 500 70 000	45 500 - 46 000
1,500,000 200,000 2,000,000	JanJuly MarSept. FebAug.	6 6 1/2	Pureza Quissamā Rio Branco MILLS.	200 200 200	169			10,549,000	750,000		Credito Real S. Paulo	. 6 com Inte	90 50 90 10	64\$500 17 500	=
96,000 400,000 1,138,600	JanJuly May-Nov. Apr -Oct.	8 7	Alliança Biribery Bom Fim. Brazil Industrial	200 200 200 200		500		t,000,000 to,000,000	1,457,580 1,000,600 1,000,000 2,250,000	30,000 730,000	I avoura do Mercantil, Santos	5 000- July 0	100	20 500 125 000 230 000	=
743,000 588,000 600,000	do do do Jan.—July	7½ 7 7 6	Carioca Confiança Industrial Industrial Mineira	200 200 200 £20	210 200 192)	= .	500,000 5,000,000 10,000,000 3,000,000	500,000 516,700 5,000,000 300,000	30,000		10 % - Jan. :	30 40	59 000 60 000 210 000	- 53\$000
306,000 308,000 1,000,000	Apr.—Oct. Jan.—July do	7 7 614	Petropolitana Páo Grande Rink S. Christovão	200 200 200	195		=	2,000,0	1,861,670 1,000,000 200,000	6,574	Minas Geraes	8 %-lan.	00 100	102 000 425 000	420 000
350,000 226,900	June-Dec. May-Nov. MarSept	6 % 7 7	S. João S. Lazaro S. Pedro de Alcantara	200 200 100	198	3	210 000	4,000,000 8,000,000 5,000,000	400,000 1,600,000 1,000,000	1 ::	do 2 series União, Bahia Pernambuco. Credito Real, R. G. do Su	i.	20 40 50	40 000	=
197,000 200,000 £ 200,000	Jan July Mar Sept. Apr Oct.	7 . 8	MINES S. Jeronymo coal MISCRILANBOUS. Architectonica.	100	95						SHIPPI	NG.			
150,000 90,000 £562,500	FebAug JanJuly do	7½ 8 8	Cantareira e Esgotos, gold. Constructora Elevador e Fab. de Chumbo Empreza de Obras Publicas	200 100 £20	92 00			Capita	Capita. paul up	Reserve fund	Companies	Dividend paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations
498,800 1,600,200 £150,000 266,000	Mar. —Sept May—Nov.	614	Docas D. Pedro II Ind. Lav. e Col. Macahé Lavoura, Ind. & Colon Melhoramentos U. de Nicth	200 200 £10	16:			€025,000 20,000,000\$	£505,237 %	650,000	Amazon Steam Navigation Lloyd Brazileira	78 6d-Dec. 8g	£12.10 s	97\$500	173\$000-175\$000
600,000 90,000 300,000 500,000	Jan July Apr Oct. Mar Sept Apr Oct.	8 8 8 6!4	Nacional de Oleos Nova Industria Plano Inclinado S. Thereza Serviços Maritimos	200	9	3 500		67 (1440	673.4-0	:-	S. João da Barra e Campos.	7 000-July 89	90 200	174 000 82 000 125 000	
300,000	,		НҮРОТНЕСА		ES.	3 1		INSURANCE.							
Present A mount	Interest payable	Rate %	Banks	Nominal value	Last sa	te C	losing quotations	Capital	Capita paid up	Reserve fund	Companies	Dividend paid	Nomina! value	Last sale	Closing quotations
645,200\$. 5 6 5	Brazil Credito Real do Brazil do gold Credito Real de S. Paulo	100\$ 100 £11 5 s 130\$	1000g 951/2 1021/000		··· 95 º/o	4,000,00 0\$ 3,000,00 0	200,000\$ 750,000	20,441\$	Alliança Argos Flumineuse	1\$000 - July 90 25 000 - Jan. 90	20\$ 250	19\$000	
4,829,400 8,000 1,931,300 6,363,800	May-Nov	5 6	Estados Unidos, golddo Predial.	100 100 100	960 ₀ 910 88		- 88 %	2,000,000 2,000,000 4,000,000 4,000,000	200,000 200,000 200,000 520,000	197,781	Atalaia Bonança Confiança Fidelidade	1 000—Jan. 90 1 000 Jan. 89 2 200—Jan. 90 8 000—July 90	10 20 20 125	10 500 10 000 31 000 180 000	
	1	1	RAILW	AYS.	1			2,500, ±0 2,000,000 2,000,000 8,000,000	250,000 200,000 700,000 400,000	117,712	Garantia Geral Indemizadora Integridade	9 000-Jan. 90 4 000-July 90	10u 20 20	140 000 50 000 12 000	
Capital	Capital h	leserve fund	Companies	Dividend paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations	1,000 (00) 4,000,000 5,000,000	100,000 200,000 730,000	27,250 40,000 100,000	Nova Permanente Previdente	10 000-July 90 1 000-July 90 2 000-July 90 3 000-July 89	100 10 20 30	130 000 9 000 18 000 25 000	
12,000,000\$	1,813,000 800,000	23,667\$	Bahia and Minas Barão de Ararnama	11\$000—July 80	20\$			5,000,000 1,000 0 0 2,000 000	250,000 100,000 200,000	201,000 10,131 15,413	Prospendade União Com-dos Varegistas. Vigilancia	2 000—July 90 4 000—July 90 750—July 90	20 20 10	25 100 16 500 40 000 9 750	9\$500
	1,500,000	61,734 61,256	Juiz de Fóra and Piau Leopoldinado subsidiariesdo with call	3 000 - Jan 88 6s 1d - Feb. 90 1s 4d - Ang 89	£22.105	175\$000 155 000 58 000 66 000	66\$000 - 66\$503				TRAMW	AYS.			
3,000,000 3,000,000	290,000 600,000 600,000	94,036 8,520 	Macahé and Campos Maricá Monte Claros Muzambinho	3 000 - July 89	200 201 40 40	145 000 45 000	40 000 - 51 000	Capital	Capita! paid up	Reserve fund	Companies	Dividend paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations
14,000,000	2,670,000 2 450,000 600,000	00,468	do 2 series do 3 series	6 000 - Apr. 90 7 % - Jan. 90 7 % - Jan. 90	200 50 20	200 000	110 090	5.400\$	5,400,000\$	112,519\$	Carris Urbanos	-Apr. 90	200\$	255\$00n	254\$000
	729,800	62,442 4,444	do subsidiaries Rio das Flores S. Paulo and Rio do x subs	6 000-May 89 8 000-July 90	200	165 000 300 000		9,700,000 800,000 1,200,000 4,000,000	9,700,000 800,000 600,000 4,000,000	60,000	Jardim Botanico Pernambuco Porto Alegre S. Christovão	3 500-July 90 4 000-Jan. 90 4 000-Feb. 90 July 90	200 100 200 200	90 000	310 000
38,000,000 r	5,000,000 12,000,000 5,200,000	::	do subsidiaries Sapucahy	July 90 3 %-June 90	40 200	54 000 83 000 300 000	83 000				MISCELLA			3	3.5 0.00
5,000,000	,500,000 1,080,173 38,816 União Valenciana 6½ % -Feb. 84 200 200 49 coo - 52 coo 2,000,000 Viação Central do Brazil 6½ % -Feb. 84 200 40 50 coo 49 coo - 52 coo					Cafitai	Reserve				1				
Capital		eserve fund	MILL Companies	Dividend	Nomina!	Last	Closing quotations	Capital	paid up	fund	Companies	Dividend paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations
2,400,000.† 400,000	2,400,000	68,212\$	Alliança Bom Fim Brazil Industrial	paid 16\$000-Jan. 90	200	350\$000 90 000		400,000 800,000 7,000,000 768,400	400,000\$ 800,000 7,000,000 768,400	::	Agre, Coloniz, de Vassouras Agre, S. Sebastião Cant, e Viação Fluminense Carruagens Fluminense	4\$000—Apr. 90	200\$ 200 200	198\$000 200 000 205 000	=
300,000	300,000	63,278 562 72,964 4,312	Carioca	6 000-Jan. 90 5 %-Jan. 90 12 000-Jan. 90 15 000-Jan. 90	200 200 200	217 000 200 000 240 000	\equiv	1,500,000 300,000 150,000	300,000 300,000 129,000	3,947	ommercio e Lavoura Ommercio e Industria	—July 90 3 000—July 90	200 40 200 200	38 000 200 000	
2,400,000 400,000 250,000	80,000 480,000		Corcovado	6 660—Jan. 90 1 400—July 90	100 40 40	120 000 42 000		10,000,000	120,000 22,200 4,500,000 550,000		do 2 series	4 %-July 90 7½ %-July 90 7½ %-July 90	200 40 200	205 000 346 000	350\$000
600,000 600,000 200,000	250,000 600,000 360,000 375,000	9,092	Industrial Mineira Industrial de Ouro Preto Nacional de Seda		200 200 140	220 000 200 000 45 000	=	150,000 2,000,000 220,000	1,000,000 1,000,000	220,000	do 2 series abrica de Biscoutos nd Lv. e Viação de Macahé ndustrial Flum. (Kiosques)	7½ %—July 90	40 200 100 50	97 000 100 000 47 000	120 000
3,000,000	400,000 ,000,000	32,000	Petropolitana	12 000— Jan. 89 9 000— July 89 1 750— July 90	200	220 000 220 000 170 000 80 000	801 ooo	1,200,000 400,000	2,100,000 1,200,000 200,000 40,000		Avoura, Ind. & Colon	8 000 - July 90 July 90	200 200 200	::	
1,200,000	348,000 550,000	9,377	Rink S. Christovão do 2 series S. João	1 750—July 90 14 000—July 88 7 500—Jan. 90 2 150—Jan. 90	180	200 000	=	1,500,000 7,000 000 1,000,000	7,000,000 500,000	235,040	do 2 series Parahyba c Sergipe [C. F.] Pastoril, Agric. & Industrial Pastoril Mineira	8 000-Apr. 90 6 000-Jan. 90	40 200 100 120	55 000 160 000	
1,750,000	351,000 700,000	1,718	S. Lazaro	10 000-July 90	160 200 40	230 000		650,000 2,000,000 1,026,000 4,800,000	470,000 400,000 1,925,000 1,200,000		hosphato de Cal	7 500—July 90	120 40 200	58 000 208 000	=,
280,000	280,000	518	S: Pedro de Alcantara União Industrial	. — [an ool	200	200 000		300,000	180,000		do 2 series Jnião	16 000—July 90	100 5 200	137 000 29 000 240 000	137 500—138\$000 — 30 000 230 000—

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18. Argentine. (Emesto Tomquist & Co., B. Ayres.
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