

# THE RIO NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY.

VOL. XVII.

RIO DE JANEIRO, JANUARY 13TH, 1890

NUMBER 2

## Official Directory

UNITED STATES LEGATION.—Petropolis.  
ROBERT ADAMS, Jr.  
Minister.  
BRITISH LEGATION.—Travessa de D. Manoel, No. 8.  
GEORGE H. WYNDHAM,  
Minister.  
AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL.—No. 75, Rua  
dos Ourives.  
O. H. DOCKERY,  
Consul General.  
BRITISH CONSULATE GENERAL.—No. 8, Travessa  
de D. Manoel.  
E. NICOLINI,  
Acting Consul.

## Church Directory

CHRIST CHURCH.—Rua do Evaristo da Veiga. Divine  
Service every Sunday at 11 a. m. and on the 2nd and 4th  
Sundays in each month at 8 p. m.  
H. MOSLEY, M. A., Chaplain  
N. B.—All notices should be sent to  
ALBERT ALLEN, Clerk, No. 6, Rua Hunaitá  
METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Largo do Catete  
Divine services: Sunday School at 10 a. m., preaching  
at 11:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. on Sundays. Prayers-meeting  
and hymn practice on Fridays at 7:30 and 8:30 p. m.  
J. S. MATTHEW, Pastor  
Residence: Rua Princesa Imperial 17.  
Portuguese services: Sunday School at 10 a. m., preaching  
11:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sundays; prayer-meeting, 7:30  
p. m. Tuesdays.  
SEVERRO PEREIRA, Pastor  
Residence: Rua Fernandes de Guimarães No. 24.  
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—No. 14 Travessa da Barreira.  
Services in Portuguese at 11 o'clock, a. m., and 7 o'clock,  
p. m. Sundays; and at 7 o'clock p. m., Thursdays.  
BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rua do Cande d'Eu, No. 122.  
Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 o'clock, a. m.  
and 7 o'clock, p. m.; and every Wednesday at 7 o'clock  
p. m. Sunday School at 10 o'clock, a. m.  
W. H. BAGBY, Pastor.  
Residence: Rua de Petropolis No. 75.

## Traveller's Directory

IGREJA EVANGELICA FLUMINENSE.—No. 75, Rua  
de S. Joaquina. Services in Portuguese at 10 o'clock,  
a. m., and 6 o'clock, p. m., every Sunday; and at 7 o'clock,  
p. m., every Wednesday. Sunday School at 10:30 p. m.  
RIO SEAMEN'S MISSION AND READING ROOM.—  
Open daily, No. 80, Rua de S. Sebastião. Divine Service  
on Sundays and Wednesdays at 7 p. m. Sailors free and  
easy on Tuesday Evenings at 7 p. m. Gifts of papers,  
books, left off clothing, etc., may be sent to the above  
address, or the Missionary will gladly call for them.  
THOMAS HOOPER, Missionary.  
AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY.—General agency at No.  
79, Sete de Setembro, 2nd floor.  
BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY.—Depot at  
No. 71, Rua Sete de Setembro, Rio de Janeiro.  
BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.—Subscriptions are  
earnestly solicited. Communications should be addressed  
to the Hon. Secretary—D. ROBERTS, Caixa do Correio, 75.

## Traveller's Directory

RAILWAYS.  
ESTRADA CENTRAL.—Through Expresses: Minas  
train leaves Rio at 5 a. m., arrives at Barra do Pirity 7:25,  
Entre Rios 9:30 and Barra do Piraquá 11:30. Minas  
train leaves Rio at 6 a. m., arrives at Barra at 8:15 a. m. and  
Cachoeira, where passengers for S. Paulo must change, at 12:50.  
From Barra Rio train leaves at 12:50 a. m., and Barra  
Novo at 1:15 a. m. Cachoeira train leaves Barra  
at 5:15 a. m. Cachoeira (S. Paulo branch) 12:20 p. m. Barra  
Novo at 1:05. Entre Rios 3:40. The S. Paulo train arrives  
in Rio at 6:45 and the Minas train at 6:05.  
Luzilândia Express leaves Rio at 7 a. m., arrives at Barra  
at 8:25. Entre Rios at 9:25 and Mariano Procópio (terminus)  
at 6:58 p. m. S. Paulo branch leaves Barra at 11:35 and arrives  
at Cachoeira at 6:25 p. m. From Barra Rio train leaves at  
3:15 p. m. and arrives at Barra at 4:15. Cachoeira  
train leaves Mariano Procópio at 1:00 a. m. Cachoeira  
at 1:15 and Barra at 1:30. Barra at 2:10 p. m. Barra  
at 2:10 p. m. Barra at 2:10 p. m. Barra at 2:10 p. m.  
Mixed Trains: leave Rio at 3:30 and 6:20 a. m. 8:15 and  
5:20 p. m. first goes to Barra arriving at 8:30 p. m. second  
and third to Barra arriving at 9:10 a. m. and 5:55 p. m. and  
third to Belem arriving at 7:30. Desouza train leaves Barra  
at 1:30 a. m. arriving at Barra at 2:15 and Rio at 3:20 p. m.  
leave Barra at 4 a. m. and arrives at Barra at 9:15 a. m. and  
1:15 p. m. and leave Barra at 5:10 a. m. arriving in Rio at 7:30  
Night service: Train leaves Rio at 10 p. m. every Friday,  
Saturday, train leaves Barra at 10:50 p. m. every Monday,  
arriving at Barra at 5:15 and Rio at 5:50 a. m.  
S. PAULO AND RIO.—Train leaves Cachoeira at 12:35  
p. m. arriving at S. Paulo at 6:40 p. m. Desouza train leaves  
S. Paulo at 6:00 a. m. and arrives at Cachoeira at 12:58 p. m.  
where passengers change to the Estrada Central (D. Pedro  
II R.R.).  
LEOPOLDINA R.R.—For Nova Friburgo train leaves  
Niteroy at 7:10 a. m. and 12:15 p. m. arriving at 10:41 a. m.  
and 6:10 p. m. Desouza train leaves Nova Friburgo at 6 a. m.  
and 3:05 p. m. arriving at Niteroy at 11:20 a. m. and 6:12  
p. m. For Macaé train leaves at 7:10 a. m. and 5:55 p. m.  
arriving at Porto das Colinas, and at 11:25 a. m. arriving at  
Chapungá, at 1:20 p. m. From Macaé train leaves at 5 a. m.,  
1:21 and 7:08 p. m. From Macaé train leaves at 5 a. m.,  
passengers changing at Porto das Colinas, and at 1 p. m.  
passengers changing at Macaé, and 7 a. m. and 12:30 p. m. Ferry  
arriving at Niteroy at 12:20 a. m. and 6:20 p. m. Ferry  
leaves the station, Praça D. Pedro II, about one hour  
before the departure of the train from Niteroy.  
CORCOVADO R.R.—Trains leave the Station at Coque  
Velho, Larangeiras, at 6:30, 8:30 a. m. and 12 m. 3  
5:30 p. m. returning from Patruers at 7:30, 10:30 a. m., 2  
4:45 and 8 p. m. On Sundays at holidays leave at 6, 8, 9, 30  
11 a. m., 12:30, 2, 3, 30, 5 and 10:30 p. m., returning at 5, 35,  
10, 05, 11, 35 a. m., 1, 05, 2, 35, 4, 05, 5, 35 and 9 p. m.  
RIO DE JANEIRO & NORTHERN RAILWAY.—  
Trains leave the central station of the Estrada Central railway  
at 6:00 a. m. week-days, and 5 p. m. Sundays arriving at  
Petropolis at 9:15 and 7:22. Passengers change at  
Francisco Xavier station of the Central railway to the  
Northern line. STRAMERS for Petropolis leave the Largo do  
Prinhal at 4 p. m. on week-days and 7 a. m. on Sundays and  
holidays arriving at 9:15 and 6:05. Desouza train leaves  
Petropolis at 7:30 a. m. and 3:30 p. m. on week days and  
at 6 a. m. and 4 p. m. Sundays and holidays.

## Zibarrico, Muocumo, &c.

BRITISH SUBSCRIPTION LIBRARY.—Rua dos Ourives, No. 53, 1st floor.  
BIBLIOTECA NACIONAL.—Rua do Passeio No. 48.  
BIBLIOTECA FLUMINENSE.—No. 62, Rua do Ouvidor.  
MUSEU NACIONAL.—Praça da Aclamação, cor. Rua da Constituição.  
GABINETE PORTUGUEZ DE LEITURA.—No. 12  
Rua Luiz de Camões.

## Medical Directory

William J. Fairbairn, Dr. of Medicine (M. D.) of the  
University of Edinburgh, Licentiate of the Royal College  
of Surgeons of Edinburgh; Licentiate of Midwifery of the  
Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh; Licentiate of the  
Imperial School of Medicine of Rio de Janeiro, by exam-  
ination, etc.; Office: No. 93 Rua 11 de Março, 12 to  
13 p. m.; residence 49 Rua de Humaitá.  
Dr. W. Havelburg, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur,  
formerly of Sant-o, and recently from an extended visit to  
Europe. Office: Rua da Alameda No. 29, from 12 to  
4 p. m.

## Hotels.

ALLEN'S HOTEL.  
No. 6 RUA HUMAITÁ (Largo dos Leões)  
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This establishment is quite ready  
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Proprietor.

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This Hotel, from the fine dry climate of the situation and  
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Trains 3 times a day. Return ticket for 3 days 75 cent.  
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Comfortable apartments, good table, moderate charges.  
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**EXTRACT FROM ANNUAL STATEMENT.**

As rendered to the Government of the United States of America, 31st December 1888:

Total assets.....	£ 19,800,609
Increase of Assets over 1887.....	" 2,221,670
Surplus.....	" 4,311,599
Increase of Surplus over 1887.....	" 831,502
Total Insurance in Force.....	" 114,420,026
New Business done during 1888.....	" 32,065,486

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The Equitable has the largest surplus and does a larger business than any other Life Insurance company in the world and hence is better able to pay its policy holders larger dividends.

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Ditto, paid up.....	" 500,000
Reserve Fund.....	" 150,000

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Capital.....	£ 1,250,000
Capital paid up.....	" 625,000
Reserve fund.....	" 350,000

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Capital (Gold). Rs. 90,000,000\$000 With right of emission.

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Banco Hipotecario de Espana, and agencies.....	Madrid Barcelona Cadix Malaga Taragona Valencia and other cities in Spain and the Canary Islands
Banco de Portugal, and agencies.....	Lisbon Oporto and other Portuguese cities
London & River Plate Bank Limited.....	Buenos Ayros Montevideo Rosario
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**THE RIO NEWS PUBLISHED WEEKLY.**

A. J. LAMOUREUX, Editor and Proprietor.

Contains a summary of news and a review of Brazilian affairs, a list of the arrivals and departures of foreign vessels, the commercial report and price current of the market, tables of stock quotations and sales, a table of freights and charters, a summary of the daily office reports from the Associação Commercial, and all other information necessary to a correct judgment on Brazilian trade.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, JANUARY 13th, 1890.

THE sudden revival of the Misiones question after the revolution, in spite of the fact that a convention had been signed to send a second commission to determine the boundary line and then, in case of disagreement, to refer the whole matter to arbitration, has very much the appearance of undue pressure on the part of the Argentines. Under the provisions of the convention referred to, there was no need of any such haste on the part of the provisional government to settle the dispute, while the final resolve to send a cabinet minister to Montevideo to meet the Argentine minister, and the semi-official announcement that a compromise will be arranged by which the territory in dispute will be divided up, indicates that Brazil is being pushed into a corner and is inclined to yield what has heretofore been claimed as hers by right. We have always believed in the justice of the Brazilian claim to this territory and shall regret to see it abandoned in the first diplomatic dispute in which the republic figures.

THE action of the provisional government in decreeing the separation of church and state merits the heartiest praise, notwithstanding the fact that the manner in which it has been done is totally opposed to all republican ideas. Under normal conditions all such questions should be decided by the representatives of the people through regular parliamentary channels, but in view of the fact that a popular assembly would only with the greatest difficulty arrive at a conclusion on this question, perhaps it is wiser to have it decided by an arbitrary decree. The state church has been a serious stumbling block in the progress of the empire, and there is every reason to believe that it would seriously hinder the fullest development of the republic. Both in the interests of the state and of the church this measure can not fail to be of the greatest benefit. So far as an outsider can judge, the equality of the Catholic church with all others has had the result of increasing its purity and efficiency, while, on the contrary, wherever it exists supreme it is corrupt and reactionary. In the interests of the church, therefore, as well as in the interests of the country, this decree of separation comes with an inspiration and promise which ought to be universally hailed as the dawn of a new era, notwithstanding its contradictory provisions and its mistaken grant of optional authority to the states.

ONE of the first acts of the new republican governor of Pará was to impose a special tax of 2\$ reis per kilo on rubber entering

that city for exportation, the product of which—estimated at 150,000\$ per annum—is to be paid to a "ring," or monopoly, composed of native merchants and known under the title of Companhia Mercantil do Pará. One object of this company is to obtain control of the rubber trade and then compel an advance of prices. This promised result is the "bait" held out to the governor and people of Pará and in swallowing it they appear to entirely overlook the fact that they are discriminating most unjustly against the foreign firms engaged in the rubber trade and directly aiding in the creation of a monopoly, under the management of a notorious local speculator, which will eventually cause incalculable harm to the trade. We see by our Pará exchanges that the foreign exporters have entered a protest against the iniquitous tax, and we understand that these protests have also been brought to the attention of the central government, but thus far to no purpose. In view of the prejudice caused to some of the most important houses in Pará who will be unable to compete in a trade so unequal, and also in view of the principle of discrimination against foreigners which it establishes, it is most important that the minister of finance should at once take the question into serious consideration. Brazil can not now afford the reputation for injustice and unsound economic methods which this Pará case will surely give her. If this act is permitted to stand, the foreign merchants will begin to seriously consider the propriety of withdrawing altogether from a country where discriminations of this character are made. The foreign merchants have done much to build up trade in Pará and throughout the whole country, and more depends upon the assistance given by their capital and the long credits allowed by them, than the government may be aware. A policy of repression—which is the virtual effect of this Pará measure—will do infinite harm to the resources and credit of the whole country, for it will drive away capital and undermine the reputation of Brazilians for business integrity and fair dealing.

THE announcement that the government intends to send a commission of six to study the various educational systems of Europe and the United States will serve one good purpose—that of calling attention to the worthlessness of all these instrumentalities for the acquisition of proper educational methods. Commissions without number have already investigated this and other kindred subjects, and with absolutely no good result to show for it. It is a waste of money, a waste of time and leads to infinite confusion. It was a favorite mode of procedure under the monarchy, for it manifested a cheap interest in progressive institutions and at the same time afforded desirable positions, with expenses paid, for the favored friends of those in power. As everyone must know, the time abroad was spent principally in Paris or in idle travel, and the commissioner generally managed to return with so vague an idea of the subject that his recommendations led only to a greater confusion than ever. If now the government seriously wishes to improve the public schools of the country—and that they need improvement everyone must know—the only sound and rational method is that adopted by the Argentines some twenty years ago, under the lead of President Sarmiento, in engaging a number of experienced normal school teachers (ladies) in the United States, creating special schools for them, and then leaving it to them to educate and train teachers for the public schools of the country. The system has worked so successfully that some thirty American teachers have been kept



LOANS.

There was less doing in loans than was to have been expected. The great 4 per cent. loan was the only important operation here.

Those negotiated in Rio were:

Table with columns: Name, Amount, issued at. Includes Government loan, Sergipe state, Alliança mill, Berbery do, Elev. e Fabrica de Cluambio, Nacional de Oleos, Industrial Mineira mill, Pão Grande, S. Christovão, S. Lazaro, S. Jeronymo mines, Servicos Maritimos, Industria, Lavourea e Vinçallo de Macahe.

The loans negotiated abroad were:

Table with columns: Names, Amount, issued at. Includes Rio de Janeiro city, Macahe and Campos R.R., Esp. Santo and Caravellas R.R. and Navigation, Minas Geraes state, Assoc. Commercial, Petropolitana mill, Bahia state, Oeste de Minas R.R., Sapucahy K.R.

REVOLUTIONARY ITEMS.

The sale of Prince Pedro Augusto's furniture is said to have realized about 25,000\$!

Pará is determined to be original. Her official title is "Estado Confederado Republicano do Pará."

A decree dated on the 10th grants 3,000\$ to each member of the provisional government for "expenses of establishment."

The Amazonas provisional government has adopted as the state flag the old imperial banner, minus the crown, of course.

The Brazilian naval ranks of chief of division and chief of squadron will be merged into one rank, that of rear-admiral (contra-almirante).

It seems too bad that a launch called Pedro II should have taken the news of the declaration of the republic to S. Luiz de Cáceres, Mato Grosso.

Each member of the census commission is to receive 6,000\$ per annum. It is very moderate, if the result of the work is even approximately correct.

The Argentine minister of foreign affairs has placed the legation at Montevideo at the disposition of the Brazilian foreign minister. Has Brazil no legation at Montevideo?

The telegrams advising the somewhat sudden departure of the Emperor from Lisbon for Cannes have served to renew the reports that His Majesty's health is seriously compromised.

So far as published opinions are valuable, the Roman Catholic church in Brazil considers its emancipation from government control a real advantage, which it undoubtedly is.

A report is now going the rounds that the government is having investigations made as to whether the ex-palace at Petropolis can not be availed of for the meeting of the Constituent.

The Jornal do Commercio hears that various civilians who were prominent advocates of the republic in the press and on the "stump" are to receive honorary military honors. It may be all right, but it is certainly not republican.

Sr. Carlos Affonso de Assis Figueiredo, who was banished together with his brother, Visconde de Ouro Preto, left for Europe with his family by the Pacific steamer Orinda on the 8th. Care has been taken to explain that he paid his own passage money.

The telegraph was pretty well occupied by the minister of foreign affairs here, and his colleague at Buenos Aires, on the 7th, in discussing the Missions question. The re-opening of the question will need explanation, if the Argentines are playing a trick.

It is reported that the government will by decree abolish all titles and decorations, except those received for military services. This appears unnecessary cruelty; if any one takes a pleasure in being called "Sr. Barão," why remove so innocent a diversion?

Col. Ourique, of the engineers, who published an account of the revolution, apparently addressed to the Argentine correspondent who secured the exile of Sr. Silveira Martins, has raised a whole hornet's nest around him. It is a lesson to those who wish to be too early in the field of history.

A telegram published in the Gazeta de Noticias on the 9th reports that the governor of Paraná and the central government were not quite in accord as to certain nominations by the latter, and that politics there were in a confused state, the republicans having divided into two factions, both struggling for supremacy.

The minister of justice is said to have addressed a circular to the governors of states informing them that the appointment of municipal judges pertains to the central government so long as their salaries are paid from the National Treasury, and that it is not convenient to organize any more new judicial districts in the various states.

Telegrams published here continue to give very unsatisfactory accounts of the Emperor's health. Rumors are also flying about that he will abdicate in favor of the Crown Princess, who also is desirous of abandoning the empty honor, but Comte d'Eu is said to object. The source of the telegrams is not entirely worthy of perfect confidence.

Decreets dated on the 10th, place the protest of bills in the hands of a special notary public, divides the position of clerk of "capellas e residios" into two clerkships, similarly divides the registrarship of mortgages, and creates the position of official curator of bankrupt estates. If increased rapidity in the dispatch of business is sought, these decrees are deserving of applause.

It has been decided that the Brazilian minister for foreign affairs, Sr. Bocayava and Barão de Alencar, the representative of the republic at Buenos Aires, will meet Sr. Zeballos, Argentine foreign minister and Sr. Moreno, Argentine representative here, at Montevideo for the settlement of the Missions question. There are some persons in Brazil who are decidedly sore upon what is considered a retreat by their ministers.

When the news of the declaration of the republic reached Corumbá, Mato Grosso, the non-commissioned officer in charge of the telephonic service advised the inspector of the arsenal at Ladario, and this officer told the operator that he must be drunk! Not long after, the news was confirmed, and a reward was then given the supposed-to-be-intoxicated operator for first news. Perhaps, also, as a salve for his wounded feelings.

The Jornal do Commercio publishes on the 7th the following telegram:

Operto, January 6th. Jornal do Commercio, Rio de Janeiro. As we can not at once address the many friends that have sent us from Brazil the expressions of their sympathy on the occasion of the irreparable loss of our very dear spouse and mother, through these means we send to them our cordial thanks. D. Pedro de Alcantara, Isabel Condesa d'Eu, Gaston de Orleans.

PROVINCIAL NOTES

The governor of Rio de Janeiro has declined the proposal of two citizens to remove the capital of the state to Therzopolis.

The republicans of Paraná will present Gen. Deodoro with a gold watch, and those of Santa Catharina, with a sword of honor.

The town of Casa Branca, S. Paulo, has contracted for its electric illumination. The contractors have a privilege (monopoly?) for 30 years in the city.

On the 31st ulto., Fort S. Marcello, Bahia, was saluting a religious procession of boats, when two balls were fired by some accident, one of which struck a Portuguese vessel at anchor.

A telegram published here on the 4th says the republican municipal councillors of S. Paulo will resign. This is bad patriotism, for it must leave municipal affairs in the hands of monarchists.

On the 4th inst. the governor of the state of Rio de Janeiro made a clean sweep of all the municipal chambers within his jurisdiction, and appointed commissions to look after municipal affairs.

Recent advices from Campinas, S. Paulo, state that there had been an abundant rainfall there and all apprehensions of an epidemic are removed. Now, let the Campinas people softly slumber for another year!

A boy, 7 years old, died at S. Paulo on the 8th from hydrophobia. The little victim was being treated by a quack; fortunately the victim bit the quack before he died, but unfortunately appears to have bitten other persons also.

The state of Pará has an official retired and half-pay salary list of 166,793\$826, viz: aposentados 86,666\$805, jubilados 58,822\$21, and reformados 21,295\$849. There are enough abuses in these privileges to warrant a little investigation.

A paper factory is contemplated at Santos. The raw material used will be banana fibers, of which an abundance is said to be at hand. It will be a source of regret if the company organization mania apparently "scotched" at least, in Rio, should break out in the provinces.

Seven brigands recently attacked the house of an Italian at Caxias, an ex-colony, Rio Grande do Sul, killed the man and his wife, stole what they wanted and burnt the house and the corpses of their victims. One of the villains had been captured and confessing his guilt denounced his accomplices, who are, if their names are any clue, all natives, save one. The Italians were much alarmed and had organized armed patrols fearing further attacks from bandits, who in large numbers were said to be lurking in the vicinity.

RAILROAD NOTES

The December receipts of the Carangola line were 42,737\$220 of which 11,600\$690 from passengers and 29,133\$600 from freight.

The minister of agriculture will submit the project for connecting the various railways in the northern states to the Club de Engenharia for a report.

The December traffic receipts of the Leopoldina railway were 443,345\$700, of which 98,345\$050 from passengers and 344,975\$650 from goods. Expenses are not published.

The debenture holders of the Santa Isabel do Rio Preto railway have made a protest against the proposed action of the liquidators of the company in paying shareholders before the debentures are paid. The company was purchased by the Sapucahy railway.

The report of the commission appointed to investigate Sr. Ewbank da Cunha's management of the ex D. Pedro II railway is said to have been handed in prior to the 8th and the report is that the commission had verified none of the charges made against the late director.

LOCAL NOTES

Will the minister of justice wake up and try his 'prentice hand on the sneak thieves of Rio?

The minister of the interior has declined to furnish rooms for the Geographical Society in the old city palace.

The Club Naval has decided to raise a subscription to erect a statue at the Navy Yard to the minister of marine.

A fiscal of the notes issued by the Bank of the state of Paraná has been appointed. The post is likely to be a sinecure.

The corps of marines, in honor of their increased pay, invested very properly a part of it in a good dinner at their barracks on the 6th.

The minister of agriculture is said to have a project in view for the establishment of central factories for the preparation of cotton and coffee for market.

Why does not the chief of police celebrate in anticipation the approaching centenary of the Noyades by towing a number of caçaperras to sea and "living" them there?

The minister of marine has accepted the tenders of a German firm for the building of two torpedo boats. The tenders are stated to have been below those of Thornycroft.

The minister of finance has authorized the establishment of suburban agencies of the Treasury for the collection of internal revenue, and to save time and expense to the dwellers in these districts.

The minister of marine tells his colleague at the department of agriculture that the boys he wants for Rio harbor will cost him 18,720\$; the large ones are worth 1,350\$ each, and the little ones 870\$.

The president of the board of health wants the Misericordia authorities to tear off all the curtains and other trappings of hearses, which he declares prevent the proper disinfection of the vehicles after use.

The medical faculty has awarded the Gunning prize to Sr. Julio Trajano de Moura. The prize was instituted by Dr. R. H. Gunning for the best student of natural science, and entitles the holder to a voyage to Europe.

According to a writer in the Diario de Noticias slaves and foreigners were the supports of the monarchy. The first have been freed and the others have been naturalized without asking for it, as a punishment for their evil-doings, perhaps.

The December produce of "small agriculture" sent to the Rio market was valued at 1,082,978\$930, or 710,920\$880 more than last year. The results of forest destruction were estimated at 613,981\$750. Small agriculture appears to be growing wealthy rapidly.

The minister of interior on the 7th asked the Treasury to pay 15\$ for washing towels for a year. There is no explanation of which sub-department incurred this debt, but 1\$250 per month seems moderate enough for towel washing for any private individual.

The daily press notice a curious case that occurred on the 3rd, when a man, awakened at midnight by counterfeit police authorities, delivered to them his money, watches, etc. The party robbed must have been very innocent, and had a very bad conscience.

There is more hope when an evening journal comes out and stigmatizes the abolition law as "the error of May 13th." Many of the most enthusiastic advocates of that law thought it was an error once the excitement was past, but none have frankly confessed it before the Notícias.

On the 4th the body of a colored woman sewed up in sackings was found in the Rua General Polidoro. Upon investigation the police discovered that a man and woman had deposited the corpse in the street to avoid funeral expenses! This is a severe criticism on the monopoly of burials by the Misericordia hospital.

The December immigrant arrivals at this port numbered 2,333, and those at Santos 996.

Capt. João Nepomuceno Baptista of the navy has been appointed director general of telegraphs.

There is a report that the government contemplates creating the position of official receiver of estates. This was tried many years ago, but did not prove a success.

A swell ball was given at the Hotel Orleans (not yet ex-Orleans) on the 6th, by the guests of the hotel, at which many members of the diplomatic corps and of the high-life were present.

The minister of marine has instructed the captains of the ports of Pernambuco and Maranhão to report on a complaint made by the United States and Brazil Mail S. S. Company regarding delays there.

The minister of marine says the owner of the land on which it is proposed to build the Santa Martha light-house asks just twice too much for it and orders the light-house department to tell him so.

One of the morning journals on the 9th filled its issue with the Ouro Preto manifesto. An afternoon colleague complains that the morning paper was not at all "newsy," and thinks the manifesto might have been diversified by illustrations.

On the 8th inst. the minister of interior authorized the port health inspector to take steps for obliging steamers coming to this port to observe the rules of the sanitary convention. The penalty it appears will be the withdrawal of packet privileges.

An Austrian sailor sent to the Misericordia hospital on the 18th ult. with a fractured leg and bruises, caused by a fall on board ship, died there of typhoid fever on the 7th inst. Everything seems to turn to dangerous fevers at the hospital, and an investigation is necessary.

Another of those 10\$ notes of the Banco Nacional that disappeared from Laemmet's shops not long ago, turned up on the 7th. The holder appears to have offered it for sale at 7\$, and as its value was 10\$ in gold the business was fishy and the police have the man in custody.

The transport Madeira left on the 9th on a voyage of instruction with a number of naval cadets. For some strange reason some 30 odd caçaperras and a military guard go as passengers by the transport for Fernando Noronha. This may be praiseworthy economy, but it seems very bad taste.

Sr. Ferreira Vianna, noted as an advocate and as a lay-brother of a monastery here, as a violent opponent of the ex-Emperor to whom he applied the epithet of a "catiaque Cesar," and as a minister of the crown in the João Alibido cabinet, has taken his many talents to Europe—probably to Rome.

Rumor says the minister of the interior will appoint a commission of six professors, under the leadership of Sr. Meneses Vieira, to visit the principal schools of the United States, Switzerland, France and Sweden. We were under the impression that France had been investigated sufficiently, but must have been mistaken. But then Paris is sua à an attraction.

The embalmed remains of Her Majesty, D. Thezeza Christina, last Empress of Brazil, were deposited at the S. Vicente de Fôa pantheon in Lisbon on the 11th inst. There were numerous masses for the repose of the late Empress's soul here and in various cities and towns of the interior, and the sentiment of sorrow at her death has been general, if somewhat tardy and superficial.

Rumor has it that the Theatro Lyrico is to return to its first love and will shortly be occupied by a grand circus company. Sacrilege is the only expression that occurs to us in registering the fact that horses, equestriennes and clowns are to amuse the plets where Gayarre and Tamagno, Sainz and Borghi-Mano, Bassi and others, sang, directed, etc., for the delight of the patricians.

A decree dated on January 2nd orders a census to be held on December 31st next and reorganizes (sic) the statistical department. This department has so far been entirely occupied in organizing tables of drafts on the Treasury for unearned salaries. The new department will cost 133,400\$ per annum for the staff's salaries alone, and the capacity of the new director leads us to believe that it will all be wasted.

The minister of finance on the 4th addressed a sharp and merited circular to Treasury officials regarding the inordinate delay in organizing the statistics of their departments. The minister has a case at the custom house in Rio that has not for years furnished figures showing the official value of imports and exports monthly, although these could be collected as readily as are the tables showing the revenue, and the want of them figures as a serious inconvenience to many persons, ourselves included.

It is not surprising that the Brazilians should feel annoyed at the absolutely false telegrams sent from this city to River Plate journals—or perhaps there manufactured. But this lying by correspondents of River Plate journals here is not new! How many times have the most alarming telegrams as to the sanitary condition of Rio been sent down, to be forwarded to Europe, without the Brazilian press raising any protest whatever! The fact is, the Argentines have taken advantage of the good natured Brazilians, and the results are gradually appearing. Still further, when important events are concealed here and the city is full of exaggerated rumors, is there not some excuse for false telegrams?

FINANCIAL NOTES

The exchanges at the clearing house for the five working days of last week amounted to 3,716,779\$350.

The provincial internal revenue of the state of Bahia for 1888-89 (sic), as reported by the receiver, was 1,019,740\$024.

The December receipts of the Victoria, Espirito Santo, custom-house amounted to 24,841\$737, of which 19,946\$837 were from import duties.

A very considerable amount of "second hand" exchange turned up in the market on the 11th, speculators having apparently weakened on the "bear" side.

On the 8th a contract was signed between the representative of the state of Rio de Janeiro and the Banco Colonizador e Agricola for a 5 per cent. loan of 2,000,000\$ at 95 per cent. One quarter is payable in cash and the balance in 30, 60 and 90 days.

The broker implicated in the muddy affair of 1,000 shares has washed his hands of the business. The purchaser's agent declares that it was a book-keeper who gave Sr. Leitão Irmao & Co's name, because his own would not be accepted by seller's broker.

The official figures of receipts at the custom house in Rio for 1889 and 1888 are given at 59,014,797\$874 and 51,031,866\$279 respectively.

On December 31st the Banco de S. Paulo had in circulation 660,930\$ in its gold notes, against which it held in cash in gold 3,326,150\$220.

Dr. José Carlos Rodrigues, well known in London, has been appointed Treasury agent there by the minister of finance. Sr. Rodrigues' acquaintance with British interests in Brazil and his experience in British business formalities render his appointment one of excellent promise.

A decree dated on the 8th orders that all expenses incurred by government agents abroad will be settled at the Treasury agency in London, which has also power to strike out such as are not justifiable.

Rumors were plentiful on change on the 11th. The minister of finance is to "scale" the 5 per cent apolices, issue regulations for banks of issue substituting 4 per cent. gold bonds for gold as the basis of issue, and further, he contemplates some "big trade" in the subsidized railway matter.

The following figures are said to show the amount expended in Ceará as relief to that drought stricken state:

Table with 2 columns: Date and Amount. Expended to 15th Nov. 5,956,620\$747; do 15th Nov. to 16th Dec. 2,838,874 724.

The local journals are already considering the financial question solved and to confute doubters point to the steadily advancing rates of exchange.

The following are further calls made payable this month: Banco dos Commerciantes, 16th 400,000\$; Banco Intermediario, 16th 100,000\$; Banco Lavourea e Commercio, 31st 2,000,000\$; Banco Nacional, gold, 28th 9,000,000\$; Banco Mercantil, Paraná, 28th 500,000\$; Comercio de Aguardiente, 24th 100,000\$; Fabrica de Gelo, 20th 25,000\$; Hippodromo Nacional, 15th 100,000\$; Industrial de Ouro Preto, mill, 25th 20,000\$; Nacional de Tecidos de Seda 120,000\$; Saneamento, 20th 100,000\$.

COMMERCIAL

Table of exchange rates for Rio de Janeiro, January 13th, 1890. Includes par value of the Brazilian milreis, bank rate of exchange, and present value of the Brazilian milreis.

EXCHANGE.

January 7 - The Banco Nacional advanced its sterling rate to 25 1/2, the others maintained rates of the 4th. Official rates were 25 1/2, 25 1/2 on London, 18 1/2 on Paris and 47 1/2 on Hamburg at 90 days and 280 on New York at sight.

January 9 - The native banks advanced the sterling rate to 25 1/2, the others were still officially at 25 1/2. Bank on Paris 37 1/2, on Hamburg 47 1/2, at 90 days, and 280 on New York at sight.

January 10 - The market opened at 25 1/2 on London at all the banks, but the Banco Nacional almost immediately advanced to 25 1/2, while there was no difficulty in obtaining bills at 25 1/2 almost anywhere.

January 11 - The market continues very strong. The Banco Nacional advanced its sterling rate to 25 1/2, the others were officially at 25 1/2. Official rates were 25 1/2, 25 1/2 on London, 17 1/2 on Paris and 46 1/2 on Hamburg, at 90 days.

January 12 - The Banco Nacional opened at 25 1/2, the London and Brazilian and Prussische at 25 1/2 and the English Bank at 25 1/2. The market is very firm with an upward tendency and money is tight.

ENGLISH BANK OF RIO DE JANEIRO, LIMITED. Capital, 500,000 shares at £20. £1,000,000. Reserve Fund 150,000.

HALF SHEET, 31ST DECEMBER, 1889.

Table of assets and liabilities for the English Bank of Rio de Janeiro, Limited, as of Dec 31, 1889.

E. & O. E. Rio de Janeiro, 7th January, 1890. For the English Bank of Rio de Janeiro, Limited.

J. S. Lambie, Manager. H. Scott, actg. Accountant.

LONDON AND BRAZILIAN BANK, LIMITED

Capital, 1,250,000. do paid up 625,000. Reserve Fund 360,000.

HALF SHEET, 31ST DECEMBER, 1889.

Table of assets and liabilities for the London and Brazilian Bank, Limited, as of Dec 31, 1889.

E. & O. E. Rio de Janeiro, 6th January, 1890. For London and Brazilian Bank, Limited.

R. A. Bova, Manager. E. G. Shearer, actg. Accountant.

BANCO NACIONAL DO BRAZIL.

HALF SHEET, 31ST DECEMBER, 1889.

Table of assets and liabilities for Banco Nacional do Brazil, as of Dec 31, 1889.

Capital, subscribed 90,000,000\$000. Reserve fund 2,659,370. Profits in suspense 17,410,000.

Table of assets and liabilities for Banco Nacional do Brazil, as of Dec 31, 1889.

E. & O. E. Rio de Janeiro, 2th January, 1890. For the Banco Nacional do Brazil.

Ficoude de Guay, Vice-president. K. W. Setton, Accountant.

MARKET OF STOCKS AND BARRANS.

Table of stock market prices for various companies and bonds, including Five per cent. apolices, Banco Constructor, and various bank shares.

Table of stock market prices for various companies and bonds, including Banco do Comercio, Banco Nacional, and various bank shares.

Table of stock market prices for various companies and bonds, including Banco Nacional, Banco Popular, and various bank shares.

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Vessels loading and to load.

Table of vessel loading and to load, listing ship names, destinations, and dates.

DAILY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS OF COFFEE AT RIO DE JANEIRO.

Table of daily receipts and shipments of coffee at Rio de Janeiro, showing receipts from various sources and shipments to different destinations.

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MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 13th January, 1890.

Exports. Coffee. - The market has been quiet during the week, owing principally to the steady advance in exchange, but dealers have been firm all along and some of the brokers advance their quotations to a party with their colleagues who had been several hundred reis per arroba above them.

Shipments since our last report have been: 55,221 bags for the United States, 12,999 for Europe, 3,994 for Cape of Good Hope, and 71,814 elsewhere.

The vessels cleared with coffee are: United States: Baltimore Amer lug White Wings, 5,875; New York Amer str Progresso, 33,351.

Europe: Antwerp Ger str Kronprinz Fr Wilhelm, 1,000. Elsewhere: River Plate Fr str Malabar, 400; Br str Elbe, 480.

WEEKLY SUMMARY.

January 11th. Shipments to United States during the week 56,000 bags for Europe, etc do 17,000. Sailing clearances for the United States 6,000.

Clearances for Europe and elsewhere 31,000. Freight by steamer 14,000. Steamers loading for United States 30 & 5/8.

Stock at Santos this morning, 1st and 2nd hands 250,000 bags. United States during week 4,000. Europe do 48,000. Steamer shipments for United States 4,000.

Shipments for Europe 31,000. Market firm: Good Average 65450. Steamers loading for United States 3.

Imports.

The markets are again reported quiet and brokers are, in consequence, generally in a general frame of mind. Receipts of Flour have been small and the market has been fairly active and steady. As regards the output of the two flour mills in this city, it is nearly as we can obtain correct figures, the English mill produced the equivalent of 20,000 bags and the Moinho Fluminense 16,000 for the year; the stocks held by the mills, however, show some improvement, but only to 50,000 bags for the year, which would give a consumption of city mills flour of about 350,000 bags. This added to the increased supply of foreign flour, shows some improvement, but not to a very satisfactory degree, if the immigrants arrived here are eating bread. A large proportion of the city-made flour has, however, gone to outside markets. Of fine the receipts are a cargo each of French and Swedish, of which we can obtain correct quantity of White, of which a part has been sold. Kerosene has improved, and supplies are moderate. Lard shows a remarkable advance, owing to advances from Rio Grande do Sul, which is the only important competitor with foreign producers, that the supply of lard there was entirely exhausted. Other articles show unimportant changes. Two more cargoes of Canadian codfish have arrived, the market naturally tends to improve. As Lent approaches and dealers report fair sales and a better feeling, but retail prices are about unchanged. A considerable sale of American salt pork was reported during the week; some 1,500 lbs. to arrive by sailing vessels from Baltimore.

Flour.—Receipts since our last report are:
Holland, from Trieste:
Economic 38,000
Sales and withdrawals for the same time are estimated to be about 7,000 bags, and stock in first hands is given at 18,000 bags. American 4,000, Trieste 22,000 bags.

Brokers report the market steady and quote:
Trieste 14,850-14,850
do 14,500-14,500
do 12,750-13,000
Baltimore 14,000-14,250
do 13,000-13,000
Western & Lit. 13,750-14,000
Chili 13,000-13,000
River Plate 12,750-13,400
City Mills 12,750-13,400
Pitch Pine.—Receipts are 949,051 bags per Edw. D. Bennett from Brunswick, to-day. We may quote at 37,800—38,500 per doz., market steady.

White Pine.—The Mary Hasbrouk brought 1,36,368 feet of which some 90,000 feet were sold at 105 to 110. The market has become very strong and quotations to-day are 110-115 lbs.

Swedish Pine.—Receipts are 773 doz. per Amazon from Gelle to a company. Quotations remain nominal.

Spruce Pine.—Nothing new.

Kerosene.—Receipts have been 15,100 cases per Mary Hasbrouk from New York. The market is firm at an advance, and we may quote today at 37,800—38,500 per doz. Large quantities are being sent from New York. For reasons given above, and from the scarcity of native lard, the market has advanced sharply and is strong at the advance. Lots are quoted to-day at 500—520 rs. per lb. with 600 rs. quoted at retail.

Bran.—Receipts of foreign mill. River Plate is still quoted at 18,500—20,000 per bag, and city mills at 18,800—19,500.

Indian Corn.—Receipts are 6,504 bags per Tross and 300 per La Plata, from the River Plate. Quotations are still based upon the condition and quality of the article, but extremes appear to be about 25,500—26,000 per bag.

Rosin.—Receipts are 425 bags and quotations remain unchanged at 4,000—10,000 per bag, as to marks.

Turpentine.—Quotations are unchanged at 450—500 rs. per kilogramme. Receipts 210 cases.

Hay.—None have been received. Quotations are higher at 6—75 rs. per kilo, and the tone of the market has somewhat improved.

Cement.—Receipts are 5,300 bags. British per Leontina, 100 Belgium per Aepher and 500 brick, German per Marie. Brokers quote to-day: British at 68,500—72,800, German 69,000—72,800 and French 70,000—72,500 per bag.

Coal.—Receipts have been:
860 tons per Agnes, from Cardiff
1,497 do do
2,473 do Joseph do
2,065 do Prince Louis do
3,142 do Prince Royal do
1,689 do Kate Barrell do
1,800 do Sarah do
1,008 do Harry Bailey, from Swansea
537 do do
1,517 do Golden Horn, from Greenock
1,516 do Argentina do
161 do Alice Graham, from Liverpool
all to companies and dealers.

Rice.—Receipts are 1,100 bags per steamers via Europe. We may continue to quote Rioquian at 78,500—85,000, and other qualities at 75,000—85,000 per bag.

Codfish.—Receipts are 2,445 tons per Zingara and 4,501 per C. R. C., from Passepiche, and 875 cases Norwegian per Corveta. Dealers report a fair movement, with a better feeling, and quote at retail new Canadian fish 188—200, old nominal, and Norwegian cases at 198—200—25,000. Stocks are estimated at about 30,000 packages.

RIO GRANDE DO SUL.

From Messrs. Thomson & Co's Market Report, dated December 31st.

HINDS.—A few small troops of cattle have arrived since our last circular advice for two woolen establishments at Pelotas, but the majority of the stock will not come until the middle of next month, and as the weather has continued unfavorable and cattle are reported to be still in poor condition, slaughtering will probably be confined on a moderate scale for some time to come. As regards prices for salted hides, it is too early yet to form an opinion. Supplies of dry hides from the interior have come forward on a liberal scale during the month, but with the exception of some sales for Hamburg, in the beginning of the month at the parity of 120 stg. per kilo with steamer freight and commission, no transactions have taken place and since then business for exportation has come to a complete standstill, in view of the extremely dull news from the United States and Europe. Some barragemos are shipping their stocks for a new account and others refuse to sell at the prices offered by exporters, hoping to do better later on. Stocks at Pelotas amount to about 40,000 American hides and 15,000 kips. Heavy dry hides continue in good demand, but supplies of this class of hides have been insignificant.

HOESHEAR.—Continues in brisk demand at 300 rs. per kilo, baled, which at present rate of exchange is equal to about 24 stg. per kilo cost, steamer freight and commission.

Wool.—Has been in very good demand for Europe and some sales have been effected at prices equal to 208 francs per 100 kilos for first and 190 francs per 100 kilos for second quality, for sale at Antwerp. The crocheta wool is being bought by the factory established here at 58 per 15 kilos, which price is too high for exportation to the United States.

Export of hides from January 1st to date:
1889 1888
Europe..... 350,178 224,453 351,192 135,515
United States..... 195,470 .. 188,344

SANTOS.

Messrs. Nannmann, Gepp & Co. write under date of January 2nd:
COFFEE.—Owing to a sharp decline in exchange, with which dealers endeavored at first to keep pace by raising their pretensions proportionately, export prices were somewhat irregular last month, and finally closed severe, although those raising at the commencement of the month, through the inability of holders to pursue their intended policy after a time.

Receipts have astonished every one, and it is now reported that they will show a sensible decrease after the 15th of the present month. For the first month the average has been 7,500 bags, against 9,000 bags in 1889 and 1,725 bags in 1887. From 1st July to date there have been 17,796,676 bags.

We incline to 3,500,000 bags for Santos 1890-91 crop. Stocks in first and second hands amount to 235,000 bags, of which loading 95,000 bags.

We quote c. and commission, by str., exchange 25/6d to London and New York: Good Average 51 1/2, New York No. 7 40 1/2.

Table with columns: Destination, Bags, Bags, Bags. Rows include United States, Europe, and various ports like New York, Baltimore, etc.

Total clearances of Coffee from Santos for six months of crop years:

Table with columns: Destination, Bags, Bags, Bags. Rows include United States, Europe, and various ports.

Total clearances of Coffee from Santos for the years:

Table with columns: Destination, Bags, Bags, Bags. Rows include United States, Europe, and various ports.

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Table with columns: Destination, Bags, Bags, Bags. Rows include United States, Europe, and various ports.

Total clearances of Coffee from Santos during the last 5 years in bags of 60 kilos.

Table with columns: U. States, Europe, Elsewhere, Totals. Rows include 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

Table with columns: Ship Name, Tons, Agent. Rows include PASCARAC, CARDIFF, GREENICK, MACAO, J. N. VINCENTI, LIVERPOOL, CARDIFF, BRUNSWICK, HAMBURG.

Table with columns: Ship Name, Tons, Agent. Rows include Professor Tarduskid, Rival, Robertfors, Russell, St. Patrick, Servis, Sarr, Therese, Tobique, Union da Gama, Veritas, W. H. Hasbrouk, Wmford.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

Table with columns: Ship Name, Tons, Agent. Rows include CAKHEB, RANGON, MACAO, PARRAGUA, PORTO ALERGE, BARBADOS, BALTIMORE, SHIP ISLAND, SAVANNAH, TERINADA, BANGKOK.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN STEAMERS.

Table with columns: Date, Name, Wherefrom, Consigned to. Rows include Jan 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN STEAMERS.

Table with columns: Date, Name, Where to, Cargo. Rows include Jan 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.

FOREIGN SAILING VESSELS IN THE PORT OF RIO DE JANEIRO, JANUARY 13th, 1890.

Table with columns: Name, Tonnage, Wherefrom, Consigned to. Rows include American, Argentine, British, New York, Liverpool, etc.

VESSELS AFLOAT & LOADING FOR RIO.

Table with columns: Ship Name, Tonnage, Destination. Rows include Aclia, Alpha, Anna, Aurorek, Alart, America, Alexander Keith, Abbotford, Avani Young, Avani Walker, Baltimore, Beatrice Hansen, Belem, Belarmino, Cadenas, Cavalero, Charles E. Lutzger, Comoro, Carl Hendrik, Carlin, Darow, Dictator, Duro, Eldorado, Elizabeth Mendt, Emil Patel, Fred P. Litchfield, Gaspé, Highlands, Iver, Inverurie, James Drummond, James Finlay, Julia Rollins, Kate C. Maguire, Lunarkshire, Leif, Lady Blessington, Mary Thompson, Mariska XI, Mary E. Chapman, Merrit, Metilde, Marion Ballantyne, Clyde, Marion Lightbody, Nilsdane, Nora, Norsk Wiggins, Nonhombria, Orest, Carl Regent.

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STOCK AND SHARE LIST.

January 11th, 1890.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Table with columns: Present Amount, Interest payable, Rate %, Denomination, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists various government bonds like Apolices, Goli, Leopoldina, etc.

DEBENTURES.

Table with columns: Present Amount, Interest payable, Rate %, Companies, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists various companies and their debentures, including RAILWAYS, MILLS, and SHIPPING.

BANKS.

Table with columns: Capital, Capital paid up, Reserve fund, Name, Dividend paid, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists various banks like Agricola do Brazil, Auxilar, Brasiliense, etc.

SHIPPING.

Table with columns: Capital, Capital paid up, Reserve fund, Companies, Dividend paid, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists shipping companies like Amazon Steam Navigation, Brazil de Navegacao, etc.

INSURANCE.

Table with columns: Capital, Capital paid up, Reserve fund, Companies, Dividend paid, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists insurance companies like Allianca Fluminense, Argos Fluminense, etc.

HYPOTHECARY NOTES.

Table with columns: Present Amount, Interest payable, Rate %, Banks, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists various banks and their hypothecary notes.

RAILWAYS.

Table with columns: Capital, Capital paid up, Reserve fund, Companies, Dividend paid, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists various railway companies like Bahia e Minas, Espirito Santo e Caravelas, etc.

TRAMWAYS.

Table with columns: Capital, Capital paid up, Reserve fund, Companies, Dividend paid, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists tramway companies like Carris Urbanos, Jardim Botânico, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Table with columns: Capital, Capital paid up, Reserve fund, Companies, Dividend paid, Nominal value, Last sale, Closing quotations. Lists various miscellaneous companies like Agric. Coloniz. de Vassouras, Agric. S. Sebastião, etc.

**Shipping.**

**THOMAS NORTON'S**  
 OLD REGULAR LINE OF SAILING PACKETS  
 BETWEEN THE  
**UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL PORTS**  
 Established in 1865  
 Loading Berth: Covered Pier No. 17, East River  
 For Freight and General information apply to  
*Thomas Norton,*  
 104 Wall St., New-York.

**Steamships.**

**ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY.**

Under contracts with the British and Brazilian Governments for carrying the mails.

**TABLE OF DEPARTURES, 1890**

Date	Steamer	Destination
Jan. 13	Magdalena	Southampton and Antwerp calling at Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon and Vigo.
" 19	Atrata	Montevideo and Buenos Ayres.

This Company's steamers leave Southampton every alternate Thursday, and Rio de Janeiro, homeward, every alternate Tuesday.

Insurance on freight shipped on these steamers can be taken out at the Agency.

For freight, passages and other information apply to  
 Rua do Visconde de Inhauma, No. 16, Sobrado.

**Phipps Brothers & Co.**  
 Agents.

**UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP Co.**

CARRYING THE U. S. AND BRAZILIAN MAELS

**SAILINGS FOR NEW YORK:**

ALLIANÇA Captain Beers..... 15 Feb.

The fine packet

**FINANCE,**

Captain BAKER

on return from Santos, will sail 22nd January at 2 a. m. for

**NEW YORK**  
 calling at

BAHIA, PERNAMBUCO and MARANHÃO  
 (entering the two last named ports)

PARÁ, BARBADOS, MARTINIQUE and  
 ST. THOMAS

**Passage Rates**

	cabin	steerage
To Liverpool.....	\$220	100
New York.....	\$145	\$75
" & back..	\$275	"

For passages and information apply to

**Wilson, Sons & Co., Limited;** Agents

No. 2, Praça das Marinhãs.

And for cargo to

**W. C. Peck,**

No. 6, Praça do Commercio.

**LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL AND RIVER PLATE MAIL STEAMERS.**

UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE

**BELGIAN AND BRAZILIAN GOVERNMENTS.**

**INTENDED SAILINGS FROM RIO. To New York:**

Olbers..... Jan. 14th  
 Ptolemy..... 18th

*For Antwerp*

calling at Southampton (for London)  
 Wordsworth..... Jan. 15th

*For other Ports:*

Milton for New Orleans..... Jan. 14th  
 Kepler " London..... 15th

*For Southern coast Ports:*

Cavour..... Weekly  
 Chatham.....  
 Canning.....  
 or Cabral.....

Mails are closed as announced by the Post Office.  
 For cargo apply to

**Wm. R. McNiven,**

97, Rua 1º de Março

For passages, parcels, specie, etc., to the

Agents:—**NORTON, MEGAW & Co.**

82 Rua 1º de Março.

**NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING Co., Ld.**

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

**HOMEWARDS—RIO to LONDON.**

Due at Rio de Janeiro.

Tongariro..... January 17th, '90

These steamers are first-class in every respect and are celebrated for quick homeward passages and superior accommodations. Passengers may land at Plymouth.

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No. 6, Praça do Commercio;

and for passages and other information to

**Wilson Sons & Co., L'd.,** Agents,

No. 2, Praça das Marinhãs.

**SHAW, SAVILL & ALBION Co., LIMITED.**

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

BETWEEN

**NEW ZEALAND and LONDON.**

**HOMEWARDS—Due at Rio de Janeiro.**

Arawa..... January 30th

Steamers superior in every respect and fitted with every convenience for the comfort of travellers. Call at TENERIFFE and PLYMOUTH.

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and for passages and other information to

**Wilson, Sons & Co L'd.,** Agents,

No. 2, Praça das Marinhãs.

**PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.**

**DEPARTURES for LIVERPOOL.**

Calling at Lisbon and Bordeaux.

Aconagua..... January 24th

Sorata..... February 7th

These popular steamers are fitted with the electric light and all modern conveniences. Insurance policies may be taken out at the agency on merchandise, baggage and values.

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No. 6, Praça do Commercio;

and for passages and other information to

**Wilson Sons & Co., L'd.,** Agents.

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**NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.**

Capital. . . 30,000,000 Marks.

Regular Lines of Steam Packets between

Bremen — United States

" Brazil

" River Plate

" China, Japan

" Australia

Departures from Rio de Janeiro on the 8th

of each month to

Bahia, Lisbon, Antwerp and Bremen.

Passengers and cargo for all ports of the different lines accepted.

Passage rates: 1st-cl. 3rd-cl.

Rio—Antwerp, Bremen..... 500 Marks. 100\$ 000

" New York via Bremen..... 1,000 " 150\$ 000

" Lisbon..... 500 " 70\$ 000

For further information apply to

**HERM. STOLTZ & Co., Agents.**

Rua da Alfandega, No. 60.

Rio de Janeiro.

**THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY**  
 NEW YORK AND LONDON

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS OF THE

Celebrated **SINGER** Celebrated  
 Sewing Machines Sewing Machines

General Agency in South America:

**No. 53, RUA DOS OURIVES, RIO DE JANEIRO.**

**BRANCH AGENCIES:**

Niteroy: 38, Rua do Imperador | São Paulo: 34 B, Rua da Imperatriz | Bahia: In front of the Elevator | Campos: 69, Rua 13 de Maio

Porto Alegre: 329, Rua dos Andradas | Buenos Aires: 137, Calle Maipú | Rosario: 193 ½, Calle Mendoza

and at Montevideo, Salto, La Plata, Cordoba, Santa Fé, Tucuman, Asuncion, Valparaiso, Santiago, Guayaquil, Lima, Iquique, La Paz, etc., etc.

For Dyspepsia, Mental and Physical Exhaustion, Nervousness, Diminished Vitality, etc., USE

**PROF. HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE,**

[LIQUID]

Prepared according to the directions of Prof. E. N. Horsford, of Cambridge, Mass.

A preparation of the phosphates of lime, magnesia, potash and iron with phosphoric acid in such form as to be readily assimilated by the system.

As Food for an Exhausted Brain. In Liver and Kidney Troubles. In Seasickness and Sick Headache, In Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation. In Inebriety, Despondency, and Cases of Impaired Nerve Function

**HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE**

has become a necessity in a large number of households throughout the world, and is universally recommended and prescribed by physicians of all schools.

It is not nauseous, but agreeable to the taste. No danger can attend its use. Its action will harmonize with such stimulants as are necessary to take.

IT MAKES A DELICIOUS DRINK WITH WATER AND SUGAR ONLY.

3 m.

Sole Agents, **W. R. CASSELS & Co.**

**LEA & PERRINS'**

**SAUCE,**

Purchasers should see that the Label on every bottle of the original

**WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE**

bears the Signature, thus:—

*Lea & Perrins*

Ask for **LEA & PERRINS'** Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crasse & Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

**TRAPICHE VAPOR.**

Receives Goods in bond according to Table No. 7 of the custom house regulations.

*Rua da Gambôa No. 10 & 12.*  
 Telephone Call, No. 39.

**THE CELEBRATED**

**PETROPOLIS BEER.**

[CERVEJA NACIONAL]

is unrivalled among the national products of Brazil and is equal to any of the imported articles. The widely known Petropolis brewery has now been in operation for

Twenty-one years

and its special brands of

**SUPERFINE LUNCH BEER,**

**CERVEJA ESPECIAL,**

**DOPEL BIER and DUPLA PRETA**

are the fruit of long experience in the manufacture of a beer adapted to this climate.

Orders received at Petropolis, or at No. 64, Rua Sete de Setembro, Rio de Janeiro.

*F. G. Lindscheid.*

**RUBBER HAND STAMPS.**

and

*Metal-Bodied Rubber Type.*

S. T. LONGSTRETH,

Office and works: 18, Travessa do Oxidador, 1st floor.

NB—Special attention given to large stamps (trade-marks) and large type for marking coffee bags.

For England in February

Address: "Alpha,"

Rio News Office.

**Situation wanted** by a young English gentleman (19) in a public or private school, or as private tutor, in Brazil, or the Plate; science and art certificates in mathematics, drawing and chemistry, proficient in English and both pianoforte and organ. Good references. Apply with form of agreement and stating salary offered to "M.M." c/o Street & Co. 30 Cornhill, London, England.

**Wanted,** for Santos, a good clerk, book-keeper, who is accustomed to steamer work. Apply to "Delta," office of Rio News. (CAIXA A.)

**A Portuguese young man,** 22 years of age, with 9 years business experience and with a knowledge of French, wishes a situation.

Address: "A. B. C."

Rio News Office.

**TO DENTISTS.**

For Sale: an old established, first-class practice in Montevideo, republic of Uruguay. Advertiser, a member of the Odontological Society, Great Britain, having worked successfully for 18 years, in the same office, wishing to retire from practice, will sell on very reasonable terms actual value of furniture, stock and apparatus. The house was previously occupied by a D. D. S., Philadelphia. A fine opportunity for a good man to step into a first-class practice. Address: J. O'Donoghue, Calle 25 de Mayo 156, Montevideo. 4t.

**The Constitution of the United States**

Translated into Portuguese, with a chronological sketch of the principal events leading to the American Revolution, for sale at this office.

Price 200 reis.

**THE RIO NEWS**

Published every Monday.

The Rio News was established under its present title and management on the 1st of April, 1879, succeeding the *British and American Mail*. Although the style, title and frequency of issue were changed at the time of transfer, the designations of number and volume were continued unbroken. At the beginning of 1881 the style of the publication was still further changed by an increase from four to eight pages, and a diminution in the size of the page. This change not only largely increased the size of the publication, but it added greatly to its convenience for office and reference use.

With the beginning of its 16th volume (January, 1889) the editors feel themselves warranted in calling attention to the uniform and general satisfaction with which their policy and management have thus far been received, and in advising their patrons that no deviation whatever from them will be made. The News will seek to keep its readers fully and accurately informed on all commercial questions, and upon all matters of Brazilian news or policy which may have more or less bearing upon any and all enterprises and investments. In its discussions it will treat every question frankly, and for the opinions expressed the editors will hold themselves personally responsible. In its news columns it will seek to keep its readers fully informed on all matters and occurrences throughout Brazil.

In addition to a large circulation in the United States and Europe, where its commercial reports are much appreciated, The News has a wide circulation throughout Brazil, thus making the paper a valuable advertising medium. The rates charged are 15¢ per inch per quarter, with a reduction of 20% for additional space and time.

**TERMS:**

One year's subscription..... 20\$ 000

English and American subscriptions..... £2 or \$10

All subscriptions should run with the calendar year.

**BUSINESS AND EDITORIAL ROOMS:—**

79, Rua Sete de Setembro.

**POST-OFFICE ADDRESS:—**Caixa no Correio A.

TYPE, ALDINA, 79, Sete de Setembro.