# NEWS.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, DECEMBER 16TH, 1889

NUMBER 50

#### Official Directorn

UNITED STATES LEGATION.—Petropolis.

ROBERT ADAMS, Jr.

Minister

BRITISH LEGATION.—Travessa de D. Manoel, No. 8
GEORGE H. WYNDHAM,

AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL.—Nº 75, Rua dos Ourives. O. H. DOCKERY, Consul General.

BRITISH CONSULATE GENERAL.— Nº 8, Travess de D. Manoel. E. NICOLINI, Acting Consul.

### Church Directory

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Sundays in each month at 2 m.
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N. B.—All notices should be sentto
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at 1130 a.m. and 730 p.m. on Sundays. Prayer-meeting
and hymn practice on Firdays at 720 and 870 p.m.
Pertuguese services: Sunday School to 2.m., preaching
11.30 a.m. and 730 p.m. Sundays. Drayer-meeting, 7:30
p.m. Tuesdays.

SEVERRO PEREIRA, Pastor.

11.30 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Sundays, prayer-meeting, 7.30 p.m. Tuesdays.

SEVERRO PEREIRA, Pastor.

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Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 o°clock, a.m. and 7, o°clock, p.m. and every Wednesday at 7 o°clock p.m. Sunday School at 10 o°clock, a.m.

W. B. BAGBY. Pastor.

Residence: Run de Petropolis N. 2.

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Residence: Rua de Petropolis N. 2.

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THOMAS HOOPER, Missionary.

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BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY—Subscriptions are earnestly solicited. Communications should be addressed to the Hoo. Secretary—D. ROBERTS, Caixa do Correio, 75.

### Traveller's Directory

#### RAIL WAYS.

RAILWAYS.

RSTRADA CENTRAL.—Through R threeses: Wilnes train leaves Rio at 5 a. m.; arrives at Harra do Finly 1722. Entre Rios 323 and Itabin terminos of 725 at 5 at 16 at 16

S. Paulo at 6:00 a.m. and arrives at Cachoeira at 12:08 p.m. where passengers change to the Estrada Central (D. Pedro II R.R).

LEOPOLDINA R.R.—For Nova Friburgo trains leave Nichteroy at 7:10 a.m. and 12:13 p.m. arriving at 12:41 a.m. and 6:12 p.m. Downwards Lawery at 11:20 a.m. and 6:10 p.m. Downwards Lawery at 11:20 a.m. and 6:10 p.m. arriving at 12:41 a.m. passengers through at 17:10 a.m. passengers brunging at Porto das Caixas, and at 11:23 a.m. arriving at 12:23 and 7:08 p.m. Form Macahé trains leave at 5 a.m. passengers hanging at Porto das Caixas, and at 11:23 a.m. arriving at 12:23 and 7:08 p.m. Form Macahé trains leave at 5 a.m. passengers changing at Porto das Caixas, and at 11:23 a.m. arriving at 12:23 and 7:08 p.m. Form Macahé trains leave at 5 a.m. passengers changing at Porto das Caixas (2.1) m. Ferry arriving at Nictheroy at 26 D. Pediro II, about one hour better of the trains from Nichteroy. Comment of the 12:23 p.m. Ferry Cairlon (2.1) m. Pariving at 12:23 p.m. passengers change at 25 p.m. passengers change at 12:24 p.m. passengers change at 12:24 p.m. passengers change at the 5 p.m. passengers p.m

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MUSEU NACIONAL.—Praça da Acelamação, cor Rua da Constituição.

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#### Medical Directory

William J. Fairbairn, Dr. of Medicine (M. D) of the University of Edinburgh: Licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh; Licentiate of Midwifery of the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh; Licentiate of the Impeial School of Medicine of Rio de Janeiro, by examination, etc. etc., Office: No. 99 Rua 1° de Março, 12 to 3 p.m.: residence 49 Rua de Humaitá.

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PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

A. J. LAMOUREUX, Editor and Proprietor.

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All subscriptions should run with the calendar year EDITORIAL AND PUBLICATION OFFICES :-79, Rua Sete de Setembro

Subscription and advertisement accounts will be received by GEORGE H. PHELPS, Esq. 154 Nassau Street, New York Messrs. Street & Co. nhill, London E. C Messrs. Bates, Hendy & Co. 37 Walbrook Lon Messrs. John Miller & Co.,

RIO DE JANEIRO, DECEMBER 16th, 1880

THE new naturalization law of the 15th instant declares all foreigners to be Brazilian citizens who were in the country on November 15th, and, henceforth, after a residence of two years, except those who make a formal declaration to the contrary to the secretaries of the municipalities in which they reside. This makes naturalization tacit and obligatory, in case the foreigner does not go to the trouble and ex pense of registering his refusal to accept Brazilian citizenship. As we have so often repeated in these columns, this measure is extremely unwise and arbitrary, and may lead to unpleasant complications. No one can be compelled to surrender his nationality against his will, and no government, particularly those of the military nations of Europe, will consent to have its subjects forced into a foreign allegiance. No mere decree can transform a German into a Brazilian. If he does not wish to surrender his allegiance to Germany he will refuse to swear allegiance to Brazil, and the German government will back him up in the refusal. If, however, the provisional government wishes to have a record of those who refuse to accept Brazilian citizenship, then let the books be got ready at once The record will be no discredit to the foreigner.

In the present extremely sensitive state of the London market toward Brazilian investments and securities, we must be permitted the liberty of advising the provisional government that it will be extremely dangerous to delay the organization of a responsible, permanent government beyond the time necessary to elect a constituent assembly. We are told by some that this will not be called within a year, others say two or three years, while some apprehensive republicans insist that the country will not be consulted until all opposing monarchical elements are cleared out. We do not know what the intentions of the provisional government are, but if they are in any sense represented by these assertions then they must be prepared to see their credit decline abroad. The English race is not at all partial to military dictatorships and provisional governments, and it will not easily find an excuse for the continuance of such a government beyond the time required for a regular reorganization. Now that the monarchy is at an end, we should like to see the republic organized on a sound, rational basis just as quickly as possible. It must be remembered that foreign interests in Brazil are so large that this question becomes one of exceptional importance, and its settlement can not safely be delayed.

It would appear that the inspectorgeneral of public health has decided to try an experiment on us this year in the matter of not sprinkling the streets. For some reason the mortality from yellow fever decreased last year after the scanty water supply compelled the suspension of streetsprinkling, and the inspector jumps to the conclusion therefore that the remedy has been found. He forgets, apparently, how quickly accesso pernicioso went up to 50 deaths a day after street-sprinkling was suspended, and fails to see also that an epidemic of this character is even worse than that of fever. If hasty deductions are to be permitted, we might urge that the accesso last year killed people so quickly that the fever had no time to show itself, and in this way explain the true origin of the inspector's new theory. We trust, however, that better counsels will still prevail and that we shall not be left much longer to toast on the super-heated pavements of this city, basted occasionally by intermittent quarter-inch streams of water from the shop doors.

The action of the provisional government in suspending the municipal council of this city is to be most heartily commended. It has been the universal sentiment that Rio de Janeiro has been most ineffectively and disgracefully governed, not for a few years merely, but for a good part of the time since the days of the Portuguese viceroys. The fault is not wholly with the men, but is largely with the system. When it is considered that this great city has been ruled all these years by divided authority, the imperial government in some departments and the municipal council in others, and that the city has never had a mayor, treasurer, auditor, or any other responsible official, the wonder is that the confusion is not greater. Now that the provisional government has so wisely taken the first step to remedy this senseless state of affairs, we trust that it will at once proceed to the organization of a definite, responsible city government, which will not only give stability and confidence to local affairs, but will also serve as a model to provincial cities in their own organization. In the first place, the national government should confer on this city a proper charter, authorizing it to hold property, enter into contracts and appear before the courts like any other corporation. This charter should define the powers, authority and limitations of the city government, specify its officers, their duties and responsibilities, and the mode in which its government may be made continuous through periodical elections. It should also define what subjects may be governed by municipal legislation, providing always for an appeal to the supreme court against arbitrary and unconstitutional municipal exactions. And in this charter, or the bylaws adopted for its enforcement, it should be provided that the city shall have a mayor, whose authority shall be supreme in municipal administration; a treasurer, who shall give adequate bonds and shall receive all revenues of the city, to be paid out only on orders signed by the mayor, auditor, and the chief of the department concerned; an auditor, who shall be virtually the city's book-keeper, and shall confer all accounts before they are presented for payment; a sheriff, or chief of police, who shall attend to the enforcement of the law; and a certain number of departments, such as streets and parks, public works, sanitary matters, police and charities, etc., which may be governed by commissions appointed by the municipal council. The limitations made necessary by the national control over commerce and the presence of the national government, should be expressly stated. With some such organization, it may be possible to infuse something of order and dignity into the government of this city.

THE desire of the governor of Rio de Janeiro to revise the export taxes on coffee and sugar and the unsatisfactory recommendations made by the commissarios and the president of the Associação Commercial, which will merely assist speculation rather than benefit the provincial treasury, ought to lead to some thoughtful consideration of the total abolition of all such duties. Export duties are condemned by all the best authorities. They are repressive taxes on the development of industry, and when accompanied by subsequent import duties in consuming countries they not infrequently lead to a double tax on the producer. Few questions in economic science are less understood than that of customs taxation, and the mere fact that this ignorance and mystification exists makes it all the more acceptable and convenient for the majority of governments. When the tax is levied on imports it is dogmatically asserted that the foreign producer, or the importer, pays the tax, it being conveniently overlooked that the duties are generally added to the other costs and appear in the price charged for the article. And when they are levied on exports, the facile politician asserts with equal certainty that the consumer pays the tax. On the other side of the national boundary line the same propositions are laid down, and it may therefore be concluded either that everybody pays the taxes, or that nobody pays them. The truth, however, is to be found concealed somewhere about that little "joker" of economic science, called "supply and demand." If the supply is limited and the demand great, the consumer can not escape paying whatever is charged, taxes and all; if, on the other side, the supply greatly exceeds the demand and many producers are competing sharply for the market, then the producer must bear the burden of the taxes himself. From this simple rule it may readily be seen that when other coffee-producing countries are competing with heavy crops against Brazil, the result will be to force prices down to so low a figure that the Brazilian producer will be practically paying both export and import taxes. other words, were these taxes removed, all or the greater part of the sum represented would go into his pocket. An example of this was the abolition of the import duties on coffee in the United States some fifteen years ago, the result being that the price of coffee went up at once in Brazil to the amount of the tax, while the consumer derived no benefit from it whatever. It should be clear, therefore, that the abolition of export taxes will directly benefit the producer. Then, besides, under the projected new form of government it will be absolutely necessary to remove all provincial restrictions on commerce, leaving the sole regulation of all such questions to the national government; and it will also be necessary to set apart certain expenditures for account of the states and municipalities. This will render a proper system of local taxation necessary, which should be based upon a moderate land tax. It is by far the simplest and most uniform system, and when accompanied by the abolition of all export and inter-state duties will be less onerous to the planters than the existing taxes.

Diario Official, December 11th

THE TARIFF.

It has been urged, in the press, upon the government to put into force on January 1st proximo the reforms of the tariff organized under the ministry of June 7th and it becomes necessary to declare that it is in every way impossible to meet these demands, although made in the name of so respectable a class as that of the manufacturers (industriaes), while opposed by national interests a diverse order but equally worthy of con-

application of which depends, to a certain degree, apon negotiations opened abroad, and, of the in tentions of that government, those interested had authentic notice; so that, if in disregard of this, they calculated upon the initiation of the new fiscal regimen in the commencement of 1890, they can complain, as to the consequences, save of themselves.

It is clear that what the author of the new tariff did not intend to do, can not be claimed from the present ministry, which would shirk its duty, should it endorse this change without a conscientious examination.

This is what the minister of finance in the provisional government endeavored to do in ordering with urgency the publication of the Aftonso Celso tariff, to be submitted to a new examination, the more essential as the very administrative as sistants of his predecessor in this labor do not accept its responsibility.

Beyond which, even were the present minister acquainted with it from the commencement and had he an opinion formed upon a project as yet unpublished, it would not be proper for him to order in force the reformed tariff save with a notice of from sixty to ninety days, so that this profound altera-tion in custom rates could not cause grave losses to commerce, in inequitous violation of expectations founded upon the usual principles ruling the question.

The administration of November 15th has no to incur the just and energetic censures raised in clamor by the markets of the country when the present tariff was decreed, without a ample term of forewarning, that would permit Brazilian commerce to prepare for the transition from one to the other regimen.

The minister of finance, therefore, will decide, after examination, as reflection may convince him in considering the principles, the interests and the rights involved in the question, and will furnish to the public the foundations of the deliberation taken

Diario Official, December 15th THE NATURALIZATION LAW. Decree No. - of December 15th, 1889.

The provisional government of the United States of Brazil, constituted by the army and navy in the name of the nation, considering that the memorable event of November 15th, 1889, determining the glorious advent of the republic, affirmed the principles of equality and fraternity which unite enlightened nations under the regimen o liberty and increase the amount of effort requisite for the conquests of progress and the civilization o humanity, resolves to decree:

Art. 1. - All foreigners resident in Brazil on the 15th day of November, 1889, are considered Brazilian citizens, except by a declaration to the contrary made before the proper municipality, within six months from the publication of this

-All foreigners who have resided in the country for two years, after the date of this decree will be considered Brazilians, with the exception of such as exclude themselves from this right through the declaration referred to in Art. 1.

Art. 3.—All foreigners naturalized by this decree will enjoy all the civil and political rights of native born citizens, being eligible to all public offices, with the exception of that of Chief of the State.

Art. 4.—The declaration referred to in Arts. and 2 will be made before the secretary of th municipality, or corporation that may provisionally substitute this, in a special book destined to that purpose, and signed by the declarer and by the said secretary or representative of the said corpora-

Art. 5 .- Dispositions to the contrary are re voked.

Assembly Room of the Provisional Government of the Republic of the United States of Brazil, December 15th, 1889, first of the Republic.

Marshal Manoel Deodoro da Fonseca, Chief of the Provisional Government Aristides da Silveira Lobo.

COFFEE UNDER SHADE.

A planter writes from Mercara, Coorg, to the Ceylon Observer giving his experience with coffee under shade and also a list of the trees used to furnish this in the coffee orchards. The letter is interesting to planters in the state of Rio de Janeiro, as it also shows that coffee may be re-planted on old land.

The writer says: "..... I would like to say that thoughtful men here are beginning to believe that it is not the land that is so much exhausted, as the trees themselves that require renewal; and the re-planting of old coffee estates, not with tea, but with coffee, has been successfully tried by several Mysore men.

The ground in that direction was broken first,

experiences. Ten years ago, when I saw his work, he had some very promising young plantings on land that had been under coffee for over 30 years. He had taken out all the old giant coffee trees, and planted up with Coorg plants, raised from seed I sent him. I had at the time in the same district a good large acreage (about 700 acres) under old Mysore coffee of the caste that no one now thinks of planting, namely, the chick tree, with straight upright branches, a very sparse bearer, but when it can be induced to give a crop, it produces what put Mysore coffee into the front rank in the Lon don market, (Cannon's high priced Mysore is from the old Mysore chick trees). It is not, how ever, found to pay; as, when the trees are old they bear only once in 3 or 4 years, so that the quality, in a commercial sense, does not make up for quantity.

"I hesitated in going to the length Mr. Jepp

went, so I duplicated my places, by planting a seedling from Coorg seed between the old coffee trees in the lines of the coffee, leaving the space between the lines for working. As the seedlings grew the branches of the old coffee trees were sawn off until the stem was free of branches; couple or more of suckers were then allowed to grow from the tops of the old trees, that thickened out and afforded shade, and the sight of these high suckers, often bent down with crop was a novel one. This hacking about renewed the vigour of the old veterans probably and set the sap flowing in a new direction, I suppose, for they bore crop for a while; but there is not one of them left now they have all been uprooted by my brothers, who have since worked the places, and instead of the old unproductive trees, there are 700 acres of as fine Coorg coffee as any planter would wish to see.

"I should say that in all cases of reclamation in Mysore the most careful attention has been paid to the covering of the estates with shade trees of the most approved kinds. The system, as to shading, practised in Mysore and Coorg may be class under two heads: 1st—planting under the original forest; and 2nd—planting in the open on the Ceylon plan and raising shade afterwards. The first plan is not suitable for your (Ceylon) climate and rainfall. The most successful and most lasting properties in these parts (Mysore and Coorg) are at a ruling elevation of 3,000 feet with an average rainfall of 50 to 80 inches. It is found that the estates with the lightest rainfall produce the highest priced coffee, and this may be accounted for prob ably by the fact that the trees do not get a severe check in the monsoon, and go on growing and maturing their produce, while those in more severe climates stagnate in the cold rain and winds. I myself have a conspicuous example of that theory an estate I have in Mysore, with a mild climate and an annual rainfall of about 40 inches. Climate there is moderated by perfect shade, almost all secondary or planted, and the coffee bean produced is bold and dark green, bringing top prices. Without the perfect shade it is under it could not exist coffee growing in the open in that dry climate being

impossible.
"To describe the system practised in these parts as to shading, I can not do better than mention best and most thorough piece of work in my opinion that has been done in Coorg for some years, in every way; it is to be found on the Greenfield estate in S. E. Coorg. It was almost cleaned felled, and the timber, which was valuable, It consists of 2 laks of plants. worked out. out down in honest 18 in, cube pits in July and August of 1888. It was planted with good seedlings, and the growth was so rapid, that they were most of them fit to top in one year, except in places where original shade trees of good caste were left; here the growth was checked. In every second line and at every second tree a shade second line and at every second tree a shade seedling or seed was planted. Mr. J. de Vaz, the seedling or seed was planted. Mr. J. de Vaz, the managing proprietor, who is an advanced and thorough planter, told me he should thin the shade out later, when grown. The estate had been well kept and was thoroughly dug after planting; the shade in a little over a year was above the

"Jak is a favorite tree of Mr. de Vaz, from seed planted at stake, two seeds in case of failure, the extra plant taken out after a year. Many planters object to jak as the fruit falls about, breaking coffee branches and attracting cattle and pigs, but that objection can be got over by reaping the fruit before ripe and burying it for manure in the coffee ...

"Now a few words as to trees most suitable for shade... All the fig family can be raised from cuttings or stakes, and some from seed, notably the one most in favor among planters, the common fig (F. Glomerala). The best way to raise it is to mix the fruit with fresh cow-dung, make it into cakes and dry, powder when dry and plant in nurseries. It is leafless in the monsoon but covnurseries. It is leafless in the monsoon but covered with foliage in the dry months, and coffee always thrives under its cool shade, in any climate sideration.

The Ouro Preto cabinet itself did not contemplate the so early inauguration of this tariff, the ready writer, and may be induced to record his Many indeed prefer it before all others. It has

long dark green glossy leaves, admirably suited for coffee. (That trees with bright glossy leaves are always good for shade may be laid down as a rule, while those with dulf, rough leaves F. Tuberculata is a good tree that coffee likes. Ficus retusa is a good shade..."

The above extract is sufficient to show what might be done if Brazilian planters will abandon their old habits and customs and learn from the experience of others how to continue their predominance in That they will the coffee markets of the world. do so, we have little hope, but our native col-leagues throughout the coffee zone should call the attention of planters to what is printed above, explaining at the same time that no visio wary ideas are chronicled, but the experience of practical and intelligent coffee planters.

#### REVOLUTIONARY INCIDENTS.

-The governor of Espirito Santo has changed the name of the Conde d'Eu colony to "Bocayuva

-On the 9th Sr. Silveira Martins was released from his imprisonment on parole not to leave the city of Rio de Janeiro.

-A subscription to offer a sword of honor to Gen. Deodoro has been opened. The limit is fixed at 500 rs. for each subscriber.

-On the 9th inst. the salary of the chief of the provisional government was increased to 10,000\$ per month and for each of the ministers it was fixed at 2,000\$.

-Telegrams dated Lisbon on the 8th and published in some of the local press here state that the Portuguese government had ordered its representatives to maintain friendly relations with the provisional government.

-A telegram dated Buenos Aires, 12th, and published in the Tribuna Liberal, states that everybody there is deploring the fate of the old Brazilian monarch. Only last Sunday (8th) we were assured that the Argentines were celebrating the advent of the Brazilian republic most enthusiastically. Now, which side must a disinterested observer believe?

-A very absurd display of indignation has been made recently over the action of the Lisbon authorities in prohibiting the hoisting of the Brazilian republican flag on the Alagoas, for the reason that the republic had not yet been recognized. Perhaps the Portuguese were super-sensitive in the matter, but as the Alagbas did not have an authorized flag Brazil can afford to say nothing about it.

—Some evil-disposed person telegraphed to Europe that the minister of finance had resigned, and this naturally caused there a feeling of distrust. The news that such a telegram had been sent appears to have been only received here on the 9th or 10th and the report was at once contradicted, Messrs. Rothschild telegraphed on the 10th that the contradiction had been of use in strengthening Brazilian securities.

-The republican committee of the state of Ceará has published the platform for its party, viz: autonomy for the state, with union by federa-tion with the republic; liberty of internal govern ment for the state; free religion; instruction in all grades; civil marriage and secular cemeteries; obligatory military service without substitution; the suppression of all privileges not derived from talent or virtue; salaries for public employés in proportion to the support of an average (regular) family.

-In Amazonas there was not a republican up to 5 p. m. on the 21st ult., the date when the news of the revolution was received from Pará. The military first tried to organize a provisional government, but did not succeed. Dr. Hosannah de Oliveira the called a popular meeting at the Eden Theatre and at 9 p. m. a committee of three was selected to take charge of public affairs. The people then went quietly home-all good republicans, and the whole business done in the short space of four hours.

-A decree dated on December 7th dissolves the municipal chamber of Rio de Janeiro and appoints committee of seven members to manage municipal affairs. The powers of the committee are more ample than those of the council and the government retains the right to modily them. committee will be known as the Conselho de Inten-dencia Municipal, and among its duties are those of examining into acts of the late chamber, the contracts, etc., with power to cancel these when considered advisable for the good of the people.

-An officer of the army publishes in the Diario de Noticias of the 14th a conversation he had with Visconde de Ouro Preto when in confinement at the barracks. The officer, Sr. Bevilacqua, asked the barracks. The officer, Sr. Bevilacqua, asked whether it was not true that the government had decided upon reducing the army to 8,000 men, and the Visconde replied: "Nonsense! a pure invention, a political intrigue; how could this be done when a war with the Argentines was imminent, thanks to the intrigues of Moreno?" Sr. Moreno is the Argentine minister here.

-The governor appointed for the state of Parahyba do Norte is Dr. Albino Gonçalves Meira de Vasconcellos, who has assumed office.

-By a decree of the 13th additions are made to the different branches of the army, by which the effective force is increased to 24,877 rank and file, or nearly double the force under the empire.

-The committee appointed to assume the direction of the municipal affairs of this city is com posed of Srs. Francisco Antonio Pessoa de Barros, Domingos Martins Costa, Jayme Benevolo, Zeferino Teixeira Campos, Matheus Alves de Souza, B. Uchôa Cavalcante and Benjamin Salles. none of these names have been prominent in politics, it is to be hoped that the committee will be a great improvement on the old chamber.

### PROVINCIAL NOTES

-On the 9th inst. the new custom house at Victoria, Espirito Santo, was inaugurated. The governor of the state, representatives of the press, etc., were present.

-The governor of Minas Geraes has abolished the immigrant station at Juiz de Fóra. The employés there received 20,000\$ per annum but wer not receiving any immigrants.

-The governor of Minas Geraes has suspended the immigration measures adopted by the last as-sembly, and has left the creation of colonies of immigrants to the railway companies.

-The state of Rio de Janeiro has a national anthem. Will not 20 different national anthem tend to complicate matters somewhat, if each state adopts one for its own private use?

-The police force of the state of Rio de Janeiro has been fixed at 1,000 officers and men, of which 125 are cavalry, 800 infantry and 40 firemen. These figures include the line, commissioned and non mmissioned officers.

—The police authorities of S. Gonzaga, Rio Grande do Sul, had a severe fight with a band of 16 robbers recently, killing 5 and capturing 3. The other 8 succeeded in escaping. The loss to the police is not reported.

-Governor Portella has succeeded in alleviating the thirst of the inhabitants of Nictheroy by furnishing a supply of water in water-boats and establishing moderate-sized reservoirs in various places for the benefit of the people.

-The governor of S. Paulo has asked the federal government to lurnish vaccine against the cattle pest known as "carbuncle," which has appeared in a stable at the capital. Some 17 cases are repo from Palmeiras in S. Paulo of which 14 had ended

-The governor of Rio de Janeiro has imposed a license tax of 18\$ per cask (pipa) of rum ready for consumption, the minimum tax collected to be 36\$ and the maximum according to the quantity consumed. Why not put the tax on the article at the distillery?

-A strike broke out in Santos some ten days ago among the longshoremen, and some violence resulted. A police detachment was sent down from São Paulo, and order was restored on the 13th, the authorities releasing 29 persons arrested during the strike.

-The governor of Minas Geraes has resolved that the position of director-general of public in-struction in that state shall be competed for within 30 days from the date of the publication of the resolution. The salary is 5,000\$ per annum, with 3,000\$ gratification.

-The governor of Rio de Janeiro, by a decree — The governor of two as Jametro, by a decree of the 7th inst., imposes an expedience tax of 18500 on every petition, application, protest, proposal, etc., presented for consideration, except applications for naturalization. Rio de Janeiro will soon be a good state for emigration.

-The result of the election for a senator from Matto Grosso has only just reached Rio by tele-graph from Montevideo. The liberal ticket was victorious, but who was silly enough to spend money in telegraphing the news here, with no Senate, nor liberal party in existence, is a mystery.

-At the town of Valença, Bahia, a mulatto was arrested recently when endeavoring to pass 1\$ and 500 rs. silver coins, from which the values had been erased and which were gilded to represent 10\$ and 20\$ gold coins. The 1\$ and 500 rs. pieces the size of the gold coins and when gilded would easily mislead an ignorant person.

-Quite an amusing story comes from Corumbá, Matto Grosso. A steamer arrived from down the river, having touched at Paraguayan ports declared to be infected by small-pox and the Corumbá authorities, where some kind of fever was epidemic, ordered the vessel to be placed under observation ordered the vessel to be placed under observation. The doctor sent to visit the steamer was late in arriving, and when he came on board the indignant passengers seized him and thoroughly disinfected him with burning tar, declaring that he had come from a focus of disease.

### RAILROAD NOTES

-Engineer Eugenio Adriano Pereira da Cunha e Mello has been appointed director of the Central of Brazil railway.

At a meeting of the shareholders of the São Paulo Railway Co., held in London on the 20th ult., it was formally voted to surrender the gov-ernment guarantee on their line.

-The contract for the sale of the Campos and Carangola railway was signed on the 10th inst. The Barão de Araruama railway company is the purchaser and the price 7,550,000\$.

-The appointment of Dr. Ewbank da Camara as government purchasing agent in Europe has been cancelled. The appointee is Dr. Conrado de Niemeyer, formerly of the D. Pedro II line.

-Charles Henry Sanford and Francis Arthur Bowen, or the company organized by them, are, by decree No. 10,447 of November 9th last, declared to be the purchasers of the Villa Isabel tramway.

-Decree No. 37, dated on December 5th, approves the surveys of the Minas and Rio railway extension from Tres Corações to navigable water of the Rio Verde. The extension is 561/2 kilom etres and the guaranteed capital 1,695,000\$.

-Decree No. 10,449 dated on November 9th last approves the final surveys of the branch of the Minas and Rio railway from kilometre 106 on the trunk line to Campauha, passing through Lambary, the watering place, and Cambuquira, and fixes the guaranteed capital at 2,509,500\$.

The workmen at the shops of the Central lway at Engenho de Dentro, near this city, struck on the 11th for higher wages and for the suppression of job work (empression). The police arrested the ringleaders, although there appears to have been no serious disorder, and afterwards the men returned to work.

-According to the annual report of the Macahé and Campos company, the receipts of that line and branches during the year ending June 30th last were as follows

Main line, Rio to Campos, railway

Campos to S. Fidelis, river naviga-

tion.
Lucca to Miracema, branch.
Cantagallo branch [10 mos.]...
S. Sebastião line [5 mos.]...
Rio station. 90,393 760 371,358 380 193,686 900 27,965 120 182,181 670

Total..... Expenditures .....

1,103,250\$477 726,629 120 in receipts over 1887-88. The freight traffic included 32,459 metrical to of coffee and 12,209 tons of sugar.

### LOCAL NOTES

-Isabel II, ex-Queen of Spain, is the latest adherent to the Brazilian republic, if telegrams dated Madrid on the 8th inst. are credible.

-The mininister of marine has asked his colleague at the war department to furnish him all the material suitable for cannon that is on deposit at the arsenal.

-"The complete extinction of capeeiras" under police consideration. The means are easy hemp, powder and lead according to symptoms, but all quant. suff.

-The Chilian minister lost a young son from accesso pernicioso" on the 10th. The embalmed body of the child is to be sent to Chili on board the ironclad Almirante Cockrane.

-A telegram received in Petropolis, dated at Lisbon, from a member of the Emperor's suite, says the jewellery supposed to have been stolen is in the possession of the Empress.

-Before leaving for Europe, Conde de Figueiredo has presented 60,000\$ to the Lyceo de Artes e the shops it is proposed to mount, and promised an equal sum for the same purpose on his

-Sr. José Fernandes da Costa Pereira, a prominent conservative politician under the old regime and minister of empire in the João Alfredo cabinet when the abolition law was passed, died here on the 10th inst.

-Sr. Moreno, Argentine minister here, very much visited on the 8th in recognition of the festas held in Buenos Aires. Some of the visiting commissions are said have appeared at the unholy hour of 8 a.m.

-Among the musical selections at the fête given on the 8th by the French colony to the Brazilian people, was the "Song of Departure." It was no It was not neant probably, but under the circumstances the selection was a little so-so

-Another attack on the exporters is prop —Another attack on the exporters is proposed. It is to declare that all coffee must be shipped during the week in which it is dispatched, and thus prevent the exporters making a difference, when the paula advances, by dispatching previously.

-Perhaps as reading and writing (two of the three R's.) are requisite for electoral politicia is will turn school-masters and form a following ab eschola.

-It is announced that Dr. Albert Salles will go to Washington as Brazilian minister and as president of the commission to the Three Americas Congress Dr. Salles is about 30 years old, a graduate of the S. Paulo law school, and has been connected with the press. He is a brother of the minister of justice

-On the 9th the minister of interior authorized the board of health to acquire the material neces sary for flushing the sewers and surface water drains with sea-water. The old Chamber of Deputies has also been placed at the disposition of the board to serve as headquarters.

-The engineer of the board of health informed the president that as his mother had died he could not enter upon his duties during the period of mourning. The president told the secretary to take the engineer out of mourning in his name, for his service was urgent at present.

The report is mentioned that the Brazilian legation at Buenos Aires will be given to Dr. Assis Brazil and that at Montevideo to Dr. Ramiro Barcellos. Both are young men, the former a lawyer the latter a physician, and have been both connected with the press in their native province.

-A story is told on one of the principal journals here that shows how exciting the revolution was advertiser had occasion to refer to the back numbers and asked at the office to see the file but the revolutionary days were missing, the party in charge having forgotten to file them.

-Under the heading "daily counsel" a local colleague says that to render a cord or thread in combustible it is enough to tie it as tight as possible around a glass, or earthenware cup, full of water; but leaves us in doubt what good the cord or thread will be after it is tied on the glass or cup.

-The body of a young man, a member of a good family, Teixeira Leite, and a partner in a factor house here, was found near the Jardim Botanico on the 9th. He had blown his brains out for unexplained reasons. His life had been insured for \$40,000 in the New York Life Insurance company

-Barão do Alto-Mearim-why the respectable Portuguese subject assumed this title will always remain a mystery-presented his fellow organizer of the Banco Constructor, Sr. Mayrink, on his birth-day with the silver service and Sèvres crock ery used by the Imperial family at the ball on Ilha Fiscal.

-One of the first moves of the health visitor —One of the intri moves of the heater should be the entire prohibition to dwellers in the centre of the city to keep innumerable pet dogs, cats, parrots, fowls, etc. If disease would only cats, parrots, fowls, etc. If disease would only attack the owners of the bichos, nothing could be said, but these private menageries are foci of disease for the whole neighborhood.

-A scarcity of cattle at the slaughter house at Santa Cruz sent the price of beef up here during the week, while at the same time there were said to be 5,000 head of cattle for sale at Tres Corações on the Minas and Rio railway. It is to be hoped that the very first steps of the new municipal government will be towards a complete change in this matter of supplying the city with meat.

-The president of the Associação Commercial is not happy in "adhering." He adhered to the national guard, that is gone; the Affonso Celso government merited his adhesion, that also is gone; and just after adhering to the manufacturers' tariff demand, the president learns that this demand is likely to go too. Three "mis-adhesions" in less than two months should suffice even the president of the Associação Commercial.

—At the meeting of the board of health held on the 8th the president gave his delegates a little much-needed scolding. He said no excuses would hereafter be received that orders issued to house owners and occupants were not observed because force could not be used to impose this observance, for the government had promised every form of assistance to the board and its delegates. He further called upon his colleagues who felt any hesitation in accepting their new obligations, to resign before this was forced upon them. House-ohouse visiting appears to be the determination of the board and it is to be hoped that a change for the better will be the result.

—At a meeting of artists, painters, designers. -At the meeting of the board of health held on

—At a meeting of artists, painters, designers, architects, sculptors, engravers, etc., held on the 8th, it was resolved to request the government to make drawing an obligatory feature in the higher classes of public instruction, and for employes in government shops, until such time as implit be extended to primary schools; professors to be processionals with rewards from native or foreign art associations, etc. Further it was resolved to ask that the planning and building of houses, palaces (sic) and other buildings should be permitted to architects and engineers alone. The first part leads to a belief that the artists are not averse to government employment; the second interferes with the "rights of man", who should be at liberty to build his palace according to his own views, so long as municipal laws are regarded. Altogether the meeting of the artists very much resembles a mutual protection society. -At a meeting of artists, painters, designers

-The ex-deputies, sent about their business so inceremoniously, have one cause to rejoice; they have escaped the awfully hot weather in Rio.

-The Dutch squadron that had been in port for ome days, left on the 9th; the Argentine cruises Argentina and the Br. gunboat Swallow also left port on the 10th.

-The silver-ware of Prince Pedro Augusto, left by him at his residence here, has been inventoried and deposited for safe keeping in the S. Christovão

-Miss Antonietta Dias, a native of Pelotas, Rio Grande do Sul, defended her thesis for the degree of M. D. on the 11th at the medical school here and was approved plenamente.

On the 12th it was announced that 300 individuals known or suspected to be capoeiras were in durance. Now let us see what will be done with them. The files of the army are open.

There were 65 deaths registered on the 10th, of which I from sun-stroke, 7 from accesso pernicioso, 2 from yellow fever and 10 from small pox. The city evidently needs prompt cleaning; perhaps it is even now too late to avoid a very much increased mortality.

-The president of the ex-municipal chamber roposes to prosecute the Gazeta da Tarde and O Dia, two afternoon journals, for libel. The former has been attacking the councilmen for months and the latter was rather strong in its language on the 11th.

On the 11th the minister of interior asked the —On the 11th the minister of increased and im-minister of agriculture to order increased and im-proved facilities for the beef supply of the city over the Central railway. We have heard so many of these requests made, that we feel doubtful about the present one being successful.

—A local journal says Dr. Lopes Trovão is to sent by the government to study and report on the systems of official primary education in France, Switzerland and Italy. We take it for granted although we have never seen it claimed for himthat the doctor is an expert in the matter.

-It is to be hoped that no cryptococci of the rhetorical disease have lingered about the old Chamber of Deputies, for it would be a serious thing were the board of health to become infected. It has suffered so severely from red-tape-worm, that if rhetoric were developed no one can estimate the consequences.

-According to the Fornal do Commercio one will be able to marry civilly as much as he pleases, but divorce will be forbidden. We thought that Frenchman's writings which the Jornal so carefully translated would alarm the government and induce some protection against the wild American system of bondage-breaking.

-A citizen doctor has taken a large contract. He is going to the interior of Minas Geraes to form republican clubs, hold meetings and unite under the republican flag the old political parties. We wish him every success, and also better luck than he had when he presented himself a deputy at the ex-Chamber, if he comes back again.

-It was a bitter pill to the Brazilian colony in Paris to have to confess that they knew nothing Paris to have to contess that they knew nothing whatever of the state of affairs in the country they have so long pretended to represent. The utter ignorance of the whole crowd from the minister down to the grand Sant'Anna Nery, will oblige them to take off some of their borrowed plames, and to read a few Rio journals hereafter.

-Dr. Havelburg, a physician of this city, writes — Dr. Havelburg, a physician of this city, writes to the press that he has analyzed fluid taken from the City Improvements station near the navy yard before and after disinfection. In the first case he discovered 25,000 microscopical organisms, besides undissolved organic matter, but this number was reduced to 190 after disinfection. One cubic centimetre was the volume analyzed in each case.

-The coffee factors at the meeting held in this city on the 12th adopted the project of a law, to be city on the 12th adopted the project of a law, to be submitted to the governor of Rio de Janeiro, relative to the collection of the provincial export duty on coffee. It seems rather complicated and will lead, if adopted, to a good deal of speculation in guias. Among other statements made at the meeting was one that the planters are in blissful ignorance of the fact that the duties come out of their own pockets. ignorance of the f their own pockets.

-We were under the impression that the representative of one of the Buenos Aires journals who came here recently, was in search of informa-tion about the revolution. We were wrong. He came here to be the first journalist to participate with the Brazilians in celebrating the institution of the glorious republic. At least that is what was said at his departure, and judging from his very short stay here, it did not require much time to participate, etc.

-The unanimity with which Greeks and Trojans -we mean liberals and conservatives-agree —we mean liberals and conservatives—agree that the republic is a fact, is only equalled by their entire agreement that the voice of the people is requisite to endorse this fact. As some of the prespoint out, this great solicitude for constitutional government does not fit over-well on leaders who were more or less implicated in the conduct of elections under the old order of things, and savors of the flesh-pots.



-It is said that over 400 capoeiras, all old offenders, were sent away a few days since, destined for Fernando de Noronha. Good! Now let some of the protectors and employers of these knaves be sent after them!

-The November immigrant arrivals at this port numbered 2,811, and at Santos 386, making a total of 43,367 since January 1st for the former, and 16,801 for the latter. The arrivals at Victoria this year have been 1,664.

-The government let the municipal chamber down as easily as was possible under the cir-cumstances, but that afternoon journal that has been "nagging" the ex-most illustrious chamber will claim it was its little hatchet that did the job.

-We venture again-and this time with, we hone, some chance of success-to call the attention hope, some chance of success—to call the attention of the municipal authorities to the unrighteous manner in which the side-walks of the narrow streets are invaded by shop-keepers who use the public way as a place for exposing their wares. In many streets quite one-half of the side-walks are thus obstructed and it is a crying shame; the shop-keepers should be obliged to keep within doors, and every article on, or above, the side-walk that obstructs traffic should be ruthlessly confiscated.

-The Novidades on the 11th announces two —The Novidades on the 11th announces two cases that call for inquiry. Some one representing himself to be from the chief of the provisional government, confiscated two carriages and a fine pair of horses, the personal property of Conde d'Eu, at the Palacio Isabel, and on the 17th of November two large waggons left the S. Christovão Palace loaded with packages that went to a house in the Rua de S. Clemente. As the Emperor only left Rio on the morning of the 17th this sudden moving looks suspicious.

moving looks suspicious.

—On the 14th at the department of agriculture three proposals for laying the telegraph cable to connect Brazil and the United States were opened. One is signed by the president of the "Gentral and South American Telegraph Company," the second by the representative of the "Société Generale de Telephons" and the "Société Française de Telegraphes Sons-Marins," and the third, sent from the legation at Washington, is signed by the president and secretary of the "D. Pedro II American Telegraph and Cable Company." No particulars are given, and no remarks as to any decision are published.

#### DIED.

MUNN—In Santos, on December 8th, 1889, Mrs. Eleanor Munn, late of Egerton, Kent, En-gland, aged 56 years.

### FINANCIAL NOTES

-The Banco União da Bahia is to be granted the right of issue.

-The exchanges at the clearing house last week amounted to 9,514,289\$310.

-A new banking institution, the capital of which is 2,000,000\$, has been founded here under the name of the Sociedade Bancaria do Rio de Janeiro. To judge from the names of the organizers it will draw its business from the factor class.

-At a meeting of the shareholders of the Banco Popular de S. Paulo, held on the 12th, it was resolved to change the name to the Banco Provincial de S. Paulo, to increase the capital and to reorganize under the banks of issue law.

-The Novidades, which, if we remember aright, —The Novidades, which, if we remember aright, was one of the endorsers of the gold notes law, has been holding a panie in terrorem over the minister of finance unless he will advance funds to certain banks, two of which are named, to be used in supplying the needs of the market. The Novidades is certainly unnecessarily alarmed, for if its bugbear, the end of December fluidation on the Stock Exchange, is settled in the same manner as was done in November—no one paying—there can be no squeeze to cause a panic. It would be simply suicidal to come to the assistance of bankrupt speculators, and a thinning out of the 23 banking institutions already working in Rio would be far from the cruel wickedness interested parties would make it. Masterly inactivity is the true policy of the Treasury, and let us see the "survival of the fittes?" in the money market.

—The following amounts were advanced by the

-The following amounts were advanced by the Treasury to the respective banks up to November

30th last:	
Banco Agricola	2,000,000\$
Banco do Brazil	7,500,000
Banco olonisador e Agricola	500,000
Banco C. Real do Brazil	5,500,000
do de S. Paulo	3,000,000
Banco Industrial e Mercantil	500,000
Banco Lavoura e Commercio	5,000,000
Banco Predial	400,000
Banco Territorial de Minas	800,000

Against which these banks had furnished planters ith the following:

with the following:	
Banco Agricola	4,103,555\$911
Banco do Brazil	14,626,343 909
Banco Colonisador e Agricola	270,314 840
Banco C. Real do Brazil	5,180,627 390
do de S. Paulo	3,259,157 500
Banco Industrial e Mercantil	791,500 000
Banco Lavoura e Commercio	2,904,517 500
Banco Predial	340,138 480
Banco Territorial de Minas	706,636 770
	OC. T. C. BOOK STONE STO

32, 182, 792\$290

leaving 18,217,207\$710 still to be advanced by the banks; on 31st October this lalance was 16,386,268\$664, but the Treasury advanced during November 3,950,000\$, and the banks employed 6,069,060\$354.

—On the 7th Banco Nacional shares were sold for next March at 60\$—61\$ premium; on the 10th the contract was publicly declared off by mutual

-The first balance sheet of the Banco Constructor of the 30th ult. shows what is possible in Rio. The bank with about \$,000,000\$ paid up capital had succeeded in employing the whole amount in loans, so that the money was not taken off the market. market.

#### COMMERCIAL

	Rio de Janeiro, December 1	6th, 1889.
Par value	of the Brazilian milreis (1\$000), gold.	27 d.
	coin at \$4.86,65 per £1 stg	54 75 cts.
do	\$1.00 (U. S. coin) Brazilian gold	1\$827
do	of £1 stg. in Brazilian gold	8 890
Bank rate	of exchange official on I and on to don	4

#### EXCHANGE.

December 9—Official quotations at the banks were 27½ on London, 350–331 on Paris and 432–434 on Hamburg at 00 dis; 13840 on New York at sight. The market was quiet with bank sterling reported at 27½ and commercial quieted at 27 sq. 161–27½.

December 30.—There is very little doing in the market and official rates at the banks show no change. Bank sterling was reported at 27½ and 27 sq. 162–27½ were the quotations for commercial.

Dank sterling commercial.

December 11.—The banks continue at 27½ on London and the market was quiet and firm. The quotations for commercial sterling were again 27 316—27½ but the banks seem to have been taking elsewhere, possibly in Santos. December 12.—There is still very fittle doing and all rates are quite unchanged. Brokers again reported business in bank sterling at 27½ and the quotations for commercial were continued at 27 316—27½.

December 13.—The market oppende at yesterday's rates at the banks, but became flat during the day, and in the afternoon 27½ could not be flat, the banks retiring. Some afternoon 27½ could not be flat, the banks retiring. Some greater in the marking at 27½ for bank, and brokers quived, rather nominally, commercial sterling at 27½ for bank, and brokers quived, rather nominally, commercial sterling at 27½ for bank, and brokers quived, rather nominally, commercial sterling at 27½ for bank, and brokers quived, rather nominally, commercial sterling at 27½ for bank, and the properties of the market was a long to the property of the property

and brokers quoted, rather nominally, commercial sterling at 27 516.

December 14.—Official rates at the banks were lower, viz: 27 on London, 354-353 on Paris and 436-438 on Hamburg at 50 dis: 18850-1886 on New York at sight. There was very little doing and the market was reported rather flat at the close. In commercial sterling nothing was reported. Sovereigne closed with buyers at 63605, selfers at 58150. December 16.—The Banco Nacional opened with the official rate of 27 on London, but was not followed by all the banks are stored to the commercial paper would find ready unkered monthly and commercial paper would find ready unkered monthly and commercial paper would find ready unkered to the commercial paper would find ready unkered with the fluctuations due to the legitimate demand for and supply of exchange, it may do so to prevent an undue depreciation of the currency, as disadvantageous to the credit of the country.

ENGLISH BANK OF RIO DE TANEIRO. LIMITED

	al, 50,000 shares at £20			
do	paid up		00,000	
Reser	rve Fund		50,000	
BALANC	CE SHEET, 30TH NOV	EMBER	R, 1889.	
	Assets.			
Capital, un-cal	lled d teed accounts, etc		4,444,444	\$444
Bills discounte	:d		1,206,693	726
Loans, guaran	teed accounts, etc		8,228,588	902
Bills receivable	c		842,688	440

Bills receivable. 842,688 440
Securities for loans, accounts current, etc. 3,203,808 327
Sundry accounts. 2,708,617, 200

Cash	933,676	424
	21,658,517	\$673
Liabilities.		
Capital	8,888,888	888
Deposits in account current	610,791	
do do with notice	2,776,364	456
do fixed maturity and by bills		843
Securities for advances and on deposit	3,188,925	997
Bills payable	60,544	
do deposited	14,882	350
Sundry accounts	2,034,349	915
E. & O. E. Rio de Janeiro, 5th December, 1889.	21,658,517	673
For the English Bank of Rio de Janeiro,	Limited,	

J. S. Lambley, Manager. H. Scott, Accountant

	SALES OF STOCKS AND SHARES.	
1	December 9	
50	Banco do Brazil	2
	Banco Constructor	
	Banco Popular, 2 series	
150	Leopoldina R.R	
200	do subs	

. 50	Danco do Diazii	2034000
1,000	Banco Constructor	47
бо	Banco Popular, 2 series	88
150	Leopoldina R.R	160
200	do subs	25
19	deb. do 200\$	190
I	December 10.	
3	Five per cent. apolices	960\$000
100	Banco Constructor	46
150	Banco Nacional	81
600	do	82
500	do b. o. 3: Mar, prem	62
50	Banco Popular, 2 series	88
200	Campos and Carangola R.R. w subs	200
100	Leopoldina R.R. subs	25
46	Macahé and Campos R.R	93
100	do	94
5	Carris Urbanos tramway	245
100	Brazileira de Navegação	345
100	Atalaia Insce	9\$500
10	Integridade do	130
170	Vigilancia do	9
94	União	220
46	hyp. notes Banco C. Real do Brazil, 6%	85%
I	December 11.	and the second
230	deb. Sorocabana R.R. 100\$	86%
20	Banco Auxiliar	150\$000
20	do	152
175	Banco do Brazil	267
18	do	268
200	Banco Constructor	46
100	Banco Industrial	195
100	do	198
100	Banco Mercantil dos Varegista	198
286	Banco Nacional	80
170	Leopoldina R.R. subs	23
120	Sorocabana R.R. 40\$ pd	82
11	Carris Urbanos tramway	245
770 8110	S. Christovão do	280
423	Brazileira de Navegação	356

	ecember 12.	
143	deb. Sorocabana R.R. 100\$	85%
87	hyp. notes Banco Predial	70%
29	,, do	7100
100	Banco do Brazil	270\$000
250	Banco Constructor	45
41	Leopoldina R.R	155
50	Macahé and Campos R. R	95
157	Brazileira de Navegação	350
16	Alliança Insce	18
Γ	December 13.	
110	deb. Sorocabana R.R. 100\$	85%0
74	Banco do Brazil	270,000
50	Banco Commercial, 2 series.	7.5
450	Banco Constructor	43
100	Banco Industrial	195
Ó45	Banco Nacional	76
50	do	77
267	do	79
I	December 14.	
42	Five per cent. apolices	960\$000
632	Banco do Brazil	270
153	Banco Commercial	252
100	do 2 series	75
100	Banco Constructor	41
.075	do	42
80	Banco Nacional	75
50	Banco União de Credito	40
130	Macahé and Campos R.R	94
100	do b.o. 31 Jan	100
60	Sorocabana R.R. 40\$ p.d	75
ton	hyp. notes Banco Predial	7000

### SUMMARY OF THE CITY BANKS' STATEMENTS.

November 30th (in contos de réis or 1:000\$000) We include in circulation the issue of hypothecary notes which are not however legal tender.

which are not however	egal tender.	any notes,
Liabilities:  Capital paid up	Treasury bils Bils discented Bils discented Call loans, etc Bils receivable Bils receivable Real estate, Public flunds. Debenitures and shares Mortgages. Accounts in Inquidation. All other Cash	9,000
2,000 2,786 2,786	1.437 1.416 1.250	Agricola
	11111111111	Auxiliar
3,188 1,115 1,695 1,695 3,188	1,582 201 201 142 1,022	Brasilian- ische
140.856 39.700 19.388 13.28 48,053 48,053 1.089 1.089 1.089 1.0856	28,631 43,289 1,556 1,628 8,105 2,817 21,313 6,110 10,403	Brazii
3,968 500 22 3,119 201 126 3,968	3,394 219 11 1337	Caixa Credito Com- mercial
3,819 2,419 117 2 1,281 3,819	2.795 3.8 3.3 3.3 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7	Colonisa- dor e A gricola
2,373 12,998 2,373 11,891 1,099 1,295 29,657	10,156 10	Commer- cial
547	2 5 8 95 8 1 8 8 1 9 8 8 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Commer- ciantes
26,576 13,600 2,168 6,444 125 4,239 26,576	10,191 3,988 693 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 26	Com- mercio
8,131 178 178	800 800 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	Cons- tructor
34.113 3,653 141 14,055 1,362 1,362 34,113	1,893 8,997 150 217 16,677	Credito Real do Brazil
2,000 2,000 200 3,927 2,416 68 246 8,857	632 3,830 1,016	Det- credere
14,010 4,444 1,4471 61 2,034 14,010	934 934	English
20,503 6,224 1,020 6,189 744 6,326	6,357 4,021 4,021 31 2,106 1,857 1,158 1,269 1,269 1,269	Industrial
1,813 400 1,325 1,813	101 1120 1120 1130 1130 1130 1130 1130 1	Inter- mediario
3,998 3,998  300  6,209	2.097 3,272 3,272 213 1,969 213 2,366	Lavoura e Com- mercio
5,556 5,556 4,339 143 9,280 19,308	909 3,741 1,576 800 :: 9,898 2,384	London & Brazilian
3,644 1,993 -3 513 1,135 1,135	2,245 2,231	Mercantil dos Vare- gistas
76,738 17,998 11,010 26,230 44 21,456 76,738	6,385 22,001 2,497 14,104 1,869 6,951 22,931	Nacional do Brazil
2,601 13 1,317 1,80 4,111		Popular
4,111   12,076   4,200   1,200   1,200   1,200   1,200   1,200   1,317   1,3	153 9 9 11 421  9,871 1,596	Predial
27,235 2,821 27,235 27,235 27,235 27,235 2,145 43,125	6,104 19,411 162 394 8,211 5,068 152 351 24 3,248	Rurai
4,763 1,994 81 2,236 3,76 3,76 4,763	673 2,032 825 736	União de Credito
475,284 143,916 28,431 44,813 44,813 52,755 3,290 5,498 475,284	72,600 153,399 8,379 5,910 39,316 20,395 20,395 53,175 8,836 8,836 49,748	Totals '

#### MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 16th December, 1889. Exports.

Exports.

Coffee. — Business during the past week, has been somewhat restricted by the very much reduced stock, but even so something over too,000 bags appear to have changed hands. Receipts are again sharply increased, which has given color to the idea that they have become a question of price; the impression seems to be gaining ground, however, that foreign markets will require all that can be sent in, for advices from them are reported to be strong, and the strong control to the idea that they have become a question of price; the impression seems to be gaining ground, however, that foreign markets will require all that can be sent in, for advices from them are reported to be strong, and the markets have a tracked the strong of the control of t

65,569 bags.

For the same time the daily foreign clearances at the ustom house amount to:

 
 132,193
 bags.

 ne vessels cleared with coffee are:
 bags.

 United States:
 bags.

 10
 New York Amer str Allianga.
 16,318

 14
 Baltimore Br bk Campanero.
 250
 14 Danumer - Knope:

c. 5 Medderranean Aust sir Szechenyi ...

do Ital sir Birmania ...

11 do Fr sir Provence ...

12 Hamburg Gerst Argentina ...

13 Genoa Ital sic Città di Koma ...

4 Antwer p. do ...

Etemberg : ... 3,700 4,750

Elsewhere:
Dec. 11 Kiver Plate Fr str Orénoque.
13 do Br str Neva. 353 Receipts last week were 46,524 bags, against 39,882 bags or the week before and 33,000 bags for the preceding week. The market is reported firm this morning at the following notations: Washed .... per 10 kilos.
Superior .... nominal

DAILY COFFEE REPORTS.

Rio Associação Commercial daily cablegram to New York

* Receipts for a days. † Stock in 1st and 2nd hands.	and freight by steamer	do Good and, per 10 kilos expenses	and freight by steamer	Prices: Regular 1st, per 10 kilos expenses	Steamer freight U. States	Exchange on London, commercial	State of the market	do Europe	Shipments for United States, bags	do Santos	Receipts yesterday, bags	do de 2nd hands	Stock this morning 1st hands, bags	4
	;	;	;	;	:	;	firm	7,000	5,00.	9,000	5,000	:	183,000 †	Dec. 10
	:	:	:	;	;	:	firm	7,000	5,000	8,000	5,000	:.	174,000†	Dec. 11
	:	:	:	:	:	;	firm	7,000	5,000	11,000	5,000	:	167,0001	Dec. 12
	:	:	:	:	;	: ,	firm	5,000	;	11,000	5,000	:	167,000 †	Dec. 13
	:	;	:	:	:	: "	firm	5,000	:	10,000	9,000	:	170,000 †	Dec. 14
	181% c	6,4000	20 €	6:1700	25 c & 5%	271/8 d	firm	:	:	12,000	18,000	:	177,000	Dec. 16

### WEEKLY SUMMARY.

	D	ecember 14th
-	Shipments for United States during the week. do for Europe, etc do do . Sailing clearances for the United States	46,000 ,,
	Steamer clearances do [3]	36,000
	Clearances for Europe and elsewhere Freights by steamer	22,000 ,,
-	Steamers loading for United States	25 0 0 5%0
	Stockat Santos this morning, 1st and 2nd hands	217,000 bags
	Sales for United States during week	14,000 ,,
-	do Europe do	
.	Shipments to United States do. 1 steamer	3,000 ,,
	do Europe do	38,000 ,,
	Market firm : Good Average	6\$100
	Steamers loading for United States	2

DAILY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS OF

Freight per steamer, 5% primage	Exchange on London	do Good 2nd. do	Average price Ordinary 1st per arroba	do 2nd do	Stock, 1st hands	Clearances	Total Shipments bags	,, Elsewhere,	,, Cape.	,, Europe	Shipments U. States	Receipts	,
		:	-				-						I #
30 C	273% d	8\$600	9\$450	1	185,355	11,502	12,892	1	:	7,271	5,621	5.342	ec. 9
30 C	2736	8,600	9,450	:	175,713	8,243	14,499	1,727	;	7.504	5,268	4,857	Dec. 10
30 C	2736	8,600	9.450	:	168.528	10,168	11,707	704		7,060	3,943	4.522	Dec. 11
30 C	273/8	8,600	9,450	:	168,648	1,600	5,337	822	1	4,455	:	5,457	Dec. 12
25 C	27 5[16	8,600	9,450	:	171,428	18,628	5,862	1.	:	5,612	250	8.642	Dec. 13
25 C		8,600	9.450	:	173,475	82,052	10,272			10,272	:	12,319	Dec. 14
	1	:	:	:	:79,159	:	;	:	:	:	:	5,684	Dec. 15
	:	:	:	:	:	149,276	130,064	5,311	:	60,734	64,019	90,442	Dec. 9. Dec. 10 Dec. 11 Dec. 12 Dec. 13 Dec. 14 Dec. 15 since 15 Since 15 Dec.
:	:	:		:	:	:	1,062,827	107,496	41,907	247,011	666,413	963.722	l'otals since 1st July

#### Imports.

Imports.

There has been but little doing in the markets for the pass week, as we are approaching the end of the year. Receipts of Flour are considerable and the market has become demonstrated for the large and the market has become demonstrated for the large and the market has become demonstrated for the large and the trapiches are about filled with the large and of storage, the trapiches can about filled with the large and the short short has been obliged to the market short and the repeated when the problems of the short short and the large and the large short and the considerable has been obliged to the large form a market of pine the receipt are an insignificant or considerable and the large short and two cagoes of Spince, of which one is far account of deeless and the other has been sold on terms that do not transpire. Pitch pine is quite nominal and the quantity white pine that, some 1 per can capoes, is very large which is proposed to the large short and two capoes of spince, of which one is far at machine and the proposed per control of the short short and the short shor

White Wings, from Baltimore:	
Sundry brands New Light, do:	7,000 brls
Sundry brands D. Pedro II, do:	3,862 ,,
Sundry brands	3,696 ,,
Sundry brands	1,000 ,,
Economo	700 ,,
	16.258 hule

N.B.—The Alliança brought 6,000 bits, and not 3,640 as given in our last issue.

Sales and withdrawals for the week are about 10,000 bits breely represented by direct imports to dealers, and stock in first hands is estimated to be:

4,000 bits. American

4,000 in. Trieste

38,000 brls.

Brokers report the market demoralized, but quote as follows viz:

	and duote in
Trieste, SSSF Richmond 1st	14\$000-14\$250 13 •00-13 500
do 2nd	11 000-12 000
Baltimore 1st	12 750-13 000
do 211d	12 000-12 250
Western & Int Chili	. 12 000—13 000 nominal
River Plate	do
City Mills	11 750-12 750

Pitch Pine.—Receipts nil and the market entirely nominal. The quantity of pine afloat and loading for our market is very heavy.

is very neavy.

White Pine.—The only receipts are 16,947 feet per Colorado from Boston. The market continuer steady with New
York boards still queted at 93—95 rs. per tol.

Swedish Pine.—No receipts and the market is still reported nominal.

ported nommal.

Spruce Pine.—Receipts are 405,371 feet per George E.

Corbett from Tadousac and 517,300 feet per Peru trom Mitis.

The first cargo is on order and the other has been sold p. t.

Kerosene.—Receipts nil, and the market is reported flat
at 5\$500—5\$600 per case.

at \$\$yo=-\$\$000 per raw, and the market is reported flat
Lard.—Receipts have been 2,175 kegs per White Wings
\$50 per New Light, 1,500 per ditasissiply and 4,100 per D
Poto II, all from Baldiuner. The market is still firm with
lots quoted at 400-42015, per lb and 46015, quoted at 1etail.
Bran.—No receipts of foreign. We may still quote River
Plate nominally at 2\$000-2\$100 per bag, and city mills at
\$\$500-\$\$500.
Indian Corn.—Receipts have been:

an Co	rn.	Receipts have be	en:
20,000 1	ags p	er Newton from	River Plate
5.274	,,	Birmania	do
7,311	,,	Piimsoll .	do
292	.,,	Provence	do
1,157	.,,	Washington	do
4.395	"	Mary Ann	do
1,198	"	White Wings	from Baltimor
691	.,	New Light	do

River Plate corn is quoted at 3\$000—3\$600 per bag, according to condition, and domestic, northern corn, at 3\$200—3\$400; the market remains flat.

Rosin.—The New Light, Mississippi and D. Pedro II brought 1,200 brls from Baltimore. Brokers still quote, as to marks, at 75000—105000 per brl.

Turpentine.—Quite unchanged at 440—463 rs. per kilogramme. There have been no receipts.

HAy.—Receipts are 731 bales per Mary Ann from Rosario. Quedations are unchanged at 55—66 rs. per kilo, and the market is flat.

Cement.—Receipts are 1,700 bris. German and 100 French.
Quotations remain as at date of our last, viz: 6\$700-7\$500 for British, \$\$500-6\$000 for German and 7\$000-7\$500 for French, per brit.
Coal.—Receipts are:

2.429 tons per Rossignol, from Cardifl 357 , Amarant, from Glasgow 553 , City of York do 4.359 , Cap Horn, from Newport dealers and composite

455 City of York do
458 Capt Home, from Newport
all to dealers and companies,
Rice.—Receipts have been 3,205 hags per Rockhurst
from Rangoon, 15,937 bags per Coudor via Brenen and
2,205 hags by steamers via Hamburg. Dealers are steady
and quotations of 7,8500—8500 per bag for Rangoon and
2500—2580 for other qualities show no change
Codfish.—Receipts are 2,06 tubs per Susuadrap and
Codfish.—Receipts are 2,06 tubs per Susuadrap and
Codfish.—Receipts are 2,06 tubs per Susuadrap and
Codfish.—Seccipts are 2,06 tubs per Susuadrap
Codfish.—Seccipts are 2,06 tubs per Susuadrap
Codfish.—Seccipts are 2,06 tubs per Codfish.

P. S.—The following vessels have arrived, but manifests are not available;

New York
Savannah
Hernosand
Port bk Altee
Nor bk Augusta
Nor bk Augusta
Swedish pine

BAHIA.
From Messrs. Vaughan, McNair & Co's Market Report, dated December 8th.

dated December 8th.

SUGAR—No business for export has been doing for want of the k. Entries are almost all and prices for home consumption re much higher than exporters could grain. The weather many the superior of the superior was a superior with the superior was a superior with the superior was a superi

Stock. Efficiency are much higher than exported as well for this as more much higher than exported as well for this as more continues very dry and unfavorable as well for this as more coron. Cocoa - Demand has been good and the small supply that has come in during the fortinght has been bought up at firm his come in during the forting the basis of 38381 f r good and 3831 g ter of skins for fair, or 33 rd to 52 of per cwt., the transactions amounting to about 800 bags. Stock about 400 bags.

s\$81, per 10 filos for fair, or 537-9th above of per cwt. states that transactions amounting to about 500 bags. Corpure Continued animated, sales amounting to about 500 bags. Corpure Continued animated, sales amounting to about 500 bags. Corpure Continued animated, sales amounting to about 500 bags. Corpure Continued animated, sales amounting to about 500 bags. Corpure C

RIO GRANDE DO SUL.

From Messya. Thomson & Co's Market Report, dated November 30th.

Ilmuss—With reference to salted there is nothing of interest to the property of the prope

	188		1888			
	salted	dry	salted	dry		
opeted States	359,178	186,182 163,460	351,192	130,6		

### SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

ALTIMORE—Amer lng White Wings; 654 tons; Davison; 48 ds; sundries to Okell, Mourão & Wilson.

48 des sinantes to Osean Pare Light; 454 tons: Snow; 44 des sinadres to Phipps Brothers & Co.

BALTIMORE—Aure bk New Light; 454 tons: Snow; 44 des sinadres to Phipps Brothers & Co.

—Anner bk D. Pedro II; 486 tons: Hudgins; 59 des sindicts to Levening & Co.

MITTE—Swed bk Peru; 583 tons: Gilberg: 52 des pine to

order. G.ssre-149 tons; Butel; 55 ds; codfish to Zenha & Silveira.

Glassow-Br ship City of York; 1,167 tons; Barker; 42 ds; sundies to Watson, Ritchie & Co.

sindries to Watson, Ritchie & Co.

Borrote B. L. I.

Borrote B. C. I.

Borrote B. C. Colorado: 1,035 tons; Wright; 54 ds; sindries the becomeding 1, da C. Soura.

Passennac via Peass value in the Soura.

Passennac via Peass value in the Soura.

Passennac via Peass value in the Soura.

Burnos Aires Nor lug Plimadi; 201 tons; Olsen: 17 ds; maize to Gistavus Guigeon & Co.

DEC. 13.

GASPE—Br lug Mandara; 194 tons; Smith; 57 ds; codfish to Zenha & Silveira.

NEWDORT — Fiship Cap Horn; 2,857 tons; Le Guen; 38 ds; coal to Central of Brazil railway.

ROSANO—Br lug Mary Am. 236 tons; Woodruft; 27 ds; sundries to John Moore & Co.

DEC. 13.

DEC. 14.
IMORE—Br bg Mississipi; 228 tons; Kiehne; 67 ds; DEC. 14.

BALTHOMER—It bg Mississipi; 228 tons; Kiehne; 67 ds: sandries to order.

MacKo—Dan bg Ann Charlotte; 152 tons; Pedersen: 15 ds: salt to order.

DEC. 15.

DEC. 15.

Annual—Port bk Alke; 997 tons; Arevedo: 50 ds; sandres to order.

SAVANNAH—Port bk Alice; 997 tons; Azevedo; 50 ds; sun-dries to order. New York—Br bk Chignecto; 1,032 tons; Knowlton; 75 ds:

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS. DECEMBER 11.

NRW YORK - Amer ship Eureka; 2,028 tons; Dinsmore ballast. MONTRVIDEO-Span bg Ocata; 369 tons; Pagés; same cargo.

DEC. 12. BARBADOS -Br bk Unity; 426 tons; Sanders; ballast.

——Swed bk M. Roosval; 291 tons; Sanuers; Ballast.

—Pernameuco—Port bk Novo Silencio; 350 tons; Ferreira; sundries. ANTONINA-Br bk Bolivia; 877 tons; Puxley; do. DEC. 14.

DEC. 14.

GUAM—Br bk Thornitebank; 1,405 tons; Henderson; ballast.

ORUMA—Br la Refeitet; 198 tons; Welch: do.

VALDARAISO—Fr ship A. D. Bordes; 2,233 tons; Martin; do.

BARRADOS—Amer bg Ned White; 313 tons; Elwell; do.

Amer bg Not White; 534,008; Ewen; ao.

The port health inspector has ordered two daily visits to vessels here; one at 9 a.m., the other at 4 p m.

The master of Nor bg Amarent reports having spoken on November 16th in Lat 12° 48° M. Long 26° W. Nor bk Lucy trom Newport for Buenos Aires. All well.

The master of Br bg Snowdrop's peptrs spoking on November 22nd in Lat 17° 20° N. Long, 32° to' W. Br ship Gulf of Norlea, from New York for Rangoon.

As the Braz str Ararmana was towing from Victoria, Espirito Santo, to this port str Marcha Pia, which had recently been rised there, the latter was run into by the Fr str Portagod, on the morning of the Light, and had nearly all the bow and was made fast to a buoy, with a steam launch along side to render assistence, if necessary

CLEARED AND READY FOR SEA
BALTIMORE—Br bk Campanero; sundries.
PENSACOLA—Br bk Cledaton; ballast.
d.
MONTE-CHRISTO—Nor bk Veranda; do

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.

The only charter reported is Nor bg Rio, general cargo to Santos, £230

Freights—steamer:

sail:

Channel f. o. Lisbon f. o. 325 6d-375 6d

VESSELS AFLOAT & LOADING FOR RIO.

Portuguese
bk Margarida
bk Sultana
lug loven Albert
bk Quiteria

bk Quiteria.
lug Alves
bk Triumpho
bk Alice.
Swedish
lug Emmanuel
bk Gloria.
lug Henry
bk Harmonie.
bk Peru

V. Pinto & C V. Pinto & C C. Abranches & C C. Abranches & C C. Abranches & C C. Abranches & C To order

v. 1 Oporto .... v. 1 Oporto .... v8 Ilha do Sal.

Dec 1 Oporto .... 2 Oporto .... 2 Oporto .... 5 Savannah.

 Therese
 Pensac

 Tobique
 Cardiff

 Tasmaniam
 Cardiff

 Timnaya
 Antwee

 Vasco da Gama
 Oporto

 Walermo
 Londo

 Zephyr
 Gaspe

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN STEAME

DATE	NAME	WHEREFROM	CONSIGNED TO
9 10 11 11 11 11 11 12 12 12 13 13 13 13 13	Lissabon Gr Allianga Amer Bourgogne Fr Buenos Aires Gr Argentina Gr Orénoque Fr G. Muzzino Ital John Elder Br Cittá di Roma It Neva Br V. de Santos Fr Provence Fr Santos Gr Conceição Br Vandyck Br Portugal Fr Washington Ital Cometa Br G. of Akaba Br Maskelyne Big	Santos 18h Bordeaux* 20d Genoa* 26d Valparaiso* 18d River Plate* South'ton* 19½d Hawre* 26d River Plate 4d Hamburg* South'ton* 105d Liverpool River Plate 4d do* Pern'buco 4½d Valparaiso* 25d	E. Johnston & C. Wilson Sons & C. Karl Valais & C. E. Johnston & C. E. Johnston & C. Mess. Maritimes J. N. Vincenzi & E. Wilson Sons & C. C. Transatlantica Royal Mail F. Mazon Karl Valais & C. E. Johnston & C. E. Johnston & C. Wilson Sons & C. Worton, M'w & C. Wilson Sons & C.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN STEAMERS.

DATE	NAME	WHERE TO	CARGO	
Dec. o	Birmania Ital	Genoa*	Sundries	
	Szechenyi Aust	Trieste*	do	
10	Cayour Br	Porto Alegre*	do	
	Halley Br	Santos	do	
10	Bellaura Br	New Orleans	Coffee	
	John Elder Br	Liverpool*	Sundries	
	Salerno Gr	Santos	do	
	Alliança Amer	New York*	do	
11	Lucifer Aust	Buenos Aires	Ballast	
12	Orénoque Fr	River Plate	Sundries	
	Bourgogne Fr	Santos	do	
13	Argentina Gr	Hamburg*	do	
13	Portugal Fr	Bordeaux*	do	
13	Provence Fr	Marseilles*	do	
	Cittá di Roma Itl	Genoat	do	
14	Washington Ital	I do*	do	
14	Neva Br	River Plate*	l do	
	Newton Br	Sta. Lucia	Ballast	
	Polluce Aust	Santos	Sundries	
	Condor Gr	do	do	
	Lissahon Gr	do	do	
	Tycho Brahe Blg		do	
15	G. Mazzino Ital	River Plate*	do	

\* Calling at intermediate ports.

FOREIGN SAILING VESSELS IN THE PORT OF

NÄMK	TONNAGE	EN TERED	WHERE	CONSIGNED
American sp Hercules lugW H. Fredson bk E. L. Mayberry bk Dor. Eckhoff lug Putitan bk Chas. Loring sp Cora lug White Wings bk New Light. bk D. Pedro II. bk Colorado	530 640 525 1416 654 454 486	25 30 30 Dec 3	Cardiff Baltimore. New York Philad'phi N'prt New Rosario Cardiff Baltimore Haltimore Baltimore Boston	Norton, M'w & 6 8 Gas Co. To order Mess. Maritimes Okell, M.& Wilson Phipps Bros. & 6 Levering & 6
British  Kynosure sp lazieč Tropp  sp Marioneth bk Campanero sp  ke Campanero sk  ke Campanero sk  ke Claribed sp  sp Merioneth bk Claribed sp  sp Merioneth bk Claribed sp  sp Merioneth s	764 1391 1396 272 1248 1059 1297 421 1409 196 483 565 1486 480 1433 12125 1463 450 1409	Oct. 9 Nov 1 13 15 17 19 25 26 30 30 30 Dec. 1 2 3 3 4 7 8 8	Mossoró Ardro-san New York Cardiff Baltimore Newport Liverpool Cardiff	To order To order To order To order To order Duvivies & C Mess. Maritimes Levering & C D. Pedro II R.R Watson, R. & C J. Moore & C Wilson Sons & C To order To order To order To order To order To order Avarson, R. & C J. C. Pacheco & C J. C. Pacheco & C Central Baz, R.R Mess. Maritimes Mess. Maritimes
lug Mary Ann bg Mississippi bk Chignecto	236 228 1032	13 14 15	Rosario Baltimore New York	J. Moore & C Levering & C To order
P1	200		San Nicolas Rosario Macáo	
sp Mentana sp Cap Horn German sp Shakspeare.				Wilson Sons & C Central Braz R.R
German sp Shakspeare lug Axel bg Herminie lug Ludwig bg Wilhelmine	253 258 411 269	Dec. 2	Mossoró P. Alegre. Gothenburg Maceió	In distress L Carvalho & C To order C. W. Gross & C Gracie, F. & C
Italian bk Madre Rosa Norwegian bg Rio	712	Oct. 4	Bs. Aires	In distress
Morvogian be Rio	388 ] 1055 296 471 207 302 253 411 934 277 400 124 261 301	Nov.15 No	S. Nicolas Memel	K. Valnis & C. C. Hecksher & C. Lage & Irmão Ferraz Sob. & C. C. Hecksher & C. Lopes Faceiro & C. C. Hecksher & C. C. Hecksher & C. Wilson Sons & C. Wilson Sons & C. Wilson Sons & C. Watson, R. & C. Ferraz Sob. & C. Monteiro, H. & C. Braz. Coal Co. J. C. Pacheco & C. G. Gudgeon & C.

## STOCK AND SHARE LIST.

December 14th, 1889.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.				BANKS.										
Present A mount	Interest payable	Rate %	Denomination	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations	Capitai	Capital paid up	Reserve fund	Name	Dividend paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations
381,476,100\$ 119,600 18,017.500 34,232.500	Jan. — July do Apr. — Oct. Quarterly do —	5 4 6 4½ 4 5	Apolices	200\$—1,000\$ 1,000\$ 1,000 1,000 500 - 1,000	96.\$000 1,020 000 1,020 000 90½ %	960\$000-965\$000	10,000,000\$ 5,000,000 4,460,000	2,000,000 1,300,000 1,115,000 39,700,000	32,727\$ - 19,387,999	RIO DE JANEIRO Agricola do Brazil	9\$000—July 89	40 	41\$000 150 000 45 000  270 000	268\$000—270\$000
	P	RO	VINCIAL FUN	DED DE	BTS.		500,000 12,000,000 20,000,000	500,000 2,419,200 13,000,000	21,909 — 3,472,221	Caixa Credito Commercial. Colonisador e Agricola Commercial do Rio de Jan.	6 000July 89	40	108 000 60 000 252 000	46 000 251 000-253 000
Present A mount	Interest payable	Rate %	Provinces	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations	1,000,000	392,100	2,168,000	do 2 series Commerciantes Commercio do 2 series	1 833—July 89	40 200	75 000 40 000 210 000	75 000 80 000
287,900\$		6-8	Alagoas	_	aing <u>c</u> opti		80,000,000 20,000,000 2,000,000	8,131,260 3,653,380 2,000,000	140,823	Constructor do Brazil Credito Real do Brazil Delcredere	7 200-July 89 8 000-July 89 12 000-July 89		41 000 210 000 285 000	
4,549,200	Jan. —July	6-7	Amazonas	Ξ.	81 %		£1,000,000 2,000,000 8,000,000 1,000,000	£500,000 200,000 6,224,000	1,290,000	English, Limited Industria Nacional Industrial e Mercantil	8s-Nov. 89	£10 40 200	110 000 55 000 195 000	
206,300 30,800 1,023,800	Jan. – July	-7 5-6	Espirito Santo	Ξ.		<u> </u>	£1,250,000	3,998,000 2,625,000	£360,000	Intermediario Lavoura e Commercio London & Brazilian, Lmted.		1:0	50 000	45 000- 50 000
199,000 5,826,000 1,294,200 173,850	Jan. — July	6 6–8	Minas Geraes Pará Parahyha.	1,000	100 %		2,000,000 90,000,000 3,000,000	1,992,800 17,998,000 2,600,800	12,640	Mercantil dos Varegistas Nacional do Brazil (gold) Popular do 2 series Predial	6 000 July 8	40	75 000 114 000 88 000	75 000200 000 75 000 79 000 112 000120 000
730,600 7.881,200	Jan. – July Jan. – July –	5-7 6	Paraná. Pernambuco. Piauhy Rio de Janeiro.	Ξ.	101 "/"	=	4,000,000 1,000,000	2,200,000 200,000 10,000,000	200,528	Rural e Hypothecario	6 000—Jan. 83	200	70 000  325 000	325 000
8,050,800 27,800 3,266,822	Jan.—July — Jan.—July	6 8	Rio de Janeiro Rio Grande do Norte do Sul Santa Catharina	1,000\$	98 9/0		20,000,000	2,000,000 1,993,920	81,075	Sul-Americano  União de Credito	2 800-Apr. 89	20	40 000	38 000 41 000
132,000 1,153,000 500,000 731,400	Jan,—July	7 6 7 6-7	S. Paulo	100\$	90 "/		2,000,000\$ 10,000,000	1,000,000 2,500,000	12,173 204,190	Commercial, S. Paulo Credito Real do do 2 series do	3 000-July 80 3 000-July 80 600-July 80	9 100 9 50 9 10	55 000 62 000 14 000	= -
807	IA.		DEBENT	URES.	*		1,000,000	1,000,000 3,250,000	20,000 750,000	Mercantil Santos	4 000—July 80	100	120 000 230 000 58 000 60 000	
Present	Interest	Rate	Companies	Nominal	Last sale	Closing quotations	500,000 5,000,000 2,000,000	500,000 985,740 1,200,000	10,000	do 2 series Popular, S. Paulo Provincial de Minas Territorial, Minas			60 000 70 000 240 000	
A mount	payable		RAILWAYS	value	*					RAILW	AYS.			
1,300,000\$ 1,500,000 1,133,200	May-Nov.	8 6½ 6½	Bragantina Campos and Carangola Juiz de Fóra and Piau	200\$ 200 200	195\$ 190 170	190\$000	Capital	Capital paid up	Reserve fund	Companies	Dividend paid	Nominal vaine	Last sale	Closing quotations
15,167,000 £3,049,610 290,000	Apr Oct.	5-6 7	do gold	£50	190 510 90 "/ <sub>0</sub>	190 000	12,000,000 800,000 10,000,000	1,813,000 800,000 4,000,000	18,206	Bahia and Minas Barão de Avaruama Campos and Carangola	11\$000—July 80	20\$ 200	<u>-</u>	
4,400,000 370,000 1,600,000	Apr —Oct. do Feb —Aug. Jan.—July	7 7 7	Oeste de Minas Rio das Flores S. Isabel do Rio Preto do gold	100 200	95 "/o 200		2,000,000 1,500,000 50,000,000	2,000,000 1,500,000 50,000,000	24,231	Espirito Santo & Caravelias Juiz de Fóra and Piau	3 000 - July 80	9 200	200\$000 140 000 150 000	200\$000-230\$000
£137,100 6,679,8 0 £181,600 650,000	Mar -Sept. AprOct JanJuly.	6 6 7	Sorocabana gold	650 100 650	85 "/ 455 140	e en	12,000,000	12,000,000		do x subs	.   3 000 luly 8	9	155 600 23 000 94 000	
435,000 808,000	Jan July	6 7	Carris Urbanos	500 100	107 1/1		3,000,000 3,000,000	300,000	=	Martea Monte Claros Muzambinho		20	205 000	
£56,250 302,000 250,000	FebAug. AprOct. JanJuly	6 7 8	Nitherohy gold Pernambuco S. Paulo and S. Amaro	£20 200 200	186 91 "/" 195	<u> </u>	830,000 10,000,000	729,800	62,442	do 2 series Rio das Flores S. Isabel do Rio Preto	6 000—Aug. 8 7 %—July 8 6 000—May 8 7 000—May 8	9 20	165 000	
1,377,300 500,000	May-Nov.	8	SHIPPING. Ferry	100	105"/ <sub>0</sub> 85 °/ <sub>0</sub>	-	10,665,000	1,477,400		do x subs	7 000—July 8	4 200 9 200 	155 000 250 000 187 000 41 000	
500,000 784,000 1,500,000	Apr -Oct. JanJuly	814	LorenaPureza Quissamã	200	180		38,000,000	4,100,000 12,000,000	=	Sapucahy Sorocabanado x subs	2 % Dec 8	40 200 9	50 000 — 320 000	- 50 000
2,000,000	Jan Sept.	61/4	MILLS.	200	180		1,600,000 4,000,000	1,080,173		do prolongation . União Valenciana Viação Central do Brazil	3 % — Dec. 86 6½ % — Feb. 8	40 4 200 40	75 000 80 000 65 000	75 000 — 88 000
1,00,000	May-Nov. Apr —Oct.	7 7 7 1/2	Biríbery Bom Fim. Brazil Industrial Carioca	200 200 200 200	200	=				TRAMW	AYS.			
763,0 10 588,000 600,000 300,000	May - Nov	7 7 7	Confiança Industrial Industrial Mineira Páo Grande	200 200 200	200 192 195		Capital	Capital paid up	Reserve fund	Companies	Dividend paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations
331,000 250,000	Jan.—July do [une—Dec.	7 8 7	S. Christovão	200 200 £20	92 °/0 200\$50 195	• =	5,400,000	5,400,000	\$ t02,602	Carris Urbanos Jardim Botanico	4\$500—July 86	200\$	245\$000 134 000	240\$000
350,000 226,900	May-Nov. MarSept.	7	S. Lazaro	200 100	195	usus me <mark>ricina</mark> di sessi amili di <u>en</u> re d	300,000 800,000 1,200,000	213,050 800,000 600,000	84,186 55,000	Larangeiras, and tunnel Pernambuco Porto Alegre.	4 000 – July 80	200	87	133 000—140\$000
200,003 319,800 (200,000	JanJuly AprOct. do		MISCELLANBOUS.  Candelaria [church]	200 £50	210 480		4,000,000 2,500,000	4,000,000 2,500,000	507,899 24.902	S. Christovão	. 15 000 - July 8c	200	280 000 230 000	
100,000 309,600	Jan July do May - Nov	6 7	Elevador e Fab. de Chumbo Docas D. Pedro II Lavoura, Ind. & Colon Melhoramentos U. de Nicth	100	92 % 195 195					INSURA	NCE.			
2,500,000	Jan July	8	Nacional de Oleos	200	196		Capital	Capital paid up	Reserve fund	Companies	Dividend paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations
			HYPOTHECA		ES.	To the second second	4,000,000	200,000		Alliança	1\$500 - July 8:	9 • 20\$	18\$000	
Present A mount	Interest payable	Rate %	Banks	Nominal value	Last sace	Closing quotations	2,000,000 2,000,000 4,000,000	750,000 200,000 200,000 200,000	25,048 10,000	Argos Frinimense Atalaia Bonança Confiança	800 — July 8 1 000 — Jan. 8 2 200 — July 8	9 10 20 20	406 000 9 500 15 000 30 000	9\$500 10\$500 30 000 33 000
740,800\$ *6,930,100 7.124,600	June. —Dec. Jan. —July do	5 6	Brazil Credito Real do Brazil	100\$ 100 £11 5 \$	98% 85 80≸000	86°0 88\$000	4,000,000 2,500,000 2,000,000	520,000 250,000 200,000	216,757 194,508 100,129	Fidelidade Garantia Geral Indemizadora	.   8 000—July 8	9 125 9 100 9 20	165 000 130 000 50 000	
4,803,200 6,532,100	Apr.—Oct. May-Nov.	5 6 6	do gold Credito Real de S. Paulo Predial	100	95% 70	70 %-73 %	2,000,000 8,000,000 1,000,000 4,000,000	200,000 400,000 100,000 200,000	18,489	Integridade Lealdade Nova Permanente	. 10 000 July 8	9 10	19 000 130 000 11 000 26 000	=
			SHIPPI				5,000,000 2,000,000 1,000,000	750,000 200,000 100,000	196,000 9,647 10,131	Previdente Prosperidade União Com. dos Varegistas	. 3 000 - July 8 . 2 000 - July 8 . 4 000 - July 8	9 60 9 20 9 20	42 000 18 000 40 000	- 50 000
Capital		Reserve fund	Companies	Dividend paid	value s	ast closing quotations	2,000,000	200,000	1 11,413	MISCELLA	. 1 000July 8		9 000	
£625,000 5,000,000\$ 4,000,000 673,400 3,000,000		£50,000 112,525 20,954	Brazileira de Navegação	78 6d—Dec. 89 18\$000—July 89 15 000—July 89 7 000—July 89	200 27	7\$500	Capital	Capital paid up	Reserve fund	1	Dividend paid	Nominal value	l Last	Closing quotations
uson.	e emilionia car		MILI				400,000 7,000,000 785,000	400,000 7,000,000 785,000	45,754		. 10\$000—July 8	200 200 200	198\$000	
Capital	paid up	Reserve fund	Companies	Dividend paid	value s	ast closing quotations	1,500,000 200,000 150,000	150,000	3,947	Commercio e Lavoura Commercio e Industria Cordoalha	1 600—July 8	200	200 000	=
2,400,000\$ 650,000 400,000	400,000	121,539  -	Biribery	18#000-July 89 	200	5 000	200,000 200,000 2,000,000	4,000,000 200,000 400,000	=	Docas D. Pedro II Elevador e Fabr. de Chumb Empreza de Obras Publica: Fabrica de Biscoutos	Sept. 8 8 % - July 8	39 200 39 200 — 160	700 000	
3,000,000	3,000,000	72,964	Brazil Industrial	12 000 - July 89 12 000 - July 89	200 23 200 23	5 000	150,000 316,600 2,000,000 220,000	90,000 316,600 1,000,000 220,000	220,000	Gloria Market Ind.Lv. e Viação de Macah Industrial Flum. (Kiosques	2 000-July 8	100	35 500	
1,200,000 250,000 600,000 400,000	900,000 250,000 600,000 400,000	8,402 5,283	D. Isabel	12 000—lan. 89	200 27 200 20 200 16	0 000	2,600,000 1,200,000 100,000	2,100,000 1,200,000 55,000	Ē	Lavoura, Ind. & Colon Nacional de Oleos Nova Industria		200	=	
2,000,000 3,000,000 1,000,00	2,000,000 900,000 1,000,000	25,545	Petropolitana Progresso Ind. do Brazil Rink	9 000—July 89 7 %—July 89 14 000—July 88	200 17 60 200 22	0 000	7,000,000 1,000,000 650,000	7,000,000 300,000 470,000	235,040	Pastoril Mineira Phosphato de Cal		89 100 130 120	95 000 60 000	0 -
550,010 700,000	300,000 550,000 700,000	2,418	S. Christovão	9 000—Jan. 89 7 500—July 89	200 23 200 23 200 21	8 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000	3,000,000 2,000,000 1,926,000 1,200,000	1,000,000 200,000 1,926,000 1,200,000	-	Progresso Maritimo Saneamento do Rio Serviços Maritimos S. Jeronymo mines	6 000—Luly	-	350 00 	00
85 s, one l	600,000	26,445	I care de Alcantara							-		00	120 00	-110 000

#### Shipping.

### THOMAS NORTON'S

OLD REGULAR LINE OF SAILING PACKETS BETWEEN THE

### UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL PORTS

Established in 1863 Loading Berth; Covered Pier No. 17, East River For Freight and General information apply to

Thomas Norton,

#### Steamships.

## ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

Under contracts with the British and Brazilian Governments for carrying the mails.

> TABLE OF DEPARTURES. 1889

Date	Steamer	Destination
Dec. 17	Don	Southampton and Antwerp calling at Bahia, Pernambuco, S. Vinceut, Lisbon and Vigo.
,, 23	Magdalena	Montevideo and Buenes Ayres.

This Company's steamers leave Southampton every alterna Thursday, and Rio de Janeiro, homeward, every alterna Tuesday,

Tuesday,
Insurance on freight shipped on these steamers can be taken out at the Agency.

sages and other information apply to Rua do Visconde de Inhauma, No. 16, Sobrado.

Phipps Brothers & Co.

## U NITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP Co.

CARRYING THE U. S. AND BRAZILIAN MAILS

SAILINGS FOR NEW YORK:

FINANCE Captain Baker ..... 18 Jan. 90

The fine packet

### ADVANCE,

Captain GRIFFITHS on return from Santos, will sail 28th December at NEW YORK calling a

Bahia, Maranhão and Pernambuco

lentering the last named portl PARÁ, BARBADOS, MARTINIQUE AND St. Thomas

#### Passage Rates

	cabin	steerage
To Liverpool	\$220	- gold
New York	\$148	\$78.,,
" & back	\$278	- ,,

For passages and information apply to Wilson, Sons & Co., Limited; Agentes No. 2 Praça das Marinhas.

And for cargo to

W. C. Peck,

No. 6 Praça do Commercio.

IVERPOOL, BRAZIL AND RIVER , PLATE MAIL STEAMERS UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE

BELGIAN AND BRAZILIAN GOVERNMENTS.

INTENDED SAILINGS FROM RIO.

To New York:

Halley. ...

For Antwerp calling at Southampton (for London) Hevelius..... .... Dec anti

For Southern coast Ports:

Mails are closed as announced by the Post Office.

Wm. R. McNiven,

97 Rua 10 de Marco For passages, parcels, specie, etc., to the

Agents: - NORTON, MEGAW & Co. 82 Rua 1º de Marco.

### NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING Co., L'd.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

HOMEWARDS-RIO to LONDON.

Due at Rio de Janeiro.

Kaikoura December 20th Tongariro January 17th,

These steamers are first-class in every respect and are celebrated for quick homeward passages and superior ac-commodations. Passengers may land at Plymouth.

For freights apply to W. C. Peck.

No. 6, Praça do Comme and for passages and other information to

Wilson Sons & Co., L'd , Agents,
No. 2, Praça das Marinhas.

### SHAW, SAVILL & ALBION Co., LIMITED.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

BETWEEN

NEW ZEALAND and LONDON.

HOMEWARDS-Due at Rio de Janeiro. Doric ..... January 2nd. '90
Arawa .... , 30th ,,

Steamers superior in every respect and fitted with every convenience for the comfort of travellers. Call at TENERIPPI and PLYMOUTH.

For freight apply to W. C. Peck,

No. 6, Praça do Commercio; and for passages and other information to

Wilson, Sons & Co. L'd., Agents,

No. 2, Praça das Marinhas

### PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

DEPARTURES for LIVERPOOL.

Calling at Lisbon and Bordeaux.

John Elder December 1th
Orotava Sath 'go
These popular steamers are fitted with the electric light and all modern conveniences. Insurance policies may be taken out at the agency on merchanduse, baggage and values. For freights apply to W. C. Peck,

No. 6. Praca do Commercio:

ussages and other information to
Wilson Sons & Co., L'd., Agents

No. 2, Praça das Marinhas

#### JORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

Capital. . . 30,000,000 Marks.

Regular Lines of Steam Packets between

Bremen - United States

Brazil
River Plate
China, Japan
Australia

Departures from Rio de Janeiro on the 8th of each month to Bahia, Lisbon, Antwerp and Bremen.

Passengers and cargo for all ports of the different line

Passage Rates: 

HERM. STOLTZ & Co., Agents.

No. 60. Rio de Janeiro Rua da Alfandega, No. 60.

### THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY NEW YORK AND LONDON

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS OF THE

Celebrated Sewing Machines SINGER Sewing Machines

General Agency in South America:

No. 53, RUA DOS OURIVES, RIO DE JANEIRO.

BRANCH AGENCIES:

Nictheroy: São Paulo: Bahia: Rua do Imperador 34 B, Rua da Imperatriz In front of the Elevator Campos: 69, Rua 13 de Maio Porto Alegre: Buenos Aires: 329, Rua dos Andradas 137, Calle Maipú

Rosario: 193 ¼, Calle Mendoza and at Montevideo, Salto, La Plata, Cordoba, Santa Fé, Tucuman, Asuncion, Valparaiso, Santigo, Guayaquil, Lima, Iquique, La Paz, etc., etc.,

For Dyspepsia, Mental and Physical Exhaustion, Nervousness, Diminished Vitality, etc.,

#### PROF. HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE, [LIQUID]

ed according to the directions of Prof. E. N. Horsford, of Cambridge, Mass.

Prepared according to the directions of Prof. E. N. Horsford, of Cambridge, Mass.

A preparation of the phosphates of lime, magnesis, potatah and iron with phosphoric acid in such form as to be readily assimilated by the system.

As Food for an Exhausted Brain, In Liver and Kidney Troubles, In Seasickness and Sick Headache, In Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation, In Inchriety, Despondency, and Cases of Impaired Nerve Function

### HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE

has become a necessity in a large number of households throghout the world, and is universally recommended and prescribed by physicians of all schools.

It is not nauseous, but agreeable to the taste. No danger can attend is use. Its action will harmonize with such simulants as are necessary to take.

IT MAKES A DELICIOUS DRINK WITH WATER AND SUGAR ONLY.

Sole Agents, W. R. CASSELS & Co.

Purchasers should see that the Label on every bottle of the original

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

bears the Signature, thus :-



Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

### TRAPICHE VAPOR.

Receives Goods in bond according to Table No. 7 of the custom house regulations.

Rua da Gambôa No. 10 & 12. Telephone Call, No. 39.

### THE CELEBRATED PETROPOLIS BEER.

[CERVEJA NACIONAL] .

is unrivalled among the national products of Brazil and is equal to any of the imported articles. The widely known Petropolis brewery has now been in operation for

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