

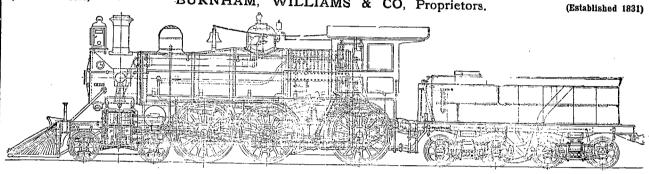
WEEKLY RECORD OF TRADE AND FINANCE

VOL. X

RIO DE JANEIRO, TUESDAY, June 18th, 1907

No. 25

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The Brazilian Review

VOL. X

RIO DE JANEIRO, TUESDAY, JUNE 18TH, 1907

No. 25

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MARRIAGE. - Steele-Currie - At the English Church Rio, today, Gavin J. Steele, of Edinburgh to Mary J. Currie, daughter of William C. Currie, Rochester, Berwickshire, N. B.

Hales

The Mails. We are informed by the American Con-The Mails. We are informed by the American Consul General that official communications have been received from Washington to the effect that hereafter all United States mails for Brazilian Ports will be sent via Europe with the exception of the direct mail carried by the s.s. Byron and Tennyson which leave New York during the first week of each month. Further notes on this communication will be found in another column.

Treasury Remittances. The Federal Treasury have remitted to their agents in London, Messrs N. M. Rothschild $\pm 2e-547$:2:4 equivalent to 2.269:603\$867 gold.

On the London Stock Exchange things seem to get worse instead of better. A further decline in the 587 representative securities is registered by the Bonker's Magazine for April, thus bringing the total depreciation since the beginning of the year to £185,000,000 for which American Rails are responsible for £106,090,000. Home Ruis, however, felt considerably in consequence of the strike, but foreign Government Stocks were steady whilst Colonial improved. Bank Shares, owing to the further decline of Consols, were weak and in someforeign banks the decline was 3.8 %.

The Caixa de Conversão. The following from Fairplay speaks for itself:

The Caixa de Conversão. The following from Fairptay speaks for itself:—

"The market for foreign Government securities, although inactive, has shown a fair degree of strength, there having been an especially good inquiry for Japanese bonds, to the favourable prospects of which I have drawn attention from time to time during the last few months. There have been rum ars that the Government has been negotiating for the issue of a fresh loan at an early date, but I have it on exceptionally good authority that the report in question is unfounded. Brazilian bonds have been somewhat feeble, and I should not be surprised to see them at a substantially lower level before very many months have gone by. According to local journals the Federal and State Governments are gradually drifting into trouble in connection with the working of the coffee "valorisation" scheme. A large amount of coffee has been purchased with borrowed money for the purpose of artificially bolstering up the price, yet the unliquidated stocks are of immense volume in spite or the very considerable exports as compared with the corresponding period of of the previous season. All the efforts that have been made to raise a fresh loan in Europe to carry out this insane "valorisation" scheme have failed, and there is talk of an endeavour being made to issue an internal loan. But insanuenh as the last issue made by the State of Rio de Janeiro was practically a failure, the likelihood of an internal operation succeeding is small in the extreme. It is not improbable that with the breakdown of the "valorisation" scheme and the heavy loss that will be sustained by the coffee States when they come to liquidate, the currency reform will also come to grief. The gold notes which were issued at a fixed rate of 15d, per milrei a short time ago lately rose to a premium, and there was every prospect of the Rio exchange failing below 15d. Thus the stability of the exchange, which was the chief object sought by the currency reform listed are disjuicting, and viewing the si

Ever since Conversion was mooted the quidnunes have

Ever since Conversion was mooted the quidnunes have been hard at it prophesying disasters that never come to pass. As if to spite them, exchange, even in this dult season of the year, is steady as a rock and instead of gold draining away, the Reserve is rapidly approaching £6,000,000.

Indeed, the results more than justify the anticipations of its founders and backers and give every reason to believe that, unless something untoward happens, the Caixa will count £10,000,000 this time next year.

Not only is exchange steady but even in Europe the anticipations of disaster are belied and, instead of our credit going headlong to Hades, whilst Consols and gilt edged British Stock drop steadily, lo! Fundings are at 103 1/2, only one point from the record!

In fact the more twaddle people like Fairplan talk about

In fact the more twaddle people like Fairplay talk about Brazil the higher our securities seem to go, which shows what people at home think of them. Likewise here.

From America via Europe. The New York Journal of Commerce brings the following:

Journal of Commerce brings the following:—

"There are curious coincidences nowadays that lead up with strange regularity to suggestions of ship subsidies to South America. A special dispatch from London reports the arrival of Congressman Maddern of Chicago, who is said to have been in Europe ever since Congress adjourned "for the dual purpose of investigating the subject of American shipping abroad and making a critical examination of the consular service." He has been inspecting consulates, it is said, as a representative of the President and is going to draft a bill for the further improvement of the consular service. Under cover of this mission it is remarked that "Mr. Maddern's belief in the efficacy of subsidies for the promotion of the growth of the American mercantile marine has been strengthened by what he will introduce a subsidy bill at the next session of Congress, the object of which will be to "aid small holders" — presumably of shipping — "to branch out and to induce capital to invest in ships, made, manned and owned by Americans and flying the American flar."

At about the same moment with this report of Mr. Maddern's mission comes the decision of the Post Office Department to dispatch the mails for South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguy and Paraguay, or what are usually called the River Plate ports, by way of Europe. This is done, it is said, for the sake of regularity in the service, which cannot be depended upon by any direct line. There is not much saving in time. In the case of some mails there will be no gain in that respect, and may be a loss of time, but mails can be dispatched from here at frequent and regular intervals with a fair degree of certainly as to the time of delivery. This may be a very proper thing for expediting and systematizing the mail service to South America, but there is a suspicion that it may also be intended to reinforce the argument in favor of subsidizing regular American lines for that service.

As such an argument it really has no force at all. Few people rea-

reinforce the argument in favor of subsidizing regular American lines for that service.

As such an argument it really has no force at all. Few people realize, except while they are looking at a map for the purpose, how far over to the East South America projects and how much nearer its lower coast is to Europe than to the northern const of the United States. Transportation via Europe is not much greater in time, distence or expense than what is called "direct communication", and with the established lines and their regular and voluminous trafficther may be substantial advantage in this triangular service. But whenever we can develop sufficient direct trade for Southern Brazil and the River Plate region the shipping facilities necessary to carry it on will be sure to keep pace wit its requirements and become as frequent and as regular as traffic determined by other conditions will justify. Until such conditions exist and the trade is ready for the shipping there may be advantage in sending

mails, or some of them, by way of European lines. When it will pay to maintain direct lines with frequent and regular sailings they will app ar and be ready to take the mails, and if American enterprise and capital can provide them to advantage so much the better, but there will liave to be some obstacles moved out of their way before they can hope to compete with foreign shipping. The sensible thing wou'd be to remove the obstacles and give them a chance before talking about taking the taxpayers' money out of the Treasury to give them a profit."

NOTE OF ED. OF THE B. R. The New York Journal of Commerce in this matter does not show its usual good judgment. The question has nothing to do with Shipping subventions but is intended purely to facilitate the transaction of business with the United States that without doubt was badly mess with the United States that without doubt was badly handicapped by lack of regular communications. The United States Postal authorities are greatly to be commended for thus having put sentiment aside, as everyone here who has business with the United States fully recognises.

LONDON OPINION

Econom OPINION

Brazilian Rails. Last week's traffic decrease of £6,256 is a masty pill for those of my confrères who are never tired of expatiating on the strong position of the Leopoldina Railway. The aggregate gain since January 1st is now whittled down to £113,984, and the process will continue for some weeks. The next coffee crop may or may not be a bumper, but there are many better bulls than Leos in the South American corral, cheap as they may look at 69 1/2. The drop in the Sao Paulo weekly increase to four figures—£9,944 to be exact—does not small bunkruptey, but it is quite touching to see the hig stock. Paulo weekly increase to four figures—£9,944 to be exact—does not spell bankruptcy, but it is quite touching to see the big stock sympathise with its neighbours in distress. The opportunity should not be lost by the investor desirous of a handsome yield, combined with security. The premium on the new Great Western (of Brazil) shares is no better than half-a-crown, and I sincerely condole with holders of the old ones, whose legitimate hopes have been so ruthlessly dashed to the ground. The drop from 16 to 10 3/4 is almost unprecedently severe in the case of a company maintaining its dividend, and although traffics are uninspiring the railway has such potentialities that the shares should be a tempting speculative investment. Financier.

Great Western of Brazil. Of the 50,000 new £10 shares, the creation of which was recently sanctioned, the directors of the Great Western Railway of Brazil now propose to issue 25,000, existing shareholders being offered one new share at par for every two at present held. As the old shares are now quoted at 11, the arrangement provides a bonus of 10s per share, or 5 per cent., so that in this way the proprietors are compensated in some measure for the absence of any increase in the dividend, "The new shares are to receive in January next 6 per cent. per annum on the amounts paid up, and are thereafter to rank pari passu with the existing capital. Whether this increase in the company's obligations will involve a temporary curtailment of the usual dividend rateromains to be seen, but it is to be hoped that the normal progress of the present undertaking will enable the distribution to be maintained pending the completion of the new lines for the construction of pending the completion of the new lines for the construction of which fresh capital is now being raised. In any case the shareholders must resign themselves to a maximum return of 6 per cent. for the present. Financier.

FOREIGN OPINION

Le Moniteur des Intérêts Matériels says that the scheme of Conversion is yet too recent to exercise a definite lasting influence on exchange fluence on exchange and remarks that towards the beginning of April the convertible notes disappeared and for some days were at a premium or, in other words, the inconvertible notes fell to a discount, equilibrium being restored only by drawing by the Bank of Brazil.

by the Bank of Brazil.

Our contemporary, usually so careful and well informed, is scarcely right in saying that the paper money ever fell to a discount compared with gold. What happened for a few days was that 90 days bills on London fell slightly below 15d, which is the par for conversion of notes here, not in London.

The par of exchange varies with the terms and depends on the rate of discount in London, interest in transit and commissions here, and necessarily must be below 15d.

The rate of exchange may fall somewhat below 15d, without depreciation.

depreciation.

depreciation.

As a matter of fact, the convertible notes never fell to a discount, but were always freely exchanged with the inconvertible at par, which could not be the case had there been any depreciation. Moreover, as the table published in another column conclusively shows, importation of gold has been for the time of the year on quite a large scale and uninterrupted up to the end of April, which could not have been the case had exchange fallen below the gold point.

Besides, we would remind our readers, the drain of gold was always looked for about this time of the year when bills are usually scarce. Last year, to make good the deficency the Bank of the Republic drew some £5,000,000 or more, in advance, and special provision was made in the Conversion Law authorising Government to utilise £3,000,000 or the balance in London for this purpose, should it prove requisite. Exports this year have been so heavy as probably to obviate the necessity this year have been so heavy as probably to obviate the necessity

this year have been so heavy as probably to obviate the necessity of such a course.

The danger to exchange, of course, lies in the possibility of coffee prices falling to such a point as to stop shipments or to so reduce the value of Exports as to upset the balance of payments, always delicate. That is a risk that all countries, that trade chiefly with agricultural produce and are dependent on variations of prices, these on the volume of production and that chiefly on the weather, must be everywhere exposed to. In our case, it is true, to the ordinary risks have for a time been added the liquidation of a coffee corner, but even should that result in an ultimate a loss of some millions to Brazil itwould, we may remind our readers, not absolutely smash the country or result in an ultimate a loss of some millions to Brazil it would, we may remind our readers, not absolutely smash the country or make it less solvent than at present. What Government loses, or may lose, over this deal is to a large extent gained by the planters. It is not money absolutely thrown away or lost, but remains in the country to help in its development. Indeed a very large part of it has been already invested in improved machinery, stock and buildings by the planters, which cannot fail to produce their effect in cheapening production.

Against the possibility of the falling off of coffee bills is to be put heavy additions to supply, due to the very large amounts of foreign capital that must enter the country during the next few years for construction of ports and railways, amounting to many millions sterling. Besides, as an ultimate reserve, that would certainly be utilized if necessary, it must be recollected Government holds over £7,000,000 in hard cash in the hands of its agents in London.

of its agents in London.

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RUBBER

The following interesting communication is from the

Rubber

The following interesting communication is from the **Financier**:

Although, as we remarked in our Rubber Notes a week age, the plater in the Middle East is of necessity primarily interested in the trees on the context of the standpoint of commercial assets, he is bound, if his enterprise is to prove wholly successful, to include in his general survey of his enterprise a number of possibly minor matters in connection with their cultivation. Among other points which have been recently raised by Indian and Ceylon planters is the question as to whether different varieties of Heven Brasiliensis vary, under the conditions of cultivation which most generally obtain in the Middle East, in the quantity and quality of the latex which they yield. In the Widdle East, and the quantity and quality of the latex which they yield. In the Widdle East, have the conditions of cultivation which most generally obtain in the Middle East, have been propagated, could a definite decision as to whether these trees were of one variety or several be arrived at. From the collector in Question, Mr. H. Wickham, we have received a very interesting communication, in which he deals with this matter.

Mr. Wickham, in the course of his letter, quotes from one of his research the India Office collected the Heven seeds he forwarded to Kew, incidentally throw an interesting light upon the soil and conditions under which these trees best flourish in their mative holaid. "The native locality," said Mr. Wickham, "of the tree (since determined as Heven which these trees best flourish in their mative holaid." The native locality," said Mr. Wickham, "of the tree (since determined as Heven seeds for flourish in their mative holaid." The native locality," said Mr. Wickham, "of the tree (since determined as Heven seeds for planting or cultivation of the free, as proposed in flurance, and the streams of the ordinary of the walley of the Amazon and its tributary rivers, including the head streams of the Orinozo. But as all these stock plants or seed a

we discussed at some length the discovery that the quality of latex from certain Ceylon trees deteriorated after the first tapping. No one, so far as we know has controverted effectively Mr. Bamber's statements in this connection. The native collector in Brazil regards a ten-year-old tree as almost too young to tap, and the fact that he takes his latex (if he is reasonably honest) from very well matured trees of great age, and from that latex produces rubber which is still infinitely superior to the best obtained from any plantation on the face of the earth for manufacturing purposes may or may not be taken as an argument against the girth test of maturity in the case of Hevea Brasiliensis in the Middle East. Tapping by this test from the age of six years and upwards may, for all we know, materially shorten the life of the plantation tree. The fact that experimental trees in various botanical gardens in the Middle East have suffered much and long at the hands of scientists is, we are afraid, no criterion by which to test this matter. Only the broadest of deductions can be drawn from these experiments, and we are much mistaken if the scientists who undertook them would wish us to adopt any other course.

At the present moment planters all over the Middle East are striving to arrive at perfection with regard to the rubber which their estates are producing, but it seems to us that they might do well if they initiated an inquiry into the point we have just been endeavouring to elaborate above. The preparation of the latex by the best native collectors in both South America and Africa is not based upon scientific principles, but is the outcome of experience. It would be interesting to have a large consignment of rubber obtained from latex out of six, seven and eight year old Brazilian forest (not plantation) trees, and prepared in the usual South American fashion, submitted to a number of British rubber manufacturers in conjunction with parcels of rubber obtained from Depole of Depole of Depole of Depole of Depole o

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4 Months January — April

IMPORTS MERCHANDISE

	1905	1906	1907
	£	£	£
January February March April	2,387,657 2,154,024 2,180,578 2,208,059	2,123,211 2,160,162 2,610,101 2,631,435	3,151,992 2,788,077 3,391,667 3,184,100
4 months:	8,930,318	9,524,909	12,515,836
	EXPORTS		
January February March April	4,029,795 3,978,530 3,997,009 3,217,920	4,392,327 4,151,708 4,240,185 3,374,956	4,718,049 5,582,014 5,411,199 5,165,829
4 months	15,223,254	16,159,176	20,877,091
BALANCE I	N FAVOUR OF	EXPORTS	
	1905, - .£	- * 1906 / £	1907 £
January February Mareh April.	1,642,138 1,824,506 1,316,431 1,009,861	2 269,116 1,991,546 1,630,034 743,521	1,566,057 2,793,937 2,019,532 1,981,729
4 months	6,292,936	6,634,267	8,361,255

IMPORTS OF SPECIE AND FOREIGN BANK NOTES

January February March. April	£ 353,002 164,371 278,229 264,806	£ 59,195 171,633 47,913 45,379	$\begin{array}{c} \pounds \\ 1,490,975 \\ 695,930 \\ 899,929 \\ 371,372 \end{array}$
4 months	1,060,408	324,120	3,458,206



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SÃO PAULO

Agricultural Statistics for crop year 1904/1905

	Boa Esperança	a Cunha
Number of proprietors	119	648
Area under cultivation alc		5,086.90
» » virgin forest	` _'	13,115.25
» » second growth	•	16,914.15
» » pasture		6,077.70
» » swamp and useless »		
" " " Buamp and decress "	1,684.5	2,287
Total area	22,834	43,481
Coffee, area under	2,053	30.25
Number of trees	3,966,700	60,600
Production 1904/05 ar'	, ,	2,180
Cane, area under alc		6 25
Sugar producedar		0 20
Sugar promited ar	,	
Spirits produced lits		5,100
Cotton, area under alc	•	-
» , production ar'		_
Rice, area under alq	's 164.75	159.08
» production lits	es 2,506,500	516,300
Indian Corn, area under alq		2,976.75
» » production litr		15,442,550
Beaus, area under		1,835.80
» , production li:		2,392,200
	,	
» , production ar'		4,993
Vines, area under alc		7.65
», production of grapes litr	es —	27,000;
Cassava, area alq	's	
» , production kil-	os —	
Valuation of land per alquiere	203 to 200\$	30\$ to 80\$
	4.515:800\$	2.509:310\$
Workmen-Native No	. 812	2,040
» —Foreign		28
" roreign	2,200	
Total	3,075	2,068
Horses	1,130	1,942
Cattle»	3,400	2,639
Mules	351	2,034
Sheep & Goats »	1,485	1,676
Swine ×	_'	27,238
Fowls and Poultry	12,831	37,081
Nationality of Proprietors:	12,001	01,001
•		
Brazilian		640
Italian		3
Portuguese	•	2
Austrian	. 1	
German x	1	
British	· –	_
Spanishx	. 2	1
French	_	i
American	-	. •
		- ,
Sundry ×	3	1

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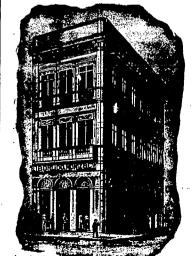
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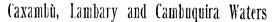
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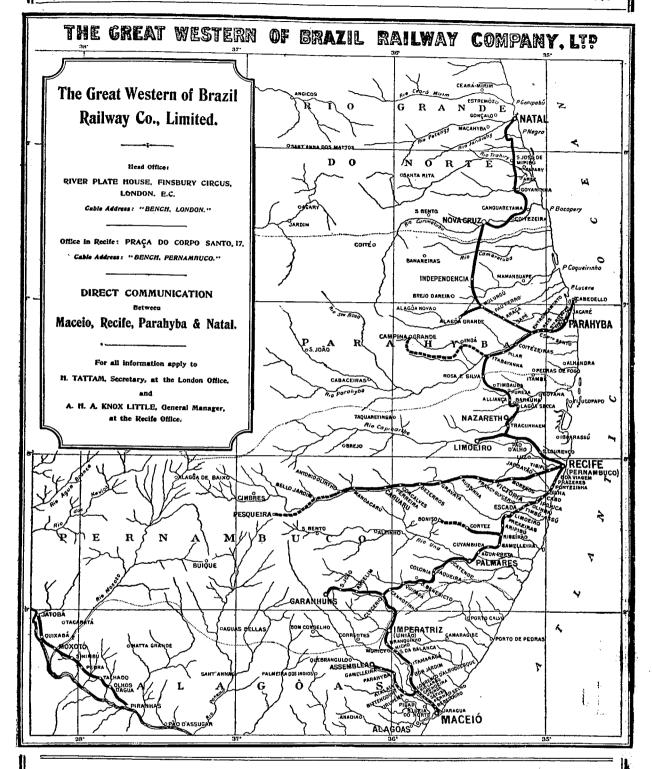
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Visconde de Sapucahy, 104-142

RIO DE JANEIRO

TELEPHONE 111 — _____ CAIXA 1205

Gold Medal S. Louis 1904







___RUA ___

Visconde de Sapucahy, 104-142

RIO DE JANEIRO

TELEPHONE 111 — CAIXA 1205

Gold Medal S. Louis 1904





General Aems

Local Items. The returns of the Director General of Public Health tor the week ended June 9th, 1907 are as follows, Yellow fever 1; butonic plague, 0; small-pox, 1; measles 0; searlet fever 0; diphteria, 0; whooping cough, 2; influenza, 11; typhoid fever, 1; dysentery, 2; beriberi, 1; leprosy, 0; erysipelas, 1; marsh fevers, 2; pulmonary diseases, 42. Total infectious diseases, 64. Violence (including suicides) 15. Non-infectious diseases, 64. Violence (including suicides) 15. Non-infectious diseases, 160. Total deaths from all causes, 230; equal to an annual death rate of 19.82 per 1,000 inhabitants. Mostality of infectious diseases to total number of deaths 25.35%, Under treatment in hospitals; yellow fever, 1; small-pox, 8; and bulonic plague, 1, under observation 18.

— During the week the weather has been brilliantly fine and at times hotter than was to be excepted at this time of year. There is no more perfect climate in the World than that of Rio during the months of June, July and August when the weather is fine, for the air is as clear almost as that on the yeldt in South Africa and there is an exhibitation

about the brilliant sunshine which lights up everything without scorching. The health of the City is quite normal. As regards yellow fever there was only one case and at this time of the year we may look for a complete extinction of the malady.

— The mails last week were somewhat disturbed by the fact that the Messageries Maritimes s. s. Corditière and the R. M. S. P. s. s. Thames both went aground at Buenos Aires owing to the lowness of the water. The former vessel being the lighter in draft got off and sailed from Rio only one day late but the Thames stuck fast in spite of taking out much of her cargo. She is scheduled to leave Southampton on July 12th it is probable that some other vessel will have to take her place on that date. Another contretemps during the week was the running aground of the P. S. N. C. s. s. Ort quant Punta Arena, At first some alarm was felt here as news was scanty and there were fears that the ship might be attacked by Indians from the shore. On Tuesday evening however news was received to the effect that she had been got off uninjured and was proceeding on her voyage.

— We call the attention of our rand stathened in

on her voyage.

— We call the attention of our reads s to the notice in another column with regard to the American mails. Mr.Consul Anderson is to be congratulated on the persuancy with which

he has pounded away at the U. S. Postal officials until his arguments have borne fruit. At first Mr. Anderson had a hard task to persuade Washington that everything was not for the best in the best possible of mail services from America to Brazil, for it was complacently stated that there was a weekly mail service between the two countries. This may have been so on paper but it was certainly erroneous in fact. The Consul the looked up files of The Brazilian Review and found what ships had arrived for the last two years from the States, took their average time in getting here and then sent such a report to Washington of the absolute inadequacy of the service that at last his efforts have been crowned with success. In future the U. S. mails for Brazilian ports will be sent every week via Europe except once per month when they will go by the direct mail from New York Brazilian ports will be sent every week via Europe except once per month when they will go by the direct mail from New York carried by the s. s. Byron and Tennyson of the Lamport and Holt line. These vessels leave New York in the first week of each month. This new arrangement will be a great boon to all business men, since instead of getting 17 or 18 days mail in one bunch the letters from the United States will come in regularly with the European mail on the Monday or the Wednesday. We ourselves shall be very glad of the change, for at present perfect mountains of newspapers arrive at intervals of some 17 days most of them quite out of date. Later on, we suppose, when the United States grants subsidies and runs large and swift mail steamers down here and when the Lloyd Braziand swift mail steamers down here and when the Lloyd Braziand switt man steamers down here and when the Lloyd Brazi-leiro have got their new direct steamers running, all will be changed, but at present we are thankful for the small mercies which Mr. Consul Anderson has obtained. With so much talk about America and Brazil going along the path of progress hand in hand it would be ridiculous if the mail services were left in such an inefficient state as heretofore for, after all, if mails are cheap and fast, correspondence increases enormously and people get to know each other. The penny postage in vogue throughout a vast part of the British Empire has done more than all the speeches to foster the Imperial idea. Brazil's next step should be to reduce her postage rates and bring them more into line with those of the other signatories to the Postal

— Tuesday last was the 43rd anniversary of the battle of Riachuelo and a force of 2,500 sailors was landed and reviewed by Riachuelo and a force of 2,500 sailors was landed and reviewed by the President of the Republic in front of the Monroe Palace. The men marched well and looked very smart indeed. When the new Dreadnoughts arrive the country should be proud to possess such ships and such men to man them. The cadets looked specially well, which is a promising sign. The force marched from the Arsenal up the Visconde de Inhauma and along the full length of the Central Avenue. After the review they returned by another route. Further to celebrate the day the President of the Republic granted leave for a statue to be erected in the City to Admiral Barroso and his gallant men the cost of which will be 100:000\$\$. In the evening the President inaugurated the new Admiralty Board.

the cost of which with or low-look. In the evening the Fresident inaugurated the new Admiralty Board.

— The Portuguese colony is very busy arranging all kinds of festivities for the visit of King Carlos next year. There are few people more loyal to their King than the Portuguese settled here in Brazil and it is certain that they will do all in their power to make his visit a success from the point of view of visiting "his own people" who are working out here. We are pretty sure to have a fine crop of Condes and Viscondes before he leaves this country. We have heard no more at present of his rumoured visit to Argentina after leaving here but should think it was problematical.

think it was problematical.

— The Chief of Police will shortly submit for the approval of the Minister of the Interior new regulations for the theatres of the Minister of the Interior new regulations for the theatres in this City. One of the changes is to be the substitution of proper stalls for the chairs at present in use and a general increase of space for people to move about and get to their sents. The theatres here are not comfortable from an English point of view, but then there are no theatres in the World so comfortable as those in London. Even in New York the general arrangement and decoration is far behind the London theatres whilst in Paris, Vienna, Berlin, Rome and Brussels they are still more primitive. Here in Rio, where even in the winter it is fairly warm in a theatre, more attention should be given to space and ventilation and then perhaps the fluminerse will be tempted out to see the "show" which at present seems to be more of an effort than a pleasure to him.

more of an effort than a pleasure to him.

— Apropos of the action of certain Boards in London just at present the following summing up of the English man of business by Mr. E. R. Benson in *The Retentless City* put into the mouth of an American millionaire is interesting:—

into the mouth of an American millionaire is interesting:—

"Mr. Palmer gave a moment's consideration to how he was before he answered.

"Well, I guess I'm a bit out of condition in the brain" he said. "From a business point of view, England is the most enervating place I eve came to. These directors and business men are here about as much use as nursemaids. They go down to their offices about eleven, and sit there till one. Then they ent a heavy lunch, and stroll back about two to see if anything has happened. Of course it hasn't; things don't happen unless you make them happen. So they light a big cigar, and go down to Woking for an evening of golf after the fatigues of the day. Saturdays they dont put in an appearance at all. That's their idea of business. And it tells on me rather; it's difficult to keep up ordinary high pressure when you're surrounded by somany flabby bits of chewed string." And later, "What they want is something to cure them of their habit of always resting."

— The Chief of Police is ordering out a lot of fox terriers in

— The Chief of Police is ordering out a lot of fox terriers in order to breed them and use them to help the police on duty in the various suburban districts of the City. We should think this vaild be a useful innovation for the fox terrier is a really

sporting dog and is keen to scent out anyone burglariously inclined. It is to be hoped that some distinguishing badge may be given to these police dogs otherwise they will run a risk of being carried off by the "dog catchers" and Government have to pay themselves to get the animals out again.

— A member of the Chamber of Deputies has presented to that House a project by which a guarantee of $4^{\circ}/_{0}$ (up to 3,000:000\$) will be granted to each of the first five factories which will use National minerals for iron and steel manufactures. This guarantee will be raised to $6^{\circ}/_{0}$ if the coal used in the factories is also of National origin. The same project would grant a guarantee of $6^{\circ}/_{0}$ (up to 1,000:000\$) to each of the first five briquette factories founded.

— The Minister of Public Works, Dr. Miguel Calmon, has sent a telegram to the Presidents and Governors of the various States stating that the Inspector General of Navigation is organising a map of the coasting and interior navigation of the

States stating that the Inspector General of Navigation is organising a map of the coasting and interior navigation of the country and asking that all the Presidents and Governors will send full information regarding the various lines subventioned by the States or enjoying privileges from them. Dr. Calmon is determined to get all the data together that is possible with regard to Railways, shipping, etc., in order that Government may the more easily realise their programme for the improvement of communications all over the Republic.

— The new German Minister is evidently anxious to bring immigrants to Brazil from the Fatherland for he was closeted for three hours one day last week with the Director of Immigration, Dr. Gongalves Junior. The latter reported later to the Minister of Public Works that the German Minister had expressed himself as satisfied with the regulations for immigration as well as with the attitude adopted by Government. We shall probably soon see a fresh rush from Germany. The more the merrier.

- The British Minister last week introduced two Canadian business men to the President of the Republic. It is understood that their object is to improve the trade between this country and Canada and vice-versa

— With regard to the pensions, of which we spoke last week, it is stated that the present rates will remain in force until January 1st 1908, after which new regulations will be made.

- On Sunday 9th the Cardinal Archbishop of Rio de Janeiro visited the island of Paqueta. His Eminence went there to see the work which is going on on a new chapel of S. Roque. There is a great future before Paqueta, as we have insisted before. Soon it will have its new water supply and electric light and after that there is sure to be an influx of people from Rio who will build summer villas there and found a fine colony. We believe that money might be invested worse than in land in Paquetá,
- in Paqueta.

 A new form of propaganda is to be tried. Last week the Director of the Brazilian Cinematographic Company left for Europe taking with him thousands films of living pictures taken in this country. We should think that this would be a very useful form of propaganda and if shown free of churge to the labouring classes in Europe, especially in Italy and France, would be attended with the best results. In the same way that symbols in religion appeal to the senses and intelligence of the lower classes, so, whilst a man might scream himself hoarse telling them of the beauties of Brazil and not affecthem, if the life out here is shown them really in action before

seri noarse tening them of the beauties of Brazin and not after them, if the life out here is shown them really in action before their eyes they have something to grasp and will be persuaded. This is an excellent idea and worth pushing further.

— The Geographical Society of Rio de Jameiro which has been in existence for 24 years has moved to more spacious premises at the corner of the rua Assemblea and the Avenida Control. Central.

— The Minister of Marine, Admiral Alexandrino Alencar, has sent a circular letter to all the captains of ports and com-manders of instruction schools recommending them to give all the aid in their power to further the interests of the new Navy League which is destined to render so much service to the Bra-

League which is destined to render so much service to the Brazilian Navy and Mercantile Marine.

— A new work has just appeared dealing with Brazilian orchids. In this book it is stated that the Flora Braziliens contains no less than 1,765 different species of orchid of which 1,465 are indigenous to the country and 310 are possessed in common with the countries bordering on Brazil.

— The Jardim Botanico Company has at last installed electric light in the "trailers" of its line. This is much appreciated by the public, for hitherto they have been almost as badly lit as the mule cars of the S. Christovão line which is saying a good deal. The flickering oil lamps quite preclude the possibility of reading but no doubt that will soon all be altered and electric cars be running everywhere. The new Prefect is not the man to stand in the way of progress or reform.

— Eleonora Duse, one of the greatest of living actresses; are expected to arrive in Rio yesterday. This should prove a great treat to all true lovers of the drama. It is stated that the great actress is to receive 500,000 francs for her tour in South

great treat to all true lovers or the diama. It is sacretained the great actress is to receive 500,000 frames for her tour in South America. This sounds a satisfactory amount of money, but it

the great actress is to receive 500,000 trates for her tour in South America. This sounds a satisfactory amount of money, but it pales before the statement recently published that Caruso is to get £40,000 per annum for 4 years from one manager! This is just about a record we should fancy.

— We stated some time ago that the Exhibition of 1908 would be held on ground near the prata Formosa and practically on the new quays. A rumour, which has been contradicted, was floating about that it would be held on the prata Santa Luzia near the Misericordia Hospital. This seemed absurd on the face of it for there would be no room unless a large tract

of land were reclaimed from the sea which would take a longer time than the organisers of the Exhibition have at their dis-posal.

Our contemporary The Financial Times brings the fol-

lowing:—

"A humorous story is told us by a correspondent (who vouches for the truth of it) concerning a gentleman holding a high position in a certain large public company, which position he had unfortunately to relinquish some time ago owing to a nervous disorder. On inquiring at the office regarding him, an acquaintance of the invalid was gravely informed that Mr. Blank was very much better, but suffered so much with his head that, as he would never be able to resume his old position, he had been made a Director!"

— Dr. Rodrigues Alves is still in London and is being

ne had been made a Director!?

— Dr. Rodrigues Alves is still in London and is being fêted by everyone. Last week a concert was given in his honour at the Brazilian Legation, Brazil and Brazilians seem to be very much in evidence in the British Capital just at present. The papers are all full of glowing accounts of this country whilst many distinguished Brazilians are helping on the propaganda. paganda.

- Accounts are now to hand of the banquet given on May — Accounts are now to hand of the banquet given on May she by the Amazon Steam Navigatiou Company, the Booth Steamship Co, Manaos Harbour Co, Manaos Improvement Co, and by various bankers and others to Senator Silverio Nery, ex-Governor of the State of Amazonas. The banquet took place ex-Governor of the State of Amazonas. The banquet took place at the Hotel Cecil and was presided over by the Right Honourable Charles Booth, Chairman of the Booth line. The list of guests included almost all well known Brazilians and persons connected with Brazil at present in London, Hopes were expressed that Dr. Nery would shortly be again elected to the position of Governor of the State. On May 16th Dr. Nery was the guest of the London and Brazilian Bank at the Hotel Ritz.—Dr. Ray Barbosa, Brazilian Delegate to the Peace Conference at the Hague, and Dr. Jonquim Nabuco, Brazilian Ambassador to Washington, have both arrived in Paris.—A telegram from Liverpool states that the Pacific Steam Navigation Company is building four new steamers for its West Coast trade.

West Coast trade.

Dr. Amelio Arévalo, who since June 1906 has been Minister of Ecuador in Brazil, left on the s. s. Oropesa for Guayaguil via Valparaiso on leave of absence. Dr. Arévalo last May

quil via Valparaiso on leave of absence. Dr. Arévalo last May brought to a successful conclusion the treaty of Commerce and Navigation signed in this Capital.

— Dr. Wencesho Bello, President of the Sociedade Nacional de Agricultura, left for Europe on Wednesday last.

— Mr. R. R. Mather, who for thirty years has been connected with the the house of Wilson Sons and Co. in Brazil, left for Europe on the s. s. Oriana last week. Mr. Mather is finally severing his connection with Brazil and his departure is much deplored, not only amongst the English colony but also in Brazilian commercial circles.

in Brazilian commercial circles.

— The new s. s. São Paulo, which was launched by Dr. Rodrigues Alves at Belfast a few days ago was built in the yard of Messrs Workman Clark and Co. The visitors were con-— The new s. s. São Paulo, which was launched by Dr. Rodrigues Alves at Belfast a few days ago was built in the yard of Messrs Workman Clark and Co. The visitors were conveyed from that city to Southampton on the new Royal Mail s. s. Aron, which is due to arrive here on her maiden trip on July 15th next. The São Paulo is a vessel of 6,000 tons, 340 ft long, 44ft 6in beam, with a maximum draft of 21 ft. She is a twin screw vessel with triple expansion engines and has a mean speed of about 14 knots when loaded, and will be able to carry 5,000 tons of cago as well as 100 tons in cold storage room. She has accomodation for S7 first class passengers, 30 second and 400 third. Her sister ships, shortly to be launched, are the Rio de Janciro and Mines Geracs.

— As we announced some time ago, Sr. Alberto Barth, who for many years was a merchant in this city, died in March 1906 at Zurich. In his will be left the sum of 150,000 tes to the Brazilian Government to be employed for public education. The Government, acting in agreement with the Prefect, have now decided to erect a model school to be called after its benefactor. The new school is to be erected on the Avenida Beira Mar.

— The Diario de Noticias of Lisbon has published some curious information about Dr. Rodrigues Alves, Our contemporary says "Dr. Rodrigues Alves was active in bringing about the establishment of the Republic in Brazil and was shortly afterwards elected President of the State of Pará, which State he afterwards represented in the Chamber of Deputies. He was twice Minister of Finance and was later elected Senator of Pará by 35,000 votes." Poor São Paulo!

— Dr. Miguel Calmon, Minister of Public Works, has received communications from nearly all the Governors and Presidents of the various States warmly apphauding his action with regard to the great Exhibition of 1908 and promising him their unqualified support. Many of the Governors are asking for grants from their various Congresses in order to insure the success of their representation.

— Apropro

of the stopping pla es of the trams on the Jardim Botanico system, when we expressed the opinion that we did not quite system, when we expressed the opinion that we did not see what could be done, a suggestion has been made to us which see what could be done, a suggestion has been made to us which we think is really very practical. It is, that, whilst on fine days we think is really very practical. It is, that, whilst on fine days the stopping places might be used, when it is raining trams should stop whenever passengers wish to get in or out, as of old. This certainly would obviate the necessity of ladies having to stand waiting in the pouring rain for five or six minutes. There is another alternative which we hear has been adopted by some worthy citizen, namely to sally forth in the dead of night and pain, white the post nearest to one's gate. This would please everybody, except possibly the company. — Work is going on apace at the new quays on the provisional warehouses which are being erected in order that the same may be ready when ships begin to come alongside, which is expected to be fait accompti at no very distant date. Electric cranes are also being installed on the quays whilst each warehouse is to have several small cranes for the moving of the merchandise. It is expected that all will be ready for service about August next. Close to these provisional warshouses the foun-

chandise. It is expected that all will be ready for service about August next. Close to these provisional warehouses the foundations are being laid for the first permanent warehouse.

— Last week the Admiral of the Brazilian Fleet, which is visiting American waters, had invited a number of the American officers to lunch on board his ship at Hampton Rads. Unfortunately the news arrived that a hunch belonging to the American Navy had been lost at Norfolk, seven officers and five sailors having been drowned. The entertainment was therefore postponed.

postponed.

— The building on the Avenida Central which has been purchased from the Archbishop and is to be converted into the home of the Supreme Tribunal was visited last week again by the Minister of Justice and many of the Judges. It is expected that the Supreme Tribunal will be finally installed in the new building at the beginning of 1908.

— We refer above to the smart appearance of the cadets in last Tuesday's procession and it appears that when the present Minister of Marine came into office these cadets only numbered 162. This the Minister found utterly inadequate and today he has no less than 410 cadets in the schools here.

has no less than 410 cadets in the schools here.

Minas Geraes. A decree has been signed by the Governor of the State regulating the service of agriculture, colonization, peopling of the soil, technical education, commercial propaganda and various interests touching the State. For many years Dr. João Pinheiro has been studying these questions and he has now drawn up these regulations. All those dealing with the agricultural problems make for the security of the future of the State, its richness and its production whilst examination which the security of the state, its richness and its production whilst examination which the security of the security of the state, its richness and its production whilst examination which the security of the secu tion, whilst everything will be done to bring about the most rapid development possible. Amongst other matters touched on in these regulations is the question of model farms which is

on in these regulations is the question of model farms which is dealt with at great length.

— In our last issue we stated that the machinery for the Companhia Industrial Bello Horizonte had been ordered through the firm of Robert L. Kerr & Co., Manchester. We are informed by Messrs Victor Ushaender & Co. that this is incorrect as all the machinery and the electric installation for this mill will be supplied by the latter firm.

São Paulo. The following is an extract from the report of Mr. Bradford, the expert appointed by the State Government to study the question of rice growing in São Paulo:—

"To clearly demonstrate the great advantages of this locality for the cultivation of rice, I propose to your excellency the selection of lands on the margin of the Parahyba conveniently situated along the railroad which crosses on the right of the valley, going from São Paulo to Rio de Janeiro, in the region situated below the city of Pindamonhangaba, where modern reuping machines can be employed for taking off the crop, thus the cross that the cross t testing the great fertility of the soil and verifying the state-ments of those persons who at periodical intervals have planted rice by primitive processes, reaping 200 sacks for one sack planted.

"When I remember that one sack of seed planted in Lousiana or Texas may give from 45 to 60 sacks and that this is thought a splendid result, what language can I use to proper ly describe the possibilities of profits in this industry here where one sack of seed produces from 100 to 200, besides enjoying the advantages of a protective duty amounting to five dollars a sack even though the cost of production was double the cost in the even though the cost of production was double the cost in the rice zone of the United States."

Pope Pius X has decorated the Conde Alvares Penteado with the Orders of Saint Gregory the Great and the Holy Sepulchre.
 To him that hath shall be given.

— It is stated that a company is being organised in Sao Paulo with a capital of 800:000\$ for the exploration of the State

Paulo with a capital of 800:000\$ for the exploration of the State of Matto Grosso with a view to both agriculture and mining.

— The São Paulo Railway Company intended to bring its new timetable into effect on the 1st July next but owing to the fact that there is some hitch with the Mogyana it will only begin on July 14th. There will be five trains a day to Santos from the Capital, namely at 6 a.m., 8 a.m., 10 a.m, 2.30 p.m. and 4.18 p.m. To the interior there will be four trains a day viz at, 5.45 a.m., 10.45 a.m. and 4 p.m. Various changes are also to made in the suburban service.

— São Paulo really is going ahead. In the city of Amparo electrophones are supplied free to all the subscribers to the telephone in order that they may sit in their own houses and listen to the band in the Public Gardens.

— The Municipal Chamber of Capivary has just issued a loan of 200:000\$000 bearing 12% at 85 to be amortised in ten years.

Parana. The State Government has now issued regulations touching colonization of the State. These regulations are practically the same as those which we published a short time ago as approved by the Federal Government.

Rio Grande do Sul. Dr. Miguel Calmon, Minister of Public Works, has definitely approved the plan of the railway from Saycan to Sant'Anna do Livramento. The Minister has also approved the plans for the construction of two steel bridges, one over the river Taquary and the other over the Santa Maria. The latter bridge is expected to cost 3.180:000\$000 and will be one of the largest in Brazil. and will be one of the largest in Brazil.

Pará. According to the Jornal of Pará some difficulty has been experienced by the agent who undertook to ship Chinese labourers to Belém. As Brazil has no Consular agents in China the agent was of French nationality and after he had made his contracts with the workmen the French Consul at Foo-Chow refused to vise the necessary papers on the ground that he had been instructed by his Government to oppose the export of Chinese labour for work on the North of Brazil Railway. After this the Chinese authorities themselves also objected. So far no solution of the case has been arrived at, but it is understood that the Company are sanguine of soon being able to get all the labour they require from China.

— Rather a tall story comes from the interior of the State which is somewhat reminiscent of the strange adventures of Jonah. It appears that two youths, aged 18 years, went down to the river to fish and one of them was surprised on turning round to see his companion with only his feet and ankles sticking out of the mouth of a hugh fish. Nothing daunted, however, he rose to theoccasion and plunged his harpoon into the

however, he rose to the enouth of a hugh fish. Nothing daunted, however, he rose to the occasion and plunged his harpoon into the tail of the terocious animal which promptly, probably through disgust, ejected the unfortunate youth on to the bank where he landed none the worse for his adventure. N.B. This is very like a whale.

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NORTH LINE Every Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m. RIO GRANDE LINE ... The 1st., 7th., 14th., and 23rd., every month, at 12 noon.

NEW YORK LINE ... Once a month.

RIVER PLATE LINE ... The 4th. and 20th. every month, at 12 noon.

STA. CATHARINA LINE SUL DA BAHIA LINES Once a month (Departures not 2000).

SUL DA BAHIA LINES Once a month (Departures not fixed.)

SERGIPE LINE.... Twice a month (Departures not fixed.)

MATTO GROSSO LINES. Are in connection with the River Plate Line, departures from Montevidéo or Buenos Aires.

FLEET

Alagoas Manáos Maranhão. Olinda. São Salvador. Pernambuco Espirito Santo Braganca.Matto Grosso. Maraio. Coxipô.

Goyaz. Sergipe, Mayrink, Victoria, ∠ymorė. Estrella. Fagundes Varella. Grão Pará. Diamantino Mercedes. Rio Verde.

Florianopolis. Santos. Satellite. Prudente de Moraes. Iris. Amazonas. Guarajā. Ludario. Nioac. Itapemirim. Cahy.

26 BUILDING

For Cargo, Passages and General Data Apply to the Head Office & Agencies

Personal Aews

Arrivals and Departures during the week:

ARRIVALS

By the s. s. Nile from Southampton on June 11th.— H. S. Gardiner, N. O. Robinson and daughter, Charles Taylor and family, Charles Leyden, C. J. Hopkins.

By the s. s. Oropesa from Liverpool on June 12th.— W. H. Newby. By the s. s. Oriana from Valparaiso on June 12th.— George A. Mitchell, Simon Boyes, Joseph Kirk and wife, Albert F. Smith, Colin Broad, Miss Annie Kirk.

DEPARTURES

By the s. s. Nile for Buenos Aires on June 11th.— F. A. Robinson and wife, Charles MacIntyre, Robert W. Jenning, Alfred Kent, A. F. Bate, E. J. Macdonald, Milton A. Mc. Rae and wife.

By the s. s. Oriana for Liverpool on June 12th.— P. M. Hume, Dr. Alfredo Lisboa, P. W. Dallon, C. M. Madell, G. H. Clark, F. Haring, J. R. Luge, R. Wilson, R. R. Mather, R. E. Kettey, E. J. Morgaus, R. V. N. Crealth, S. F. Weyland. E. Bartlett and wife.

By the s. s. Oropesa for Valparaiso on June 13.— M. Boyes, J. Kir., and daughter, A. F. Smith.

ETROPOLI

This important and healthy suburb of the City of Rio de Janeiro, is situated amongst the hills to the North at an altitude of 826 metres (about 2,700 ft.) above the level of the sea.

PETROPOLIS is an extremely picturesque city with good drainage and water supply, and lighted by electricity. It is the fashionable suburb and summer resort, the nights being always cool, even in mid-summer. The Hotels are excellent,

Steamers, the property of the Leopoldina Railway Co., leave Prainha Wharf at 6.30 a.m. and 4 p.m. daily for an hour's journey across the Bay to Mauá, when passengers are transferred to a train which

arrives at Petropolis at 8.55 a.m. and 6.10 p.m. Return trains from Petropolis by the Bay route leave daily at 7.30 a.m. and 4.30 p.m. The steamers are fitted with every convenience, restaurant, buffet, etc. The return fare, during working days, available for 10 days including tax, is 9\$600, and 7\$200 on holidays, feastdays and sun-

Petropolis is also served by a railway route (a branch of the Leopoldina Railway) which runs round the Bay in combination with the Central Railway. Trains leave Central Station at 8.05 a.m., 4.30 p.m., and 6.35 p.m. daily (S. Francisco at 8.35 a.m., 5 and 7 p.m.), and return from Petropolis at 6 a.m., 9.25 a.m., and 4 p.m. Return tickets by this route, available only for three days, including tax, 6\$000.

The ascent of the range of hills to reach Petropolis by the Leopoldina Railway is made by the Riggenbach Rack system on one of the heaviest gradients (1 in 6-1/2) of any mountain railway in the world, so that the route is interesting and the scenery

extremely picturesque.

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The Leopoldina Railway Company, Ltd.

Directors: — Harrison Hodeson Esq., M. Inst. C. E., 9, New Broad Street, E. C. Chairman; F. W. Barrow, Esq., 4, Fenchurch Street, E. C. F. Rovert II. Benson, Esq., 66, New Broad Street, E. C.; R. E. Brounger, Esq., M. Inst. C. E., 9 New Broad Street, E. C.; J. H. Wicks, Esq., Billiter Square Buildings, E. C.

Auditors: —Messers. Deloitté, Plender, Griffiths & Co., 5, London Wall Buildings, Finsbury Circus, E. C.

Consulting Engineers: —Messers. Livesey, Son & Henderson.
In Rio de Janeiro: —A. H. A., Knox-Little, General Manager; Dr. João Teixeira Soares, Consultant; Secretary, J. H. Drury, Esq., Offices of the Company: —4, Fenchurch Street, London, E. C.

Extracts of the Report of the Directors to the Proprietors and Statement of the Revenue & Capital Accounts

FOR THE

Year Ended December 31st, 1906

1. The results of the working of the railway for the year, as compared with the corresponding period in 1905, are as follows:—

£1,126,167 Gross receipts..... 732,845 Working expenses..... 780,203 £393,322 Net receipts..... $\begin{array}{ccccc} 67,753 & 6 & 7 \\ 3,836 & 15 & 3 \\ 470 & 15 & 0 \\ 2,573 & 0 & 9 \end{array}$ Interest of Minas Geraes Bonds Transfer Fees. Interest, &c... 165,567,12, 2 £568,189 12 11

Deduct-

Balance of cost of repairs in connection with extraordinary damage to line by floods in 1905-6......

45,000 0 0 239,000 0 0

Leaving a balance of...... £329,189 12 11

- Out of this balance of £ 329,189. 12s. 11d., the Board proposes to pay a dividend of 4 per cent., amounting to £222,827.12s., leaving a sum of £106,362.0s.11d. to be carried forward.
- 3. The gross currency receipts for the year were Rs. 17.650:0008, as compared with Rs. 16.765:0008, an increase of Rs. 885:0008, the gross sterling receipts being £ 1,182,825 as compared with £ 1,120,167, an increase of £ 55,538.
- 4. The working expenses amount to £780,203, or 65.36 per cent., as compared with £732,845, or 65,07 per cent. in 1905.
- 5. The receipts from passenger traffic show a decrease of £1,637, or 0.85 per cent., from parcels and baggage, an increase of £1,658, or 3,39 per cent., and from goods traffic an increase of £55,186, or 6.40 per cent.
- 6. The following statement gives the results of the working of the line for the years ended 31st December, 1905 and 1906 : —

ℓ) omparative statement of working for the years ended 31st December, 1905 and 1906

I:	ins	Danieli i	150	06	Iner	rease	Dec	rease	Per	cent
Quantity	Amount	Description	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount
No. 569,532 1,641,902 2,211,431	£ 94,501 97,602 £192,603		1,879,980 2,481,340	£ 98,840 97,026 £190,866	287,078		No.	£1,061 576 £1,637	+ 14.50	
Tons. 20,781	£ 45,253 4,027 £49,779	LUGGAGE AND PARCELS TRAFFIC: Rail	22 015	£ 46,927 4,540 £51,467	Tons. 1,234	£ 1,675 13 £1,688	Tons.	£	+ 5.94	+ 3·70 + 0·29 + 3·39
Tons, 126,520 38 480	£ 350,017 53,221 20,655	Goods Traffic— Coffee Sugar. Sugar-cane.	16,161	£ 515,415 29,896 751	Tons, 19,476	£ 25,398 751	Tons. 2,783	£ 3,825	+ 15·80 7·28	+ 5.18
13,501 12,189 9,696 7,170	10,446 13 435 7,589 6,760	Maize Salt. Flour Alcohol. Rice.	29,208 14,225 13,948 9,437 7,029	11,989 11,501 75,683 7,685 4,926	721 1,759	1,055 2,248 96	19,197 259 141		+ 5.56 + 14.48 - 2.67	+ J0·10 + I6·73 + 1·26
21,399 782 2,587 64 ,148	11,526 3,315 2,113 35,179	Beans and other Cereals Tohaceo Cotton Timber and Sleepers Firewood	22,821 746 3,059 49,827	13,214 8,885 2,455 40,198	922 14 472 1 19 250	1,688 20 342 11,539			+ 4·31 + 1·91 + 18·25	+ 14.65 + 0.60 + 16.19
5,516 120,607	8,074 180,806 39,484	Stone and SandLive StockGeneral GoodsMaritime	48,079 14,002 6,431 113,073	6,520 1,850 10,068 191,810 51,500	14,002 918	1,350 1,591 11,004 12,016	***********		+ 16·64 - 5·78	+ 24.70
490,350	£862,620 £ 4,285 16,950	Miscellaneous— Telegraph receipts Sundry receipts	528,742	£:17,806 £:5,880 17,856	88,892	£55,186 £ 1,045			+ 7.83	+ 24.39
	£21,265			£22,686		£1,421			·····	+ 6.68

- 7. A transfer out of profits of £50,000 has been made to the Sinking Fund to provide for the redemption of the 4 per cent. Debenture Stock, on account of the reversion of certain lines to the Federal and State
- 8. The sum of £45,000 has been transferred from the Net Revenue Account, to provide the balance of the cost of repairs in connection with the extraordinary damage to the line by the unprecedented floods in 1905-0, referred to in las report, and amounting to £80,000.
- 9. It is with profound regret that the Board have to record the death of Mr. Edward Herdman. It was largely owing to Mr. Herdman's sagacity and patience that the English proprietors came into possession of the railway in 1898. On the formation of the English Company he naturally became Chairman, and filled that position with conspicuous ability to the day of his death, on 30th June last.
- 10. The term for which Mr. J. Percy Clarke was appointed General Manager naving expired at the end of 1906, and Mr. Carke having notified his desire to take up a similar position in the River Plate, the Board had to consider the appointment of a successor.
- In consequence, Mr. A. H. A. Knox-Little, who has been long connected with the Great Western of Brazil Railway, has been appointed General Manager, and he took up his position in January last.
- 11 The Board have had under consideration on arrangement with the Government of Minds to extend the date at which certain lines revert

to that State for a further period of 50 years, viz.— from 1950 to 1999. They have also had under consideration proposals to improve the accommodation afforded by the Railway, and to acquire and construct Extensions on the Leopoldina system.

These matters were examined by the Chairman during his recent visit to Brazil, and the Board has been advised by cable that ad referendum agreements are being sent to London. After their arrival it is proposed to submit them to the Proprietors at a special meeting to be convened for the purpose.

- 12. Lower down will be found the remarks of the General Manager regarding the working of the line during the year, and the prospect before us for 1907.
- 13. The Directors who retire at the coming meeting are Mr. R. E. Brounger and Mr. F. W. Barrow, and, being eligible, they offer themselves for re-election.
- 14. The Auditors. Mossrs. Deloitte, Plender, Griffiths & Co., also retire, and offer themselves for re-appointment.
- 15. The Board desires to acknowledge the faithful services of the General Manager, the Secretary, heads of departments, and the staff of the railway generally.

By order of the Board, J. H. Drury, Secretary. — OFFICES OF THE COMPANY, 4 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E. C., 3rd May, 1907.

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Extracts from the General Manager's report on the working of the line dated Rio de Janeiro, 25th March 1907.

"I have the pleasure to submit a report on the working of the Railway for the year ended 31st December, 1906, with comparisons for the previous year:—

	£	190	j s.	d.	£	1906 s.	d,		Differe £	nce s.	đ.	Per cent.
Gross Receipts Working Expenses Net Receipts	1,126, 732, 398,	844	16	_5	1,182 780 402,	,202 1	1 8	+++++	56,657 47,857 9,800	18	8	+ 5.03 + 6.46 + 2.37
Percentage of Expenses to Receipts	6	5.0	7		(35.96			-	,		_

"In Currency the results are as follows: -

	1905	1906	Difference	Per
	Contes	Contos	Contos	cent.
Gross Receipts	16,765	17,650	+ 885	+ 5.28
Working Expenses	11,049	11,605	+ 556	+ 5.03
Net Recepts	5,716	6,045	+ 329	+ 5.75
Percentage of Expenses to Receipts	65.90	65.74	_	-

"The average rate of exchange for 1905 was 15 7/8 d., and for 1906 16 3/16 d.

The extent of line worked by the Company was the same in both years, viz., 1,423 miles.

During the first four months of the year traffle was interrupted to a more or less important extent and for varying periods, over the greater part of line, due to landslides, wash-outs and floods consequent on the exceptionally heavy and incessant rains. The damage caused to the permanent way and works was considerable, and the extraordinary expenditure debits to Revenue on this account has amounted to £80,000.

TRAFFIC

Passengers.—The total number of passengers carried was 2,481,340 against 2,211,434, an increase of 269,906, equal to 12.21 per cent., and the receipts were 2,839 coutos against 2,915 contos, a decrease of 2.61

per cent.
The sterling receipts were £190,866 against £192,503, a decrease of

The sterling receipts were £190,800 against £192,000, a accrease of 0.85 per cent.

The covement of passengers increased generally over the whole system rithough the receipts are slightly less, due in part to the increased travel - eding confined to short distances, with the corresponding diminished earner gs per journey. The reduced fares established in 1905 to further promote long-distance travel and the reduce ion in the price of season tickets or Petropolis, have not yet had the effect of increasing the number of possengers sufficiently to make up for the reduced fares.

Lungung and Parcels gave 22,015 tons against 20,781 tons, an increase of 1,234 tons, equal to 5.94 per cent.; and the receipts were 767 contox against 751 contox, an increase of 2.13 per cent.

The ster ing receipts were £51,467 against £49,779, an increase of 3.39 per cent.

contos against 751 contos, an increase of 2·13 per cent.

The ster ing receipts were £51,467 against £49,779, an increase of 3·39 per cent.

Dairy pr duce, included under the head of Luggage and Parcels, has increa ed to a satisfactory extent as a result of the low rates charged, and this not withstanding the interruptions by which the traffic was hampered during the first part of the year.

Goods.—In Goods traffic there were 528,742 tons carried against 490,350 tons, an increase of 33,392 tons, equal to 7·83 per cent.; and the receipts were 13,716 contos against 12,782 contos, an increase of 924 contos equal to 7·23 per cent.

In sterling the receipts were £917,806 against £862,620, an increase of £55, %i, equal to 6·40 per cent.

It will be seen by reference to the comparative statement attached to this repor: that the improvement in gross receipts has been chiefly contributed to by the increased transport of coffee, timber, sait, flour, cereals and live stock. General Goods', which principally comprise articles of general trade and consumption imported into the interior, also show a satisfactory increase.

The only items in which there has been a falling off are sugar, maize and rice, due to the short crops consequent on damage to the plantations by the heavy rains.

The receipts per train mile were 12s. 7d. against 12s. 2d., an increase of 3·42 per cent., and the expenses were 8s. 4d. against 7s. 11d., an increase of 5·50 per cent. The net receipts per train mile were 4s. 3 1/2d. against 4s. 3d., an increase of one per cent.

WORKING .

Train Mileage.—The train miles were 1,874,465 against 1,856,278, an increase qual to barely one per cent.

Train Rounting.—The cost of running trains (locomotive and traffic) was 2,385 cours against 1,828 contos, an increase of 11.49 per cent., and in sterling the cost was £136,923 against £121,420, an increase of 12.76

in sterling the cost was £100,620 against \$2.4...,

Per c. n. ...

Hay Service.—The cost of running the Bay service was 395 contos against 350 o-ntos, an increase of 8.86 per cent., and in sterling the cost was £26,570 against £23 786, an increase of 10.48 per cent.

Consumption of F. et and Labricants.—The consumption of fuel (coal and wood) per engine mile was 32.92 lbs. against 31.27 lbs., an increase of 5.25 per cent.

**The consumption of lubricants per 100 engine miles was equal to tat of the previous year, i.e. \$.57 lbs. and of waste 1.85 lbs. against 1.80 lbs.

Vehicle lubrication and waste per 1,000 vehicle miles was 6.03 lbs. against 7.27 lbs., a decrease of 4.68 per cent.

Traffic Department.—The expenses at stations were 1,900 contos against 1,805 contos, an increase of 8.41 por cent., and in sterling 2131,926 against £121,035, an increase of 9.00 per cent.

The cost of working shows a small increase as a consequence of the greater volume of traffic handled, and also to the disorganisation of the regular service during the first four months of the year, when relief engines and train crews had to be kept in readiness to take the place of trains beld up by interruptions, in addition to the large number of ballast trains constantly at work in clearing the line.

Increase under the head of Buy service was brought about by the necessity we were under of getting outside assistance for the transport across the Bay, and warehousing in Rio of a quantity of traffic we were unable to cope with ourselves, in consequence of the pressure after the

lines were restored to their normal condition—complicated by the effect.

These abnormal conditions necessarily reflected on the cost of working, but not to such an extent as to call for detailed justification under the respective heads.

MAINTENANCE

Permanent Way,—The cost of maintaining the permanent way and works was 4,083 contos against 2,681 contos, an increase of 1,492 contos, 2177,851, an increase of 54-31 per cent.

The increased cost of maintenance is almost entirely accounted for by the expenditure incurred in repairing the damage caused by the heavy rains.

the increases of a maintenance was 59 contos against 54 contos, an increase equal to 9-26 per cent. In sterling the cost was £3,099 against £2,557, an increase of 12-43 per cent.

Locomotives, Carriages and Wagons,—The total debit for maintenance of locomotives was 963 contos against 1,061 contos, a decrease of 9-24 per cent. In sterling the amount was £64,866 against £70,042, a decrease of 7-39 per cent.

The total debit for maintenance of carriages was 264 contos against 261 contos, an increase equal to 1-15 per cent. In sterling the amount was £17,813 against £17,206, an increase equal to 3.59 per cent. The expenditure on maintenance of wagons was 366 contos against 475 contos, a decrease of 18-74 per cent. In sterling the cost was £25,973 against £31,518, a decrease equal to 17-59 per cent.

Martime.—The debit for maintenance of Bay craft was 218 contos against 282 contos, a decrease of 18-74 per cent. In sterling the amount was £25,973 against £31,518, a decrease equal to 32-69 per cent.

Martime.—The debit for maintenance of Bay craft was 218 contos against 282 contos, a decrease of 64 contos, equal to 32-69 per cent. In sterling the amount was £14,624 against £18,929, a decrease equal to 22.74 per cent.

SPECIAL REPAIRS AND RENEWALS TO RAILWAY AND ROLLING STOCK

ROLLING STOCK

Permanent Way and Works.—10 1/4 miles of 36 lb. rail were substituted by 65-lb. rails on the Northern line, and the substitution of 26 1/2 miles of 40 lb. rails by 65 lb. rails was commenced in October on the Central line, 3.42 miles having been completed by the end of the year 554 miles of worn-out 65 lb. rails. on the Friburgo Serra were replaced by specially hardened 65 lb. rails.

Hardwood Steepers.—During the year 237,234 hardwood sleepers were renewed, and 5,274 flat iron tiebars were placed in curves of small redins.

were renewed, and 9,2/4 mat fron fleoars were placed in curves of small radius.

Sidings.—One-and-a-quarter miles of additional sidings have been laid to meet traffic requirements.

Stations and other Buildings.—Five new stations were built, Carlos Peixoto Filho, Ramos, Olaria, Vigario Geral and Cordovil, and five station buildings were reconstructed.

We have commenced the reconstruction of the locomotive and carriage workshops at Alto da Serra.

The new stores shed was commenced at Nictheroy, and a timber shed built at Porto Novo.

Bridges and Calverts.—Thirty new bridges were built and 18 reconstructed and 7 reconstructed. Nine new culverts were built and 18 reconstructed. The timber girders in 49 bridges were replaced by steel girders and the longitudinals in eight bridges were substituted by rolled steel joists. The timber flooring was renewed in four bridges. The new steel superstructure of the Cysneiros bridge was completed on the first span of 150 metres.

Retaining Walls .- Twenty-nine retaining walls were built and 10

reconstructed.

The slipway at Nietheroy was moved into a better position and re-

Telegraph.—Line No. 3 was extended from Areal to Entre Rios, a distance of 16 miles. The Pirapetinga line (19 miles) was reconstructed as was the line between Sumidouro and Paquequer (21 miles).

LOCOMOTIVES, CARRIAGES AND MAGONS
One new Consolidation and two Back eagines were put into service.
Five composite first and second class carriages were built in the shops and five others are under construction.
Five wagons have been fitted with new bogies complete, and 45 others received new axles and axle boxes, whereby the currying capacity has been increased 57 per cent. and 37 per cent. respectively.

has been increased 57 per cent. and 37 per cent. respectively.

GENERAL REMARKS

The past year was, apart from the floods, generally satisfactory, and it seems probable that this current year will show a greater improvement. The receipts for the first three months are considerably above the average, due to the sending forward of large quantities of coffee which had been kept back as long as possible in expectation of improved prices. The coming coffee crop promises to be larger in the districts served by our lines, and we can certainly look for an increase in sugar and cereals.

The system in general is now in a good stat- of repair, the track and rolling stock being in a proper condition for carrying traffic. It is, however, advisable to continue the replacing of the existing rails with new ones of a heavier section.

Our relations, both with the Federal Government and with the authorities of the several States served by our lines, are in every way satisfactory, and I think it is recognised that the railway has done, and is still doing everything possible towards furthering the interests of the inhabitants of the districts through which the lines pass.

In conclusion I would draw attention to the loyal and hard work of the staff, both English and Brazilian, and the many services rendered to the railway by Dr. João Teixeira Soares, the able consultant of the Company."

CERTIFICATE RESPECTING PERMANENT WAY AND WORKS Rio de Janeiro, 23rd March, 1907.

I hereby certify that the whole of the Com any's permanent way stations, buildings, telegraph and other works, have been keptin a good state of repair during the year 1906, new and reconstructed works have been efficiently maintained, and good progress has been made with the renewals that are necessary.

H. E. GWYTHER, Re ident Engineer

CERTIFICATE RESPECTING THE LOCOMOTIVE, CARRIAGE AND WAGON DEPARTMENT, AND THE MARINE DEPARTMENT

Rio de Jamiro, 23rd March, 1907.

I hereby certify that locomotive, carriage and wagon stock, has been maintained in good working order during the year 1906, and that substantial progress has been made with the improvements to the engine and rolling stock.

Stationary engines, cranes and all shops' plant have been maintained in good working order.

716	T	HE BRAZII
The Company's floating property in maintained in good working order. R. C. Crocker,	Rio Bay and at	Campos nas been
	·. & Wagon Sup	erintendent.
Balance sheet 31st	Dagomben 49	or.
Dr.	becember, 13	00
To Sundry Credit Balances —	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brazil London	171,091 9 5 176,539 15 4	347,631 4 9
"Interest accrued to 31st December, 15 T Debenture Stock." "Sundry Persons for Salaries and Wag	es unpaid—Bra-	68,400 0 9 35,040 0 9
"(Outstanding Warrants —		,
Brazil London	15,599 19 9 7,299 6 9	22,899 6 6
" Reserve Account (for redemption Stock)	of Debenture	
Represented by : Minas State Government 5 per		
cent. Bonds per contra Transferred from Revenue	28,033 0 2 135,000 0 0	
Account As per last Account	135,000 0 0	
Transferred from Net Revenue Account.	50,000 0 0	213,033 0 2
" Bill Payable		3,775 14 7
" Net Revenue Account		329,189 12 11 1,019,968 19 8
0-		1,015,506 15 6
Cr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
By Capital Account—Balance " Sundry Debit Balances—	••••••	271,868 8 9
Brazil	95,609 0 4 1,217 18 10	96,826 19 2
"Federal and State Government Guarant "Minas State Government 5 per cent B	onds	76,963 3 10 $28,033$ 0 2
" Judicial Deposits" " Stores on Hand and in Transit" " Remittances from Rio to mature		361 6 4 312,286 13 9 80,000 0 0
" Cash at Bank —		00,000
BrazilLondon	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	36,912 19 0
"Cash on Deposit, London		110,000 0 0
" Cash in Transit and in hand — Brazil	6,718 3 7	
London	4 5 1	6,722 8 8
		1,019,968 19 8
	J. H. DRURY,	•
In accordance with the provisions certify that all our requirements as Audi report that we have audited the forego with the books and vouchers of the Coreturns received from Rio, certified by the Chief Accountant, and, in our opinion, drawn up so as to exhibit a true and Company's affairs, as shown by the borments received from Rio.	of the Companitors have been coing Accounts an mpany in Lond ne General Mana, such Balance Scorrect view ooks of the Companion	es Act, 1900, we omplied with. We ded Balance Sheet on, and with the ger and the Local sheet is properly f the state of the any and the state-
5, LONDON WALL BUILDINGS, FII 1907.—DELOUTE, PLENDER, GRIFFITE Auditors.	SBURY CIRCUS IS & Co., Charte	, E.C., 3rd May, red Accountants,
Capital account at 34s	t December, 1	1906
Dr.		£ s. d.
To Expenditure to 31st December, 1905, 1 "Purchase of Railways and Properti	per last accounts es Account (as	9,334,081 6 9
per Abstract) "Expenditure in Brazil during the y Abstract AA)	ear 1906 (vide	1,953 2 10 107,123 19 2
		9,442,558 8 9
Cr.		

129,310 0 0 5,570,690 0 0

REVENUE ACCOUNT, 31st DECEMBER, 1906								
	iet		1905			1906		
EXPENDITURE	Abstrac	Total Expens		Per cent. of total Receipts	Tota Expen		Per cent. of total Receipts	
On Account of :— Perman. Way and Works Telegraph and Electrical Service	A B	£ 206,279 5,821	s. d. 8 5 11 2	18,32 0.51	£ 224,702 6,828		19.00 0.53	
Service	C	25,243 70,041	11 11 17 7	2.06 6.22	22,989 64,866) 6 8 5 9 9	1.94 5.48	
nance	E F G H I J K	17,205 31,518 1,895 89,568 6,562 36,228 168,672	5 3 4 1 8 2	7.95 0,58 3,22	17,812 25,979 1,745 101,848 6,721 42,418 181,874	3 18 9 1 8 1 3 10 4	1.51 2.20 0.15 8.61 0.57 3.58 15.38	
Directorate and Manage- ment General Charges	L M	60,524 15,283	4 B 4 11	5.37 1.36	67,772 15,159	2 2 8 9 18 0	5.73 1.28	
Total Expenditure Balance carried to Net Revenue Account		782,844 898,821 1,126,166	19 6	34.93	780,202 402,622 1,182,824	2 0 9	84.04 100.00	
<u>, </u>	<u> </u>		1905			1906	<u>'</u>	
RECEIPTS	 -	Total Expens	es	Per cent. of total Receipts	Tota Recei		Per cent. of total Roccipts	
On Account of :— Passengers. Parcels and Luggage Goods Live Stock. Special Trains. Telegrams. Rents. Warehouse rents. Warehouse from Minas G		£ 178,817 45,251 815,061 8,073 1,12 9 4,285 1,123 1,962	12 4 11 3 1 4 2 0 18 7 1 6	15.88 2.02 72.87 0.72 0.10 0.38 0.10 0.17	£ 175,514 46,926 856,288 10,067 2,284 5,824 987 2,257	6 14 6 8 5 4 7 4 4 4 13 7 9 18 3 7 0 7 7 8 5	14.84 3.97 72.39 0.85 0.19 0.45 0.08 0.19	
vernment	o-	1,858 3,109	9 7 15 9	0.16 0.28	1,216 2,426	5 1 10	0.10 0.21	
Government		1,947 7,582	6 1 19 9	0.12 0.67	1,165 9,808	5 16 5 3 19 6	0.10 6.79	
PassengersParcels and LuggageGoods	::	12,565 4,527 39,484 2,126,166	1 0 13 5	1.12 0.40 3.5: 100.00	13,066 4,540 51,500 1,182,824	10 4	1.11 0.38 4.35 100.00	
NET REVEN	נטו	E ACCOUN		ST DECE	MBER, 19	906		
To Interest on Debentur "Transfer to Reserve for ture Stock "Balance of cost of rejudanage to line by for "Balance	iirs floo	teck, paid an Redemption in connects ds in 1905—	nd according to the second sec	ith extrao	rdinary	£ 141,00 50,0 45,0 329,1	00 0 0	
		c	R.		•	£568,1	89 12 11 a. d.	
By Balance of Revenue b "Balance from 31st D last Account Less—Dividend 4 p	ece er	mber, 1505. cent. paid	, per	313,70 222,82	60 17 7 27 12 0	402,6 90,9	322 0 9	
" Federal and State Go " Interest on Minas Ge " Transfer Fees" " Interest, &c	rae	s Bonds	• • • • • •		• • • • • • •	2,5	386 15 8 170 15 0 578 9 9	
By Balance brought down	g.,		,				189 12 11 189 12 11	
ABSTRACT OF RAIL Amount carried to Capit kundry adjustments in a Arsets of the old Adv	w. tal. con	AYS AND I Account 31s mection with distration, E	PROP. st Dec	ERTIES] cember, 19 c Liabiliti ses of Lior	PURCHAS	SE ACC		
and legal and other c	ha	rges therein	1	,	······ –	6,527,9	352 2 10 9 85 9 4	
AA. ABSTRA		This Acc						
DUNING T Description:	1115	YEAR END	DED 3	1st dece	MBER, 190)6	£ s. d.	
Improvements and Modit Culverts and Drainage of Bridges, Retaining Walls Stations and Gang House	fL san es.	dned d Cattle Gi	uards.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		12, 21, 7,	841 19 7 468 16 6 609 16 9 992 14 6	
Fences and Gates Workshops and Sheds (1	is, i Buil	ana Goods : ldings)	- neas	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1, 8, 12,	904 14 10 805 0 0 927 14 10	
Telegraphs	oles			•••••••••• ••••••		1,	230 10 4 827 1 7 818 18 8	
Rolling Stock Estate Junction of Macahé-Cam Entre Rios to Silveira L Various Works	poi	s and Caran o Extension	gola I	lines		2, 0,	567 8 1 045 9 0 416 4 1 224 11 9 158 8 2	
	_						122 19 2	

.00 53

94 48

73 28 96

04

Ou.

STATEMENT OF ROLLING STOCK LOCOMOTIVES

	RACK	SERRA		PASSE	NGER		MIXED	GOODS	DALLAST	SHUNTING	
DATE	Grão	Nova	Tank	Sin	ple	Compound	Simple	Simple	Simple	Simple	TOTAL
	Para	Friburgo	4 Wheels coupled	4 Wheels coupled	6 Wheels	4 Wheels	6 Wheels	8 Wheels	4 Wheels	6 Wheels	TOTAL
									- coupicu	Coupled	
December 31st, 1905. December 31st, 1906.		9	12 11	94 28	23 82	2	89 89	38 39	1	5	177
Increase	l ,,					4			1	5	176
Decreuse		•••••	1	2				1			i

Note.—During the year 1906 three new Locomotives were received and four old Loc otives were withdrawn from service.

CAF	RIA	GES
-----	-----	-----

			2nd			COMPOSITE	1					
DATE	1st (Class	Class	1st ar Ch	nd 2nd	2nd Class and Baggage	Baggage & Mail	SER	VICE	FUNERAL	то	TAL .
<u> </u>	4-axle	2-axle	4-axle	4-axle	2-axle	2-axle	4-axle	4-axle	2-axle:	2-axle	4-axle	2-axle
December 31st, 1905. December 31st, 1906. Increase Decrease	68 68	4	45 45	44 49 5	1 1	3 8	20 20	14 14	1 3	1 1	191 196 5	10 10
Decrease	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							•••••			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

Note .- Five 4-axle Composite 1st and 2nd Class were constructed during the year.

WAGONS

DATE	COVI	RED	OP	EN	; CAT	TLE	BAG AND		BAGGAGE CATTLE& NAIL	POULTRY	CATTLE AND POULTRY	TA	NK	INFLAM MABLE	GREAK		SPECL COUP- LER	Tog	ral .
	4-axle	2-axle	4-axle	2-axle	4-axle	2-sxle	4-axle	2-axle	4-axle	4-axle	4-axle	4-axle	2-axle	4-axle	4-axle	2-axle	4-axle	4-axle	2-hxle
December 31st, 1905. December 31st 1906. Increase	1,080	51	426	136	47	5	21	 	16 16	7	2 2	7 7	2 2	1 1	16 16	3	2	1,622 1,622	197
Decrease				7						•••••						<u>'</u>			6

Note. - One 2-axle Open converted to Breakdown.
Six 2-axle Open scrapped and eliminated from inventory

STATEMENT OF FLOATING STOCK

		R	CAMPOS RIVER SERVICE					
DATE	PASSENGER	STEAMERS	LAUNCHES			TOWING STEAMER		
	Paddle-wheels Twin-screw		'Single-screw	LIGHTERS	PONTOONS	Paddle-wheels	LIGHTERS	
December 31st, 1965. December 31st, 1966.		1	4 .	4	5 5	1 1	4	

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK



Composition: Horlick's Malted Milk is a pure food prepared from rich, full-cream milk combined with the valuable nutritive extracts of malted barley and wheat. The product being highly concentrated and partially predigested supplies the greatest amount of nutrition with the least tax upon the digestive organs. It is in a convenient powdered form, delicious to the taste, and prepared by simply adding water. No milk or cooking required.

For Infants: Horlick's Malted Milk supplies all the elements of nutrition in the proper proportion for the perfect development of infants, and, by its use, those fed upon it are singularly free from Cholera infantum, Marasmus, Diarrhoea, Dysentery and other fatal diseases, so often induced by feeding on impure, diseased or adulterated milk, or by using improperly constituted, semi-cooked or starchy foods. The milk contained in our food product is obtained from our own dairies, which are under our immediate and rigid supervision, and is thoroughly pasteurized during the process of manufacture, that it will not coagulate in the stomach, like raw cow's milk, but forms into a light, flocculent consistency, like the proteids of mother's milk, and is as easily digested. The product contains no starch, cane sugar, or other harmful ingredients, and will keep perfectly in the sealed glass jars in which it is put up. Our files contain thousands of unsolicited testimonials from leading physicians, which, together with a vast collection of photographs of healthy, well developed infants that have been reared entirely upon our food product, attest that Horlick's Malted Milk has long passed the experimental stage. The actual showing of practical results for many years proves that it is second only to normal mother's milk.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK COMPANY. RACINE. WIS 11 S A

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK COMPANY, RACINE, WIS., U. S. A.

General Agent: PAUL J. CHRISTOPH, 123, RUA GENERAL CAMARA, 123 RIO DE JANEIRO

HEMICAL

JOHN B. BUCHAN. B. Sc.

HONOURS:

Gold Medal and Diploma City & Guilds of London. Gold Medal British Society Chemical Industry

UNDERTAKES

Chemical Investigations, Reports on Processes and Raw Materials. Chemical Analyses of Natural, Technical and Commercial Products.

SPECIALITIES:

Petroleum from Shale, Extraction of Oils, Tannin & Dyewoods from seeds, woods etc. Recovery of Glycerine from Soap Liquors. Manutacture of Carbide of Calcium.

Chemical Laboratory and Technical Office: Mercedes (B. A.) Argentine Republic 1 Ş

Ś

Correspondence invited from any part of Brazil.

Casilla Correo No. 1671, Buenos Aires.

Banco Commerciale Italo-Braziliano (São Paulo)

Paid up Capital......

HEAD OFFICE - SÃO PAULO

BRANCHES:

São Carlos do Pinhal Ribeirão Preto Espirito Santo do Pinhal

REPORT FOR 1906

Presented to the General Meeting of Shareholders on April 25th 1907

GENTLEMEN :--

GENTLEMEN:—

In accordance with the dispositions of Arts. 11 and 9 of our statutes we have the pleasure of presenting to you a report as to the operations of the Bank during the past year. In the first place, calling your attention to the combination entered into with the Banco Commerciale Istaliana di Milano, the details for which were presented to you and approved at the Extraordinary Meeting held on 15 September last, we are happy to be able to infern you that sixue that date our Bank has doubled its movement while the property of the state of the property of the thing the property of the state of the property in the Extraordinary Meeting held on 15 September last, we are happy to be able to infern you that sixue that date our Bank enjoys has been added to by our joint action with our Milan friends, which has brought us a rich and new elientele both in Europe and in Brazil; a fact which nakes is look forward to the future with the greatest satisfaction.

In consequence of this development we decided to open on 15 December 1904 a branch in Rio de Janeiro (the most important position; or formation of the interest in the same agreement with the Pirm of Monici Brox., our formation of the property of the property of the property of the value of the property of

Assets

CASH

Receipts	************	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	173.329:889\$330 170.049:366 3 890

Balance on 31st December, 1996 3.280:5228440

BILLS DISCOUNTED

Discounted	43.270:888\$240 36.378:411\$090
Outstanding on 31st December, 1906	6.892:4778150

of which :-

» »
» »
» »
» » April May June 289 - 2488620 61:965\$780

6.892:477\$150

During the year 14,947 bills were discounted as against 5,999 during the previous year, one of the value of 5008 being still outstanding.

BILLS RECEIVABLE

Collected	25.474:473\$720 21.707:412\$700
Oustanding on 31st December, 1906	3.767:0618020

Thanks to the great assistance which we have received from the Bauco Commerciale Italiana di Milano the movement of Bills Receivable has increased enormously as will be seen from the fact that on March 31st, it amounted to 6.231:8328470 as against 3.767:0618021 in the month of December 1906.

The following is the movement of last three years:

Received	1904	1905	1906
	3.934:068\$240	7.901:5328750	25.474:4738720
	3.060:740\$240	6.554:0048680	21.707:4128700
Outstanding .	873:3288000	1.347:528\$070	3.767:061\$020

LOANS

Loans with or without guarantee	29.395:274\$210 27.712:126\$910
Balance 31st December, 1906	1.683:1478300

Liabilities

GENERAL MOVEMENT:

Accounts Current	2.500:052\$270	1.360:1658940	Balance 6.224:457\$880 1.139:886\$330
Fixed deposits		266:995\$810 163.597:067\$020	577:476\$180 7.941:820\$360

The number of depositors reached 1,015 and that of cheques paid 33,304 against 16,194 in the previous year.

Accounts current in gold were practically stationary, entries amounting to L.It. 2,469,803 and withdrawals to L.It. 2,521,677.07.

The movement of the deposits for the last three years was as follows:—

	1904	1905	1906			
Deposits Withdrawals	22.786:255\$450	82.324:218\$470	171.538:887\$410			
Withdrawals	20.541:508\$710	79.176:417 \$ 210	163.597:067\$020			
Balauce	2.243:746\$740	3.147:801\$260	7.941:820\$390			
Profit and Loss						

Gross profits for the year	22:495\$250 881:845\$080
General expenditure	904:340\$330 468:739\$640
Nett profit	435 -6008600

to be distributed as follows: -

5:000\$000 34:253\$180 28:072\$910 32:136\$500 21:777\$450 81:7048420 32:6568230

435:600\$690

Movement of Drafts

on	Italy	Lit.	16,905,666,15
	London		
	Paris		
	Portugal		
	Spain		
	Buenos-Airos		
	Montevidéo		12.974.01
	Sovereigns	•	182.180

ITALY

MINITIANOIS DOUGH	1000
Cheques issued	3,207
Drafts issued	13,117
Telegraphic remittances	199
Deposits in the P.O. Savings Bank.	266
The value of remittances amounted	to T. I+ 16 005 666 15

⁽¹⁾ Of this amount:

£ 519.680.36.9 our own drafts.

> 2.066.015.17.8 drafts dealt in through our firm.

Report of the fiscal board (auditors)

GENTLEMEN:

In accordance with law the accounts of the Bank have been audited monthly. This monthly audit not only checks all the operations of the Bank but shows what an enormous development it has made especially during the second half-year, since the capital was increased.

The year just closed was a period of transition for the Bank and formed a connecting link between two distinct periods of its existence. This state of transition is clearly indicated by the balance sheet of 31 December.

In the profit and loss account we find:—

To the Credit	904:340\$330 468:739\$640
Balance	435:6008690

The above balance was distributed as follows:

This distribution of the net profits clearly shows the anxiety of your directors to pay off back debts in order to reduce its liabilities, thus distinguishing this period (1906) that we have termed transitory.

After this explanation, we beg to state that we approve without restriction the action of your directors and beg to present you in accordance with art. 35 of our statutes for your approval the balance sheet of 31 December last and of the profit and loss account.

São Paulo, April 15 1907. — (viulio Micheli. — Luigi Favilla, Auditors.)

Balance sheet on June 30th 1906

Cash in hand Bills discounted 5.553:8538850 receivable 2,093:6468850	1.872:799\$490
Loans on securities Correspondents in Brazii abroad Securities in deposit Installation expenses Sundry debitors.	$\begin{array}{c} 7.647:500\$700\\ 1.317:705\$040\\ 1.209:071\$720\\ 1.406:173\$500\\ 2.100:73\$960\\ 1\$000\\ 764:049\$610\\ \end{array}$
LIABILITIES	16.318:038\$020
Capital account Reserve Fund Account current in deposit 4.975:4428800 Fixed deposits 377:9608210	2.000:000\$000 400:800\$000
Accounts current in gold 953:255\$100	$6.307\!:\!668\$200$
Correspondents abroad. Securities in deposit. Profit and Loss account Sundry creditors.	2.458:657\$200 2.100:736\$960 199:605\$990 2.851:379\$670
São Paulo, 12th July, 1906.	16.318:038\$020

Auditors, Giulio Micheli.—Luigi Favilla.—G. Puglisi, President.—G. Liabastre, accountant. Balance sheet on December 31st 1906

ASSETS

Cash in hand	3.280:5228000
» receivable	10.659:538\$170
Loans on securities Correspondents in Brazil abroad Securities in deposit Installation expenses Sundry debitors.	1.683:147\$300 2.073:728\$400 6.740:710\$000 3.846:513\$860 1\$000 2.647:043\$010
	30.931:204\$180
Capital Aucount. Reserve Fund. Account current (paper). 6.224:457\$880	5.000:000\$000 1.000:000\$000
Fixed deposits	7.941:820\$390
Correspondents abroad. Securities in deposit. Sundry Creditors.	6.728:9653500 3.846:513\$860 6.413:904\$430
	30.931:204\$180
Profit and Loss Account	

•	•	
		30.931:204\$180
Profit and Loss	Account	
DEBIT		
Commissions:	,	
1st half year 2nd ""	11:304\$940 5:102\$930	16:407\$870
General Expenses :		
1st half year2nd ""	98:138\$350 129:377\$780	227:516\$130
Interests and discounts:	•	
1st half year2nd '''''	72:495\$810 152:319\$830	224:815\$640
ofits 1st half year	177:110\$740 235:994\$700	413:105 \$ 440

Installation expenses. Furniture. Settlement of previous year's acceon Dividend. Tax on dividends Percentage to agents. Do to Directors. Gratification to the staff.	nts.:	21:777\$450 32:136\$500 81:704\$420 200:000\$000 5:000\$000 34:000\$00 28:072\$910 32:656\$230
Brought forward from 31st December	r 1905	904:340\$330 22:495\$250
Commissions:		
1st half 2nd "	30:560 \$ 550 28:338 \$ 040	58:898\$590
Interests and Discounts :		
1st half	263:890 \$4 10 442:865 \$1 40	706:755\$550
Exchange a/c:		·
Profits 1st half	64:598\$880 51:592\$060	116:190\$940
		904:340\$330

São Paulo, 12th June, 1907.

Auditors, Giulio Micheli.—Luigi Favilla.—G. Puglisi, President.—G. Liabastre, accountant.

The London & River Plate Bank Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 4862

- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Subscribed Capital	£	2,000,000
Realized do	£	1,100,000
Reserve Fund	£	1,100,000

and 21, RUA DA ALFANDEGA 82, RUA DA QUITANDA 82

And at London — Paris — New York. Santos, São Paulo, Pernambuco, Pará, Buenos Aires, Rosario, Mendoza, Concordia, Bahia Blanca, Barracas, Montevidéo, Paysandú, Salto and Valparaiso.

AGENCIES IN BRAZIL

Manáos, Maranhão, Ceará, Maceió, Bahia, Victoria, Curityba, Rio Grande do Sul, Pelotas and Porto Alegre. Correspondents in all other chief towns of Brazil.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE issued and purchased on the following places :--

LONDON and all the principal towns of the UNITED KINGDOM.

PARIS and all the principal towns of FRANCE and o GERMANY, PORTUGAL and ITALY also on the ARGEN-TINE REPUBLIC, URUGUAY, CHILE, UNITED STATES, CANADA and JAPAN.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with commercial firms and private individuals.

DEPOSITS received for fixed periods or at 30 days notice of withdrawal.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued.

STOCK and SHARE ORDERS executed and every description of banking business conducted.

TERMS ascertainable on application to the Bank.

IF you want to make a delightful presensend to Crashleys for a case of Moet & Chandon 1900 Vintage. Special Dry Champagne.

AUTOMOBILES BERLIET

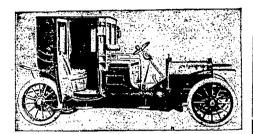
OF LYONS (France)

"MICHELIN" - PNEUMATIC TYRES

CYCLES-VOITURETTES

OF

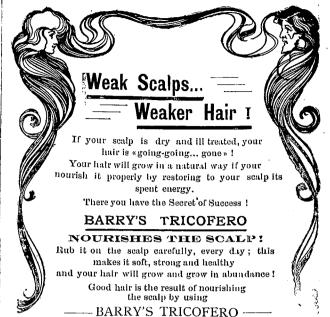
LES FILS DE PEUGEOT FRÈRES



Agents:-Antunes dos Santos & Có. 14, AVENIDA CENTRAL, 14

RIO DE JANEIRO

SAO PAULO-SANTOS



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COMMERCIAL AND PASSENGERS' GUIDE

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Coffee Merchants

Ornstein & Co.-Rio-15, Rua Acre. Cable address : Ornstein.

Curiosities

A. Jacobsen, Natté's Successor.—30, Rua do Ouvidor—Rio.
Feather flowers, Fans, Insects, Birds and other curiosities of Brazilian
Natural History, Views of Rio. Awards gained at several exhibitions.
Grand Prix at the St. Louis Exhibition.

Drugs, Dyes and Chemicals

Farbenfabriken — VORMALS FRIEDR. BAYER & Co., Elberfeld (Germany)—Agents: Blum & Co.—52, Rua 1º de Março—Rio. 19-2-07

Electrical goods

M. Smyth. - English Electrical Supplies. 115, Rua do Rosario - Rio.

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Photographers

Post Cards, Views and Albums

Maison Chie. — Latest Novelties — 144, Avenida Central — Rio. 19-2-07

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F. Longstreth. — Office and Works — 16, Travessa do Ouvider Rio—1st floor. 27.7-06

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"Underwood" — Casa Edison — 105, Rua do Ouvidor—Rio 12-2-07

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"Omega."—OSCAR MACHADO—67 A, Rua do Ouvido "—Rio—Watches Clocks and Jewelry of finest taste. 19-2-07

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25/27, FARRINGDON ROAD, LONDON, E.C. GRAND PRIX, PARIS, 1900.

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DESIGNS AND PRICES SUBMITTED ON RECEIPT OF PARTICULARS OF REQUIREMENTS.

ESPECIALIDADES DA CASA.

Gravação e Impressão de BILHETES DE BANCO. ESTAMPILHAS. SELLOS DE CORREIO.

BONOS. ACCÕES. TITULOS EM GERAL LETRAS DE CAMBIO. CHEQUES. RECIBOS DE DEPOSITO. ETIQUETAS DE MARCAS REGISTRADAS.

OBRAS CHALCOGRAFICAS FINAS.

ESTA CASA TEM ADOPTADO OS METHODOS MAIS MODERNOS E APERFEIÇOADOS PARA SALVAGUARDAR SEUS TRABALHOS CONTRA TODA POSSIBILIDADE DE IMITAÇÃO PHOTOGRAPHICA DE MANEIRA A TORNALA QUASI IMPOSSIVEL.

OS CLIENTES DA CASA ENCONTRAMSE EM TODAS AS PARTES DO MUNDO, MAS ESPECIALMENTE NO BRAZIL, R. ARGENTINA, MEXICO E DEMAIS REPUBLICAS LATINO-AMERICANAS, COMO TAMBEM NO EGYPTO, CHINA, E AUSTRALIA,

DESENHOS E ORCAMENTOS SERÃO FORNECIDOS AOS INTERESSADOS.

Maney Barket

QUOTATIONS DURING WEEK CLOSING JUNE 14th, 1907. WERE AS FOLLOWS -

(COMPLLED, BY PERMISSION, PROM THE FIGURES HIVEN DAILY IN THE JORNAL DO COMMERCIO

		New York	reis	3,296	3,306	3.304	3,306	306.8	8,299	8.803 8.038
	1987	Yin11	réis	640	641	159	641	640	040	640 595
		StudensH	réis	787	787	787	787	187	382	787
#31 T	=	sin4	réls	638	637	637	638	889	637	687 5830
OFFICIAL RALES		nobuo.1	÷	15 1/32	15 1/82	15 1/32	15 1/82	16 1/32	15 1/32	15 1/82 16 6/16
40		Sindmall	réis	77.5	922	776	136	:2 -1	27.0	776
	d/s	Paria	réis	629	629	629	623	629	63	65 080
	90 d/s	unbag.1	ė	15 11/64	15 11/64	15 11/64	19/11 91	15 11/14	15 11/84	16 tt/64
		New York	réts	3.300	8.800	03.800	3.300	3.300	3.300	3.937
mun. g Rat	3 d/t	ГидизтоЧ	4	363 361	853 861	88 198	353	353	353	357
and Minimum or Drawing Rat		Tin11	réis	521	637	637	683	687	683	587
		Studmail	rêis	E.F.	777	77.	77.9	577 677	12	717
Maximum ink Count	90 d∤∎	itail	ref	88	6239	623	629 631	629	629 681	888
M. tx Bank	8	ասիսու1	ġ.	15 1/8 15 5/32	15 1/8 15 6/82	15 1/8 15 5 22	15 1's 15 5/32	15 1's 15 5/82	15 5/32	15 3/64
		June		Sat. 8	Mon. 10	Tues. 11	Wed. 13	Thur.13	Fri. 14	Av'ges: 1907

Extrames at which businers was done during the week ended June 14th were 15 b_{13}^{\dagger} d. — 15 t_{18}^{\dagger} d. For 50 d/s Bank paper and 15 t_{18}^{\dagger} d. — 15 t_{14}^{\dagger} d. for private.

The average Bank 60 d/s counter drawing rate for the week comes out at 15 t_{18}^{\dagger} d. Its corresponding sight rate being 15 t_{18}^{\dagger} d. against 15 t_{18}^{\dagger} d. the average sight rate of the Camara Syndical.

The verage depreciation for the week, calculated on the basis of the Banks' sight rate, is 44.15 t_{18}^{\dagger} 0 and the premium on gold 79.05 t_{18}^{\dagger} 0, against 41.15 t_{18}^{\dagger} 0 and the premium on gold 79.05 t_{18}^{\dagger} 0, against 41.15 t_{18}^{\dagger} 0 and

i	£	WHS V	vorth	15\$917	ngalust	15\$917	last	week
l	shilling	>		\$796	•	\$796	•	
ļ	penny			\$066	,	\$066	,	•
l	Franc	•		\$ 683		\$ 633		
	Mark	,	,	\$761		\$78L		
ŀ	U. S. Dollac		,	3\$278		31278		
l	308(km coin	•	•	351813		85\$813	•	•

THE BRAZILIAN REVIEW

Saturday, June 15th 1907.

Monday June 10th.—The market opened with the Bank of Brazil's 15 3/16d. and 15 7/32d., other banks at 15 5/32d. and private paper 15 3/16d. and 15 1/4d. Without alteration the market closed at those

at 15 /100, and 15 /100.

The Bank of Brazil's drawing rate was 15 7/52.1.

and other banks 15 5/52d. and 15 3/16d. Coffee bonds were realised at 15 1/4d. In the street the buying and selling rate for private paper was 15 7/32d., according to date. These rates were maintained throughout

15 1/4d. In the street the baying and sample of the lift of 7/32d., according to date. These rates were maintained throughout the day.

Wednesday, June 12th.—The market opened with the Bank of Brazil drawing at 15 1/4d. for the 19th and other banks at 15 5/32d. and 15 3/16d. Private paper was quoted at 15 7/32d. and 15 1/4d. Business was fairly brisk but before closing, bank rates were 15 5/32d. and 15 7/32d. and private paper 15 1/4d.

Thursday, June 13th.—Tha Bank of Brazil's drawing rate was 15 7/32d., one other bank 15 5/32d. and the rest 15 3/16d., all, however, buying at 15 1/4d. and selling at the same rate. There were no offers of private paper and with slight movement the market closed.

Friday, June 14th.—The market opened with Bank of Brazil's drawing at 15 7/32d. for the 9th inst, other banks at 15 5/32d. and 15 3/16d. and private paper at 15 7/32d. and 15 3/32d. and 15 3/4d. There was a lack of both buyers and sellers at these rates. A few transactions were realised at 15 5/32d. and 15 7/32d. for private paper.

Saturday, June 15th.—Bank of Brazil's drawing rate continued at 15 1/4d. with few sellers, but bills were obtainable at 15 15/64d. Without movement the market closed at these rates.

The market closed this evening with the Bank of Brazil drawing at 15 7/32 d, and the foreign Banks at 15 5/32 d, to 15 3/16 d.

Of exchange there is little or nothing to say. The probability, certainty it may be now said, of the loan of £3,030,000 being raised in London will relieve the market from the necessity of providing funds for financing the coffee deal. Purchases on Convenio account have now ceased here and at Santos and any fresh coffee now forwarded will be sold and paid for in the usual way and be available for drawing to the full value. As soon usual way and be available for drawing to the full value. As soon as the markets abroad are convinced that this is really the case, buying will become more active and there will be no lack of bills, but to interest speculation and move the enormous stocks already on hand, very soon to be supplemented by new crop arrivals, something more than mere assurances are requisite and definite guarantees of some kind must be given that Government will in no case whatsoever sell under the stipulated

price.

In any case the prospects of exchange for the next six months at least seem assured and as soon as coffee becomes

really active a fresh advance to the point at which imports of specie become profitable may be looked for. The balance of the Caixa de Conversão for today shows deposits during the week to have been only £2,895 and withdrawals £15,552 thus reducing the total value of notes outstanding to Rs. 92.205:860\$ as against £5,763,278 stg in circulation.

Coffee shipments (embarques) here and at Santos yielded £517,000 for the week against £362,400 for the previous week and £193,100 last year.

For the crop, clearances up to June 14th show 6,230,359 bags more than last year, and sterling value £11,423,116 more.

Brazilian Stocks in London show a slight weakness all along the line, 1889 4 % having dropped 1 1/2, 1895 4 % 3/4 and the rest 1/2 since last Saturday.

Consols unaltered at 83 7/8.

Bank of England Rate 4 %.

Open Market London 3 7/8,

Leopoldina Railway shares improved again to 71.

On the local Stock Exchange the only alteration of importance was a rise from 80\$000 to 100\$000 in Municipal Market Shares.

Subscriptions for the New Issue of 35,000 shares of 200\$000 each by the Jardim Botanico, 20 % on application, must be presented before August 12th.

Balance of the Caixa de Conversão Sat. June 15th

Note Account (Total ready for emission) Subsidiary Coins and Balance in Hand	73.857:1308000 11:4078592
Cash. Gold in Deposit 5,337,068- $0.0 = 85.393.0888000$ Fes. 10,608,930 421,667- $0.2 = 6.7464728158$	73.868:537\$592

Cash. Gold in Deposit	0,007,008- 0-0=	89.393:0888000
Fes. 10,608,930	421,667- 0-2=	6.746:6728158
Dollars —	- =	
Marks	- =	_
Rs. 38:7705	4,361-12-6=	69:786\$000
Pesos 285	56-12-6=	9068216
Liras 2,980	118-8-10 =	1:895\$105
Crowns —	— <u> </u>	_
Pesetas 165	6-11-3=	1048929
	F-8-10-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-	

5,763,278- 5-3= 92.212:4528408

166.087:582\$408 92.205:860\$000 73.875:130\$000 166.087:582\$408

BUSINESS DONE ON THE S. PAULO STOCK EXCHANGE During the week ended June 13th 1907

	t		1	I	CLOSING	
DESCRIPTION	Sales	Highest	Lowest	This week	Last	Date of last
GOVERNMENT SE- CURITIES						
Apolices 3rd series 500\$, S. Simão Munic	5 116 98 69 125	4603 858 988 988 898 998	460s 85\$ 988 9285 99\$	460\$ 558 98\$ 83\$ 99\$	458\$ 858 98\$ 88\$ 100\$	May 1 June 1 May 16 27 16
Paulista	145 40	1108 1328	109 \$ 102 \$	110s 132 s	110\$ 125\$	• 16 • 15
RAILWAY SHARES						
Mogyanado (alvard) Paulista	737 125 1,197	298\$ 298 \$ 311\$	297\$ 298 \$ 310 \$	2988 2988 310\$	296 \$ 5 3108	June 6
BANKS			. 1			
União	245 139 695	66\$ 360\$ 150\$	66\$ 358\$ 147\$	66\$ 860\$ 145\$	66 \$ 855 \$ 146\$	» 1 » 4 » 3
Comp. Mell.oramentos Comp. Mac.Hardy MORTGAGE BONDS	625 120	127 s 23 \$	1228 28 \$	127\$ 23 \$	120\$ 20\$	May 27
de Credito Realde S. Paulo	170 2	16 \$ 25 69\$	16 \$ 69 \$	16\$ 69 \$		June 5 May 25

The business done on the Sao Paulo Stock Exchange during the week ended June 13th 1907 amounted to Rs. 945:3818000, distributed as

	. Total unnuntien to Tts: 540:9	OLDUUV. AISEEIDDIE:
ws:		,
Government Sec	curities	39:848\$000
insurance	***************************************	51:0.58000
Railway Shares.	******	621:1058000
Danks		169:8928000
miscenancous		80:5728000
Mortgage Bonds		2:8798000
Total week and	ed June 13th 1907	0.45 004.000
	ed June 15th 1907	945:381\$000
	June 6th 1907	841:328\$000
>> ×	June 16th 1906	187:3715000

BUSINESS DONE ON THE RIO STOCK EXCHANGE During the week ended June 14th, 1907

			١.	#LOEING			
PESCRIPTION	Sales	Highest	Lowest	This week	Last	Date of last	
GOVERNMENT SE- CURITIES							
Apolices (ternes 5 °/0 do ex-j State of Minas State of Rio de Janeiro	44 25 56	1:026\$ 1:000\$ 840\$	1:010 \$ 995 \$ 835 \$	1:025 \$ 995 \$ 835 \$	1:025 \$ 840 \$	June 6	
Loan 1897 (ex-j) Municipal Loan Municipal Loan 1906	2,236 15 74	67 \$ 998 \$ 195 \$	66\$5 998\$ 193\$	67\$ 998 \$ 195\$	66\$5 —- 194\$	• 7 • 7	
bearer Municipal Loan order do £ 20 (bearer) do (order) do 1903 State of E. Santo (500\$)	382 1 371 10 33 30	188\$ 190\$ 290\$ 298\$ 1:040\$ 715\$	187\$5 190\$ 287\$ 298\$ 1:035\$ 700\$	188\$ 190\$ 288\$ 298\$ 1:040\$ 700\$	188\$ 192\$ 288\$ 296\$ 1:035\$	• 7 • 5 • 7 • 5 • 7	
HANKS				-			
Commercial Brazil	150 418 600 150 15	120\$ 135\$ 138\$ 186\$5 180\$	120\$ 131 \$ 135\$ 185\$ 180\$	120 \$ 134 \$ 5 138 \$ 185 \$ 130\$	120\$ 130\$ 130\$ 165\$ 129\$	June 6 7 May 29 June 6	
RAILWAYS & TRAMWAYS							
Jardim Botanico Viação de Sapucahy S. Paulo & Rio Grande.	385 384 60	228\$5 27\$ 38\$	228\$ 27\$ 38\$	228\$ 27\$ 38\$	228\$5 27\$ 40\$	• 4 • 7 • 4	
COTTON MILLS							
Progresso Industrial Corcovado S. Joaquim Petropolitana Alliança Brezil Industrial S. Felix S. Pedro de Alcantara	30 10 98 215 10 40 85	8258 2108 1158 2738 2958 2458 508 1608	8258 2108 1158 2728 2958 2458 508 1608	325\$ 210\$ 1158 273\$ 295\$ 2458 50\$ 160\$	3158 2108 120\$ 2738 295\$ 2408 60\$ 160\$	6 1 1 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	
INSURANCE							
Garantia Confiança Integridade Argos Fluminense	5 45 2 5	160\$ 47\$ 40\$ 465\$	160\$ 16\$5 40\$ 4 65\$	160\$ 4685 408 465\$	160\$ 455 40\$ 468\$	June 5 May 18 31 14	
Misceltvanhons							
Docas de Santos	46 2,100 900 350 200	3228 12\$5 5\$5 102\$ 100\$	325\$ 12\$25 5\$ 100\$ 100\$	8228 12825 58 1028 1008	915\$ 12\$25 5\$5 190\$ 80\$	Juna 7 3 6 3 6 3 7 May 29	
da Bahia	700	11\$	10\$5	11\$	10\$	• 31	
DEBENTURES							
Mercado Municipal E. de F. Therezopolis. Jardim Bolani 10. Manufact. Fluminense. Edificadora. S. Bento Ruzzil Industrial. Corcovado. Engenho C.de Quissama Loterias Nacionaes	326 152 233 10 130 92 150 150 150	2048 197 \$ 215 \$ 202 \$ 194 \$ 225 \$ 203 \$ 203 \$ 403 180 \$	2025 1978 2158 2028 1948 2228 2018 2088 408 1808	260s 197\$ 215\$ 202\$ 194\$ 225\$ 203\$ 208\$ 40\$ 180\$	200\$ 196\$ 212\$ 200\$ 198\$ 220\$ 201\$ 201\$ 202\$	June 7 1 1 5 5 7 7 May 31 29 June 10	

The total business done on the Rio de Janeiro Stock Exchange amounted to 1.281:320\$000 distributed as follows:—

UOVE	ernine.	nt sec	mrines.	 .			032:5928000	
Bant	t shar	es					184:6418000	
Raily	vay &	Tran	iway shi	ares			100:5248000	
Cotto	on ,		,				104:207\$000	
Insu	ance.						5:3082000	
Misco	ellane	ous					90:3998000	
Dehe	nture	s					263:6492000	
Mort	gage .	Bonds	3. 	• • • • •			_	
Total.	week	endi	ng June	1446	1907		1.281:320\$000	
,	»	*	June	7.1.	1007			
-	~	-	Jane	rui,	1907		1.778:151\$000	
•	•	*	June	16th,	1906.	• • • •	1.009:363\$000	

Closing Quotations of Brazilian stocks and shares on the Paris Bourse

FOR WEED ENDED

DESCRIPTION	May 11th 1907	May 18th 1907
State of Minas Geraes 5 º/o	495.50	197
* * Bunia	5.1/3	Ali
> > Espirito Sento	AEC.	471
		430
Augus o /a moo.	427.50	426.50
		466
• Amazonas 5 % 1906	493	414
	419.50	
> São Paulo 5 º/º	495	423
ity of Bahia.	443	495
no Paulo Rio Grande do Sul ex-c 1st series		440
do do ex-c 2nd series	452	450
Victoria and Minas 1st series	452	449
do do 2nd series	445	448.50
Sorth of Brazil Railway	448.50	444
North of Parand Railway	420	415
Joseph Dallman E 0/	429.50	429.50
loyaz Railway 5 %	447	447.50
Bahia Docks and Port Company 5 %	401	402
Port of Pará	468 '	466
Brazilian Rubber	40	87
North West of Brazil Railway	484	415

75757

29 31

Closing Quotations of Brazilian stocks and shares on the London stock Exchange

FOR WEEK ENDED						
DESCRIPTION	May	18, 1907.	May 2	5, 1907		
Government Securities Gold Loan 1879 4 1/2 0/0	S4 85 86 81 1/4 95 1/2 96 1/2 102 82 94 95 59 1/2 88 90 89 98 1/2	S6 87 88 81 4/4 96 1/2 97 95 1/2 108 83 96 60 1/2 90 91 91 99 1/2	94 85 66 81 1/4 95 1/2 98 94 1/2 102 81 8/4 93 59 1/2 88 89 96 1/2	86 87 88 81 8/4 96 1/2 97 95 1/2 103 82 1/4 96 100 60 1/2 90 92 91 99 1/2		
Corporation Bonds City of Rio de Jaueiro 4 º ditto 5º e. gold bonds City of Santos & 0 Relio Horizonte & 0 Belio Horizonte & 0 Stg Mauáos (C. of) 5 1/2 º o Stg City of Belem (Pará) 5 º o Gd. Bs. of 1905	87 88 101 93 86 80	88 90 103 95 88 82	87 88 101 93 86 80	88 90 103 95 88 82		
Railways Brazii Breat Southern 7 % Cum. Pref. Espirito Santo and Caravellas Gt. Western of Brazii, Limited	5 6 10 1/2 11 69 4 24 1/2 215	6 5 1/2 11 1/2 12 71 6 25 1/2 217	5 10 11 68 4 24 1/2 208	6 5 1/2 11 12 70 6 25 1/2 311		
Railway Obligations Brazil Gt. Southern, 6 %, 8tt. Mt. Debs. 1893 * 6 % 8t. Mt. Debs. Red. * 6 % St. Mt. Debs. Red. * 6 % St. Mt. Debs. Red. * 6 % Pern. Deb. Stork. ditto 50 % Rd. Leopoldina 4 % do Stock, red. Mogyama, 5 % do Stock, red. Mogyama, 5 % Deb. Bonds Forto Alegre a Nove Hamburgo 6 % Mort Deb. Red. 1937 S. Paulo, Ltd. 5 ½ % Debentures Stock. * 5 % 4 % 5 % 4 % 6 . Rio Claro, S. Paulo 5 % Deb. Stock.	96 98 97 130 102 94 99 90 182 121 108	98 100 99 132 104 96 101 92 184 128 105 128	96 98 96 130 102 94 99 90 152 121 103	98 100 98 192 104 96 101 92 134 123 105		
Banks British Bank of South America, Limited London & Brazillan Bank, Idmited London & River Plate Bank, Limited 5 > 60,001 to 80,000	15 21 1/2 51 1/2 42 1/2	16 22 1/2 52 1/2 43 1/2	121 15 21 1/2 51 1/2 42 1/2	16 22 1/2 52 1/2 43 1/2		
Shipping Amazon Steam Navigation Co, Limited Royal Mail Steam Packet Co. ord ditto Pref Pacific Steam Navigation Co	9 1/2 49 92 25	10 1/2 52 95 26	9 1/2 48 92 24 1/2	10 1/2 51 95 25 1/2		
Mining Ouro Preto, ord	1/4 13/32 7/8	3/8 15/32 1	8/16 13/32 7/8	5/16 15/32 1		
Telegraphs Amazon Tel: Shares. ditto 50/o Debs. Red. Western Tele. Co. shares. do do 40/o deb. red	3 88 13 3/4 102	3 1/2 91 14 1/4 105	3 88 18 7/8 102	8 1/2 91 14 3/8 105		
Miscellaneous Cantaretra Waterworks 5 % deb, 2nd issue. City of Santos Imp. Ld. 7 % non-cum pref. City of Santos Imp. Ld. 8 % cum pref. do do 5 % lost charge debs Ro de Jaueiro City Imp. Limited. do 5 % lobs. Int. AprOct. de do do 15 % lost langue deb Blo de Jaueiro City Imp. Limited. do Mor eb. S. Paulo Gas Co. Limited. do 5 % lobs. (Regd.) Dumont Coffee of 1/2 % Cam pref. do 5 % lobs. (Regd.) Dumont Coffee of 1/2 % lost. Mor. deb S. Paulo Coffee Sal 2 % lost. Mor. deb S. Paulo Coffee Sal 2 % lost. Mor. deb S. Paulo Coffee Sal 2 % lost. Mor. deb S. Paulo Coffee Sal 2 % lost. Mor. deb S. Paulo Coffee Sal 2 % lost. Mor. deb San Paulo Tram. Legt & Pwr. (\$100) San Paulo Tram. Legt & Pwr. (\$100) San Paulo Match & 6 % lst. Mis. Central Bahia R. lway Trust:—	99 10 1/4 11 1/4 100 4 99 1 5/8 101 12 1/2 48 3/4 92 125 95 0/u	101 10 3/4 11 3/4 102 4 1/2 101 101 1 7/8 103 50 2 1/4 7 1/2 99 103 6 1/4 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97	99 1/4 11 1/4 110 4 97 99 1 5/8 101 12 1/2 48 1/2 7 97 101 48/4 92 128 96 °/o	101 10 3/4 11 3/4 102 4 1/2 100 101 1 7/8 103 103 103 103 103 104 105 107 107 108 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109		
Reg. Trust "A" Certs. Rd. ditto "B" Certs. Manáos Imp. 7% cum : Pref	77 25 —	79 27 —	77 25 —	79 27 →		

CLOSING QUOTATIONS ON THE MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE Montreal Prices

Mexican Light and Power Co	May 28 48 1/2 82 1/2 192 94 48 1/2 76 1/4	May 22 48 1/2 82 1/2 122 94 43 1/2 76 1/4

Closing Quotations of Brazilian stocks and shares on the Brussels Bourse

FOR WEEK ENDING

DESCRIPTION	May 11th 1907	May 18th 1907
Minas paper. Rescission Bonds 4 % o lo l	83 96.45 881 101.5	255 to 259 83 96.75 381 104 104 431 260

FOWLER, SCROGGIE & CO.

Railway and General Auditors Incorporated Accountants and Agents Buenos Aires, Rosario and Mortevidéo

T. E. D. FOWLER, F. S. A. A.
Q. WINTER, A. S. A. A.
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A. B. C., AI & Lieber's Codes, Cable Addess "QUITTANCE" 15-9-07

Balance Sheets

PORTO ALEGRE

Brasilianische Bank für Deutschland

BALANCE SHEET OF THE BRANCH AT PORTO ALEGRE MAY 31st, 1907

Accounts current guaranteed. Bills receivable. Bills discounted Bills pledged. Securities pledged. Securities deposited. Correspondents at home and abroad Cash: In current money.	1.318:930\$044 1.690:697\$470 596:273\$741 678:110\$160 1.842:103\$900 841:089\$000 2.984:752\$730 1.695:085\$054
	10.946:992\$089
Liabilities	
Accounts current	720:720\$863

At short notice.

Deposits fixed.

Securities pledged and in deposit.

Accounts with Head-Office.

Sundry accounts.

E. & O. E. - Pfeiffer. - Matthiesen Directors.

Ceylon Precious Stones Rough or Polished, supplied direct from

Samples and Price List on demand to:

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EALUTARA, COLOMBO, CEYLON.

BOUND VOLUMES

Brazilian Review

FOR 1905, 1904 AND 1903

Can be obtained at CRASHLEY'S

36 RUA D'OUVIDOR

Price 80\$000

Coffee Market

COFFEE ENTRIES

	FOR T	IE MEKK K	FOR THE CROP TO		
Rio	June 14 1907	June 7 1907	June 15	June 14 156)7	June 15 19416
By Cuntral It'y	21,151	15,768	23,194	2,199,071	1,648,214
I Leopoldina R'y: Inland Constwine, discharged.	16,046 4,783	20,449 5,633	25,795 3,757	1,650 548 224,481	1,285 450 164,777
Total	41,980	41,850	52,746	4,074 100	3,048.441
Transferred from Rio to Nictherny	250	258	1,410	90,997	87,930
Not Entries at Rio Cozztwine, in transit	41,730	41,592	51,336	3.983,103 50,609	2,960,511 123,060
Nictheroy from Rio & Leopoldina R'y	746	592	1,997	283,880	251,157
Total Itle including Nic- therey & transit Santos:	42,476 216,729	42,184 233,804	53,533 54,286	4,317,493 15,036,213	9,834 728 6 823,623
Total Rio & Santon	269,205	275,988	105,610	19,353,705	10,158,351

The coast arrivals for the week ended June 14th were from :-

Caravellas 1,308 588 S. João da Barra.... Total..... 4,783 lags.

The total entries by the different S. Paulo Railways for the Crop to June 14th 1907 were as follows: —

Past Sorocabana
Jundiahy and others
12,898,615 2,140,164
5,814,797 1.004,237 Total at S. Paulo l'otal at Santos at S. Paulo 1906/1907 : 1906/1906 : 15,038,779 15,036,213 6,819,034 6,823,623

COFFEE LOADED (EMBARQUES)

	DURING WEEK ENDED			FOR THE CROP TO		
	1907 Jun. 14	1907 June 7	114:6 June 15	1907 June 14	1908 June 15	
					-	
Rio	25.117	59,563	38,057	3,234,761	2.864.54	
Nictherof			3,240	270,649	242.05	
In transit	-	_	_	50,509	123,06	
Total Rio including Nictherry						
& transit	25,117	53,563	41,297	3,555,319	3.249,65	
Santos	288,458	191,814	51,539	15,274,980	7,176,94	
Total Rio & Santos	313,57 5	244,877	92,836	16,830,299	10,425,99	

Rio de Janeiro, June 15th, 1907.

Rio de Janeiro, June 15th, 1907.

Lintries at Rio and Santos for the week ending June 14th were 16,783 Lags less than for the previous week and 153,586 more than for the corresponding week last year.

For the crop, entries reached 19,353,705 bags against 10,158,351 bags at the corresponding date last year.

Shipments (cmbarques) were 68,698 bags more than for the previous week, and 220,739 bags more than for the corresponding week last year.

The average price for Rio No. 7 was 4\$667 for the Syndicate and 3\$519 for the Market against 4\$667 and 3\$581 in the previous week and 4\$382 last year; and at New York it was 6.39 cents against 6.50 cents for the previous week and 7.74 cents last year.

last year.

Stocks decreased by 94,868 bags and are 2,600,411 bags more than last year and 2,191,423 bags more than in 1905.

Santos entries are 17,075 bags less than in the previous week, and smaller than chipments by 71,729 bags. The daily average for the week (6 days) was 36,121 bags. week, and similar than supplied by 1,1,20 age.

Trige for the week (6 days) was 36,121 bags.

On the basis of comparative entries to June 14th this year and last, the crop should be as follows:

- 2 406 025 - 4466 400

10,388,920 19,789,704 Other ports (say)..... Total probable entries..... 20,349,704

The market has been dull and lifeless throughout the week.

The market has been dull and lifeless throughout the week. Yesterday the Convenio formally notified the market that purchase was suspended and today scarcely anything was done here, only 3,000 bags being reported sold on basis of 5\$000 per arroba for Type No. 7.

Three weeks ago we announced that Government would shortly send a bill to Congress asking for powers to raise a loan of £3,000,000 on responsibility of the Union, in lieu of that granted last year, under which Government was authorised to give their endorsement, only, to a loan raised by the States of the Convenio.

the Convenio.

To: the bill was forwarded by the Executive, with an explanatory Message, to Congress in which it is stated that the Government of São Paulo, having acquired over 7,000,000 bags of coffee, believes that with the proposed loan of £3,000,000 it can not only effectively defend the position but repay £1,000,000 borrowed from the Bank of Brazil. It is, says the Message, indisputable that the withdrawal of 7,000,000 bags from the market must affect prices and that on the other hand the effects of forced sale would be most disastrous and react on the whole National economy. In view of this contingency, the Message National economy. In view of this contingency, the Message continues, it is advisable to give the assistance solicited by S. Paulo

S. Paulo.

In the note of the Governor of S. Paulo it is stated that over 7,000,000 bags have been acquired, of which 7,000,000 have been "warranted" at Hamburg, Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Trieste, New York etc. there being still 800,000 bags at Rio and Santos to remit. This, the S. Paulo Government believes, represents the surplus of the actual crop and that if this is with all the growing step will be insufficient for requirements. itheld the coming crop will be insufficient for requirements of consumption.

On the other hand the Centro do Commercio do Café has presented a petition to Congress asking for measures to be taken to relieve the position, that they say menaces a "krack", and for the suppression of the 3 francs surtax on exports of coffee

In a lengthy article published in the Jornal do Commercio of today Sr. Joaquim Franco de Lacerda deduces the following conclusions regarding future supplies:—

Visible Supply July 1st 1906 9,700,000 Brazilian crop 1906/1907 20,200,000 Other countries 3,500,000 Less purchased by São Paulo *	33,400,000 7,500,000
Consumption 1907.	25,900,000 17,000,000
Available supply on July 1st 1907	8,900,000
Estimated Brazilian crop 1907/1908 (including 1,000,000 bags over from previous crop)	10,750,000 3,500,000
Consumption 1907/1908	23,150,000 17,500,000
Available Supply July 1st 1908	5,650,000

For stocks to be normal, they should not, Sr. Lacerda For stocks to be normal, they should not, Sr. Lacerda Franco states, be less than 1/3 of the annual consumption, which would, on his showing, be a little over 5,800,000 bags. How under such circumstances he makes out that a supply of 8,650,000 would be necessary and that, to make it good, the Convento would have to sell 3,000,000 bags in 1907/1908, we fail to understand.

to understand.

On June 1st the available supply was about 9,000,000 bags and so far not the slightest anxiety is shown to replenish stocks, nor is there any certainty that, even if stocks were to fall to 6,000,000, there would be any appreciable change of position so long as Government continues to carry an immense stock with which the market can be flooded at any moment. Until that danger disappear there can be no speculation for a rise worth speaking of, and consuming markets will go on living from hand to mouth, buying just what is required but nothing more. thing more.

Reliable information regarding the volume of the next crop is impossible to obtain but the general impression outside Government circles is that for all countries it will not exceed the 14,250,000 bags allowed for by Sr. Lacerda.

Along the Leopoldina system the weather has been fine and sunny.

Syndicate Prices Market Prices 10. 68700 to 78000
11. 68700 to 78000
12. 68700 to 78000 f
13. 68700 to 78000 f
14. 68700 to 78000 f
15. purchases discontinued June 58400 nominal 5\$200 to 5\$300 5\$100 to 52\$00 5\$000 to 5\$100 58000

S. Paulo, June 15th, 1907.

On Monday the Government offered to the dealers in Santos to purchase all coffee already classified at prices 400 réis above market quotation, paying in Treasury bills at six or twelve months date, the coffee to be stored free of charge and at seilers' risk for weight, bagging and insurance. The offer was largely discussed and at first generally regarded as inadequate. It was alleged that Treasury bills could only be discounted with difficulty and that the probable expenses of three months storage and necessity of bagging the coffee, a good deal of which has been already stored for several months, would eat up all the premium offered. No business was, therefore, done with Government for several days, although the market would have been greatly refleved thereby and only yesterday, when the open market became very weak and exporters refused to maintain previous offers, some coffee was closed with the Government on the above conditions, further transactions being expected to, On Monday the Government offered to the dealers in Santos previous oners, some conee was closed with the Government on the above conditions, further transactions being expected to, day. It remains to be seen now which Rio and Minas will do now that purchases on the part of the S. Paulo Government have stopped completely, and on this the course o four market

Offers of coffee have been extremely heavy in Santos. Fortunately Hamburg and the interior of Germany came forward with large orders for described goods, paying a handsome premium on and above the quotation of the Hamburg terminal

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ent to, do ent ket orme nal market. It is only to be hoped that this movement will last as dealers here are very willing to meet any demand at more or less present prices, which are for:—

_	•		
Туре	3	38600 to	38800
	4	3\$400 »	38590
	5	3\$200 »	3\$400
	6	3\$000 »	3\$200
>>	7	2\$600 »	28800
>>	8	28300 »	
33	9	92100	

according to quality and description. The quotations clearly show how fine and finest qualities have lost in value, whilst lower and medium grades have been maintained.

The States have bought, we hear, type 2 at 7.40 c. & f. which is almost parity with the New York future market.

Arrivals have been a trifle smaller than last week and a further falling off is likely seeing that freights on the interior railroads will be lowered from July 1st onward. The reduction on the Paulista Ry will be 170 reis per bug and on the Sorocabana 15% on a truck load of 12 tens.

Shipments have been heavy and the stock has been reduced by about 70,000 bags.

The weather has been light and warm during the week and favourable for harvesting.

From some districts the yield in picking is reported to be peor but so far next to nothing of a general nature has transpired in regard to the crop which commences on 1st July next.

MANIFESTS OF COFFEE

During the Week ended June 14th, 1907

RIO DE JANEIRO

DA	TK	NAME OF VESSE	DESTINATION	зитрукка	BARB	TOTAL
Jun	e {	Haipavado do d	Pelotas do do Rio Grande do do Porto Alegre do do	Ornstein & Co Siqueira & Co Pinto & Co Zenha, Ramos & Co. Zenha, Ramos & Co. Castro Silva & Co Eugen Urban Pinto & Co Castro Silva & Co	50 645	2,839
> > > >	9	do do do do	Manáos	J. Dias & Irmão do Pinto & Co do do do Sundry	40 220 130 100 320	810
•		do do do	Naples Constantinople Trebizond	do Gustav Trinks & Co. do	17 125 500	662
•	9	Mendoza	Genoa	Carlo Pareto & Co.		750
,	9	Itaqui	Pernambuco Manuos do Pará	Eugen Urban do Zenha Ramos & Co Eugen Urban Zenha, Ramos & Co	85 582 461 720 207	2,905
	10					
-		1 .	New York	Theodor Wille & Co		50,000
> > >	10	Allantique do do do do	Montevidéo do Buenos Aires do do	Pinto & Co	270 339 579 440 400	2,028
, ,		Aracaty	Muceió	Ornstein & Co. Pinto & Co. Pinto & Co. Crustein & Co Eugen Urhan Ornstein & Co. Zenha, Ramos & Co. Squeira & Co. Ornstein & Co. Zenha, Ramos & Go. Zenha, Ramos & Go. Siqueira & Co. Eugen Urban.	200 150 45 30 360 272 220 560 860 60 314	3,171
•	11	Colonia	Havre	R. do Couto & Co	{	250
•	11	Nile	Buenos Aires	Eugen Urban		20)
> > >	13	Oropesado do do do do do do do do	Punta Arenas do do V. Iparaiso do Canal	C. W. Gross & Co J. P. Roth & Co Norton Megaw & Co Gustav Trinks & Co. Eugen Urban Siqueira & Co	110 50 80 60 550	900
	13	Jupiter	Rio Grande	Sundry		80
,	13	Cordillêre	Oran,	C. Dalielow		125
> >	14	Wurzburg do do do do	Antwerp Leixões do do	Carlo Pareto & Co Castro Silva & Co Pinto & Co Svudry	120 40 171 8	884
3 3 3 3		Rugia do do do do do do	Delagoa Bay East London Wiborg Hamburg opt do do do do	Theodor Wille & Co Ornstein & Co do Eugen Urban C. Dahelow Sundry	850 100 125 250 669 17	1,411
				ļ	1	•

я	N	T	"	sa	

DAT	•	NAME OF ARBEIT	DESTINATION	SHIPPERS	BAGS	TOTAL
June	8		la	<u> </u>	1	
• une	٥	Javoia	Genoa do opt	Nossack & Co N. Gepp & Co Ltd	375	
•		do	do do		250 65	
•		do do	Naples	Irmaos Poyares	55	
÷		go	Leghorn	Sundrý Martinelli & Co	10 80	78
,	8	Mendoza	Genoa	D. Fiorita & Co		4
	10	Atlantique	Montevidéo	Krische & Co	151	, <u>"</u>
•		do	Buenes Aires	MaltaCerquinho&C.	675	
:		do do	do do	wrische & Co	503	
•		do	do	FeraJuntor& araiva	250 151	
•		do	do	Cunha Bueno & Co.	52	1,78
•	12	Cordillère	Lisbon	Sundry		
•	12	Caravellas	Havre opt	Prado Chaves & Co.	39,070	
,		do do	do do do do	Holworthy Ellisa Co	6.000	1
•		do	do do	G. da Fonseca & Co Baldwin & Co	2 500	49,57
,	12	Rugia	Hamburg			İ
>		do	do	Theodor Wille & Co Krische & Co	11.500	
•	1	do de	do	Prado Lima & Co	5.250	1
;		do	do do	E.Johnston&Co.Ltd		
*		đo	do	Holworthy. Ellis&Co S. F. et C. Franco	5,000	1
		do	đo	Bresilienne	5,000	
;		đo	do	G. da Fonseca & Co Barbosa & Co	3,625	
		do	do	ZerrennerBulow&C	2,000 2,000	١.,
•	ı	de	do	Nossack & Co Prado Chaves & Co	1,500	1
,	i	do do	do do	Prado Chaves & Co	1,250	
•	Į	de	do	N. Gepp & Co.Ltd., Schmidt & Trost	1,000 550	
3	-	do do	do	Baldwin & Co	260	
•			do	Sundry	78	54,01
•	12	Wurzburg	Rotterdam	Barboza & Co Theodor Wille & Co.	15,250	
•	ĺ	do do	do do	Theodor Wille & Co.	8,500	
;	ļ	do	do	N. Gepp & Co Ltd. S. F. et C. Franco	4,000	
	ı	_		Brésilienne	4,000	
:	- 1	do	do do	Nossack & Co Hard, Rand & Co	3.500	
	- 1	do	do	E. Johnston & Co	3,375 2,250	
>	i	do	еlo	Holworthy Ellis&Co	1,500	
•		do	do do	Pra lo Lima & Co	1,500 1,250	
;	- 1	do	do	Krische & Co Prado, Chaves & Co G. da Fonseca & Co	1,255 1,000	
•	- 1	do	do	G. da Fonseca & Co	500	
:	- 1	do do	do Antwerp	ZerrennerBulow&C. Theodor Wille & Co	500	
,	i	do i	do do	Holworthy Ellis&Co.	2,000 2,000	
•	- 1	do	do	Holworthy Ellis&Co N. Gepp & Co. Ltd.	1,500	
:	-1	do do	do do	Prado Chaves & Co.	1,500	
;	-	do	do	G. da Fousces & Co. Nossack & Co	1,125 1,000	
>	- 1	do	do	Barbaza & Co	500	
:	- 1	do	do do	Prado, Lima & C	500	
,	-	do	Bremen	Baldwin & Co Krische & Co	250 500	57,758
• 1	2	Niledo	Buenos Aires do	do Sundry	979	980
, 1	2	Oropesa	Valparaiso	Thomaz da Silva	150	
•	-	do	da	F. Martinelli & Co	16	
•		do	do	Sundry	25	220
> 1	2		New York	Hard, Rand & Co	23,660	
,	- (do do	do do	B. F. et C. Franco	20,627	
-	-			Holworthy Ellis&Co S. F. et C. Franco Brésilienne	6,750	
•	-	do	do	Theoret Mile & Co	1 6.0001	
,	1	do do	do do	Alves Lima & Co G. da Fonseca & Co	4,500 3,000	
,		do	do	Prado Chaves & Co.	2,750	
		do	do	Prado Chaves & Co. Zerrenner Bulow&C	2.5001	
,		do do	do	E. Johnston & Co Ltd	1,000	
;	-	do (do do	N. Gepp & Co. Ltd Nossack & Co	1,000 500	72.287
	-					
				Total		237,448

The coffee sailed during the week ended June 14th, was consigned to the following destinations

	UNITED STATES	EUROPE & MEDITER- RANEAN	COAST	RIVER	CAPE	OTHER FORTS	TOTAL FOR WEEK	CROP TO DATE
Rio Santos	50,000 72,287	3,532 162,172	1 8,955	3,126 2,980	=	· =	65,615 237,448	8,562,875 13,117,978
Total 1906/1907	122,287	165,704	8,955	6,117	-	<u> </u>	303,063	16,680,350
1905/1906	16,194	65,580	9,675	5,616	_	_	97,021	10,897,62

VALUE OF COFFEE CLEARED FOR FOREIGN PORTS Week ended

•	June 14	June 7	June 14	June 7	Crop to	June 14
	Bugs	Bags	£	£	Виде	£
Rio	56,660	10,194	111,859	16,496	8,258,347	6,800,924
Eanton	287,448 294,118					25,268,168 31,569,112
do 1905/1906		82,895	185,679	166,009	10,115,546	20,145,596

Weekly Report of the Companhin Registradora de Santos. Sales registered on the basis of New York Exchange Standard No. 4.

By Cable:-

78,000 bags Sales for the week ending June 15th . . . Closing quotations for June 38400 » July..... 38450 35500 » August.... 38550 » September

The Directors of the Centro do Commercio do Café have received a communication from the Associação Commercial at received a communication from the Associação Commercial at Santos announcing that that market wid, as from the 1st of October next, adopt the official type of Hessian Bag of the same size and characteristicas the sample on show at the Centro, Thismeasure is taken at the request of the Chambers of Commerce of Antwerp, Trieste, Hamburg, London and Rolterdam and it is certain that its adoption will be of great benefit to the Santos market

From Messrs. Leech's Weekly Market Letter, May, 18th 1907:-

Out of this possible 15 1/2 million Bs, quite one half has nor will be bought and taken off the market by the São Paulo Government for Equalisation purposes in anticipation of Paulo Government for Equalisation purposes in anticipation of a small Santos crop in the coming season. This action however far from encouraging speculation has driven it away, the fear being that the immobilized quantity of Coffee may descend like an avalanche upon the markets of the World at an unforeseen moment. But this fear is we believe unreal for as we have repeatedly remarked, what the Government has bought it must perforce continue to hold, until in the usual course of nature a group failure requires in Santon; to attempt to market the Government periores comme to hold difficult in the state course of the corp failure occurs in Santos; to attempt to market the Governmeni purchases would simply court disaster. In any case the purchases are not to be offered in this present year.

Extract from Henry Nordlinger & Co's, Circular of 15th May 1907:

Extract from Henry Nordlinger & Co's, Circular of 15th May 1907:—

Our last report was dated the 15th ultimo. The general position of Coffee has undergone no material change since then. Receipts at Rio and Santos continue very heavy. The visible supply is enormous, larger than ever, and there is no decrease of same in sight yet.

When we consider that four months ago the general opinion prevailed that the current Rio and Santos crop would amount to 16 1/2 to 17 million bags, we must say that the market has held wonderfully well during that period, being about unchanged, and this despite the fact that the whole world is bearish on Coffee.

Good support has been given to values by powerful interests here, who are acting partly for their own account, and partly for the account of the São Paulo Government. These interests now own over 3 million bags of the spot stock in our port.

As long as exporters in Brazil have Coffee available in quantity for consuming markets, no great improvement in price can take place, nor do we believe that the price can be lowered much from the present level, the milreis price for Coffee beeing now down to a figure not witnessed in twenty years; but should the receipts at Brazilian shipping ports fall off perceptibly, commissarios and exporters would probably avail themselves of such an opportunity to hold what Coffee they may have left for a better mark at, knowing as they do that they need not fear any competition for many months to come from the largest holder of Coffee – the State of São Paulo. This State owns over 6 million bags Brazil Coffee at the present time and according to the latest information, is still adding to its holdings.

The Federal Congress of Brazil assembled recently. Interpellations will probably he made with regard to the advances of funds made by the Bank of the Republic to the State of São Paulo; but insamuch as the federal administration is known to be in favor of aiding the planters to get a living price for their product, and inasmuch as Congress passed the

unusually small one.

If the next Rio and Santos crop should prove to be only 9 or 10 million lags, and the Mild crops be the same as in recent years, about 4 1/2 million bags, the total production would fall millions of bags short of the requirements for consumption.

With the Government holding the surplus of the crop intact, and the allied interests doing the same, the available visible supply would be reduced to such a small figure as to leave nothing for speculative purposes. The trade everywhere carries very small stocks, and whatever speculative interest there may ac in the market is principally on the short side.

These are conditions, which, in our opinion, prevent any material decline in values from the present level, unless the support of the State of São Paulo should be withdrawn from the market, or its holdings be offered for saie: neither of which contingencies are likely to arise for a long time.

long time.

Low grade Brazils — of which there is quite a large stock here, and plenty more in Brazil — have declined considerably in price, due principally to their undesirable roasting qualities. These grades must be under the reach their true level of value; and inasmuch as the by-laws of our Coffee Exchange provide that the average grade of each lot of 250 bags tendered on contracts made on the Exchange must be Sor better than 8, their marketable value will be independent of the price ruling on the Exchange.

Exchange.

Mild Coffees are arriving more freely here and in Europe. The receipts Allo Colless are arriving more freely here and in Europe. The receipts of same during April were the largest on record, and when the end of the current crop year is reached, it will probably be found that the usual quanti, has come forward. Prime and Pancy Washed are still scarce, however; whilst medium and low grades are plentiful, with very little demand for the latter."

MANY PROMINENT PHYSICIANS TESTIFY TO THE BENEFICIAL EFFECTS DERIVED FROM COFFEE

The following is from the special International Weekly Supplement of the New York Commercial devoted entirely to the State of São Paulo :-

While so much is being said nowadays against coffee in an effort to discourage its use in favor of various substitutes said to lack certain damaging effects credited to goffee, it may not be without interest to see what the doctors have said on this subject. If evidence is desired to show whether or not the campaign against coffee is seriously threatening its supreme position as the favorite American family beverage, it may be found in the most conclusive form in the trade statistics showing the immense increase in the consumption of coffee in this as well as in many other countries.

Coffee merchants naturally have the deepest contempt for coffee substitutes; they even go to the extent of saying that the coffee substitutes really increase the use of coffee by creating a new use for coffee among the manufacturers of the substitutes, who, according to coffee's friends, are obliged to use more or less coffee in their own preparations in order to make the preparations all palatable. They ridicule the idea that any coffee-lover can ever be persuaded to abandon coffee in favor of anything else claimed to be "fust as good as coffee" so far as the sense of taste is concerned, and better as regards the effect upon the health. the health.

SUBSTITUTES NOT COMPETITIVE

Coffee is by no means a new article of commerce. It has been a staple item of international merchandise for hundreds of years and during all this time the doctors have had much to say as to its medicinal effects and its advantages and disadvantages. The present advocacy of coffee substitutes has had no effect in enlivening the discussion as to coffee's merits, and it would probably be extremely difficult to say what effect substitutes have had upon the consumption of coffee if any. It is certain that they have not diminished the total amount of coffee consumed by the public and the only question is whether they have weaned from coffee to their products, many people who have become persuaded that coffee is harmful.

This subject of the harmfulness of coffee apparently reduces itself down to the question of how coffee is used. A doctor will say that when

offee to their products, many people who have become persuaded that coffee is harmful.

This subject of the harmfulness of coffee apparently reduces itself down to the question of how coffee is used. A doctor will say that when used to excess coffee may be harmful, but he will say the same of any other food or beverage and it is obviously unfair to coffee or anything else to call it harmful when it is abused by excessive use. A small dose of many medicines is helpful in forestalling and defeating disease; the same medicines if taken in overdoses would immediately prove fatal. The latter fact does not diminish the use of medicines in proper amounts for medicinal purposes and the parallel applies with equal force to coffee, if the most eminent physicians of recent years are to be believed.

One of the physicians who has made a special study of coffee as a beverage and its effect upon the nervous system is Dr. William M. Leszynsky, a fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine and of the American Neurological Association. Dr. Leszynsky is also well know as the consulting neurologist of the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital in New York city. In a paper read before the New York County Medical Association he says that coffee, when well prepared, is beyond question one of the ambrosial luxuries of modern life and that to condemn it indiscriminately as injurious would be equivalent to an admission of ignorance as to its universally recognized value.

Dr. Leszynsky makes it plain that the coffee-habit when carried to excess can become dangerous, but what is more important and more significant is that when used in moderation it has many beneficial influences upon the human frame. Among its effects upon the mind, as pointed out by Dr. Leszynsky, are those of exciting the imagination and the memory. It produces an increase in the power of attention a vivacity of thought and conception and an enlarged capacity for mental and physical work.

work.

Interesting and valuable testimony as to the value of coffee as a food is given by Dr. W. Gilman Thompson, professor of medicine in the Cornell University Medical College in New York City. Dr. Phompson says that coffee when taken as a beverage has well marked physiological effects, chiefly upon the muscular, vascular and nervous systems. It removes the sensation of faticue in the muscles and increases their functional activity; it allays hunger to a limited extent; it strengthens the heart action, and constitutes a valuable cardiac stimulant in some forms of collapse by its moderate quickening effect upon the pulse and influence upon the vascular tone; it acts as a diurctic, has a mildly sudorfic influence and conteracts nervous exhaustion and stimulates nervine centers.

It is used sometimes as a nervine in cases of migraine and there are many persons who can sustain prolonged mental 'atique and strain from anxiety and worry much better by the use of strong black coffee. In low delirium, or when the nervous system is overcome by the use of narcoties, as in the case of opium poisoning or by alcohol, or by excessive hemorrhage, strong black coffee is serviciable to keep the patient from falling into the drowsiness which soon merges into coma.

fulling into the drowsiness which soon merges into coma.

BTHMULATES DIGESTION

Dr. Thompson says further, that when drunk in moderation, coffee is a mild stimulant to gastric digestion. In the bowels it has an opposite effect to that of tea, and for many people when taken early in the morning it posses-sets a distinctly laxative effect. It thus indirectly benefits the liver. Strong coffee with a little lemon juice or brandy is often useful in overcoming a malarial chill or a paroxysm of asthma, It is the universal testimony of army officers that coffee is indispensable for troops in service to relieve fatigue and improve their spirits.

It is Dr. Thompson's theory that the nutrient value of coffee alone is slight but that with the addition of sugar and milk it becomes a valuable food. He says that it does, however, posses some effect in diminishing tissue waste. When he turns to a discussion of the other side of the case and tells of what are termed coffee's ill effects, all that he has to say against coffee is based upon its intemperate use

For instance, he warns dispeptics not to drink too much strong black coffee after dimer, but says at the same time that a person with sound digestion, who perhaps has eaten more food than he needs, may benefit by a good cap of black coffee after a meal, inasmuch as the coffee may not only not prove a disadvantage but may even have a stimulating effect in arousing the overtaxed digestive functions. In brief, Dr. Thompson's advice about coffee is to use it and not to abuse it.

Dr. W. T. Fernie, a British physicism, in a book entitled "Meals Medicinal," writes at length upon coffee as a popular beverage without, however, going deeply into a scientific discussion of the questi in. He discusses in an interesting way the relative effects of coftee and ten. He puts out that caffein exercises its arousing effect more on the central nervous system than on the heart as tea does. It removes the sense of fatigue, but is apt, if used to excess, to induce sleeplessness.

On the other hand he says that it is well known that in some cases of insomnia and in cases of alcoholic sleeplessness, a strong infusion of the coffee berry arroasted will prove very helpful. By caffein the respiratory movements are made deeper an 1 more frequent, while the heart is indirectly stimulated to beat more forcibly. He says that persons exposed to severe cold are the better for taking coffee in moderation, and that in the warmer climates cures have been wrought in the most severe cases of malarious fever, by using the husk of the coffee beam which will at times succeed where quinine fails.

It seems from Dr. Fernie's researches that much of the so-called injurious effects of coffee result from coffee with which a large amount of chicory is combined. What is known as French coffee usually contains about one-third of its weight of chicory, which gives it a bitterish taste and a dark color. Chicory when taken habitually or too freely causes passive congestion of the veins appertaining to the digestive organs with the abdomen, and a fullness of blood in the head. Indeed, if used to excess it may bring about blindness, because of paralyzing the retina of the eyes.

The only benefit which chic ry gives caffee is an increase of calcu-

excess it may bring about bilinaness, the eyes, the eyes, the only benefit which chic ry gives coffee is an increase of color and body. Thus again, it seems that one of coffee's worst enemies is an article which is used to give it artifical qualities, without which it would be deprived of it jurious effects gained at the expense of a senseless concession to appearances.

BISMARCK KNEW GOOD COFFEE

BISMARCK KNEW GOOD COFFEE

A good story is told of Prince Bismarck, showing not merely that famous statesman's ideas of coffee but probably also the prevalent opinion in Europe at the time. It is said that one day the prince stopped at an inn on the borders of the Black Forest and called for a cup of chicory. The astonished landlord brought him presently about a gill, saying that that was all he had in the house. "Are you suce?" asked Bismarck. The landlord replied in the affirmative. "Very well?", said the prince throwing the stuff away, "now make me some coftee."

Among the uses of coffee in cases of illness is as a restorative in fever as an improvement upon alcohol. Doctors who forbid coffee to patients suffering from gout take the trouble to explain that coffee will do no harm if it is used with cream and sugar. As a matter of fact the French attribute to free coffee drinking their freedom from gout due to uric acid deposits, and derangement of the kidneys. Coffee favors the regular action of the bowels more than tea, because it contains much less astringent tannin. It is well known that as a cure for seasickness, a cup of pure coffee, hot, without milk or sugar, is often benefical.

An English physician describes what he calls a coffee syrup, which he says is a convenient beverage for travellers. His concoction evidently is what would be known to commerce as condensed coffee, for he says that two teaspoonsful in a cup with boiling water added will supply an excellent coffee.

It is pointed out that sugar mixed with coffee a sists to draw forth all its aroma, and if mixed with cafe an lait it gives a light, agreeable, easily made food, which admirably saits those persons who must work at the desk immediately after breakfast.

So it seems that coffee's worst enemies or in other words those who place it in any degree in the category of harmful things; are only those who use it in defiance of all laws of self restraint and temperance. When it is considered that this same abuse of any other rich gift conferred

PROVE ITS VALUE

The merit and demerits of coffee, as a medicinal and alimentary agent, have for some time been a mooted question, but the results obtained from its use and the experiments made with it and the medicinal ingredients which enter into its composition prove beyond peradventure its medicinal and alimentary v-lue.

Some of the highest medical authorities in this country and in Enrope recommend it in unstinted terms; nearly every medical journal seems to indorse its use. Below will be found the opinions of some of the best-known European authorities.

Barral and Sagnier say in their Dictionnaire d'Agriculture: "Roasted coffee is an aromatic and disinfectant beverage; it is a stimulant for the nerves and a disinfectant tonic. It is very useful for people engaged in mental work. It has been successfully-employed as a preventive in cases of cerebral apoplexy, typhoid fever, tobacco, opiam, digitalis and eiglie poisoning, as well as against drunkenness, toffee possesses a beneficial influence on stomach and visceras; facilitating its contractions. Employed as a beverage coffee is a diurctic.

"It is a tonic and a food. The miners of Charleroi prove this fact conclusively. They cat very little, but they consume a litre of coffee a day. Laborers employed in the fields are exposed to the eastern sun during the warm season for a long time, and a refreshing and hygienic beverage has been sought for, as it is well known that the use of water is extremely dangerous when the laborer is overheated. Coffee mixed with water is the best beverage."

KILLS THE BACILLI

KILLS THE BACILLI

In the book of E. Jardin B. Le Caffier is given some interesting information under the title of medicine. The author says: "Some physicians have written that coff-e exercises an antianhrodisiae influence, notwithstanding, according to the opinion of many authorities on the subject, such as Michel, Levy, Feillior, Troussau and Rostand, coffee has no qualities which weaken the faculties of reproduction."

The experiments of Luderitz as to the antiseptic qualities of coffee demonstrate that the bacillis prodigious dies when submitted for six days to a 5 per cent infusion of coffee, and in a few hours in a infusion 30 per cent. The typhic baccillus dies in the same infusion in two or three days; the microbe of pus dies in two or three days when submitted to a 20 per cent infusion; the bacillus of erysipelas dies in one day in a 10 per cent infusion, and that of cholera after six or seven hours; a 30 per cent infusion, and that of cholera after six or seven hours; a 30 per cent infusion in Persia to give the largest possible quantity of coffee to persons attacked by this disease. A 10 per cent infusion of coffee kills the carbuncle bacillus in two or three hours.

Regarding the properties of cafeine, a product of coffee, the Bulletin Officiel de l'Academie de Medicine says: "Cafeine has the property of facilitating muscular work, permitting its continuation for a long period without rest; it increases the activity of the nervous system, prevents suffocation and the palpitation consecutive to violent effort; it permits working at a reduced alimentation for a long period."

OUR OWN STOCK

RIO : Stock on June 7 Entries during week ended June 14	913,447 41,730
Loaded (Embarques) for the week	955,177 25,117
Stock in Rio on June 14. Stock at Nictheroy and Affoat on June 7 131,934 Entries at Nictheroy plus total embarques	930,060
including transit. 25,853	
157,797	
Deduct: embarques at Nictherry and sailings during the week	,
Stock at Nictheroy and alloat on June 14.	
	92,182
Ntock in 1st and 2nd hands and those at Nictheroy and affoat on June 4.1	1,022,242
Ntock in 1st and 2nd hands and those at Nietheroy and affoat on June 44 SANTOS: Stock on June 7 2 342 172	1,022,242
Stock in 1st and 2nd hands and those at Nictherry and affoat on June 4.1	1,022,242
Ntock in list and 2nd hands and those at Nietheroy and affoat on June 1:	1,022,242

FOREIGN STOCKS

United States Ports	June 8/1907	June 1/1907	June 9/1906
	3,562,000	3,643,000	3,400,000
	2,594,000	2,567,000	2,046,000
Both	6,156,000	6.210,000	5,446,000
Deliveries United States	96,000	133,000	74,000
Visible Supply at United States ports	3,906,000	3,934,000	3,544,000

SALES OF COFFEE for the week ending

•	June 14,1907	June	7,1907	June 15/1906
ttle Bantos	39,650 284,024		8,000 9,098	29,000 32,010
Total	323,674	31	2,098	61,010

C. J. LEECH AND CO'S

Coffee Statistics 1906 – 1907

On Sale at "The Brazilian Review" Offices

RUA VISCONDE DE INHAUMA No. 42.

PRICE: 8\$000

PURGEN — The ideal aperient.

•	Wor	d's Vis	ible Sup st of EA	ply of C	offee H	D	eliveries	in Euro	pe	Delive	ries in t	ie United	States
1.	15061907	1905—1906	1904—1905	1903-1901	1902—1903	1906—1907	1905—1906	19041905	1903—1904	19061907	19051906	1904—1905	1903—1904
	 -			ļ] ——	\ 		-				
July. August. September October November December Janüary, February March April. July June	9.948.058 10.756.058 112.154.000 43.165.786 13.808.836 14.377.982 15.188.298 15.201.422 15.897.742 16.009.449	11.465.641 12.162.496 12.624.698 13.006.841 18.090.849 12.647.595 11.931.681 11.931.681 10.747.916 10.356.157	2.580.148 18.492.498 14.266.592 14.360.926 14.086.780 18.916.399 18.621.720 18.271.745 18.297.170	12.870.000 18.148.000 18.770.000 18.918.000 18.888.000 13.758.000 18.812.000 18.181.000 12.918.000	(11,590,000 (12,227,000 (18,005,000 (18,238,000 (18,218,000 (12,769,000 (12,517,000 (12,881,000 (12,248,000	861,470 858,461 1,634,270 923,848 771,614 860,968 711,148 931,474 927,918	796.061 895.569 898.209 1.016.776 782,257 780,968 785.077 988.547 1787.928 841.048	793.565 911.708 856.475 845.562 787.991 820.089 604.884 888.911 748.981	897.717 1,041.833 839.706 785.982 940.506 780.199 678.285 666.217 641.542	602.079 468.763 712.882 712.936 561.295 747.288 558.644	532.545 505.248 641.895 578.769 626.044 688.386 588.980 689.681	537.031 588.653 659.288 664.619 631.144 568.128 498.072 530,546 555.092	649.401 561.978 528.816 737.628 670.286
To tal.	*******	*******************	*******	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		8.659.810	9.934.892	0.475.680	9,280.651	5,969,409	6.806.683	6.687.678	6.858.056

COFFEE PRICE CURRENT For the week ended June 14th, 1907

	INC WOOL	-	Guno	1 7 LIL,			
DESCRIPTION	June 8	June 10	June 11	June 12	June 13	June 14	WAGE
RIO- Market N.6. 10 kilos Syndic. N.7.	4.667	4.007	4.667	4.667	4.667	4.667	4.667
Market N.7.	3,643	3.613	æ	3.500	3.434	3.375	3.619
. N.8	3.440	3.440	Nominal	3.305	3.234	3 . 175	3.319
» N.9. » •	3,240	3.240	ž	8,105	8.034	2.975	3.119
BANTOS-					1		
8yndicate 10 kilos N.4. N.5. N.6. N.7. N.8.	 				= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	11111	
Market 10 kilos N.7. * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	$\frac{2.700}{2.450}$	2.450	2.700 2.450 2.200	2.450	2.450	2.700 2.450 2.200	2.700 3.450 2.200
N. YORK per 16. Spot N. 7 cart. 8	6 1 2 6 1/4	6 1/8	6 \$/8 6 1/5	6 3/8 6 1/8	G 3/s G 1/8	6 3/8 6 1/8	6.5 6.1
Sept Dec March.	5.30 5.40 5.45	5.30	5.25 5.30 5.40		5,25	5,15 5,20 5,30	
HAVRS, per 50 kilos Options franca, Sept s Doc s March. s	35.75	. 36,00	35.50	35.76	35.60	85,25 85,25 85,50	35.63
HAMBURG per 1/2 k. Options pfemilge	29,00 29,25 29,50		28.75	28.75	28.75	28.50 28.45 29.09	28.99
LONDON per cuet.							
Options shillings Sept. , Dec, , March ,	27/9 26/- 28/3	27.9	27/91			27/8 27/6 27,9	27/0 27/0 28/-

Sugar Market

The following are the closing quotations at Rio on June 8th for (Campos, Sergipe, Permanbuco and Bahia.

William Countril	Campos		Pernambuco	Bahia
White Crystal	400-410	370 - 380	_	400
Yellow crystal	330 - 350	_	310 - 320	
Maseavinhos	_	280 - 330		_
Masenvo good	_	240	240	
regular		220 - 230	220 - 230	
» medium	_		_	_
Segundo jacto		_	_	_
White uzing	-	_		_
White 3ª sorte	-	_	_	-
Somenos	_	_		_
Entries at Rio from 1st inst to	date	_	29,	441 bags
Clearances ditto		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10	
Ci	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · • • • • • • • •	40.	507 »
Stock			271,	130 »
 Market Stendy. 				
•				

Last year in spite of the floods Campos gave 463,276 bags of Sugar and is estimated this year to yield 469,000 to 480,000. A writer to the Monitor Campista says, however, that the crop will not really give over 300,000 and excuses Campos from undertaking under such circumstances to join Pernambuco and the rest in making Demeraras for export.

The United States Four Ports Summary shows imports of Brazilian Sugar to have been 7.479 tons from Jan. 1st to May 9th as against 9,816 tons for the same period last year, a decrease of 2,337.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

London, May 24th, 1907.

As already stated, the International Sugar Commission will reassemble in Brussels on Tuesday, June 4th. The agenda contains, as the order of the day, "continuation of the debate on foreign legislation," If occasion arises, you will have received a cable from me before this letter reaches you.

The West India Committee has been circularizing the Chambers of Commerce in British India asking for their support for the Convention, and some of the Chambers have acquiesced.

for the Convention, and some of the Chambers have aquiesced, others ignoring the request.

As showing which way the wind blows, I send the following paragraph from the British Trade Journal:—

agraph from the British Trade Journal:—

"The uncertainty prevailing with regard to the intentions of the British Government in connection with Brussels Sugar Convention is beginning to affect sugar growing colonies. If bountles and cartels are to prevail again after the end of September 1908, prospective prices are not such as to induce planters to improve their estates or increase their holdings. Capital will not be attracted, however essential it may be, to have down new machinery and to equip central factories in view of the keen competition which will result. The sugar planters of the British Colonies must now agitate "a mently intimation of the Government's intentions; and if the decision be against the Convention, an extended preferential system of Imperial tariffs will be all the more necessary."

By the way, the Parliamentary Report of the debate on British beet sugar subsidizing in the House of Lords, referred to in my last letter, has now been published. Viscount Ridley, who is at the head of the Tariff Reform organization, made an admission that is sure to be "used in evidence against him." He said: "At the time when the Convention was passed there Admission that is sure to be "used in evidence agains min." He said: "At the time when the Convention was passed there was considerable misapprehension as to what was desired by the West Indies. What they wanted was a levelling of prices. Prices used to fluctuate from 9s. a cwt. down to 7s; but the Convention has inaugurated steadiness in the price of sugar, which has settled down to 9s. or 10s. per cwt. more or less; and I am confident what the answer would be if the traders were asked whether they now wanted their industry disturbed again and made subject to these fluctuations."

Lord Denman, on behalf of the Government in this debate, said: "It was not alone by politicians that the Brussels Convention was disliked. It was loathed and detested by all the sugar using trades — His Majesty's Government adhere to the opinions which they have expressed with regard to the Convention, and I think those opinions are pretty well known,"

Thursday's quotation was as follows for 88% f.o.b.;—

1907 1906 1905 1904 1903

1906 7s.11 1/4d. 1905 12d.1 ½d. 1904 9s. 6d.

Pernambuco, 6th June, 1907.

Sugar is very quiet here with only small sales, but holders are very confident of the future of the acticle. May entries were only 30.514 bags compared with 91.613 bags at the same time last year. European markets keep firm and quotations for Beet at 2½ per ewt higher than this time last year. It is calculated the Beet sowings for new crop have generally been about 2% less than last year.

Braductive 15%

Production of Sugar in Bahia

1300 - 1301	
	' Bags
Usina Alliança	67,000
Usina S. Bento	40,000
Usina S. Carlos	40,000
Usina Terra Nova	35,000
Usina Aratú	30,000
Usina Pitanga	26,000
Usina Passagen	21,000
Usina Capimirim	16,500
Usina Cinco Rios (app.)	16,000
Usina Colonia	15,000
Usina Bom Jardim (app.).	15,000
Usina Malembá (app.)	
Using D. T. 5. (app.)	10,000
Usina D. J(ā) (app.)	8,000
Usina S. João (app.)	7,000
Usina Pojuca (app.)	6,000
Usina Acutinga (app.)	5,000
Usina S. Miguel	1,419
	359,019

Letten

Pernambuco, June 6th, 1907.

Pernambuco, June 6th, 1907.

There have been some small sales during the past few days at 133700 and 148900, the latter for good Sertões. Buyers, however, are free only at 138300 but holders will not listen to anything under 148000, which price has been offered for July delivery by Rio shippers. Yesterday the American Bureau's report of condition of the growing crop was received and gave it as 70.5 against 84.6 at the same time last year. It seems that Liverpool operators had been expecting a condition of only 60 and as a result they put the market down 11 points. Still, when you consider the worst former conditions of the crop at end of May that has been recorded was 74, the present one looks bad enough in view of the world's requirement being now for a crop of 13,000,000 bales. Last year at the end of June the crop condition deteriorated nearly 1 1/2°₁₀ and should same take place now prospects would be very serious as without improvement in crop conditions even with increased acreage this quantity of cotton could not be calculated on and any deterioration will certainly put prices higher than those now ruling. Up to 6th May there had been brought into sight 12,650,000 bales of American cotton for present crop, compared with 10,068,000 bales last year and 11,615,000 bales in 1905 and, great as the difference is, it has apparently nearly all gone into consumption already in Europe and the Stats.

A cable from Liverpool quotes 17 points up making "Fair Pernams" today worth 7.84 on the spot.

About 3,900 bales have been sold this afternoon at 148000 of which 2,000 to Exporters, 500 to Rio shippers and remainder to Fabricas here. Latter a small lot of Sertões was placed at 148200 and there are now no sellers under 138000.

Latter a small lot of Sertős was placed at 148200 and there are now no sellers under 158000.

New York, May 25.—The monthly cotton crop report of Mr. Theodore H. Price, which will be issued here to-morrow, predicts that this year's crop will be the poorest on record. The report is based on the condition of the fields on May 17th, the average date of the replies of his correspondents to his letters of inquiry. The average increase in acrage, as reported by these correspondents, is 1.1 per cent. The condition of the crop is reported to be 66.3, as against 76.8 reported at the same time last year and 70.8 in 1905. The indicated acreage now planted or to be planted is 31,909.000 acres, of which 73 per cent, was reported as having been actually seeded on May 17th. The condition, as revealed by Mr. Price's correspondents, is the lowest over reported either by him or by the Government. Mr. Price states that the lowest June condition reported by the Government was 74.1 in 1903, which was followed by a yield of 173 lb. of lint cotton per acre.

"Undeniably", the report states. "condition of the crop throughout the entire belt, except in North Carolina and Virginia, is the worst on record." Mr. Price points out that on an acreage of 32,000,000 acres wielded of 170 lb. per acre would result in a crop of about 10,900,000 bales of 500 lb. each.

"A crop no larger than this," Mr. Price adds, "I believe to be quite within the limits of possibility unless the weather, from now until picking is finished, is practically ideal, and unless frost is delayed until an unusually late date. It is quite true that the cotton plant has wonderful recuperative powers, but in order to recoup something must have been previously in existence. This year the cotton plant starts as a weakling, with the strengthening fertilisers badly washed away, and with one of the shortest growing periods on record ahead."—Central News.

Shipping

ARRIVALS AT THE PORT OF SANTOS During the week ended June 14th, 1907

				, -	301
DATE	NAME OF VESSEL	Ft.A 0	RIG	TON- NAGE	Р КО Ж
June S	Seldier Prince	British	8. S.	2.029	S. Francisco
8	Savoia	Italian	do	3,099	do
8	Mendoza	do	do	4,810	
8		German	do	1,846	Hamburg
9		Brazilian	ďυ	277	Antonina
ย	Jupiter	do	do	567	Buenos Aires
ä	Hillmere	British	do	2,229	Cardiff
9	Hanseat	ďο	do		New York
10	Atlantique	French	ďυ	2,501	Bordeaux
11	Gloria	Brazillan	do	253	Rio de Janeiro
11		British	go	4,519	Valparaiso
11		do	do		Rosurio
11	Flor tanopolis	Brazilian		576	Montevidéo
12	Arad	Austriau	do	2,431	Buenos Aires
12	Nile	British		3,298	Southampton
12	Cordillère	French	do		Buenos Aires
12	Colonia	do	do		Havre
	Titian	British	do	2,687	Manchester
12	Industrial	Brazilian		171	Laguna
10	Polynesia	Italian	go		Genon
10	Argentina	German	do	2.866	Hamburg
19	Oropesa	British	ďo	3,345	Liverpool
10	Oceano	Bruzilian	ďυ	650	Porto Alegra
14			do	277	Paranagua
12		German			Bremen
1.2	Jupicer	l razilian	do	567	Rio de Janeire

SAILINGS FROM THE PORT OF SANTOS During the week ended June 14th, 1907

DATE	NAME OF TREES.	FI.AG	RIG	TON-	FOR
une 8	Betty	Russian	Schooner	841	Falmouth
8		British	S. S.	2,514	Santa Lucia
8		do	do		Ruenos Aires
8			do		Genoa
8		de	do	4,310	
. 9	Jupiter		do	507	Rio de Janeire
10	Guasca	do	do	277	Paranaguá
10	Atlantique	French	do	2,501	Buenos Aires
11		British	do	4,549	Liverpool
11	Caravellas	French	do		Havre
11	Gloria		do l	253	Iguape
12	Florianopolis	do	do	576	Rio de Janeiro
12	Rugia		do	4,139	Hamburg
13	Wurzburg	do	do	2,246	Bremen
12		French	do	3,016	Bordeaux
12	Nile		do		Buenes Aires
13		do	do		New York
13		do	d●		Valparaiso
13	Industrial		de		Rio de Janeir
14	Oceano	do	de		Pernambuco
14	Guasca	do	do	277	Rio de Janeiro
14	Jupiter	do	do		Montevidéo

ARRIVALS AT THE PORT OF RIO DE JANEIRO During the week ended June 14th, 1907

DATE	NAME OF VESSEL	FLAG	R10	TON-	FROM
Tune 8	Argentina	German	s. s.	2 867	Hamburg
8	Muqui	Brazilian	do	359	
8	Blue Jacket	British	do		Cardiff
8	Planeta	Bruzillan	dŏ	878	Manaos
8	Ypyranga	do	do	650	Paranagua
8	Albatroz	German	Schooner	411	Hamburg
9	Atlantique	French	8, 8,	2.890	Bordesux
ý	Drumeree	British	do	2,587	
9	Mendoza	Italian	do		Buenos Aires
9	Savoia	do	do	3,099	do
9	Assu	Braziliau	do		Porto Alegre
9	A. Saldanha	do	Schooner	53	Cabo Frio
9	Dous Amigos	do	do	34	do
9	Estrella do Norte.	do	do	49	do
Ģ	Macahense	do	do	30	do
9	Despique	do	do	80	do
9	Autoia	do	ďo	33	do
9	Planeta	do	ob	30	
10	Sultão	do	ä	50	
10	Gama 11	ão l	do	Ğĭ	do
10	Itanemu	do	s. s.		Pernambuco
10	Esperança	do 1	de	469	Aracajti
10	Monte Alegre	do	Schooner	190	Itabapoana
10	Belgrano	German	8. S.	3 083	Hamburg
10	Jupiter	Brazilian	J. J.	1 800	Buenos Aires
10	Curangola	do.	do	259	S. João da Barra
11	Nile	British	do	9.200	Southampton
11	Hillglade	do	de	3,500	Cardiff
11	Victoria	Brazilian	do		Pénedo
II	Kelvingrove	British	do		Bahia
12	Oropesa	do	do	8 316	Liverpool
12	Oriana	do	do	2 842	Valparaiso
12	Mereddio	do	do	1 970	Liverpool
12	Jos ge		Schooner		Cabo Frio
13	S. Francisco	do	do	84	. do
13	Itapacy	da	s. s.	717	
18	21 asil	do	do .		Manáos
18	Cordillère	French	do		Buenos Aires
13	Florianopolis	Brazilian	do		Montevidéo
13	Nadia	Beith.t.	do		Rosario
13	Rugia	German	đo		Santos
	Wuszbusg	do	đo	3,246	do
13	Paranagua	do	do		Hamburg
18	Canot	Brazilian	do ·		Mossoró
18	Almirante	do do	Echooner	105	Itajahy
14	Minas	Italian		1 974	Genoa
Î.	es Alpes	French	S. S.		Marsellles
	Mar ajó		do	785	Manáos
77	Amazonas	Brazilian do	do		Para Para

SAILINGS FROM THE PORT OF RIO DE JANEIRO During the week ended June 14th, 1907

DAT	E	NAME OF TERRE	F1.44	RIG	NAGE:	FOR
แนะ	8		Brazilian	£. S.	1 999	Manáos
	8	Itaipava	do	do	707	Porto Alegre
	8	Gloria	do	do	959	Iguape
	8	Mayrink	do	do	975	Ponta da Areia
	8	Fidelense	do	do	250	S. João da Barr
	8	Eira	Norwegian .	Barque		Canadá
	8	Irene	Spanish	do		Jackson ville
	š		Argentize	do	1 437	Dacksonville
		D. Guilherme	Braziliau	Schooner	340	Bu-nos Aires
	ŏ	Savoia	Italian	8. S.		Macau
	ŏ	Mendosa	do	do		Genoa
	9	Haqui	Brazilian		4,376	do .
		Campeiro	do	do :		Manaos
		Hoyle Bank	British	da		Bahla
	9		Norwegian .	do	2,150	Buenos Aires
		transeut		do		Santos
	3	Acmenia	do do	Barque	1,168	
	9	Emilie	British	Schooner	227	
	9	Vencedor	do	do .	27	Macahé
	9	S. João	do	de i	50	do .
	9	Alina	do	do	33	
	9	S. Sebastião	do	do	20	do
	10	Atlantique	French	8. 5.		Buenos Aires
	10	Sieglinde	German	do		New York
	11	Nile	British	do	9 200	Buenes Aires
	11	Polinesia	Italian	do		River Plate
	iil	Muqui	Brazilian	do		Caravellas
	11	Colonia	French	đo		
	iil	Aracaly	Brazilian			Havre
	ŝὶ	Guanabara	do	do do		Pará
	iî		Britlsh			Itajahy
		2 hames	Drittsh	_ do		Sautos
	::	Themis	Brazilian	Schoone		Cabo Frie
	.3	Oriana	British	_S. S.	2,582	Liverpool
	12	Calburga	_ do	Barque	1,350	Buenos Aires
	13	Cordillere	French	8. 8		Bordeaux
	13	Jupiter	Brazilian	do	1,800	Buenos Aires
	18	Oropesa	British	do .	9,346	Valparaiso
	13	Paranaguá	German	do	1,813	Hamburg
	13	Agostino M	Italian	Barque		Genoa
	13	Itaituba	Brazilian	S. S.		Porto Alegre
	13!	Argentina	German	alo i	2.867	Rio G. do Bul
	13	Ternero	Argentine	do	933	Paranaguá
	181	Crefeld	German	ão l	2.444	Santos
	ısl	Activo II	Brazilian	Schooner	130	Cabo Frio
- 3	14	Rugia	German	5. 8.	4 120	Hamburg
	4	Wurzburg	do	go.		Bremen
i	iá l	Victoria	Brozilian	do		
		Esperança	do	do		Florianopolis
i	4	Vairanaa				Aracajú
	4	Ypiranga	ďυ	do		Estancia
	4	Carangola	do	do i	258	S.João da Barr

FOREIGN VESSELS AFLOAT

IN RIO DE JANEIRO HARBOUR

on June 14th, 1907

			entr	y	SAILING VE	95 LS	
May 15 20 227 27 3 97 June 2 3 6 5 7 8 8 9 9 10 11 11 12 12	Zāyāa Skagpool korder Knight Uganda Incs Hank Pot I Denison Canter bury Sandhursi blue Jacket Drumeree belgrana Hillglade klereddie klereddie klereddie klereddie klinas hJinas hJinas hJinas hJinas , hJinas	3 2,488 2,765 2,765 2,992 2,788 2,162 2,162 2,168 1,745 2,768 2,291 2,088 1,948 1,970 1,974 2,609	L ,	7 9 13 19 19 23 25	Ophetia A. E. O'Brien Saint John Atlantic Gavaria Narcissts F. H. Lovitt Alfhild Dag Heindal Parknook	> > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > >	2,061 1,127 861 1,038 786 955 99 1,202 554 1,132 755 411

IN SANTOS HARBOUR

on June 14th, 1907

Date eutr		STEAMERS	Date of entry	SAILING VESSELS
May June	26 29 30 2 2 4 5 8 9 9 11 12 12 12 13	Putney Bridge Tons 2,147 Nordpol		None
		Total—Tous 39.895		*

HE BRITISH BANK OF SOUTH AMERICA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: 2 A, MOORGATE ST London, E. C.

Capital	£	1,000,000
Idem paid up	×	500,000
Reserve fund	В	425,000

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119, Rua V Rio Branco Nictherry

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LONDON AND BRAZILIAN BANK LIMITED

Capital	£	1.500.000
Capital paid up))	750.000
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Average passage Rio to New-York 17 days TENNYSON..... 3rd July

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The steamers receive cargo for Lisbon direct and also for Leixões.

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Tri-weekly sailings from Santos and Rio de Janeiro for Trieste and Fiume and, with tran-shipment, to all Mediterranean, East Asiatic and East African Ports.

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ARAD..... 20th June

FOR RIVER PLATE

BÁRO FEJÉVÁRY...... 28th June

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Santos.

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FOR EUROPE

ORLÉANAIS......LES ALPES..... 22nd June 6th July

for

Marseilles, Barcellona, Genoa, and Naples

Through fares to Paris 1st class.... f. gold 723 do 2nd f. 550 de do 3rd f. 199 Through fares to Parls return 1st class f. 1 149 ďο do ' 2nd ... f. 882 Marseilles Genoa, Naples, 3rd class... 1148000 Barcellona 3rd class..... 123\$500

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N ORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

Capital.. 125,000,000 Marks NEXT DEPARTURES

Date	Steamer	Destination
	l	Bahia. Pernambuco, Lisben, Leixões, Antwerp and Bro- men.
July 12	Halle	Bahia, Leixões, Rotterdam, Antwerp and Bremen.

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TABLE OF DEPARTURES

Date		Steamer	Destination
June	_	Thames	Bahia, Pernambuco, St. Vin- cent, Lisbon, Leixões, Vigo, Cherbourg and Southamp- ton.
	17	Aragon	Santos. Montevideo and Buenos Aires.
	19	Clyde	Bahia, Pernambuco, S.Vin- cent, Lisbon, Leixües, Vigo, Cherbourg and Southamp- ton.
	26	Nile	Bahia, Pernambuco St. Vin- cent, Lisbon, Leixöes, Vigo, Cherbourg and Southamp- ton.
July	1	Aragnaya	Santos, Montevideo and Bue- nos Aires.
	3	Aragon	Bahia, Pernamouco, Lisbon, Vigo, Cherbourg & Sou- thampton
•	9	Danube	Santos, Montevideo and Bue- nos Aires.
	17	Araguaya	Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Vigo, Cherbourg and Southampton.

Special attention is drawn to the following: Holders of first-class tickets, single or return, may break their voyage at any intermediate ports and proceed by any of the PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION or MESSAGERIES MARITIMES Comp's Steamers.

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Amsterdam	Rio 50j- in full	Santo.
Aden via Trieste	. 50/-&5°/.	50/- & 5 °/- 35/- & 5 °/-
Antwerp 1.000 kilos	. 64 fres. in full.	60 fres. & 10 %
Alexandria** Alicante	. 50 fres. in full.	50 fres. in full. 46 1/2 fres. & 10 °/.
Algiers via Marseilles	. 50 fres. in full.	
. Aguiles	. 73,50 fres. in full.	76 1/2 fres. in full
» New York.	42/6 & 2 1/2 °/ ₀ 42/6 & 5 °/ ₀ . 42/6 & 2 1/2 °/ ₀	_
Algoa Bay * Hamburg * Rotterdam, Ant	. 42/6 & 2 1/2 °/ ₀	_
werp or Bremen	, 42/0 oc 2 1/2 1/0	
Bassorah		84 fres. & 10 °/.
Barcellona		38 1/2 fres. in full
via Hamburg *	. 55/-& 5°/°	55/-& 5 °/ ₀
Beira Southampton	. –	
* Rotterdam, Autwer		
Bilbao	56.50 fres. in full.	56.50 fres. in full
Bremen. Bordeaux, 900 kilos	. 40/-& 5 °/ _o . 40 fres. & 10 °/ _o	35/- & 5 °/ 35 fres. & 10 °/.
Bombay via Trieste	. 50/-& 5°/ 71.00 frcs. in full.	50/- 5 °/. 62.50 frcs. & 10 °/.
Bombay via Trieste Braila**	. 71.00 fres. in full. 60 fres. in full.	62.50 fres. & 10 °/. 51 fres. & 10 °/.
Brindisi**. Buenos Ayres per hag. 60 kilos. Beyrouth** Cadiz (Spanish line)	. 1\$200	1\$500
Beyrouth**	. 69 fres. in full.	75 fres. & 10 °/.
Cadiz via Genoa or Marseilles. Do via Hamburg	. 35 fres. & 10 °/. . 66.50 fres. in full.	38.50 fres.
Calcutta via Trieste	. 54/- in full . 55/-& 5 °/ _o . 50 fres. in full.	55/- & 5 °/
Carthagena	. 50 fres. in full.	50 fres. in full.
Do via Genoa or Marseille Do via Hamburg	. 54/- in full.	<u>=</u>
Corfu**.	. 50/-& 5 °/. . 66.50 fres. in full.	50/- & 5 °/ ₀ 50 fres. & 10 °/ _•
Currachee	. 50/-& 5 °/ ₀	50/- & 5°/ _*
Do via Hamburg	. 54/- in full.	53.50 fres. in full
Cavalla**	. 66.50 fres. in full.	63 fres. & 10 %.
Christiania	. , 52/- in full . 42/6 & 5 °/	37/6 & 5 º/o
via New York		
Same Number of Street	. 37/6 in full	=
» Southampton		•
werp or Bremen.	. 37/6 & 21/2°/ ₀	55 1 m 5
Constantinople**		55 1/2 f s. & 10 */.
via New York Buenos Aires	. 42/6	=
Durban Southampton		
» Rotterdam, Ant	•	-
werp or Bremen		-
via New York	. 70/- & 5 °/. . 78/6 in full.	=
Delagon) » Southampton	. 70/- & 21/2 %	_
Bay * Rotterdam, Ant * werp or Bremen.	. 70/- & 2 1/2 °/。	
via New York	. 50 & 5 °/ ₀	
» Hamburg » Southampton	50 & 5 °/ ₀ 50/- & 2 1/2 °/ ₀ 50/- & 2 1/2 °/ ₀	_
Rotterdam, Ant		_
werp or Bremen. Buenos Aires		=
Figine	•	შნო. & ნ °/₀
Genoa 1.000 kilos	71.50 fres. in full.	85s. & 5°/ ₆ 67 fres. & 10°/ ₆ 85 fres. & 10°/
Gibraltar via Genea	66.00 fres. in full,	55 fres. & 10 °/.
Gijon Hamburg	56.50 fres in full 40/& 5°/	56.50 fres in full 35/ & 5 %
Havre, 900 kilos	40 fres. & 10 %.	35/ & 5°/ 35. fres. & 10°/ 60/- & 5°/
Hongkong via Trieste Kobe via Trieste Liverpool	60/- 5 °/ 65/- & 5 °/ 35/ & 5 °/ 40/- & 5 °/	65/- & 5 %
London 1.000 kilos.	35/ & 5°/ ₆ 40/- & 5°/ ₅	35/ & 5 °/.
Do (ontions)		·
Malaga Do via Genoa & Marseilles	66.50 tres. in full.	38.50 fres.
Malta do do Marseilles 1.000 kilos	62 fres in full.	58 fres. & 20 %.
Messina ** Metelino **	40 fres & 10 °/ ₀ 56 fres in fell.	50 fres. & 10 %
Mentevidée per bag, 60 kilos	71.50 fres in full. 1 2 200	68 fres. & 10 °/.
Monthassa via Trieste		55/- & 5 °/
via New Yori Hamburg	50/- & 5 °, 70/- & 5 °, 50/- & 2 1/2 °, 50/- & 2 1/2 ',	_
Mossel Bay Southampton Rotterdam, Ant.	50/- & 2 1/2 1/0	_
werp or Bremen	50/• & 2 1/2 °/.	
Mostaganem-Marseilles or Genos Naples	54 fres. in full.	58 fres. & 10 °/. 48 1/2 fres. & 10 °/.
Naples	35c. & 5 °/6	35c. & 5 %
N. Orleans Liners » » Odessa **	66.50 fres in full.	35 1/2 1763. & 10 °/6 35c. & 5 °/6 35c. & 5 °/6 62 fres. & 10 °/6 56 fres. & 10 °/6 60 fres. & 10 °/6
()ran	62 fres. in full. 60.50 fres. in full	56 fres. & 10 %
Pasajes		60 fres. in full
Oran	54/- in full.	
Palma de Mallorca	53.50 free in full	
Penang via Triests	53.50 fres in full 60/-& 5 °/ ₀ 56 fres. in full.	60/- & 5 °/
Penang via Triests	53.50 fres in full 60/-& 5 °/ _o 56 fres. in full. 66.50 fres. in full.	60/- & 5 °/
Penang via Triests	53.50 fres in full 60/-& 5 °/ ₀ 56 fres. in full.	

* To Delagon Bay & Beira the freights must be paid here or in Hamburg.

Rangoon via Trieste San Sebastian Santander Samsoun ** Seville Do via Genoa or Marseilles Shanghai via Trieste Shanghai via Trieste Southarapton 1.000 kilos Suez via Trieste Do via Genoa or Marseilles Salonica ** Salonica ** Taragonne Trebizond ** Trieste Tunis ** Valencia Do via Genoa or Marseilles Valparaise (options) Varna ** Venice via Genoa or Marseilles Vigo Yokolama via Trieste ** Koyai Mail Steamers in con ** Conference rates via Marse	55/-& 5°/ ₀ 56.50 frcs. in full 60.50 frcs. in full 61.50 frcs. in full 61.50 frcs. in full 61.50 frcs. in full 61.50 frcs. in full 60.50 frcs. in full	55/- & 5 °/ ₀ 60 fres. in full 63 fres. in full 63 fres. & 10 °/ ₀ 50 fres. in full 63 fres. & 10 °/ ₀ 55 1/2 fres. & 10 °/ ₀ 60 fres. & 10 °/ ₀ 60 fres. & 10 °/ ₀ 62 fres. & 10 °/ ₀ 63 fres. & 10 °/ ₀ 63 fres. & 10 °/ ₀ 63 fres. & 10 °/ ₀ 65 fres. in full. 63 fres. & 10 °/ ₀ 65 fres. & 10 °/ ₀ 67 1/2 fres. & 10 °/ ₀ 38.50 fres. 65/- & 5 °/ ₀ der Bros.
Conference rates via mars		
West	COAST PORTS	
Punta Arenas. Corral. Coronel. Caldera. Taltal. Antofagasta. Iquique. Coquimbo. Talcahuano Callao. Valporaiso do (option).	45/ & 5°/0 60/ & 5°/0 45/ & 5°/0 45/ & 5°/0 50/ & 5°/0 50/ & 5°/0 50/ & 5°/0 50/ & 5°/0 45/ & 5°/0 45/ & 5°/0 45/ & 5°/0	45/ & 5 °/° 60/ & 5 °/° 60/ & 5 °/° 50/ & 5 °/° 50/ & 5 °/° 50/ & 5 °/° 50/ & 5 °/° 50/ & 5 °/° 50/ & 5 °/° 50/ & 5 °/° 50/ & 5 °/° 50/ & 5 °/° 50/ & 5 °/° 50/ & 5 °/° 50/ & 5 °/° 50/° 60/ 60/° 60/° 60/° 60/° 60/° 60/° 60

THE FREIGHT MARKET

British. Fairplay of May 23rd, says that "considering the Whitsuntide recess chartering has been pretty active. Coal rate from Wales to Rio de Janeiro is 14s.

Wates to Rio de Janeiro is 148.

Argentine. Rates to Brazil are firm and unchanged, but business is not heavy. We quote as follows rates from B. A.

To Bahia and Pernambuco 20/, to Pelotas 26/, to Porto Alegre 28/, to Desterro 16/, to Autonina 16/, to S. Francisco (Paranagua) 16/, to Rio Grande 16/, to Santos 12/, to Rio 12/. With the usual 1/. to 2/ extra. from up-river ports. The Times of Argentina, June 3rd.

Local Market .- The forward engagements for the week were as

The rate for Valparaiso was 45s.

The Booth Steamship Company, Limited, Liverpool, have contracted with Scott's Shipbuilding and Engineering Company, Greenock, for the construction of a steamer of about 350ft. in length.

It is reported that the Brazilian Government have placed an order with Messrs. Yarrow and Co., Poplar, for ten destroyers 240ft. long, 650 tons displacement, and a speed of 28 knots.

Railway News and Enterprise

SUNDRY TRAFFIC RETURNS

	Milenge		Latest Earnings Reported			Aggregate to date	
Railway	1907	1906	Week or Month,	1907	1906	1907	1906
Braz. Gt., South b	110	110	Jan.	97,146	33,466	87,146	88,450
Leopoldinaa	1,478	1,460	June 8th	16,672	20,350	475,189	876,279

a Earnings reported in pounds, b in milreis.

São Paulo Railway Traffic in May Up Down Passenger Interstation Tons....

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The city of São Paulo, which is the capital of the State of São Paulo, Brazil, is situated in the valley of the Tieté River, 800 meters above the sea level and 35 miles from Santos, the sea port of this State. The climate is delightful throughout the year, RESEMBLING very closely that of Southern California. São Paulo is a city of 500,000 inhabitants and may easily be seen by travellers touching at the ports of Santos or Rio de Janeiro, the journey from Santos to São Paulo by rail way taking 2 hours and from Rio to São Paulo 12 hours. On account of the natural resources of the State of São Paulo and owing to its peculiar location, the City of São Paulo is one of the most important commercial centers in South America.

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operates all the tramway lines in São Paulo and supplies all the electric light and power. Electricity is developed hydraulically, utilizing the falls of the Tieté River, some 35 kilometers below the city. 12,000 H. P. is developed there at present and works are now in progress for a large increase to the plant to enable the Company to meet the constantly increasing demand for power. Four distinct circuits on two separate steel pole lines convey the current from the Power House to the Substation in São Paulo where the current is converted for tramway, light and power uses. The Company operates 125 kilometres of track, covering the entire city. The population of the city being largely Italian good labor is readily obtained. This and the cheap rates for power is causing many new manufactories to be built.

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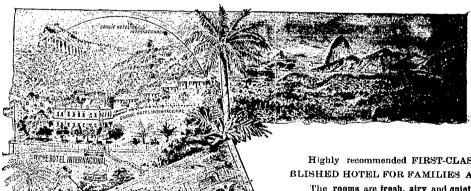
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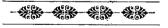
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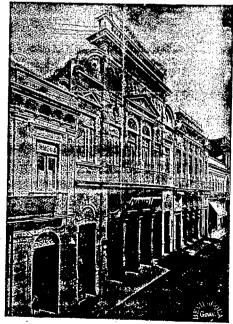
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